

THE O'NEILL FRONTIER

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NEILL, NEBRASKA

"By living with the Arabs, doing as they did, and moving with them in their migrations," writes Douglas Caruthers in the Geographical Journal, "I obtained an insight into their mode of life and customs. I learned how to drink coffee, how to eat, and most difficult of all, how to sit still all day long doing nothing. I found this last most trying, more especially because it was cold. A Bedouin tent is a drafty place at the best, and in midwinter it is almost unbearable. On two occasions there was snow on the desert. We used to feed out of a huge, round dish, 10 of us at a time. The fare was camels' milk and bread in the morning and in the afternoon generally had meat and rice, cooked with an enormous amount of fat. During the day we appeared our hunger by sipping strong black coffee. At night there was always a large group of men in the tent of the sheik and talk was carried on far into the night.

Forty-three automobile accidents were reported to the police of Chicago in two weeks, according to figures gathered by Chief Police Steward. The mishaps resulted in thirty-eight persons being injured. Thirty of the accidents were collisions between automobiles. This, Chief Steward said, is the cause of the chauffeurs and the need of better legislation to regulate them. "The automobile problem is a serious one," said Chief Steward. "Most of the accidents either are caused by negligence or careless driving. There is a need of better legislation to regulate the automobile and the chauffeur."

The people of the New England States are provided for their "generation of trees and in these days of ruthless destruction of woods it is refreshing in the extreme to hear of a case like the resident of Kennebunkport, Me., who, rather than disturb an old tree which grew on his farm upon a site desired for the location of a barn, built the structure around the tree. The barn wall completely circumscribes the tree, but lies at sufficient distance to give the plenty of air. The age of this particular tree is not accurately known, but it is one of a pair which is said to have been full grown trees at the time of the revolution.

The pine is the greatest American tree. It has been of the widest use, is most in demand and has enriched its tens of thousands of men. The most fashionable tourist and health resorts in the south are in the "pine woods" regions—vide Aiken, S. C.; Pinehurst, N. C.; Thomasville, Ga., and others. It is the resinous quality of the ozone that attracts the health and pleasure seekers. Also the piney wood contains the finest of fruits, vegetables and melons. Living is cheap among the pines, health good and the people well.

An authority on alcohol stills says that there are 20,000 farms still in operation on as many farms in Germany. The German government permits the farmer to produce a certain amount of grain or potato alcohol, the amount depending upon the size and location of the farm and the annual demand for the product, upon the payment of a reduced revenue tax. Alcohol distilled in excess of the quantity allowed is subject to the highest tax on taxation. Distilled alcohol, however, is not subject to any tax.

Countess Szechenyi (nee Vanderbilt, of New York), has made, in the name of her husband, a gift to the Academy of Sciences at Budapest of 600,000 crowns (\$120,000) for endowing chairs in foreign universities for instruction in the Hungarian language, history, literature and law in order to obtain recognition of the Hungarian nationality of the world over.

The United States is easily first as regards the length of her telegraph lines, being 1,160,965 miles, or about three times as much as Great Britain or France, which have 388,253 and 321,175 miles of wire, respectively. Germany has the largest telegraph system in Europe, 461,029 miles. Russia with Siberia included, has only 402,371 miles of wire.

The latest jewelry novelty in Germany is a special type of ring for divorced and widowed persons. The claim set forth for these curious innovations in rings is that they save the wearers, especially the feminine sex, from embarrassing or painful explanations, and delicately inform interested persons of their circumstances.

The finishing touches have just been placed on the exterior of "the model power plant of the world"—a \$1,500,000 structure erected by the United States government at a stone's throw from the Capitol at Washington. This station is to furnish heat, light and power to the entire group of immense government buildings on Capitol Hill.

Since the introduction of taxicabs in New York city four years ago, the dime honored hansom has been gradually disappearing from the city's streets. Of the hundreds of these vehicles that were at one time a feature of life in the busy city only a few remain.

Merchants in the south have awakened to the value of rural telephone lines, and are seeking to develop them, with a view to increasing their trade among the rural population. In certain sections they have made large contributions to aid the farmers in building their lines.

News has been received of fighting in the Koro and Atanka districts of northern Nigeria. There is an important part in the warfare with these Nigerian tribes. The villagers on retreating before an enemy excite the bees and let them loose, and would bite the man who is attacked by them in the labyrinth of cactus which surrounded the villages.

Speaking of the comet as a "celestial wanderer" when its orbit is fixed and known and its place in the heavens determined at any time, is about as correct as speaking of a "dash to the pole" when the dasher is doing well to make 10 miles a day.

It is said the Professor Karl Harries, of the University of Kiel, has produced a synthetic rubber. Attempts such as this have been made time and time, but with no commercial success.

Life insurance has made great progress in Japan, and there are already 42 companies operating there, nearly one-fourth as many as in England.

The tourist in London has his choice of 2,288 omnibuses, 4,825 hansom cabs, 3,650 four-wheelers, to say nothing of hundreds of taxicabs.

Astronomers discover an average of three comets a year, but few of them are visible to the unaided eye.

NEBRASKA BANKING INSTITUTIONS SHOW STRONG FEATURES

Deposits Show an Increase of \$4,481,273.45 Over Last Year's Statement.

Lincoln, Neb., June 14.—The abstract of the condition of the incorporated, private and saving banks of the state of Nebraska, at the close of business on the 11th day of May, 1910, shows gratifying conditions as follows:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	\$69,044,318.25
Overdrafts	448,128.87
Bonds, securities, judgments, claims, etc.	58,291.92
Real estate	16,112,154.46
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	2,408,903.53
Other real estate	176,828.60
Current expenses	216,828.60
Unpaid taxes	961,461.63
Other assets	51,746.89
Cash	4,027,548.33
Total	\$94,516,332.21

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$12,250,746.00
Surplus and undivided profits	2,342,336.87
Undivided profits	2,342,336.87
Dividends unpaid	23,251.13
Deposits	76,964,156.39
Notes and bills received	46,254.46
Bills payable	612,011.00
Totals	\$94,516,332.21

The report runs: This department feels like congratulating the people of Nebraska on the unexpected strong showing made by the banks at this time. In view of the wide spread and unusually large investments made in lands and otherwise, it would be natural to expect an unusually heavy drain on the deposits of the banks of the state. Such does not seem to have been the case, as the decrease from the statement made February 12, 1910, the actual higher water mark for deposits in the history of the state, shows about \$1,000,000, and the increase over a year ago is \$4,481,273.45. In the loan item the increase between this and the previous call, is \$1,712,131.77. This and a similar statement a year ago shows an increase of \$8,866,760.54. The fact that this statement is made at the close of a period marked by unusually heavy investments, the showing is certainly gratifying.

The average reserve a year ago was 32 per cent, at the last previous call 30 per cent, and this statement shows an average reserve of 27 per cent.

The actual cash on hand in the banks is shown by this report to be \$4,627,548.32, an increase of almost \$200,000 since February 12, 1910.

The notes and bills rediscounted and bills payable are \$678,375.46, an increase of \$113,164.42 since the February, 1910, report.

This is the beginning of the season when loans decrease and deposits increase, so that while the condition of the banks is strong at this time, it will grow stronger from now on until fall.

FATHER'S WIDOW GENEROUS WITH LONG LOST SON

Fremont, Neb., June 14.—Edward Murphy, the "lost heir" who came from Troy, N. Y., to claim a portion of the estate of his father, the late James Murphy, did not come in vain. He left last evening for New York with a deed to half the Maple township farm in his pocket. The settlement was made Thursday at Wahoo, where Mrs. Murphy, the widow, is staying with her sister. She summoned the claimant's attorney to the Saunders county town Thursday morning and he returned in the afternoon with the deed. By terms of the will, James Murphy left his entire estate, valued at \$15,000, to his second wife, cutting off his son, Edward, who he had not seen for 40 years, without a cent. Mrs. Murphy said Thursday that she had come to the conclusion that Mr. Murphy's son, Edward, should have an equal share in the property. By giving him the deed to half of the 120-acre farm she saved the necessity of going into the courts in an attempt to break the will.

MONUMENT ON TRAIL

Kearney, Neb., June 14.—The first monument in Nebraska to mark the old Oregon trail has been erected here by the Fort Kearney chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution. At the unveiling of the monument, which was marked by impressive ceremonies and a large crowd from the surrounding country, it was presented by the chapter to the city of Kearney.

HORTICULTURISTS AT WYMORE

Lincoln, Neb., June 14.—The State Horticultural society will hold its summer meeting at Wymore, July 20 and 21. The society is required by law to hold two meetings annually. Fruit crop conditions will be discussed.

SEATTLE IS SWEEPED BY A DISASTROUS BLAZE

Fire Breaks Out on Water Front During Storm and Does Great Damage.

Seattle, Wash., June 14.—Fire that broke out on the northern water front during a storm last night was carried to a district to the eastward, thickly covered by wooden buildings, and in a short time 20 acres were ablaze, causing a loss of \$1,000,000, and making 500 people homeless.

The fire, starting at Railroad avenue and Battery street, destroyed all the buildings on six city blocks and picked out a wooden house here and there in the surrounding district not entirely fire-swept. Alarming reports of loss of life were reported among the crowds outside the fire lines, but so far as can be learned there were no fatalities. Sixty horses were burned in a stable on Railroad avenue.

DEATH FOR ASSASSIN

London, June 14.—Official advices from Cairo, Egypt, state that the court of session there today confirmed the sentence of death imposed upon the student, Wardani, who shot and killed Boutros Pacha Ghali, the Egyptian premier and minister of foreign affairs.

TO BOND UNIVERSITY

Washington, June 14.—The trustees of the George Washington University have decided to issue \$105,000 of second mortgage bonds on the real estate of the institution. They hope thereby to tide the university over its present financial crisis.

GOLDEN RULE WORKS WELL WITH DRUNKS; CUTS OFF ONE-HALF

Tried for a Month and Now in Effect as One of the Ordinances of Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., June 11.—A month ago, when Chief of Police Donahue appeared before the fire and police commission and asked to be allowed to give the "golden rule" plan a trial in dealing with drunks, the members were inclined to laugh at the idea, contending that a drunken man was more in need of a cell in the jail than an application of the golden rule.

However, the arguments of Chief Donahue carried weight, and he was authorized to give the plan a trial of a month. The month has expired, and now the "Golden Rule" is in full force and effect as one ordinance of the city. In Omaha, as in most other cities, there are certain respectable citizens who now and then look too long upon the wine. In the past, when friends did not happen along to take care of them, they have been placed in the patrol wagon and carried to jail, there to remain until sober. Now, however, instead of making nuisances of themselves upon the streets or going to jail, they are put into police automobiles and taken home, where the wives and members of their families learn of their real condition.

Chief Donahue says the "Golden Rule" method in dealing with "drunks" has reduced the drunkenness fully 50 per cent in the single month that the new order of things has been in operation, and that it is working so well it will be continued.

With respect to common drunkards there is no "Golden Rule." They are taken to jail, especially those without homes, where they remain until the following morning, when they appear in court and take the usual fine.

VIOLENT DEATHS FOR THREE SONS IN ONE YEAR

Nebraska City, Neb., June 11.—A strange fatality has followed the sons of Dr. Thompson of this city, three of them, all men, having met violent deaths during the year. The father, broken in health and bowed with grief, has sought and secured refuge in the Soldiers' home.

Ten months ago, Morris, the oldest son, fell from a railroad bridge and his neck was broken. A month later, George was killed in a railroad wreck in Montana, and a week ago, Curtis, the third and last son of the family, went into the basement of his house here, and cutting his throat with a pocket knife, died before he was discovered.

PEARY TO CONTEST LAWSUIT OF FRANCKE

Row Among Polar Explorers Will Be Fought Out in German Courts.

Berlin, June 11.—Commander Robert E. Peary, who was served here yesterday with papers in a suit brought by Rudolph Francke, left for London this morning. The American explorer had nothing to add today to his statement of last night that he had placed the matter of the litigation in the hands of American Ambassador Hill.

Francke was associated with Frederick A. Cook in north polar explorations and alleges that Peary found him ill at Etah and took advantage of his condition to take in a collection of furs and walrus and narwhale teeth as the price for transporting him home. Francke demands \$10,000 as the value of the Arctic products which he claims to have handed over to the commander.

The suit was brought in the Berlin courts, notice of the action being served on Peary when he arrived here yesterday to fill a lecture engagement.

Later it was learned that while here Commander Peary said to a friend that he would contend that the German courts had no jurisdiction, as he had no property or domicile here. He had anticipated, he said, that the box office receipts at Philharmonic hall, where he lectured last night, would be attached and he was rather surprised that they were not.

The case will come up on June 23. Mr. Peary has arranged to be represented in court by an attorney. He expects to sail from England for New York on Saturday.

THREE LOSE LIVES IN A WRECK IN MISSOURI

St. Louis, June 11.—Three men were killed, two perhaps fatally injured and six others seriously hurt when the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern fast mail train for Texas was wrecked today near the limits of a trestle. The train left the track and crashed through the walls of a building of the Miller Manufacturing company. The dead and injured were members of the train crew who were in the mail cars. No passengers were carried on the train.

YOUNG KERENS BETTER

St. Louis, June 11.—Richard C. Kerens, Jr., son of the United States ambassador to Austria-Hungary, who was taken to the city hospital last night unconscious from an overdose of paralyde, was sufficiently recovered this morning to be removed to his home.

DIAZ HONORS KAISER

Berlin, June 11.—Emperor William has received an autograph letter from President Diaz, of Mexico, asking him to accept the Grand Cordon of the newly instituted order of the Mexican Eagle. His majesty accepted the decoration in a cordial response.

PANIC IN NICARAGUA

Washington, June 11.—Official dispatches from Managua, Nicaragua state that the war is fact reducing western Nicaragua to a state of panic. The exportation of fruit products has been prohibited and money exchange is rapidly increasing.

MRS. DORA E. DOXEY LIBERATED BY JURY, VISITS FORMER HOME

Refuses to Talk About Murder Trial and Future Home Not Yet Decided.

Omaha, Neb., June 9.—Mrs. Dora E. Doxey, four not guilty of the charge of murdering William J. Erder by a St. Louis jury Friday and now at liberty under bonds pending her trial on a bigamy charge, was in Omaha a short time yesterday.

Mrs. Doxey is naturally an attractive looking woman, although her appearance indicated the nervous strain under which she has been during the sensational trial which resulted in her acquittal on the murder charge. "No, I do not want to talk about it. I am making a hurried trip to Columbus and will leave there today," was the response given a reporter who asked her if she had any comment to offer on the proceedings at St. Louis. "The papers have said a great deal and I have nothing further to say."

Wearing a large black hat, white waist and dark skirt, the woman unhappily prominent in the public eye for several months was the subject of many curious glances at the Union station when her personality became noised about.

She arrived in Omaha accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Grace Latham, of this city, leaving for Columbus on Union Pacific passenger No. 17 at 12:40 o'clock.

Mrs. Doxey would not intimate where she will make her home in the future, but has repeatedly stated that she will not again live with Dr. Doxey.

WANTS ALIMONY BOOSTED TO MEET HIGH PRICES

Lincoln, Neb., June 9.—Because the cost of living has increased, Mrs. Gertrude E. Miller has petitioned the district court to increase her alimony allowance above the \$15 a month fixed by the court five years ago, when her decree was granted.

Her former husband, Clarence Miller, in charge of an implement house here, has remarried, and has been dilatory about sending her the \$15 even, since the price of necessities has gone above 40 per cent more than when she first received the award.

RUTH BRYAN LEAVITT-OWEN'S FURNITURE IS SHIPPED

Lincoln, Neb., June 9.—A drayload of furniture belonging to Mrs. Ruth Bryan Leavitt-Owen, which has been stored in the Commercial building for some time, has been shipped to Jamaica, where she and her husband will live. For several years preceding her recent marriage Mrs. Owen lived at Fairview with her parents and the furniture which she brought here from Denver has not been in use. Part of it is included in the consignment to Jamaica.

OXFORD GIVES COL. ROOSEVELT A DEGREE

Distinguished American Delivers the Romanes Lecture at the Historic University.

Oxford, England, June 9.—Former President Theodore Roosevelt was the guest of Oxford today. He delivered the Romanes lecture at the University of Oxford and the university conferred upon him the honorary degree of doctor of civil law.

The lecture and the conferment constituted the big feature of the day, but it did not complete the program, which was about as crowded as any that the distinguished American has undertaken in his European travels.

The Romanes lectureship at Oxford was named for George John Romanes, who was born at Kingston, Can., on May 20, 1848, and died at Oxford in 1894. He gained celebrity as a naturalist and evolution professor of physiology at the royal institution. The first incumbent of the chair, occupied this year by Mr. Roosevelt, was William E. Gladstone, who in 1892 lectured on "Medieval Universities."

TAFT URGES LAW BE EFFECTIVE AT ONCE

Compromise With Railroads Will Cause Amendment of Pending Bill.

Washington, June 9.—President Taft today sent a special message to Congress in which he recommended that the clause in the new railroad bill which gives the Interstate Commerce commission power to investigate and suspend increased rates filed by the railroads be modified so as to take effect immediately upon signing of the act.

As it stands in the bill, the provision would not take effect for 60 days.

The president bases his request upon the agreement he reached with the railroads yesterday whereby they agreed to withdraw all increased rates until the new law is signed.

As to how the act is to be amended, whether in conference or by joint resolution, the president left to the discretion of Congress.

ANTI-JAPS MAY RISE

Vladivostok, Russia, June 8.—An anti-Japanese rising of serious proportions is being plotted, it is reported by the city of Korea, who are opposed to the annexation of Korea Japan, and who are the enemies of the Japanese generally.

MACCABEES MEETING

Kalamazoo, Mich., June 8.—The twenty-second national convention of the Knights of the Modern Maccabees began here today with more than 3,000 delegates in attendance, and nearly the number registered for the fourth Great Five review of the Ladies of the Modern Maccabees.

WASHINGTON.—That there was an attempt made by a Japanese anarchist to assassinate one or more members of the cabinet, as reported from Tokyo, was denied yesterday at the Japanese embassy.

WOMAN'S EVIDENCE IS AGAINST THE JANITOR

She Tells of Seeing Wendling and Little Kellner Girl in the Church.

Louisville, Ky., June 11.—The one missing link of evidence necessary to establish the fact that Alma Kellner was last seen alive in St. John's Catholic church, was obtained last night by Frank Fehr, the murdered child's uncle. Mrs. Rosa Stauble, who lives a few blocks from the scene of the murder, will be called today at the coroner's inquest.

She was probably the last person save the murderer who saw the child alive. Mrs. Stauble says Joseph Wendling, the missing janitor, who is being sought in connection with the murder, was in the church when she left, and that she noticed him moving about the church several times during her stay of a quarter of an hour, and that she had remarked at the close attention he paid to the little girl, who was on her knees praying.

WRECKED STEAMER IS SINKING IN LAKE ERIE

Cleveland, O., June 11.—The steamer A. L. Hopkins is sinking in Lake Erie three miles east of Colchester lights, according to a wireless message received here.

It is reported that the Hopkins and the steamer Syracuse collided last night near Southeast Shoals, and that the Syracuse took the Hopkins in tow.

The steamer City of St. Ignace sighted the damaged boats near the mouth of the Detroit river and sent out the call for assistance.

The tug Aldridge met the Hopkins and is now towing the vessel to Detroit.

Toledo, O., June 11.—Steamers A. L. Hopkins and Syracuse collided early this morning near Southeast Shoal lights in the Syracuse, which was not damaged, took the Hopkins in tow to the mouth of the Detroit river, where she was met by the tug Aldridge.

MARRIED MAN DRIVEN TO MURDER BY LOVE

Slays Girl Who Rejected His Attention and Then Ends Own Life.

Chicago, June 11.—Unrequited love is believed to have prompted Frank L. Hansen to slay Miss Lena Hansen and kill himself last night. At a lonely spot in the southwestern part of the city Miss Hansen was shot twice while on her way home after dark. Both bullets pierced her heart. Campbell, with a photograph of the dead woman in his pocket, was found early today shot to death about 500 feet from where Miss Hansen met death. He was 31 years old and she two years younger.

Campbell, who was married and the father of a 3-year-old daughter, was foreman of a starch manufactory. Miss Hansen was employed in the label department of the same establishment.

AVIATOR SUSTAINS HARD FALL IN TOPEKA FLIGHT

Topeka, Kan., June 11.—J. C. Mars, the aviator, fell 50 feet with his Curtiss biplane while making an exhibition flight this forenoon. His machine was caught in a gust of wind while making a turn and captized. The aviator was broken, but Mr. Mars was unhurt. He walked back to the aviation field unaided.

Mars says that notwithstanding the accident he will continue his flight tomorrow. He attributes his fall to an air current caught by a railroad train which passed near the path of his flight. The wheels of the aeroplane stuck in the soft mud when it struck the earth, and it captized smashing the low plane.

LEPROSY SPREADING, DECLARES A DOCTOR

Speaker at Medical Association Sounds Alarming Note About the Disease.

St. Louis, June 11.—Officers were elected at the 61st annual session of the American Medical association today, and the standing committees, which were announced by President William H. Welch, were confirmed by the house of delegates.

In the section on dermatology a paper by Drs. Isadore Dyer and Ralph Hopkins of New Orleans, contained an announcement that leprosy is spreading to nearly every state in the union, and that no concerted method of caring for lepers is practiced. Officials were accused of neglecting the quarantine laws.

The importance of the prevention of infant mortality was impressed on the delegates at the section on preventive medicine and public health. Drs. Gottfried Koehler and St. Clair Drake, of Chicago, reported that one-third of all deaths in children in Chicago are among children under 5 years of age, and a large percentage of these are from preventable causes. Seven other sectional meetings were held.

This afternoon those attending the convention witnessed a double balloon ascension.

The national coverage of the Japanese, sake, has a much more powerful effect on them than on Europeans or Americans.

BRITISH EDITOR DIES

London, June 11.—Sir George Newnes, the founder of the Westminster Gazette, Titbits and the Strand Magazine and the donor of the international chess trophy bearing his name, died today. Sir George was born March 13, 1851, and formerly was a liberal member of parliament, representing Swale, Leicestershire.

Under the law of Mexico the national hymn may be played only on occasions when the chief executive of the nation or the governor of a state is present.

ROADS WILL CANCEL THEIR HIGHER RATES

After Conference With President Taft, Peace Pact Is Agreed Upon.

Washington, June 10.—A complete agreement between the government and the recently enjoined railroads of the Western Trunk Line association was reached at a White House conference which lasted more than four hours yesterday afternoon. The railroads represented agreed to withdraw all rate increases filed to be effective on or after June 1, and agreed to file no more increases until the bill in congress, which gives the Interstate Commerce commission power to investigate and suspend increases that are not justified, becomes a law and goes into effect.

The following statement was prepared and given out:

"E. F. Ripley, president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad company; Walter D. Eaines, acting chairman of the executive board of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad company; Frederick A. Delano, president of the Wabash Railroad company, and S. M. Felton, president of the Chicago Great Western Railroad company, a committee representing the 24 railroad companies defendant in a suit brought by the government in Missouri, in which Judge Dyer granted an injunction restraining the railroads from filing rate increases until the bill in congress, met the president and the attorney general today, pursuant to a request sent to the president a few days ago.

The president stated to these gentlemen at the outset that the purpose of the suit was to prevent the proposed rate increases (which under the existing law could not be investigated at all until after they had become effective) so as to preserve the statutes until the new statute could be passed, and the commission should have the power to investigate rate advances as soon as announced and before becoming effective.

"He stated further that he thought the railroad companies must withdraw the tariffs enjoined and all other tariffs filed by them, effective on or after June 1, 1910, and that none of them ought to file any new tariffs involving rate advances until the new law should be passed, assuming that it would be passed at the present session of congress.

"After the conference the railroad companies announced that they would adopt the view expressed by the president and thereupon the president stated that if they did so his purpose in bringing the suit would be accomplished, and such result being accomplished, he saw no occasion for pressing the suit and the same would be withdrawn.

The rate increases specified in the injunction suit against the railroads in the western association did not cover any of the increases filed with the commission.

The railroads agreed to withdraw all the increases planned for June 1 or after.

FISH LEGISLATION IS CAUSE OF BIG GRAFT

Probe at Springfield Is Unearthing More Crookedness Among Solons.

Springfield, Ill., June 10.—While States Attorney Burke was unearthing important evidence in Beardstown last night to assist the grand jury today in further inquiry into the "jackpot," which Frank Traut admits he handled in Springfield, but which he now insists he spent legitimately, Assistant State's Attorney T. J. Sullivan found additional evidence in Havana.

More suspicious minds, however, met today to check up the new evidence, that T. K. Condit, cashier of the First National bank of Beardstown, took Mr. Burke to his bank last night, offered every assistance and unhesitatingly exposed all the records relative to the fisheries bill found deposited there, adds to the importance attached to Condit's appearance with his records before the grand jury today.

His records, according to the state's attorney, show that at least \$2,075 was sent to Springfield to Frank J. Traut, of Beardstown, nine days before the close of the session of the legislature. Charles Cole, a fish dealer of Beardstown, is also expected to testify today.

OFFICE OF CORONER SCORED BY A DOCTOR

Speaker at Medical Association Declares It Should Be Abolished.

St. Louis, June 10.—The abolishment of the office of coroner was urged by Dr. E. J. Goodwin, editor of the Missouri State Medical association journal, before the American Medical association in its second session here today. He presented a resolution asking the association, through its house of delegates, to favor the passage of state laws giving the medical functions of the present coroner's office into the hands of a medical examiner, and the judicial functions into the hands of the prosecuting attorney.

Twelve sections of the convention met this morning. The resignation of Dr. F. George Simmons as general secretary of the house of delegates was accepted.

NEW YORK.—Mrs. William Jennings Bryan sailed Saturday for Liverpool to join her husband in Edinburgh where they will attend the world's missionary conference.

MILITARY ACADEMY DESTROYED BY FIRE

Norwalk, Conn., June 10.—The greater portion of the main building of the Sellick military academy was destroyed by fire early today, compelling the 75 students to seek shelter for the remainder of the night at the Norwalk hotel.

The building was erected some 25 years ago by Rev. Charles M. Sellick, who died two years ago. A large number of the students are foreigners.