

The Frontier

Published by D. H. GRONIN, ROMAINE SAUNDERS, Assistant Editor and Manager.

ADVERTISING RATES: Display advertisements on pages 4, 5 and 8 are charged for on a basis of 50 cents an inch...

The anti-Roosevelt movement brewing among eastern trust circles will result in Roosevelt's renomination and re-election.

Attorney Delmas had a fine field in which to display his oratorical abilities before the Thaw jury, and with the instinct of a shrewd lawyer he made the most of the opportunity.

The Atkinson Graphic inquires after the Clipper mine. The subject has not been discussed in O'Neill for some months, although there is some evidence that there was once such a thing...

The law enacted by the legislature compelling railroad companies to run sidetracks to elevators supplies a long felt want. A weapon used effectually by the railroads to kill off elevators...

The Phillips law relating to judges presiding in cases where the client or counsel is related to the judge is the outgrowth of some notorious abuses of the judicial power and will be recognized by all who have ever come in contact with such abuses...

The Omaha Observer characterizes the Nebraska government ownership movement as the "Raise Hell" club, and drives some piercing darts at the chief agitators. The Observer notes that as the "Harrington dynasty" has been endangered since the populist bosses can no longer ride into power...

It is stated that Tom Allen, chairman of the democratic state committee, will ignore the primary law and is planning to hold a state convention some time in August. The scheme is to hold the convention prior to the primary election and fix up a ticket that will suit the bosses and submit the same at the primaries.

When the railroads and other trusts have been "busted," let us go after the banks. It is difficult to find a more monumental system of graft than that which takes the peoples' money out of the national, state and county treasuries and puts it in the hands of the bankers to loan right back to the people who own it at 10 per cent interest.

A paper at Hastings has started a movement to raise funds for the erection of a monument to the memory of the late Edward Rosewater. The suggestion comes from a Camden, N.J., paper, which is quoted as saying: "A grateful republic erects statues in honor of its martial heroes, its presidents and other statesmen. If the state of Nebraska is grateful for the valuable public service rendered by Editor Rosewater it should honor his memory by erecting a statue testifying to future generations that in the days of corporation domination an honest and incorruptible tribute of the people was not wanting, nor a champion to battle with special privilege in order to gain equal rights for all."

We have heard of no Nebraska railroads having gone into liquidation since the enactment of the 2-cent law.

CONFIDENCE UNSHAKEN.

Just before the adjournment of the state legislature, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, A controversy has arisen between President Theodore Roosevelt, representing the interests of the United States, on the one hand, and Mr. E. H. Harriman, representing the railroad interests of the country, on the other; and, Whereas, In all controversies that have hitherto arisen between the president and the great corporate interests the president has been able to and has successfully maintained the rights and interests of the people; therefore, be it Resolved, by the senate of the state of Nebraska, That we express our confidence in the ability of President Theodore Roosevelt to always maintain the dignity of his high office and protect the interests of all the people; be it further Resolved, that the secretary of the senate be instructed to transmit a copy of this resolution to the president, with the assurance of the high esteem and affection of the members of this senate and of the people of the entire state.

The resolutions were timely. Great and progressive statesman though he be, Roosevelt needs the encouragement and cooperation of the people. He needs the assurance, such as set forth in these resolutions, that the people have confidence not alone in him personally but in the policies he is working out.

It is such messages as this from the state capital of Nebraska that will give the administration at Washington courage to press on. It expresses sentiments concurred in pretty generally by the people of the state.

CAN NOT PREVAIL.

Nothing is easier than for the story that the Rockefeller-Harriman interests are raising a fund of \$5,000,000 to thwart further legislative and executive action along the Roosevelt plan to gain credence among the people in their present disturbed sentiments toward large commercial interests. Nor, indeed, is such a movement at all improbable. The president's policies have followed a line antagonistic to corporate injustices. He stands on decided ground for the interests of all and against favoritism, and has been particularly active in showing the government is greater than any individual or set of individuals. The lawless plans of the great millionaires have been blocked by the president and a genuine and sincere purpose shown to administer the laws of the nation without fear or favor. A vast majority of the people of the nation are with the president heart and soul in the work and the millions of the money kings can not prevail against them.

The Gibson law, prohibiting brewers from engaging in the retail liquor business or having any interest in any building in which a saloon is conducted, is a blow at the large liquor institutions that have been endeavoring to, and have succeeded in some places, put the individual or home man out of business. In many towns throughout Nebraska the saloons are owned by the brewers and men sent out from headquarters to conduct them. The brewers have been in the habit of putting in as many more saloons in a town as were already there conducted by private individuals and by the advantage of being the manufacturer of the products they sell have been able to freeze out the individual. It was concentrating the profits of the business in a few hands. The new law remedies this evil.

Sioux City Tribune: Nebraska's primary election law provides that state platforms shall be written by a body composed of one delegate from each county. The Nebraska State Journal believes this to be better than the old plan of having the platform prepared by a committee of five chosen by political leaders. It can scarcely be disputed that the new plan will make Nebraska platforms more expressive of the popular will.

The thirtieth session of the Nebraska legislature is credited with being the only one to redeem every campaign pledge. Make a chalk mark.

Clark Perkins, the former able editor of the St. Paul Republican, has been chosen secretary to the state railway commission.

We have heard of no Nebraska railroads having gone into liquidation since the enactment of the 2-cent law.

Railroad Legislation.

The Fremont Tribune says: The following exhibit of passenger legislation rate this winter, or within the last year, compiled by the New York Sun, and rate reduction by decree of commission, shows how generally the 2-cent standard, or an approximation of it, has been applied rigidly to the widely varying conditions of railroad travel in the United States:

Pennsylvania—Two-cent bill passed by the house and is pending in the senate. Ohio—Two-cent law enacted last year. West Virginia—Two-cent bill passed. North Carolina—Two-and-a-quarter cent bill passed. Alabama—Two- and-a-half-cent bill passed. Arkansas—Two-cent bill passed. Texas—Two-cent bill pending. Kansas—Two-cent bill passed. Nebraska—Two-cent law enacted. North Dakota—two and a half cent bill passed. South Dakota—railroad commission authorized to order 2 1/2 cent rate. Indiana—Two cent bill passed the house. Missouri—Two-cent bill passed. Iowa—Two-cent bill passed applying to roads earning \$4,000 a year gross a mile. Minnesota—Two-cent bill pending. Wisconsin—Rate of 2 1/2 cents fixed by railroad commission. All parts of the country except the New England states and the Pacific slope are represented in this list, and the Pacific slope will come in under authorization given to the railroad commissions of Washington and Oregon by the present legislatures.

Supervisor Proceedings.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors, of O'Neill, Holt County, Neb.—Gentlemen: Herewith I submit a statement of the amounts collected and paid out by me as county attorney. The report filed by me on January 9, 1902, and the report filed by me on January 13, 1903, and the enclosed report are a true and correct statement of all money received by me and disbursed by me during my term of office.

Respectfully submitted, Arthur F. Mullen, Ex-County Attorney. March 1st, 1907, checked and found correct. B. E. Sturdevant, Chairman Settlement Committee. On motion the report of Arthur F. Mullen, was approved.

Annual statement of R. E. Chittick, County Treasurer, showing receipts, disbursements and balances for the year beginning January 4, 1906, and ending January 8, 1907.

Receipts table with columns for description and amount. Total receipts: \$319,784.82

Disbursements table with columns for description and amount. Total disbursements: \$319,784.82

Balances table with columns for description and amount. Total balances: \$44.49

County funding table with columns for description and amount. Total: \$79,228.73

Registered warrants on general funds. \$4,539.38 State of Nebraska, County of Holt, ss.

I, R. E. Chittick, Treasurer of Holt County, Nebraska, do solemnly swear that the foregoing statement of receipts, disbursements and balances is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. E. Chittick. Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me this 28th day of January, A. D. 1907. W. P. Simar, Seal County Clerk.

March 1st, 1907, checked and found correct. B. E. Sturdevant, Chairman Settlement Committee.

Mr. Chairman: Having checked up the office of County Treasurer Chittick for the year 1906, and having found the report correct as per our check, I move you that the report of said treasurer be approved.

B. E. Sturdevant, W. S. Roberts. Motion carried.

Whereas, the opinion of this board is that the present plan of heating the court house is too expensive, and whereas, the stoves now in use will soon have to be replaced with new ones. Therefore be it resolved that a committee of three members of this board be appointed to investigate and examine various kinds of heating plants in use in public buildings and report their opinion as to the best plan and the advisability of putting in heating plant in court house. I move the adoption of the resolution.

C. D. Keyes, J. A. Golden. Motion carried.

Chairman appointed Root and Golden as such committee.

On motion the board adjourned until nine o'clock tomorrow morning.

L. E. Skidmore, Chairman. W. P. Simar, County Clerk.

O'Neill, Neb., March 8, 1907.—Nine o'clock a. m. Board went into committee of the whole.

O'Neill, Neb., March 8.—One o'clock p. m. Board called to order, all members present.

D. L. Pond and others appeared before the board. The following petition was read. Petition for license to sell liquors.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Holt County, State of Neb.—Your petitioners whose names are hereto subscribed respectfully represent that they all are resident freeholders of Emmet township in the county and state aforesaid; That James Armstrong & Bert Freed, under the firm name of Freed & Armstrong is desirous to obtain a license for the sale of malt, spirituous and vinous liquors, to be carried on at and in what is known as the village of Emmet in Emmet township in said county and state and in building situated on lot 3 and 4, block 2, of said village as platted and recorded in said county and state; that the said James Armstrong and Bert Freed are men of respectable character and standing and are resident of the State of Nebraska. Wherefore your petitioners pray that a license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors, to be sold at the place above specified, be granted to said James Armstrong and Bert Freed for the period of one year, beginning on the 10th, day of March, 1907, and ending on the 10th of March, 1908, upon his compliance with the provisions of law requiring the payment of license money, fees and giving a bond, in that behalf made, and your petitioners will ever pray.

O. B. Lawrence, T. D. McNally, G. E. Bowen, Michael Bocian, Wm. F. Grothe, Wm. Corrigan, John Dahms, J. L. Cezbrek, Ryan Bros., Henry Martfeldt, A. Gapter, Anthony Welsh, Frank J. Gapter, B. M. Luben, Bartley Gaffrey, C. O. Tenborg, Bert Hurley, Cabel Embody, Dennis Kane, W. B. Haigh, Frank Tenborg, Chas.

Spring & Summer Goods Brand New at Prices that Will Tempt You

OUR lines of Summer Lawns, Spring and Summer Dress goods, ladies' and men's Oxfords, men's Hats, Shirts and Furnishings and Summer Clothing are now on display and make a fine assortment for you to select from. And I can do a little bit better than ever before in giving you low prices. Come in and see the goods; I can save you some money on your purchases in any of these lines.

O'NEILL, NEB. & Abraham Saunto

Pruss, Henry Pruss, Wm. H. Hitchcock, Fred Martens, Charles O'Connor, Mary Peterson, Geo. Peebles, W. J. Malloy, J. F. McCaffrey, W. R. Tenborg, August Grothe, Patrick Barrett, A. C. Purnell, Joseph McCaffrey, Con O'Connell, C. F. Englehaupt, Frank Pruss, James O'Connell, John Rotherham, William Kuben.

State of Nebraska, Holt County, ss. I, Bert Freed being duly sworn on his oath says that the persons whose names are subscribed as petitioners to this petition marked "X" with red ink are each and all free-holders of Emmet township Holt County, Nebraska, as represented in said petition. Affiant further says that there are not to exceed 50 resident free-holders in said township. Affiant states that all of said parties signed said petition in his presence.

Bert Freed. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of January, 1907. (Seal) W. P. Simar, County Clerk.

The following remonstrance was read, before the County Supervisors of Holt County, Nebraska, in the matter of application of James Armstrong and Bert Freed for license to sell, malt, spirituous and vinous liquors in the town of Emmet, Holt County, Nebraska, for the municipal year ending March 10, 1907:

To the Board of County Supervisors of Holt County, Nebraska.—We, the undersigned citizens, tax payers, electors and free-holders of county and in the territory tributary to the town of Emmet where said applicants seek to establish a saloon, hereby earnestly protest, object and remonstrate against the granting of license to sell malt, spirituous and vinous liquors, or any kind of intoxicating drinks, to the above named applicants, for the following reasons to-wit:

1. Said applicants have not filed a good and sufficient petition signed by the required number of bona fide resident free-holders of said township required by law.

2. Said applicants have not filed a good and sufficient bond as required by law.

3. The business sought to be legalized is a vicious, demoralizing, unscrupulous traffic, tending to produce paupers, lunatics and criminals and it is therefore inexpedient that any license be granted. Wherefore your remonstrators each and all of them pray that due process for the summoning of witnesses and the taking of evidence be had, that the pretended sureties on the bond tendered by said applicants be required to appear before your honorable body and be examined and cross-examined under oath, as to their property possessions and qualifications to become sureties on a liquor bond, that on and after said hearing said application for license be rejected and this remonstrance be sustained.

Dated at Emmet, Neb., Feb. 28, 1907. Names: S. J. Lawrence, Mrs. Alex Maring, Mrs. J. B. Maring, Mrs. E. Herrick, Willie Herrick, T. B. Maring, Mrs. L. I. Puckett, Mr. J. B. Maring, Floyd Herrick, D. L. Pond, Mrs. T. B. Maring, Ida M. Puckett, Emery Herrick, Anna Maring.

Filed March 5, 1907. W. P. Simar, County Clerk.

Before the Hon. Board of Supervisors, Holt County Nebraska. In the matter of the application of James Armstrong and Bert Freed, for the license to all intoxicating liquors.

Come now remonstrator D. L. Pond and others and amends his protest, and remonstrance by adding thereto, he says that he denies, each and every allegation contained in the petition for license, denies that said petition is in form or law a good and sufficient petition, denies that any of the signers on said petition are resident free-holders of said Emmet township, denies that there is a majority of the resident freeholders of said township, on said petition: denies that either of said applicants, James Armstrong or Bert Freed, are men of respectable character and standing, denies the legal form and substance of said petition by reason of the applicants having signed and sworn to the same.

D. L. Pond. E. H. Benedict. Filed March 8, 1907. W. P. Simar, County Clerk.

CAMELS OUTDONE.

Creatures That Go For Extended Periods Without Drinking.

Other creatures than the camel are able to get along for extended periods without drinking. Sheep in the southwestern deserts go for forty to sixty days in winter without drink, grazing on the green, succulent vegetation of that season. Pecaries in the desert of Sonora live in little dry hills where there is no natural water for long periods. They cannot possibly find water—in fact, for months at a time. The only moisture they can obtain comes from roots and the fruits of cacti, but the most extraordinary case is that of the pocket mouse, one of the common rodents of the desert. This little creature, by the way, has a genuine fur lined "pocket" on the outside of its cheek. When it is hungry it takes food from this pocket with its paw, just as a man would pull a ham sandwich from his pocket. One of these mice has been kept for three years with no other food than the mixed bird seed of commerce. During this period it had not a taste of either water or green food. Other experimenters have found, in fact, that these mice in captivity refuse such treats, not seeming to know that water is good to drink. The bird seed put before this mouse contained not more than 10 per cent of moisture, which is less than is necessary for digestion. Stuff so dry as this cannot even be swallowed until it is moistened by saliva. Yet this remarkable mouse gave nothing but his time to the interests of science. He suffered nothing in health or spirits during his captivity.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Government Homesteads in South Dakota.

Plenty of government land along the new line of the Chicago & North-Western between Rapid city and Pierre open to settlement. There are no charges except the land office fee of from \$14 to \$20 for quarter section. It is the chance of a lifetime. It will pay you to investigate. Ask any ticket agent of the North-Western line to give you maps, pamphlets and complete information. 40-4

Cured of Rheumatism.

Mr. Wm. Henry of Chattanooga, Tenn., had rheumatism in his left arm. "The strength seemed to have gone out of the muscles so that it was useless for work," he says: "I applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm and wrapped the arm in flannel at night, and to my relief I found that the pain gradually left me and the strength returned. In three weeks the rheumatism has disappeared and has not since returned." If troubled with rheumatism try a few applications of Pain Balm. You are certain to be pleased with the relief which it affords. For sale by Gilligan & Stout.

To Chicago and the East.

Fast splendidly equipped trains daily to Chicago, making direct connections for points east, via the North-Western line, the only double-track railway between the Missouri River and Chicago. Also fast daily trains to Sioux City, Mankato, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and points in South Dakota, the Black Hills and Wyoming. For rates and full particulars apply to your ticket agent. 40-4

Edison records are the best and so near like the singer or band that one thinks he is listening to the singer or band and not to a machine. For proof call at Lockard's jewelry store and hear them. 34-1f

We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

You must look well after the condition of your liver and bowels. Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. Act gently, all vegetable. The dose is only one pill at bedtime.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of Ayer's Hair Vigor, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Consumption is less deadly than it used to be. Certain relief and usually complete recovery will result from the following treatment: Hope, rest, fresh air, and—Scott's Emulsion. ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.