

The Frontier

Published by D. H. CRONIN
ROMAINE SAUNDERS, Assistant Editor
and Manager.
\$1.50 the Year 75 Cents Six Months
Official paper of O'Neill and Holt county.

ADVERTISING RATES:
Display advertisements on pages 4, 5 and 6
are charged for on a basis of 50 cents an inch
(one column width) per month; on page 1 the
charge is \$1.00 an inch per month. Local ad-
vertisements, 5 cents per line each insertion.
Address the office of the publisher.



Is Governor Cummins hero or demagog?

Not all of the questionable combinations are in the commercial world.

"It is better to dwell in the wilderness, than with a contentious and an angry woman."

Carnegie's ambition to die a poor man might be helped along by indulging in strawberry shortcake thrice a day.

That rate bill is made of pretty good material or it would be worn out sliding back and forth from senate to conference.

Some of our friends down at Page might have profited by that time honored advice, "Be sure you are right, then go ahead."

Uncle Sam has added another star to his crown. Oklahoma and Indian Territory, after a long struggle, have got into the Union as one state under the name Oklahoma.

A man occupying high official position is in big business when he stoops to the ward heeling methods of lining up the rounders to vote for "his" candidates for petty offices.

The Frontier would like to see the farmers take an active interest in the campaign this year and would be in favor of sending a delegation to the state convention composed largely of farmers.

The final chapter in the Bartley defalcation has been closed. The supreme court denies a rehearing on the bond suit. Nebraska tax payers might as well make up their minds to stand the loss of that \$500,000 first as last.

The republican candidates for United States senator are causing the fusionists a great deal of worry. They understand that the nomination of either Rosewater or Brown means the control of the next legislature by the republicans.

The depositors of the old Elkhorn Valley bank are still holding the sack. Had the manipulators been as active trying to get the money from the fellows who stole it as they were to recover from an innocent party the depositors might have been paid off before now.

At Toledo, Ohio, five ice dealers have been sentenced to one year in the workhouse and to pay a fine of \$5,000 each for conspiracy in restraint of trade. The way the conspirators, rebaters and monopolists are being dealt with indicates that there is still something to the "majesty of the law."

The four meat packing concerns recently convicted in federal court at Kansas City have been fined \$15,000 each for accepting rebates. The Burlington railroad was fined in the same amount. George L. Thomas of New York was fined \$6,000 and sentenced to four months in the penitentiary, and L. B. Taggart \$4,000 and three months in the penitentiary. The aggregate fines amount to \$70,000.

The Creighton Liberal accuses this paper of perverting the Liberal's utterances. If the Liberal did not say exactly what we said it did, in the very language we said it did, then we are unable to read plain English. The fact that it said more and emphasized and enlarged what we said it said does not abrogate or mitigate what we said it said. If the Liberal doesn't mean what it says, then out of its own mouth it confesses to be a political sensationalist talking into the air.

ON THE RIGHT SIDE.

Democratic editors are laboring hard to convince themselves that the republicans have appropriated the principles promulgated in the democratic platform of 1896. They claim that the people are now applauding Roosevelt because of his stand for the very principles advocated by the democrats in 1896.

Everybody who took even the slightest interest in the campaign of 1896 knows full well that none of the politics of the present day entered into the heated discussions of that campaign. That was distinctively a "money" campaign. Single or double standard was the issue, and free silver and the gold standard was on everybody's lips. Republicans took the position—and won out on it—that there could not be two standards of measurement of money value. The general and widespread revival of paralyzed industries following the vindication of the sound money policy and the repeal of the Wilson law has been the most phenomenal in the history of any country.

That the lapse of ten years should witness some new political issues is natural. Federal control of large corporations, railroad freight regulation and anti-pass legislation were not made issues during the "cross of gold" and "crown of thorns" campaign. They are issues today. The republican party stood on the right side of the slavery question; it stood on the right side of the tariff and money questions; it has guided the ship of state clear of dangerous breakers for fifty years, and with a brave and great leader now in the White House it will continue to deal wisely with public questions.

GOV. MICKEY AGAINST THREE OFFICIALS.

Governor Mickey is not down and out just yet. And now is the opportunity for him to play his hand. The people are in the mood to listen to any kind of a story that impugns the character of an official or brands him as a railroad tool. The governor is after the scalps of Secretary of State Galusha, Auditor Searle and Commissioner Eaton, all candidates for renomination. Each of these three officials as members of the state board of equalization opposed any advance in the railroad assessments.

Now, naturally enough but whether justly we can not say, the charge is made that they are allied with the railroad interests. They have been worthy officials in the administration of their respective offices, but the fact that they voted against an increase of the railroad assessment will ally them with the railroads in the minds of many people, regardless of whether their votes were prompted by honest convictions.

However, the governor is not free from the suspicion that he is doing a little grandstand work and taking advantage of the times to vent his personal spleen.

REACHING EFFECTIVE STAGE.

Sioux City Tribune: Slowly but surely the crusade against illegal combinations is reaching the effective stage. The government forced the paper trust to dissolve, it is gaining ground against the tobacco trust, Arkansas has made the harvester trust pay a big fine, Nebraska has checked the career of the grain dealers' combination and the United States attorney general and his assistants are busy with the crusade against the Standard Oil company. The latest advance in the "busting" methods is reported from St. Louis, where Judge Ryan of the circuit court has decided that a purchaser of goods from a concern which is a member of a trust does not need to pay for them. This decision, if sustained and followed as a precedent, would make the business of combined concerns extra hazardous because it would be impossible to collect money due them. The decision is probably based on the theory that a concern which enters into a contract in restraint of trade is an outlaw. Any contract involved in such an agreement could not be enforced.

These appear to be the halcyon days for the trust buster since the same day's dispatches convey the information that a Toledo judge has sentenced five prominent business men who were in a combination to

control the price of ice to a year each in the workhouse, subject to mitigation if they agree to restore to consumers what they have collected in excessive prices. They must also agree to sell ice at the prices which prevailed before they entered into a combination.

The enforcement of the laws against restraint of trade generally might bring about similar results. Many communities have combinations among coal dealers, lumbermen and vendors of other commodities. If the St. Louis decision is combined with the Toledo precedent, combinations of any kind whatever will fall into disuse.

CONTEMPORARY COMMENT.

"Dr. Gilligan of O'Neill for United States senator," says the Atkinson Graphic. "That seems to be the prevailing sentiment in this senatorial district, which the Graphic heartily endorses."

The Rushville Recorder notes as another significant move in the matter of righting public wrongs is President Roosevelt seeking authority from Congress to withhold all future government lands containing oil or coal from the hands of private speculators. The object of this is to protect the public, and if successful will be one of the most radical steps taken by our government to deal with strikes and unfair competition in the handling of these public utilities.

The Shelton Clipper expresses a well grounded fear when it says: "Let the convention fail to nominate a candidate for the United States senate, and there will be such dissatisfaction that it will be doubtful if a single man on the state ticket is elected. The people have declared for the nomination of a candidate for United States senator by the state convention, and they won't be put off without it. If there is any one thing the coming republican state convention can do that will please the democrats it will be a failure to nominate a candidate for senator."

"Church Howe, a Nebraskan who is waking good in the diplomatic service, has just been appointed by the president as consul general to Montreal," says the Fremont Tribune. "Mr. Howe was given a position in the foreign service of the government by Senator Thurston and he has proven his worth in that position. He was first sent to Sheffield, England, the seat of great cutlery factories, where he had bought his goods for knifing Tom Majors. This post paid \$2,500 a year. He was then transferred to Palermo, Sicily, then to Antwerp, Brussels, where he receives a salary of \$3,500. At Montreal he will reach American soil again. He will receive a salary of \$4,000 at this latter post, besides being nearer to his old Nemaha county home. There are few better posts than Montreal, as reckoned by the salary paid. Berlin

pays the same, and there are other \$4,000 positions, to the number of a half dozen, with fewer \$5,000 ones, among the latter being Calcutta, now held by W. H. Michael, at one time editor of The Tribune; Hong-Kong, Shanghai. Mr. Howe's experience with the English, Italians, the Dutch and the Canadians have made him a cosmopolitan and added to the native polish of his Massachusetts-Nebraska training."

"There is not a man in our city, however indifferent to the claims of Christianity, who would want to rear his family here if there were no church influences, for he at once recognizes them as the guardians of the morals of the community," observes an exchange. "What would be the condition of this community at the end of the next ten years if from this time until then the churches were closed? To what extent would life and property be safe? And yet, with all the organized agencies of the church, the devil too frequently holds high carnival. What might we not expect if wholly divested of these good influences?"

Nebraska City Weekly: The 159th annual commencement of Princeton university occurred at the university, Princeton, N. J., Wednesday, June 13th, the exercises beginning at 10:30 a. m. In the "Honor List" of the graduates, class of 1906, under "Honors of General Excellence" appears the name of Sterling Morton; and again in the "Special Honors in Particular Departments" lists, his name appears for honors in the department of "Modern Languages" with the degree of "Litt. B." Mr. Morton's many friends "here at home" will congratulate him on winning high honors in the field where talent, capacity and work are the foundations of success.

Lock-Level Canal.

Washington, June 27.—The vote in the senate on the subject of type of Panama Canal proved to be a very great surprise in both branches of Congress. Ten days ago the majority for the sea-level type of canal in the senate was pronounced. The action of the house about that time in restricting the use of money appropriated for the canal to measures looking to the construction of a lock-level type of canal, had its influence upon the minds of some of the senators.

It was thought that the people of the country would not sanction much more delay in reference to the work on the canal and would blame the senate for permitting the great question to go over until the next session of congress. Since that time there has been constant change in the sentiment on the subject in the senate. During that time all the speeches in favor of a lock-level canal were delivered.

It will be remembered that Senator Millard, chairman of the senate committee on Inter-oceanic-canals, has all along been steadfastly supporting the administration in its contention for a high level canal. His report of the views of the minority of his committee to the senate was regarded as the

LOOKING FOR DISHES?

If your dishes are getting broken up and you need to replace your table service you will find Horiskey's Grocery has some excellent bargains this summer. We have figured our prices down to the lowest possible notch and are now offering—

A 100-piece semi-porcelain dinner set..... \$8.00
6-piece decorated toilet sets, reduced to..... \$2.50

I have a fine selection of German and Japanese china-ware glassware, dishes and lamps and can save you money on all these lines.

J. C. HORISKEY

GROCERIES, FLOUR, SALT, ETC.

strongest document issued in support of that contention. Not only Senator Millard, but Senator Dryden of New Jersey and Senators Hopkins and Culom of Illinois as well as Senator Knox of Pennsylvania and Senator Perkins of California, dealt sledge hammer blows in opposition to the sea-level type, in their speeches in the senate.

Meantime Chairman Millard worked unceasingly with Senators who had not given the subject careful attention pointing out to them the salient reasons why a lock canal would best serve the interests of the country, and his efforts were crowned with success when the vote was taken on Thursday afternoon. Senators on the floor, members of the Isthmian canal commission, and many friends lost no time in congratulating Senator Millard upon his success in conducting the fight for a lock-level canal and in opposition to the sea-level project. The senator also received many congratulations from constituents who have watched his course in respect to this legislation and who expressed gratification at his firm stand in accord with the administration, and his effective work on the floor and in committee in behalf of a measure whose strongest supporters in the senate only a few days ago regarded as hopelessly lost.

Death From Lockjaw never follows an injury dressed with Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Its antiseptic and healing properties prevent blood poisoning. Chas. Oswald, merchant, of Rensselaersville, N. Y., writes: "It cured Seth Burch, of this place, of the ugliest sore on his neck I ever saw." Cures cuts, wounds, burns and sores. 25 cents at Pixley & Hanley's drug store.

The Frontier for job work.

PUBLIC SALE

"I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC SALE," ETC.
J. W. Van Kirk
AUCTIONEER
I will cry your sales on reasonable terms. See me at my farm 1 mile north, 1 1/2 mile east, of O'Neill, or the O'Neill National Bank for prices and dates. June 7-2m-pd

NEW HOMES IN THE WEST.

Shoshone Reservation to be Opened to Settlement.

Chicago & North-Western R'y announces round trip excursion rates from all points July 12 to 29.

Less than one fare for the round trip to Shoshoni, Wyoming, the reservation border.

The only all rail route to the reservation border.

Dates of registration July 16th to 31st at Shoshoni and Lander. Reached only by this line.

Write for pamphlets, telling how to take up one of these attractive homesteads.

Information, maps and pamphlets free on request to W. B. Kniskern, P. T. M., Chicago, Ill.

Advertised Letters.

The following letters remain uncalled for in the O'Neill postoffice for the week ending June 23, 1906:

James Slatery, Miss Nellie Elliott, Orville Buckley, Jas. A. Aluander; Postal Cards, Jay Bartlett, Lowell Harrington.

In calling for the above please say "advertised." If not called for in two weeks will be sent to dead letter office D. H. Cronin, Postmaster.

Mystic flour for sale by J. C. Horiskey. 51-3

Luxus

That's the Name We Paid \$500.00 For

Because it describes so well the unquestionable superiority of

Our New Bottled Beer

We give hearty thanks to all who were kind enough to send us a suggestion, but there could only be one winner. The lucky man is Mr. R. Kearney, of Sheridan, Wyo.

He suggested "Luxus," which is taken from the words luxury and luxurious, and the committee composed of R. H. Kastor of H. W. Kastor & Sons Advertising Co., Chicago, Ill., A. D. Mayo, General Advertising Dept. Record-Herald, Chicago, Ill., and Samuel S. Sherman, Business Mgr. of the Inter Ocean, Chicago, Ill., who were appointed to pass on all names, felt that nothing else was quite so good as this, though there were thousands of mighty good ones. Some of the names suggested could not be considered, as they were already in use by other brewers; others were repeated so often that, had any of them been selected, it would have been impossible to determine to whom the prize was to be awarded.

Mr. Kearney says it's easy money, but it's worth every cent of it to us.

Watch for the appearance of

Luxus Bottled Beer

and ask for it at your dealer's about July 14th. It's ready now—Pure, Sparkling, Well Aged, Wholesome, Satisfying, Refreshing—but we can't get it on the market until the labels are ready.

Fred. Krug Brewing Co.
Omaha, Nebraska

It will be sold everywhere in the West and we have three shifts in our bottling department working day and night, getting ready for the enormous demand that is bound to come for

The Best Beer Brewed

It is light in color and is not heavy or sticky—but delightful with meals or for refreshments. It is not only a pure beer—it is not only made right—but it is made expressly to suit your taste. We have brewed beer in Omaha for 50 years—long enough to learn what the public wants, and long enough to learn how to make beer that pleases the public taste exactly. We are not trying to force our taste upon you, but are catering entirely to your taste.

We know how good "Luxus" Bottled Beer is now—You will know in a few weeks.

We thank you again for your suggestions, also for the interest you have taken in our name contest.

Signature: R. H. Kastor
Date: June 23, 1906
Amount: \$500.00
Payable in Gold Coin
The United States National Bank of Omaha
Omaha, Neb.
Pure Water Name Contest