

# THE O'NEILL FRONTIER

D. H. CRONIN, Publisher.

O'NEILL, NEBRASKA

There is a gradually dawning belief that plant growth is more or less of a chemical process that may be accelerated or retarded by the application of the proper reagents, generally in the form of fertilizers, and that the ultimate growth is usually far in excess of the value of the material applied. This is apropos of some investigations that have been conducted by M. Nagao, of the Tokio Imperial university, in stimulating rice growth by the stimulating action of manganese in the form of manganese sulphate. A yield of 37 per cent over a field fertilized in the usual manner was obtained by this investigator and the value of the increased crop was equal to four times the cost of the chemical applied.

If recent statistics are to be relied upon the number of men—high-placed officers—in both services who do not smoke would bear out the theory that smoking is going out of fashion in the British army and navy. It appears that the smoking of officers are content, like the French and Russians, with an occasional cigar. Of course there are exceptions. The army has no officer who is a more inveterate smoker than was the late General Gordon, who was miserably unless he had a pipe with a long stem like straw, from which glass vessels of any shape can be made. Thus far this quartz glass has been employed chiefly for making laboratory apparatus. A test tube made in this way will not break when a white-hot coal is dropped into it.

It has long been a mooted question whether insects are attracted to flowers by the bright hues of the petals or by the odor of the flowers, and recent experiments carried out on quite an extensive scale seem to indicate that the former is the more directive agent. It is concluded that insects are guided from a distance to masses of flowers by their perfume alone, but that where flowers are grown singly insects are attracted generally by color, and where the distance is small the odor doubtless assists in attracting and directing the movements of the flying insects.

A man brought up at St. Albans as an incorrigible rogue was proved to have married his aunt. His children are, therefore, his first cousins and his own grandchild, and his mother-in-law are the same person. Apparently the judge sympathized with him, for he was discharged.

The only Persian newspapers which resemble those published in other countries are those issued in India and Egypt, which copy English models. The few papers published at Teheran contain little besides the shah's proclamations and pictures of prominent officials.

On the occasion of the hundredth anniversary of the death of Schiller (May 9, 1905) the Swiss government intends to give every pupil in the public schools a copy of that poet's play, "William Tell." The sum of \$20,000 has been set aside for that purpose.

Kettles made of paper—a Japanese invention used in the Japanese army—are about to be supplied to the German army. By pouring water over them they can hang over the fire without burning for a length of time sufficient to boil the water.

Mount Sopris, near Glenwood Springs, Colo., 14,300 feet above sea level, is to be made into a summer resort. Among the unique attractions will be the perfection of a natural toboggan slide which may be used all through the summer months.

After three months' trial of the results of blacking out the betting news from the newspapers in Ermondsey (London) public library, it has been decided to continue the practice, on the ground that it excludes an undesirable class of readers.

Copper mining once flourished in Ireland. The Ballymaghilly mine, in Wicklow county, averaged 6,000 tons of copper pyrite per annum between 1840 and 1843. Desultory prospecting is going on at the present day in several localities.

The largest British submarine was launched recently. It is called the B. I. It is 150 feet in length and 36 feet in girth—submarines have no beam—and is about 50 feet longer and 20 feet wider in girth than any of its predecessors.

Pipelines are to be laid by the Standard Oil company from Red Fork, I. T., to the oil field near Florence and Boulder, Colo. If the plan works with success, extensions will be made from Denver to the Wyoming oil fields.

A student of the population of the anthracite region of Pennsylvania reports that there are 630,000 people inhabiting that section, of whom 430,000 are foreign-born. Of this latter number more than 50,000 cannot read or write.

Bibles and other books are difficult to distribute in Turkey, said a speaker at Exeter hall, London, the other day. A work on chemistry was rejected because H<sub>2</sub>O (water) was translated as "Hamid Second is a nobody."

A little dog the other day fell into the rapidly running river at Cows-water, Belfast, and was drowning, when a black retriever came along and once plunged into the river and brought the little dog ashore.

There are 252,436 miles of ocean cable in operation today, and only 23,797 miles are owned by governments. The British cables, which connect London with all parts of the world, have a total mileage in 154,099.

One of the largest gold nuggets ever found in Colorado was recently picked up at the Snowstorm placer, in Park county, between Alma and Fairplay. It weighs 120 ounces and has a market value of \$2,000.

A French physician, Dr. Foucault, has found that in 11,048 cases investigated by him 759, or 7 per cent, resulted from cancer. He could not find that heredity was a factor in the cause of the disease.

Official figures show that the Manhattan "L" carried 128,000 more passengers on November 1 and 2 than on the same dates last year, in spite of the opening of the subway.

# GOVERNOR WILL ATTEND A BALL

Chief Executive Mickey Is to Head a Grand March in January.

## FIGHT WITH BANDITS

Bank Robbers Blow a Safe at Wabash and Escape—Were Attacked by Citizens and Harmless Running Fight Ensued.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 30.—An inaugural ball with Governor Mickey leading the grand march will be the feature of a social event scheduled for early in January at the state house. Elaborate in all its details, the event will be worth going to see.

Two years ago Governor Mickey declared his opposition to dancing and card playing and theater going. In addition he tabooed all sinful amusements. Now he explains that the inaugural event will be a social. There will be the outward signs of revelry, but actual dancing will not be indulged by the governor or his staff. Instead all will execute the grand march, and then will follow a reception. Before the actual dancing begins Governor Mickey will be gone.

The exact program will be announced as soon as a few details are completed.

## FIGHTS WITH BANDITS.

Bank Robbers at Wabash Have Encounter With Citizens.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 30.—Aroused by the muffled sounds of an explosion, citizens of Wabash tumbled from their beds and engaged in a running fight with two desperate bank robbers. The bandits escaped from the citizens and disappeared in the brush near Weeping Water.

The robbers blew the outside door from the safe and partially wrecked the building of the Bank of Wabash. A second charge was laid to destroy the vaults where the money was kept. However, the explosion brought the citizens in such numbers that the robbers were compelled to give battle in order to escape without any booty.

Postmaster Brown notified the Lincoln police and gave a detailed description of the two men. It was thought that the bandits made their way to Lincoln on an early morning train. A systematic but useless search was made for them.

## RESCUED BY POLICE.

Jealous Lincoln Man Kept His Pretty Wife a Prisoner.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 30.—Fort the last two months a Lincoln man has kept his bride locked up in a gloomy little room with blankets fastened across the windows and doors, and another man should see her. The man is W. J. McCoy, who only three months ago married pretty Martha Grice.

Through neighbors the police learned of the matter, and last evening broke into the room, which is in a block at 1330 O street, and rescued the young wife, taking her to the home of her mother, Mrs. Grice. McCoy was arrested and taken to the city jail. However, he was released on a thirty-day probation, as the wife absolutely refused to make any complaint against her husband. She declared that she could neither eat nor sleep while her husband was away from her and that she had not rested for a moment since he had been arrested.

"No, I ain't afraid, and I don't want to be prosecuted further. I tell you I just want him," vehemently insisted Mrs. McCoy to the judge. "It's just his way. He means well. And I'm his wife, and I guess he has a right to do as he wants to with me!"

For two months the young wife has lived in a small room with but five brief periods of freedom. Three times McCoy took her to visit her mother for a few minutes and twice he took her down town for less than half an hour. Besides covering the doors and windows with blankets and buying an extra strong lock, McCoy poured some of the keyholes full of tar. On his departure to his work in the morning he would lay toothpicks and matches on top of the door, and on his return would look eagerly to see if the door had been opened in his absence.

McCoy admitted that he had been somewhat jealous, not of any man in particular, but of all men in general. He feared the influence of other men on his wife. In his fits of jealousy he would beat her, and in his fits of meekness he would kiss her. In talking over his wife's case with the judge, McCoy said that he had been somewhat heart-torn and that it was growing on him.

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"Why, judge," said he, "it used to be that I could just about feel an ox with this one on my mind. In talking over his wife's case with the judge, McCoy said that he had been somewhat heart-torn and that it was growing on him.

When McCoy was released his wife embraced and kissed him fervently and the two left the police station arm in arm.

## TEN COPPER PENNIES.

The Only Assets of the Failed Elkhorn Valley Bank.

O'Neill, Neb., Nov. 30.—There have been no new developments in the Elkhorn Valley bank failure.

The missing cashier, P. Hagerty, left a statement with his wife, so he made public after it has been passed upon by his attorney, M. F. Harrington, who is out of the city.

Examiner Whittemore arrived in the city Saturday afternoon and took charge of the bank. Ten copper pennies was the only cash found upon the premises.

Examiner Whittemore says it will be a couple of days before a statement of the bank's affairs can be made. In the meantime the people are preparing themselves to hear the worst.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 28.—Announcement was made today by the state banking board that there are no state funds in the Elkhorn Valley bank, of O'Neill, which closed its doors recently.

A special from O'Neill says:

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Examiner Whittemore arrived Saturday afternoon and took charge of the bank. Ten pennies was all the cash he found. The examiner says it will be two or three days before a statement of the bank's affairs can be made.

## The Vote of Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 28.—The vote cast in Virginia for president was canvassed today. Parker received 29,634, Roosevelt, 48,181; Swallow, 1,285.

# PRESIDENT ENDS ST. LOUIS VISIT

Party Is Now Speeding Eastward and Will Be in Washington Tuesday.

## PLEASED WITH THE TRIP

President Assured Exposition Officials That the Arrangements for His Pleasure Could Not Have Been Better.

Richmond, Ind., Nov. 30.—After a sojourn of two days in St. Louis which proved an experience thoroughly delightful and almost unique, President Roosevelt is speeding now toward Washington, where his train is scheduled to arrive at 7 o'clock tomorrow.

The president, Mr. Roosevelt and all the members of the party are congratulating themselves upon the success of the trip, which was regarded by so many with serious apprehension. The president has expressed his perfect satisfaction with the arrangements made for his care, comfort and convenience, and just before the train pulled out of the exposition grounds last night he congratulated and thanked President Francis and the other exposition officials, and the officers who were his personal attendants, for the admirable work they had accomplished. Throughout his experience in St. Louis there was a notable absence of cranks who desired for various reasons to see the president. One woman was taken in charge by a secret service man at the Thompson residence last evening, but she made no trouble. The trip thus far has been without incident of particular note. The presidential party breakfasted about 9 a. m.

At Indianapolis, where the first stop was made after daylight today, the small residence covered up his negotiations. The president had not risen and the people, although disappointed at not seeing him made no noisy demonstration. Few stops will now be made en route to Washington and it is likely the president will make no extended remarks at any of the stops. The special train arrived here at 9:45, leaving a few minutes later.

## Brief Talk by the President.

Richmond, Ind., Nov. 28.—President Roosevelt during a brief stop here addressed a considerable crowd as follows:

"I am very glad to see you. I have always thought highly of Indiana, but during the last three weeks I have had cause to think even more highly of it. I want you to feel that I very deeply appreciate the responsibility put upon me by such a vote as that of November 2. I am sure that you will all do your best, and with the help of those who represent you, do all I can to justify your confidence."

## WOMAN IS ARRESTED.

She Demanded to See the President and Detectives Took Her.

St. Louis, Nov. 30.—After trying to force her way into the residence of William H. Thompson for the expressed purpose of painting a picture of President Roosevelt, Miss Maria Herndl, a glass painter from Munich, Germany, but claiming to occupy a studio in Milwaukee, was arrested last night by detectives. She appeared about 35 years old, was fairly well dressed and showed refinement.

## IS A WELL KNOWN WOMAN.

Painter Who Recently Interviewed With President Roosevelt in St. Louis.

Milwaukee, Nov. 30.—Maria Herndl, who was arrested in St. Louis, has been identified as a well known woman in Milwaukee. She has made a specialty of painting windows for churches and portraits on glass. Before leaving for St. Louis she expressed a desire to paint a picture of President Roosevelt for the White House or to be hung in one of the other government buildings at Washington. Miss Herndl is well thought of here and is believed to be perfectly harmless.

## INVESTIGATION ORDERED

Government Appoints Agents to Look Into Standard Oil Workings.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Formal orders have been issued at the department of Commerce and labor for a government investigation of the affairs and business methods of the Standard Oil company. The order was issued this afternoon assigning two special agents of the department to begin work Monday.

This action is taken after frequent consultations held between President Roosevelt and the corporate commissioner, Mr. Garfield. These conferences were the consummation of a series of complaints which have been filed with the department of commerce and labor.

The charges to be investigated are that the Standard Oil company is violating the interstate commerce laws in the restraint of trade. It is intended to make a most searching and thorough examination. The two agents will visit the oil fields to begin with and will then proceed to the refineries and later will examine into the ways of distribution and the alleged control of transportation facilities.

## Will Go to Congress.

It is expected that the report of the agents will not be ready until some time next spring, or later, but fully in time for the president to incorporate it in his message to congress next winter in any recommendations in the premises he may deem necessary.

The investigation is to be after the fashion of that instituted against the beef trust, which has only recently been concluded. Under the present law the president if he deems the facts warrant, may notify his attorney general to proceed against any trust engaged in violation of the law. This course of procedure was instituted in the case of the Northern Securities company, the administration winning a decisive victory. Should violations by the Standard Oil be found, therefore, it will be necessary for the president to await upon congress. He is empowered to proceed at once to institute court proceedings.

## SEWER TRENCH CAVED

Three Men Killed in St. Louis, All of Whom Have Been Taken From the Ditch.

St. Louis, Nov. 30.—Three laborers were buried in a cavern in a water pipe trench today. The men were taken out dead.

# EMBEZZLED BIG SUM.

Trusted Employee of the London Rothschilds Gets Away With Five Million Dollars.

London, Nov. 30.—Discovery has been made of an embezzlement of \$5,000,000 by a trusted employee of the London house of Rothschild. This is at once the most stupendous embezzlement in criminal annals, and the first time in their history that the Rothschilds have suffered through the wrong-doing of an employe.

Moses Blumenthal, head of the bullion department of the famous family of money lenders, is the man charged with the embezzlement. He had carte blanche to use the firm's name, and quite by accident, it has been learned that for a period the full length of which has not yet been learned, he has been disposing of bullion entrusted to his care and sinking the proceeds in speculation.

## At It Possibly Ten Years.

The extent of the man's dealings may be imagined from the fact that he has made away with 21,880 troy pounds of gold. Even the Scotland Yard officials argue that Blumenthal's peculations must have covered a period of five and perhaps ten years. Characteristically, the Rothschilds have quietly assumed the loss of \$250,000 suffered by them directly, while the disposition of the balance which had been deposited by clients is not yet settled.

Blumenthal, it is said, has fled to New York, but it being against the policy of the house to speculate, no effort will be made to apprehend him. To protect his great name the house has even settled Blumenthal's brokerage accounts, though not legally responsible for them. So quietly has the whole affair been closed up that London knows only of the enormous crime through talk in the city, the London papers having studiously avoided all reference to it.

## Was a Poor Boy.

A curious feature of the affair is that the Rothschilds held the monetary loss light as compared with the breach of faith of a trusted employe. Blumenthal was a protegee of the Rothschilds, having been taken into the employ of the house as a poor boy. He had been advanced to his commanding position.

Blumenthal covered up his peculations by adulterating the gold melted in the firm's refineries. This means that an extra amount of alloy to cover the amount of his stealings has been put in the gold melted at the Rothschilds establishment. To accomplish this successfully he must have had accomplices in the first place, and in the second place, it follows that during the period of his peculations a great mass of gold, adulterated and under value, has been turned out and stored in bullion vaults.

## New Assay May Be Necessary.

The Rothschilds have recently shipped bullion to both Russia and Japan, and big shipments have been made to South America. It is quite possible that a new assay of the bullion may be necessary. Several well known dealers in bullion in London say that the affair may result in a sharp decline in rates on Monday morning. The Rothschilds, however, may be depended upon to take every step necessary to protect the credit of their house. This defalcation is the first recorded in the history of the house.

# THE STRIKE IS OFF.

Cattle Butchers' Trouble Ends, All the Men Applying for Old Positions.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—The cattle butchers' strike collapsed today and all the strikers made application for their old positions.

## THE MARKETS.

Sioux City Live Stock.

Sioux City, Nov. 29.—Sioux City stock yards—Hogs—Mixed and heavy, \$4.25@4.50; others, \$4.00@4.40.

Cattle—Butcher steers, \$3.50@6.00; fat cows, \$2.25@3.50; stockers and feeders, \$1.75@2.50; yearlings and calves, \$2.25@3.25.

## Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—Cattle—Market steady. Good to prime steers, \$5.00@7.00; poor to medium, \$3.50@5.75; stockers and feeders, \$1.75@4.20; cows, \$2.75@4.00; heifers, \$1.85@3.85; calves, \$1.40@2.25; bulls, \$2.00@2.90; calves, \$3.00@6.50; western steers, \$3.50@5.00.

Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$4.50@7.00; good to choice heavy, \$4.00@7.00; rough heavy, \$4.00@4.50; light, \$4.00@4.50; bulls, \$4.50@6.00.

Good to choice weathers, \$4.35@4.50; fair to choice mixed, \$3.50@4.30; western sheep, \$3.00@5.00; native lambs, \$4.25@6.00; western lambs, \$3.00@4.80.

Good to choice weathers, \$4.35@4.50; fair to choice mixed, \$3.50@4.30; western sheep, \$3.00@5.00; native lambs, \$4.25@6.00; western lambs, \$3.00@4.80.

Steady. With heavy quoted at \$3.85@6.75; cows and heifers, \$1.20@4.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.00@4.00.

Sheep—Market steady at \$3.00@4.70; lambs, \$4.00@5.50.

## South Omaha.

South Omaha, Nov. 29.—Cattle—Native steers, \$3.75@6.25; cows and heifers, \$2.50@3.85; stockers and feeders, \$1.85@3.50; calves, \$2.25@3.75; range cows and heifers, \$2.25@3.25; canners, \$1.75@2.25; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.50; calves, \$3.00@5.50; bulls, \$2.00@3.00.

Hogs—Heavy, \$4.50@4.75; mixed, \$4.40@4.50; light, \$4.40@4.55; pigs, \$4.00@4.40; bulk of shales, \$4.50@5.50.

Sheep—Market steady. Western yearlings, \$4.25@4.65; weathers, \$4.00@4.50; ewes, \$3.80@4.50; common and stockers, \$2.50@4.30; lambs, \$3.00@5.50.

## Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 29.—Cattle—Native steers, \$3.50@6.25; southern, \$2.50@4.25; western, \$3.00@4.75; cows and heifers, \$1.50@3.85; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.50.

Hogs—Heavy, \$4.00@4.70; packers, \$4.50@4.85; pigs and lights, \$3.00@4.65.

Sheep—Muttons, \$3.75@5.25; lambs, \$4.50@6.00.

## GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Nov. 29.—Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Steady.

Wheat—No. 2 spring, \$1.00@1.13; No. 3 spring, \$1.00@1.13; No. 2 red, \$1.10@1.12; No. 3 red, \$1.00@1.12.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, \$0.70@0.75; No. 2 white, \$0.70@0.75; No. 3 white, \$0.65@0.70.

Rye—No. 2, \$0.75.

Barley—Good feeding, 28c; fair to choice malting, 42@51c.

Flax Seed—No. 1, \$1.12; No. 1 northwest, \$1.10.

Timothy Seed—Prime, \$2.70.

Clover—Contract grade, \$12.25.

Provisions—Mess pork, \$11.00@11.50; lard, \$9.00@9.50; beef, \$6.00@6.50; short clear sides, \$6.25@6.75.

Whisky—On basis of high wines, \$1.21.

Butter—Market was firm. Creamery, 16@22c; factory, 14@20c.

Eggs—Firm at market; cases included, 18c@22c; firsts, 24c; prime, 23c; 2c, extras, 28c.

Cheese—Steady at 11@12c.

# JAPANESE ANXIOUS FOR LAND VICTORY

Expected to Make Desperate Efforts for It Before the Naval Clash.

## GRAFT IN CZAR'S SERVICE

Three Hundred and Fifty Carloads of Stores and Clothing Destined for the East Disappeared From Road While En Route.

St. Petersburg Nov. 30.—The war office has received information from Chefoo that the Japanese assault on Port Arthur Saturday were repulsed with enormous losses.

Berlin, Nov. 30.—A dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Musken says:

"It is believed about the headquarters that the Japanese will make extraordinary efforts to win a land victory before the second Pacific squadron arrives. The movements of the fleet are reported in each Army Gazette, the 100th number of which was printed Sunday. The paper is circulated through out the army and is the only medium of news from the outer world. As soon as it appears private gather in groups while one who can do so reads the paper to the soldiers.

"The soldiers are convinced the arrival of the second Pacific squadron will end the war, as they believe the Japanese will be beaten on the sea and will seek peace.

"Severe measures have been taken against marauders. Twelve Cossacks of one regiment were sentenced to death. One was shot in front of his regiment and the sentence of the remaining eleven were commended to penal servitude. Discipline generally is good."

## KUROPATKIN USES AN AUTO.

Facilities for Getting Away Are Better Than Ever Before.

Chefoo, Nov. 30.—General Kuropatkin is the possessor of a new 20-horse power automobile with which he is able to rush at high speed from one part to another of the line, twenty-five miles long, according to M. Ravoil, who reached here today from Mukden. M. Ravoil said:

"The two armies lie facing each other, each having three fortified lines. The soldiers live mostly in caves, behind their trenches, which are warm even without fire. The Russian troops are in the best of spirits and have unlimited confidence in their leaders. They expect Kuropatkin to attack during the winter. The Russian forces now number 300,000 men.

"There are only a few hundred wounded at Mukden and 30,000 wounded at Harbin. I came out on the Siberian road, which seemed to be during its tremendous work smoothly. The warehouses along the railroad between Mukden and Harbin are full of supplies which are almost untouched, as up to the present the army has subsisted chiefly on the country.

"The handling of the Russian artillery fire seems less effective. Originally the Russians did not conceal their artillery, which the Japanese quickly disabled. Now the Russians handle and conceal their guns with perfect success.

"The belief is general at Mukden that Port Arthur will hold out till relieved, no matter how long the much expected second Pacific squadron may take in reaching the far east. In my opinion Kuropatkin will never retreat from Mukden unless defeated decisively, and I think the next battle will be a Russian victory."

## FOUGHT FOR THREE DAYS.

Kuropatkin, However, Claims Japanese Offensive Has Had No Effect.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 30.—Kuropatkin under the command of General Ruzhicki, the Japanese offensive movement which began the 24th near the village of Tinkhetchen, on the front of the left flank, was indecisive up to 4 p. m. the 26th, and was checked by the Russian fire, although the fighting had then lasted three days. The Russian troops are in excellent spirits.

## Reforms in China.

Mukden, Nov. 30.—The victory of the Chinese province of Honan is the first to carry out the instructions of the dowager empress of China in clothing his soldiers in European dress and cutting off their queues.

## Great Amount of Stores "Lost."

St. Petersburg, Nov. 30.—An announcement was made today that the zone in which the Jews can buy real estate will be extended to the expiration of the spring of 1906, after the expiration of the two-year term of the Austro-Russian reforms. Sarafoff adds that the reforms are an utter failure and that the condition of the peasants is worse than before the late revolution. Their homes have not been rebuilt and the people are on the verge of starvation, some of them freezing to death. The insurgents under Damien Greuff are maintaining the revolutionary organization, with seventy bands of ten to fifty men each, and are collecting funds in Macedonia for the next rising. Sarafoff is in Bulgaria for the same purpose.

## Will Wait a Year.

Macedonian's Next Revolutionary Effort Will Not Be Made Till the Spring of 1906.

London, Nov. 30.—A letter from Boris Sarafoff, the Macedonian leader, to a friend in London, says it is the intention of the revolutionary committee to defer the next general rising until the spring of 1906, after the expiration of the two-year term of the Austro-Russian reforms. Sarafoff adds that the reforms are an utter failure and that the condition of the peasants is worse than before the late revolution. Their homes have not been rebuilt and the people are on the verge of starvation, some of them freezing to death. The insurgents under Damien Greuff are maintaining the revolutionary organization, with seventy bands of ten to fifty men each, and are collecting funds in Macedonia for the next rising. Sarafoff is in Bulgaria for the same purpose.

## HELPING THE JEWS.

Danes Organizing to Get Them Out of Russia and to America for a Start.

Copenhagen, Nov. 30.—Prominent Jews have formed an organization to assist the Russian Jews in emigrating to America, through the Danish ports. Funds are being collected to facilitate their passage and give the emigrants a start in life on their arrival at their destination. It is estimated 10,000 of these Jews have left Denmark during the present year.

# OHIO BANK FAILS.

Oberlin National Bank Loans a Woman an \$190,800 and Goes to the Wall as a Result.

Oberlin, O., Nov. 30.—The Oberlin National bank closed today. The action was taken as a result of a meeting of the directors yesterday. The financial statement issued by the bank in September showed a capital of \$50,000, surplus \$20,000, deposits \$475,000, loans and discounts \$317,000, bonds and real estate \$135,000, due from banks \$126,000, cash on hand \$21,000. C. G. Beckwith is president of the institution. It is generally understood the bank carried notes of Mrs. Cassie Chadwick of Cleveland to a large amount.