

DURING SUMMER MONTHS

Dr. Hartman Gives Free Advice to Suffering Women.



MISS LIZZIE SNEATHING



MRS. ALEX. JOHNSON

Dr. Hartman, the Famous Gynaecologist and Inventor of Pe-ru-na Offers to Treat Women Free During the Summer Months.

America is the land of nervous women. The great majority of nervous women are so because they are suffering from some form of female disease. By far the greatest number of female troubles are caused by catarrh.

Women afflicted with pelvic catarrh despair of recovery. Female trouble is so common, so prevalent, that they accept it as almost inevitable. The greatest obstacle in the way of recovery is that they do not understand that it is catarrh which is the source of their illness. In female complaint, ninety-nine cases out of one hundred are nothing but catarrh. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located.

The following letter was recently received: 186 W. 38th st., New York City. The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O. Gentlemen:—"What bread and meat means to the hungry Peruna means to the sick. It is an especially valuable medicine for sick women. I have found that no medicine so quickly restores health and places the body in a normal condition. I but voice the sentiments of women who were once sick, but are now in perfect health."

MISS LIZZIE SNEATHING. All women who are in doubt as to what their trouble is should write Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio. Give him a full description of your trouble, previous treatment, symptoms and age. He will promptly reply, with full directions for treatment free of charge. This is an opportunity which no ailing woman should miss. Dr. Hartman has become renowned through his success in treating women's diseases. His experience in these matters is vast. Correspondence is strictly confidential. No testimonials published without written consent.

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NO KNIFE, NO PAIN, no detention from business. We refer to thousands of cured patients in Nebraska and adjacent territories. An absolute guarantee in every case. Send for circulars. THE EMPIRE RUBBER CO., 943 33 New York Life building, Omaha, Nebraska.



The golf girl goes a'golfing in the giddiest of gowns. The sun shines sultry on her in the sunniest of froons. O'er the green she chases gayly in a fierce perspiring march. But her clothes don't show a wrinkle 'Cause she used Defiance Starch.

AT ALL GROCERS 16 OUNCES FOR 10 CENTS.

Manufactured by MAGNETIC STARCH MANUFACTURING CO. OMAHA, NEB.

GRANTS AMNESTY

PHILIPPINE PRISONERS TO BE GIVEN LIBERTY.

JULY 4TH IS THE DATE GIVEN

Cabinet Decides to Take This Step When Philippines Bill Shall Have Passed—Other Matters Under Consideration.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 28.—At the meeting of the cabinet yesterday the terms of an amnesty proclamation to the Filipinos, which it is contemplated to issue on the Fourth of July, were agreed upon. The war department for some time past has had under consideration the draft of a proclamation and has found it necessary to make a number of changes in its text. In its modified state it was agreed by the cabinet and Secretary Root will cable it to Acting Governor Wright for his inspection. If it meets the latter's approval nothing will remain but for the president, if the Philippine civil government bill is a law on that day, as is now expected it will be, to issue on Independence Day a formal proclamation setting forth terms of amnesty for all political offenders in the islands, including Aguinaldo and those held at Guam.

The proclamation is based upon the general objects of the Philippine government bill, namely, to restore peace in the archipelago and substitute a civil for a military administration. The proclamation will declare that a state of peace now exists in the Philippine islands save in the parts of the archipelago where the Minandao or Pagan tribes are giving the United States a great amount of trouble, and will declare in effect that, with the transfer of the government of the archipelago from a military to a civil status, all those arrested and held for political offenses shall be restored to liberty, granted full amnesty and allowed to participate in the civil government that is to be inaugurated in the islands.

While the proclamation is subject to changes in text, the general language of the document is pretty well mapped out.

There was a general discussion of the treatment that should be accorded the political prisoners of the islands. There is no intention, it is stated, to release those convicted of other than political offenses, the benefits of the amnesty being limited to those in custody as a result of breaches of military law, leaving criminal offenders to the action of the proper authorities under the coming civil government. The purpose is to demonstrate that motives of humanity and generosity dictate our course toward the Philippines. When the islands are turned over to the civil authorities they will not be left without adequate military protection, as no more troops will be ordered home for the present and every precaution will be taken for the military safeguarding of the islands under the new civil administration.

Another subject under consideration at the cabinet meeting was the negotiations for the purchase of the friars' lands in the Philippines. Secretary Root took with him to the meeting all the correspondence which has passed between himself and Governor Taft while the latter has been carrying on negotiations at Rome. It is understood that Secretary Root feels great confidence in a successful outcome of Governor Taft's efforts.

The cabinet meeting was held in the president's temporary quarters on Lafayette square and was the first time in eighty-eight years that a regular session of the cabinet has been held outside the white house.

Ohio Laws in Bad Tangle. COLUMBUS, O., June 28.—An extra session of the Ohio legislature now seems certain. The supreme court during the present week has held a number of important laws to be invalid.

Decisions handed down yesterday held the Cleveland city government to be unconstitutional, and also a special law enacted for the city of Toledo, taking the control of the police out of Mayor Jones' hands.

The court in the Trauger case directs Governor Nash to appoint a lieutenant governor. Lieutenant Governor Nippert was appointed probate judge of Hamilton county and President Pro Tem Archer of the senate was supported to succeed the lieutenant governor. The contention of Trauger that there is a vacancy in the office is sustained.

Murders and Robs Missionary. PEKIN, June 28.—The viceroy of the province of Szech Chuan has notified the government that the American and British mission buildings at Tien Ku Chao have been destroyed by a mob and that a missionary has been murdered. His name and nationality was not reported. An imperial edict has just been issued depriving the local magistrate of Tien Ku Chao of his rank and orders the extermination of the rioters.

SITUATION VERY CRITICAL.

Venezuelan Government Forces Are Again Defeated.

PORT OF SPAIN, Island of Trinidad, June 28.—The Venezuelan government forces have been defeated again near Urica, in the state of Cumana, by the rear guard of General Mato's revolutionary army. Deserters and fugitives are entering Cumana and Barcelona by the hundreds. Among them is Garido, son of the war minister. The new disaster complicates General Castro's position in Barcelona, the headquarters of President Castro's largest army. General Velutini, the chief commander, quarrels daily with General Castro (who is a brother of the president), and he will abandon the command. The situation is more than critical.

The government is compelling importers at Carupano to pay again the duties collected on goods received during the late occupation of the town by the revolutionists. The first payment was made to the revolutionists, which causes a new diplomatic incident.

The United States vice consul, Juan A. Orsini, has left Carupano for Trinidad. His life was daily menaced by soldiers for having tried to protect the interests of French citizens, he being also consul for France.

KING ABLE TO SMOKE.

England's Ruler Grows Better as the Hours Pass, and Enjoys a Cigar.

LONDON, June 27.—Midnight.—Those around King Edward continue to be astonished at his rapid recovery. The slightly annoying symptoms mentioned in the bulletin issued at 11 o'clock tonight are quite inconsequential compared to the fact, which the Associated Press has learned, that his majesty again took food tonight and was afterward allowed to smoke a cigar.

Queen Alexandra sat with her husband all the evening and only left him after he had fallen into peaceful sleep.

To night King Edward is better in every way than he was last night or this morning. The return of pain in his wound is not accompanied by any appreciable increase of temperature. In fact, King Edward's doctors are inclined to regard the patient's pain and his appetite as healthy symptoms, although with the reserve they have maintained throughout they refrain from commenting thereon.

YACHT OWNER IS IN PRISON.

Edward S. N. Dix of New York, in Tombs for Stealing.

NEW YORK, June 27.—Owner of two yachts and a member of the New York Athletic club, Edward S. N. Dix is locked up in the tombs, having been indicted on the charge of stealing \$500 from Julian G. Buckley, president of considerable real estate.

Buckley alleges that a large sum is missing from his rent roll. The alleged shortage was discovered in the course of a damage suit by Buckley against one of the rapid transit contractors for encroachment. The court demanded figures showing the amount in which the buildings had been damaged.

Dix, who, Buckley alleges, has entire control of the property, was on a yachting trip. The books were examined and alleged discrepancies were discovered which led to the arrest of Dix.

Two Men Murdered.

POCATELLO, Idaho, June 27.—Late Tuesday afternoon the body of E. M. Fritz, a citizen of Pocatello, was found on the north fork of Pocatello creek, about eight miles from here. He had been shot twice with a rifle, once through the head and again through the body.

On Wednesday afternoon the body of his partner, John S. Donaldson of Wood River, Neb., was found within three hundred yards of where Fritz was found. He had been shot with a rifle, the bullet entering below the collar bone and coming out through the backbone.

Heavy Wheat Yield in Fillmore.

GENEVA, Neb., June 27.—The wheat harvest in some parts of Fillmore county, especially the north and south, will be heavy. The potato crop is fine and corn is looking well.

Bishop of Auckland Is Dead.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, June 27.—Bishop William Garden Cowie of Auckland is dead. He was born in England in 1831. He had been bishop of Auckland since 1869 and primate of New Zealand since 1895.

Harcourt Declines Peerage.

LONDON, June 27.—Previous to making up the list of coronation honors, which was issued yesterday, King Edward sent a letter to Sir William Vernon-Harcourt, liberal member of parliament, offering him a peerage. Sir William in his reply expressed his appreciation of this offer, but added that after thirty-four years in the house of commons he was reluctant to change the sphere of his political work and declined the honor.

FUSION NOMINEES

W. H. THOMPSON OF GRAND ISLAND FOR GOVERNOR.

OTHER NAMES ON THE TICKET

Quite an Exciting Time and a Prolonged Session—Order Brought Out of Confusion—Offices Equally Distributed Between the Two Parties.

For Governor.....W. H. THOMPSON Democrat, Hall county.
Lieutenant Governor.....E. A. GILBERT Populist, York county.
Secretary of State.....JOHN POWERS Auditor.....C. Q. DE FRANCE Populist, Jefferson county.
Treasurer.....J. N. LYMAN Populist, Adams county.
Attorney General.....J. H. BROADY Democrat, Lancaster county.
Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings.....J. C. BRENNAN Democrat, Douglas county.
Supt. of Schools.....CLAUDE SMITH Populist, Dawson county.

GRAND ISLAND, June 26.—After being in session from 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon until 11 Wednesday morning, the Nebraska democratic and populist conventions agreed on the name of W. H. Thompson of Grand Island as a candidate for governor. After convening the democrats nominated C. J. Smyth of Omaha on the first ballot, sending word to the populists to that effect. The populists had appointed a conference committee to enter into negotiations, and on receiving news of democratic action nominated M. F. Harrington of O'Neill for governor. This inaugurated a deadlock that many efforts for a time failed to break. Finally at 4 o'clock Wednesday morning the populists nominated W. J. Bryan by acclamation, but the democrats did not second the nomination and the wait was still on. Later the democrats withdrew the name of Mr. Smyth and substituted that of W. H. Thompson of Grand Island. The populist convention, after some discussion and deliberation, accepted the nomination on the tenth ballot and that gentleman was thereupon declared the nominee of both conventions for the office of governor.

Mr. Bryan, when nominated by the populists, expressed thanks for the honor conferred, but announced that he could not accept for reasons already made familiar to the public.

Mr. Harrington's name was then brought forth, and five out of the first six counties voted solidly for him, when he appeared to declare that he had positively withdrawn, that he could not accept the nomination, and asked the convention to nominate W. H. Thompson.

The suggestion was acted upon, and Mr. Thompson was nominated by an overwhelming vote, which, on motion of a Douglas candidate was made unanimous.

THE CANDIDATES.

W. H. Thompson of Grand Island is one of the best known citizens of the state. He has served twice as mayor of Grand Island.

J. H. Broadly of Lincoln, candidate for attorney general was from 1884 to 1892 district judge of the First judicial district and in 1896 was the fusion nominee for congress in the First district.

James C. Brennan of Omaha, nominee for land commissioner, has been for twenty-five years a resident of Douglas county, and a leader in trades unions.

E. A. Gilbert, the nominee for lieutenant governor, is a well known citizen of York, where he has lived for many years. Mr. Gilbert was the lieutenant governor during the administration of Governor Poynter.

John Powers, the candidate for secretary of state, is called "the father of populism in the state." He came to Hall county, Nebraska, in 1874, and now lives in Trenton, Hitchcock county. He was for years president of the state alliance. He is the father of ten grown children.

Charles Q. De France, nominee for the auditor of public accounts, is a native of Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and has lived in Nebraska for eighteen years.

Dr. John N. Lyman of Hastings is the present state senator from his district. Dr. Lyman is one of Hastings' oldest citizens. He served for two years as treasurer of Adams county, and was then elected to the state senate.

Claude Smith, candidate for state superintendent of public instruction, is well known in educational circles in Nebraska.

Pray for the King.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—The chaplain in his prayer at the opening of the senate session invoked "blessings upon our sister nation, England, which holds, with us, the sacred trust of Christian progress. We remember her tears and prayers for us when our great ruler fell. And now we have Christian sympathy and brotherly concern in this, her hour of sorrow. Bless her king, and give him a happy outcome."

STATE POPULISTS' PLATFORM.

As Adopted by the State Convention at Grand Island.

GRAND ISLAND, June 26.—The platform of the Nebraska populists as adopted affirms the Omaha, St. Louis and Sioux Falls platforms, pledges reduction of freight rates by 15 per cent in certain specified articles, promises higher taxation of railroads, including franchises; pledges the enactment of the initiative and referendum, full employers' liability, making black-listing a crime, issuing free transportation a misdemeanor; favors liberal appropriations for the State university, favors employment of convict labor in manufacturing binding twine, condemns the pardon of Bartley and favors a board of pardons and indulges in congratulation on the last fusion state administration. The important planks on railroad issues are:

"We pledge our party to enact a maximum freight rate law reducing rates on live stock, hay, grain and mill products 15 per cent and prohibiting any increase on other commodities. We will reduce passenger rates to 2½ cents per mile. Based upon present assessed valuation of all property, we will increase the assessed valuation of the railroad property of this state from \$26,000,000 to at least \$40,000,000. The franchise of public service corporations are justly subject to taxation the same as tangible property and whatever a property is worth for the purpose of sale and income it is also worth as a basis of taxation. We pledge our representatives in the next legislature to enact a law making it unlawful and a misdemeanor to give or accept transportation from railroad companies, except to shippers of livestock and railroad employees." A separate resolution against tearing down the fences unlawfully erected by the cattle syndicates and favoring a land-leasing law also recommended by the resolutions committee was sent to the Sixth district convention.

FROM THE KING'S BEDSIDE.

The Ruler's Condition as Favorable as Could Be Expected.

LONDON, June 26.—Reports indicate that while the condition of King Edward is as favorable as might be looked for, he is still far from being out of danger, and that even though he should recover from the effects of the present operation, he will be an invalid for a long time. He passed a restless night, recovering well from the effects of the anesthetic, and the morning bulletin from the surgeons said that the signs were such as to give hope. It is admitted that until the wound has progressed to the point where the drainage tubes can be withdrawn that no definite hope of recovery can be encouraged, for there is always the danger of peritonitis, of hemorrhage or of other complications.

All preparations for the coronation have been abandoned, save the illuminations of London and the bonfires which had been laid on 300 hills throughout the kingdom. These will be left, with a view to celebrating the king's recovery, if possible.

London is still much confused by the unexpected turn of affairs and all departments of city and government administration are congested by the rush of work incidental to the change in program.

It is rumored in London that the king wishes to be crowned in the bedroom and that the procession of Friday be carried out without him, but it is not likely that this step will be taken. His majesty's chief concern is about the disappointment of the people who had arranged to witness the coronation spectacle.

Hard Blow Strikes Tyndall.

TYNDALL, S. D., June 26.—A Windstorm struck this city near midnight, doing much damage. Awnings were torn off, chimneys leveled, windows blown in, hundreds of shade trees broken and electric and telephone wires nearly all blown down. The front of E. Sunderlin's hardware store was blown out. Mr. Cress, owner of a fruit farm six miles from town, suffered much loss. His trees are badly broken.

Charles D. Poston, Arizona Pioneer.

NEW YORK, June 26.—Charles D. Poston, one of the foremost pioneers of Arizona, who in 1853 led a party of New Yorkers and opened up the first silver mine ever worked in Arizona by Americans, is dead. He served as Arizona's first delegate to congress. He was a native of Kentucky, where he was once a leading attorney.

Murderer Drowns Himself.

JOPLIN, Mo., June 26.—William Brown, a miner of Minden, Mo., fearful of being lynched for the murder of a fellow workman, jumped into the Elk river near Lanagan, forty miles from here, and was drowned. Brown had been arrested for the murder of Joseph Stager, whose dead body had been found under a bridge. While officers were taking Brown to the jail, he broke away and drowned himself. His dead body was recovered.