

EAST IS WAITING

MINE WORKERS WANT TO KNOW WHAT WEST WILL DO.

PRESENTS SUPPLY OF ANTHRACITE

Its Exhaustion Would Mean Closing of Thousands of Factories and Industrial Paralysis—The Plan May Be Blocked.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 21.—It is estimated by W. B. Wilson, secretary and treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, that the present supply of anthracite coal above ground would be exhausted in less than three months if there should be a general suspension of work in the mines. According to this estimate, if the national convention of mine workers in Indianapolis July 17 should vote for a general suspension of work in support of the anthracite strike, as is now proposed, the vast industrial machinery of the United States would be handicapped for fuel, so that thousands of factories would have to suspend work.

Mr. Wilson has statistics showing that there are approximately 147,000 miners in the country, scattered through thirty states. The miners of twenty-four states would be actively involved if there should be a suspension of operations. In Idaho, Nevada, California, the Dakotas, North Carolina and two or three other brown coal, known as lignite, is mined, but the organization did not take these states into consideration when it issued a call yesterday for the national convention. There are now over 300,000 members of the mine workers organized. Mr. Wilson says that nearly every non-union man would go out if a general suspension of work should be ordered. During the first anthracite strike of two years ago there were only 8,000 anthracite men in the organization, yet over 125,000 went out.

The anthracite organization now includes 47,000 men and since the strike was ordered a few days ago many Virginia and West Virginia men have come into the union. Probably the largest supply of coal is in the bins at Buffalo, N. Y., and other cities along the great lakes.

Canada has no coal on which this country could draw if there should be a general tie up. The British isles might supply a part of the market, but at a price that would be almost prohibitive to the manufacturers and ordinary consumers. The tariff on imported coal is 60 cents a ton more than the miners receive, as a rule, for mining in the United States.

At the coming convention the belief is that the competitive districts, Western Pennsylvania, Indiana, Ohio and Illinois, will take a hard stand against a general strike. These states have contracts that they do not want to break. The combined vote of the competitive district with that of Iowa, is expected to prove strong enough to prevent the success of the proposition for a general strike.

There are a number of states whose agreements expire July 1, and it will depend largely on the outcome of the deliberations between the operators and miners as to where the balance of power will lie in the convention.

May Try to Lynch Dalton.

MARYSVILLE, Kan., June 21.—Sheriff Guthrie arrived from Texas tonight with James Dalton, alleged to be the murderer of Sheriff Batterson four years ago. Dalton is confined in the cell from which he escaped. A large crowd of people was at the station and great excitement prevails. Owing to the precautions taken by the officers, there was no chance for mob violence. A heavy guard was placed over the jail to prevent lynching.

Object to the Unloading.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The cattle interests of the southwest have been objecting to the provision of the present law that live stock shall be unloaded from cars every twenty-eight hours for rest, feed and water and the house committee on commerce today ordered a favorable report on a bill urged by these interests fixing the period at forty hours. This is claimed to secure humane treatment and not unduly to burden shippers.

Invitations to Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Invitations to visit cities in the west continue to pour in on President Roosevelt.

Find Young Warner Dead.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 21.—Chas. D. Warner, son of Major William Warner, United States district attorney and past grand commander of the G. A. R., was found dead in a rooming house in Southwest Boulevard. On the dresser were three empty bottles that had contained morphine. Warner had been drinking. He had been dead for several hours when found. Charles Warner was 24 years old. He leaves a widow and one child.

FROM CLEVELAND TO WILSON.

Letter Written by Former to the Lateral in 1894.

LEXINGTON, Va., June 20.—At the graduating exercises of Washington and Lee university Hon. Isador Strauss of New York delivered the address at the unveiling of a monument to Hon. William L. Wilson, late president of the university, and, in discussing Mr. Wilson's work in regard to the Wilson tariff, read a letter sent by President Cleveland to Mr. Wilson.

Mr. Strauss said the letter had never been made public. It is as follows:

Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., August 13, 1894.—My Dear Mr. Wilson: I suppose a man very much depressed and disappointed may write a word of sympathy to another in like situation. We both hoped and wrought for better things; but now that we know our fate, I shall not let a moment pass before I acknowledge the great and unselfish work you have done in attempting to bring about an honest and useful result.

Much has been developed which has shocked and surprised you and me, and I have within the last hour found myself questioning whether or not our party is a tariff reform party. This, however, is only temporary, and such feeling is quickly followed by my old trust in democratic doctrines and the party which professes them.

But I intend only to express my sympathy with you and for the fight you have made for genuine tariff reform.

I hope now that you will be mindful of yourself and that you will try and repair a strained mental and physical condition by immediate care and rest. Yours very sincerely,

GROVER CLEVELAND.
Hon. William L. Wilson.

MILITIA IS ORDERED OUT.

Governor Murphy Hastens Soldiers to Paterson for Protection.

NEWARK, N. J., June 20.—Gov. Murphy at midnight ordered a part of the First regiment of infantry and the entire First troop of cavalry to Paterson to preserve order.

General Campbell, commanding the First brigade, has taken command and is assembling the troops and arranging for transportation. The Erie railroad has been ordered to send trains here at once. The members of both commands began to assemble at 1 a. m.

The troops will be put on guard duty at the mills before they open at 7 o'clock this morning.

Bates for a Major General.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The senate committee on military affairs today ordered favorable reports upon a number of army promotions, the most important of which were the following: Brigadier generals, John C. Bates and George W. Davis; to be major generals, Colonels Theodore J. Wint, Frank D. Baldwin, Jesse M. Lee, William H. Carter and H. Bliss; Colonel W. H. Forwood, to be surgeon general, with rank of brigadier general, and Lieutenant Colonel Jacob A. Augur and Lieutenant Charles H. Noble, to be colonels, the former of cavalry and the latter of infantry.

To Secure Titles to Friar Lands.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Cablegrams received at the war department from Governor Taft indicate that satisfactory progress is being made in his negotiations with the vatican authorities looking to the acquisition of the titles to the friar lands. It is believed also that the bases of agreement have been arranged, for the details are now under discussion.

Death of Thomas Westrope.

HARLAN, Ia., June 20.—Thomas R. Westrope died Sunday morning of apoplexy after an illness of three quarters of an hour. For many years he has been one of the best known short-horn breeders in the United States and won several national championships at famous stock exhibitions. He leaves a large estate.

Nominations by the President.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Registers of Land Offices—Daniel Arms, Missoula, Mont.; William R. Dunbar, Vancouver, Wash. Agent for the Indians—William R. Logan, Fort Belknap, Mont.

Hard on Gage Peach Crop.

BEATRICE, Neb., June 20.—The peach crop will be almost a total failure in Gage county this season. Cherries, apples and other fruit will make possibly half a crop.

Submit Plan to the Pope.

NEW YORK, June 20.—A Tribune dispatch from Rome says it is reported that the first conclusions of the cardinals about the American Philippine proposition have been submitted to the pope. The strictest secrecy is maintained, but from what is learned it is believed the cardinals are chiefly concerned about the best methods of yielding without seeming to do so, and without running the risk of being reproached.

MICKEY OF POLK

THE CHOICE OF NEBRASKA RE-PUBLICANS FOR GOVERNOR.

M'GILTON FOR SECOND PLACE

How the First Formal Ballot for Governor Resulted—Vote on Other Offices—The Platform on State Issues.

For Governor.....John H. Mickey
For Lieutenant Governor.....
.....E. G. McGilton
For Treasurer.....Peter Mortenson
For Secretary of State.....G. A. Marsh
For Auditor.....Charles Weston
For Supt. of Instruction.....
.....William K. Fowler
For Attorney General.....F. N. Prout
For Commissioner Public Lands.....
.....George D. Follmer

LINCOLN, June 19.—The above ticket was nominated by the republicans of Nebraska in one of the most numerous attended, most stubbornly contested and most protracted state conventions in the history of the party. There was the most extreme tension and at several points in the proceedings it seemed that the chief prize, the governorship, was about to be snatched, now by this candidate, now by another, until finally the award was made as above indicated.

The first ballot for governor resulted: Robertson, 252; Black, 202; Wilson, 146; Mickey, 132; Sears, 111; Jensen, 109; Dinamore, 94; Van Dusen, 54; Savage, 2; Dean, 1.

The roll call for second place resulted: Rouse, 99; Holbrook, 344; McGilton, 464; Armstrong, 32; Robertson, 37; Steele, 95; Sears, 8; Cady, 1. Before the second call was completed, McGilton was nominated by acclamation.

George W. Marsh was renominated for secretary of state by acclamation. The same courtesy was extended to State Auditor Charles Weston.

The roll was called on state treasurer and pending totals the secretary read a letter from United States senators from Nebraska. It touched on national legislation.

The vote on treasurer resulted: Saunders, 213; Motensen, 547. The latter received four more than enough votes to nominate.

Superintendent of Instruction W. K. Fowler, Attorney General F. N. Prout and Land Commissioner C. D. Follmer were renominated by acclamation. This completed the ticket.

On the state issues the platform says:

We favor the most speedy revision of the state constitution to meet the demands of the twentieth century conditions, and by the submission of needed amendments through the coming legislature or by the calling of a constitutional convention.

We demand the enactment of additional laws that will hold every custodian of public funds that may come into his possession by virtue of his office responsible for the repayment not only of the principal but also of the interest accruing thereon.

We commend the economy and retrenchment inaugurated by the present state administration in the management of state institutions and the turning in to the public treasury of all interest on public funds.

We realize, however, that the condition of the state's finances urgently requires measures to increase state revenues and to reduce the state debt, which exceeds the constitutional limit. With this object in view, a more strict enforcement of the laws relating to assessment and taxation is imperative. The franchises, as well as the tangible property of all corporations, should be assessed so as to bear their just and due share of the cost of government, state, county and municipal, the same as other taxable property, as contemplated by the constitution.

This state is entitled to and should receive a revenue from all non-resident corporations writing life and accident insurance in Nebraska (except mutual benefit and fraternal societies), and we recommend to the legislature the enactment of a law levying a tax upon the gross premiums collected in this state by such corporations.

Spanish-American Treaty Delayed.

MADRID, June 19.—It was announced today that the Spanish-American treaty of friendship will not be ready for conclusion before the autumn, when the return here of the United States minister, Bellamy Storer, is expected.

Rathbone Sails from Havana.

HAVANA, June 19.—E. F. Rathbone, former director of posts, who was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$35,000 as a result of the trial of the postoffice frauds, and who was released in consequence of the signing June 9 of the bill granting general amnesty to all Americans in jail or awaiting trial in Cuba, sailed for New York today on board the steamer Niagara.

BISHOP ADVISES NEGROES.

Colored Divine Says They Must Depend Upon Themselves.

CHICAGO, June 17.—"The time has come when the black man must depend upon himself for protection. I do not stand for mobs, but every negro should be prepared to protect his home, his wife and children, even to the death."

This advice was given at a meeting of negroes last night by Bishop Alexander Walters of the colored church of Ohio, after he had warned his hearers that all signs pointed a time of great trouble for them. Bishop Walters is president of the Afro-American council. The meeting was held in the Olivet Baptist church and was called for the purpose of taking action in the persecution of the negro residents of Eldorado and Harrisburg, Ill., and the lynching of Louis Wright in Missouri last winter.

A resolution was adopted and telephoned to Governor Yates, calling on him to take immediate steps to protect the lives and property of the colored people at Eldorado and Harrisburg, Ill.

GOVERNMENT IS TOTTERING.

Overthrow of President Castro of Venezuela Seems Almost Certain.

NEW YORK, June 18.—A Herald dispatch from Port of Spain, Trinidad, says that, owing to the news of the explosion of a large number of President Castro's supporters from Venezuela, coupled with the recent defeats suffered by the government, the revolutionists are hopeful of overthrowing Castro in the ensuing month.

Four hundred government troops who landed at Soro for the purpose of retaking Quira were completely defeated by General Corcega. The government lost seventy killed and many wounded, besides 150 men taken prisoners.

General Mato's army, which is marching on Caracas, has reached Carinas, enroute to Guarico, where reinforcements are awaiting the revolutionary leader. Guarico was recently occupied by a large body of revolutionists, a portion of whom are invading Barabobo district, under the command of General Pedro Conde.

SIXTEEN THOUSAND BOERS.

That is About Number Who Made War Against the British.

LONDON, June 18.—A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, June 16, announces the additional surrender of 915 Boers. This completes the surrenders in the Transvaal.

Upon date of June 17 Lord Kitchener announces that 700 Boers surrendered at Bloemfontein yesterday, and all the surrenders in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony are now complete. In the Transvaal 11,225 men surrendered and 10,813 rifles were given up, while in the Orange River Colony 5,395 men surrendered and 5,289 rifles were turned in. The figures for Cape Colony have not been fully received. Lord Kitchener concludes as follows:

"I have handed over the South African constabulary to the civil authorities, as the necessity for further military operations has ceased."

For a Just Assessment.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Representative Bell of Colorado introduced a trust bill covering the recommendations of the industrial commission, of which he was a member. His bill provides for general publicity of corporations dealing with the public in interstate business. It requires statements to be filed annually with the secretary of the treasury showing full particulars of business; requires the secretary of the treasury to classify all stock into such as has been paid for in cash or its equivalent, and such as is usually called inflated or watered stock. All of the second class is required to be assessed by the United States at 2 per cent per annum.

Changes Bankruptcy Law.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The house spent the day considering bills reported from the judiciary committee. By far the most important measure was that to amend the existing bankruptcy law. The minority made a vigorous effort to repeal the present law in toto, but was overwhelmingly defeated, 6 to 137. The bill passed amends the law in fifteen particulars to meet defects which, it is said, experience has proven. The most important amendment is to define preference to meet the supreme court decision in the case of Pirie against the Chicago Title and Trust company. Four additional grounds for refusing a discharge in bankruptcy are also added.

Operations in Oil Fields.

KREMMEER, Wyo., June 18.—Water has been removed from the well of the Utah-Wyoming Oil company in the Fossil fields and drilling will now be resumed. The drilling rig of the Wyoming-Eastern Oil company, which is represented by Hubbell & Griffin, has arrived at Fossil and will begin drilling in a few days. Work is progressing rapidly on the well of the Idaho-Wyoming company.

AT NEBRASKA BAR

PROMINENCE OF THE LATE MR. G. M. LAMBERTSON.

HE HAS HANDLED MANY CASES

Attracted Attention Not Only in Nebraska but Elsewhere—Results of Experiments with Moth Traps—Other Nebraska Matters.

OMAHA, June 19.—The Bee prints the following concerning Hon. G. M. Lambertson, who recently died suddenly in Chicago:

Genio Madison Lambertson has long been one of the most prominent figures at the Nebraska bar, having been associated with litigation that attracted attention not only in Nebraska, but all over the United States. One of the great cases in which he participated was that which involved the citizenship of Hon. James E. Boyd and his right to sit as governor of Nebraska. In this case he was associated with General John C. Cowin and others as counsel for Governor Boyd, and won a most decisive victory before the supreme court of the United States. As attorney for the interstate commerce commission he argued the Counselman case before the United States supreme court. As United States district attorney for Nebraska from 1878 to 1886 he handled many cases of importance. Later he was one of the attorneys for the receivers of the Union Pacific road in connection with the foreclosure and settlement of the government liens. Mr. Lambertson procured a writ of habeas corpus from the United States supreme court for the liberation of the Lincoln city councilmen from the jail at Omaha, wherein they were held by order of Judge Brewer for alleged contempt. Mr. Lambertson appeared at another time for the city before the interstate commerce commission in its suit to require the Union Pacific railroad to deliver shipments from San Francisco at Lincoln as cheaply as at Omaha. The commission sustained the position taken by Mr. Lambertson and the Lincoln merchants were given the desired relief. He participated in numerous legal contests of national importance, and last year figured prominently as the leading attorney in a suit brought by the fruit growers of California against the transportation companies. Under the administration of President Harrison he was assistant secretary of the treasury. In 1899 he was a candidate for United States senator from Nebraska, and was supported by a goodly following in the legislature.

Experience With Moth Traps.

The experiment with moth traps made by Prof. Lawrence Bruner of the Nebraska University indicates that these devices may become very useful to farmers, gardeners and orchardists. In August of last year Prof. Bruner operated two moth traps between the 7th and 27th, using them on fifteen nights, with the result that the traps destroyed over 6,000 insects, or an average of 200 per night for each trap, which were classified as follows: Nineteen per cent were of no effect on crops, being neither injurious nor beneficial, 79 per cent were directly injurious to different crops and only 2 per cent were classed as beneficial insects. The weather conditions were unfavorable to large catches. In general more insects are taken earlier in the season. This year several records are made of more than a thousand insects for one trap in one night.

Killed by Lightning Stroke.

LEXINGTON, Neb., June 19.—One of the saddest funerals that has been in Dawson county was that of William Staley, who was instantly killed by a stroke of lightning. The services were conducted by Rev. E. A. Knight, at the house of the deceased, as the wife was unable to attend at the church. Mr. Staley and the horse he was riding were killed so quickly that the man who was riding in front a few rods, on turning around could not see them, as they had immediately fallen and were hidden by the rye field.

Women Assessed for Poll Tax.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., June 19.—The assessor of this precinct has inaugurated an innovation, having assessed twenty-five or thirty women here, with a poll tax. It is thought it occurred in this way. When assessing in those instances where the woman owned the property, and the husband was under fifty, to save making out a separate schedule, he assessed the women.

Girl Taken to Asylum.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., June 19.—Sheriff Hossack came up from Falls City and took charge of Miss Mary Stritsky, who was adjudged insane by the examining board, and in company with an attendant removed her to Lincoln, where she was placed in the asylum. Miss Stritsky has long been subjected to fits of melancholy, and often wandered away without knowledge of her whereabouts being known.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA. CATTLE—The receipts were not excessive and included several loads of stock cattle going through the western ranges. The visible supply at the leading market centers was also rather moderate. Beef steers made up a fair part of the small run and the number offered was hardly sufficient to supply local orders. Anything in the way of recent beef stock sold freely at good, strong figures. The receipts of cows and heifers were just about equal to the demand and as to quality were much the same as during the past several days. Fed stock is scarce and in strong demand, while, on the other hand, the ordinary run of range and grass butchers' stuff showed no special change. Bulls, stags and veal calves sold in much the same notches as yesterday, and are quotably unchanged. Topsy stock cattle found ready sale at firm figures, with but a limited run to work on. A string of 900-pound Nebraska grade steers brought \$4.90 and other good stuff sold equally well, but there is very little inquiry for inferior stockers and feeders.

HOGS—The market took an upturn for the better, with a decreased number on sale. Conditions were favorable to sellers and prices as a rule were a good 5c higher than yesterday. Tops were same as yesterday, but were not nearly so good. The movement was brisk and an early clearance was effected. Heavies sold largely from \$7.35 to \$7.45, with tops at \$7.50. Medium and mixed sold mostly around \$7.25-7.40 and lighter grades on down. Today's prices put the market back to about the same basis it was on last Saturday.

SHEEP—Included in the fresh arrivals of eight loads were five cars of Wyoming fedders that sold for \$2.35, a strong price for stock sheep. The demand from packers is limited and a dull, weak trade was apparent today. Quotations on mutton sheep are 75c to \$1.00 lower than two weeks ago.

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Market active, steady to strong; highest prices for year, \$7.30@7.70; fair to good, \$4.15@7.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@5.00; Western-fed steers, \$6.00@7.25; Texas and Indian steers, \$2.50@5.55; Texas cows, \$2.10@4.50; native cows, \$1.65@5.35; native heifers, \$3.00@5.55; canners, \$1.75@3.00; hogs, \$5.75@6.80; calves, \$2.50@3.25.

HOGS—Market \$6.15; higher; nothing top in. Top, \$7.65; bulk of sales, \$7.25@7.55; heavy, \$7.50@7.65; mixed packers, \$7.25@7.62 1/2; light, \$7.00@7.40; porkers, \$7.25@7.40; pigs, \$6.45@7.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady to weak. Native lambs, \$4.80@7.00; western lambs, \$5.00@6.30; native wethers, \$1.90@5.25; western wethers, \$3.80@5.35; fed ewes, \$4.30@5.25; Texas clipped yearlings, \$3.00@5.40; Texas clipped sheep, \$1.00@3.35; stockers and feeders, \$2.35@3.00.

PAYS PENALTY FOR MURDER.

Convicted of One Crime and Makes Confession of Another.

BRANDON, Manitoba, June 21.—Walter Gordon, who was convicted at the spring assizes here for the murder of Charles Daw, a young Englishman, and who also confessed to the murder of Jacob Smith, Daw's hired man, was hanged here today.

The prisoner manifested the greatest sang froid to the end. Gordon had arranged to purchase Daw's farm, but when the time came for completing the bargain he lacked the money.

He took possession of the farm and held it for some time, but, fearing detection, fled to Dakota, where he enlisted in the United States army. Afterward he deserted, and, going to Halifax, enlisted in the Canadian mounted rifles for South Africa. He was arrested just as he was embarking.

READY FOR THEIR VACATION.

Usual Summer Exodus of Diplomats is About to Begin.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The usual summer exodus of the diplomatic body is about to begin in earnest. Ambassador Cambon will depart for France Sunday next, Ambassador Aspizoz will go to Mexico some day next week and Minister Brun will start for Denmark and Minister Ploda for Switzerland about the same time.

Minister Wu has received Chinese newspapers containing copies of the edict which announced his appointment as one of the ministers to adapt a code of foreign laws to the Chinese practice, but he has not yet received the edict itself. The minister is not sure if the assignment would involve his return, as much of the work might be done here.

Boy Crushed Under Wagon Wheels.

WATERLOO, Ia., June 21.—Roy Baum, aged 10 years, was frightfully injured in an accident on Water street, when he was run over by a heavy drag wagon. The wheels passed lengthwise of the body, stripping the fish from one leg. The attending physicians express but slight encouragement for his recovery. He fell from the seat while riding beside the driver.

Passing of Pioneer Preacher.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., June 21.—Rev. J. B. Green for many years pastor of the Cumberland Presbyterian church of this city, died at Fort Scott, Kan.

Main Points Are Accepted.

ROME, June 21.—The papal secretary of state, Cardinal Rampolla, today assured the Rt. Rev. Thomas O'Gorman, bishop of Sioux Falls, S. D., that the vatican accepts the proposition of Judge Taft, governor of the Philippine islands, regarding the disposition of the friar lands in all the main points, but dissents on minor points. The official documents are being prepared at the vatican and will be delivered to Judge Taft.