

MEASURES PASSED

Measures to Which the Chief Executive Has Affixed His Signature.

HOUSE AND SENATE ENACTMENTS

What is Provided for in Some of the Measures Passed—A Legislature that Did Not Bring Forth Much of Very Great Importance.

Bills to which the governor has given approval appear herewith, as follows:

House roll No. 3, by Lane—To amend section 20 of chapter 7, of the compiled statutes, permitting the appointment of deputy county attorneys in counties over 50,000 inhabitants.

House roll No. 4, by Redman, to provide for a fire-proof wing and heating equipment for the institution for the chronic insane at Hastings, Nebraska, and to appropriate \$25,000 therefor.

House roll No. 6, by Mockett, changing law so that in counties over 50,000 inhabitants, the county commissioners may receive a salary of \$1,900 a year instead of a per diem of \$3 per day. A bill made necessary by the reduction in population from 70,000, the previous limit in Lancaster county.

House roll No. 8, by Loomis—To provide for appeal of action of forcible entry and detainer, or forcible detention only, of real property.

House roll No. 9, by Hathorn, to amend section 152 of chapter 19 of the criminal code. Provides penalty for voting illegally in a school election the same as in other elections.

House roll No. 11, by Fowler—To provide for the payment of incidental expenses incurred during the twenty-seventh session of the legislature, appropriating \$30,000.

House roll No. 13, by Fowler—To provide for the payment of members, officers and employees of the twenty-seventh session of the legislature, appropriating \$55,000.

Senate file No. 14, by Harlan—Amending the criminal code regarding the crime of seduction.

House roll No. 14, by Crockett—To provide for the payment of damages caused by the laying out, opening, altering or discontinuing any county road from the general funds of the counties instead of the road fund.

House roll No. 15, by Crockett, defining the manner in which county treasurers shall collect taxes by distress warrant and otherwise.

Senate file No. 15, by Harlan—Amending the criminal code regarding the crime of enticing children under fifteen years of age.

Senate file Nos. 18, 12, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4 and 3, all negative bills introduced by Young of Stanton.

House roll No. 20, by David Brown—To create a public library commission, to define its duties, to establish traveling libraries.

Senate file No. 22, by Ransom—To amend section 15 of chapter 4 of the criminal code and to repeal said section and section 20 of said chapter as now existing, so as to make kidnapping a felony and in cases of felonies, to establish the sentence may be death or imprisonment.

House roll No. 23, by Hathorn for the relief of Russel F. Loomis, and authorizing the governor to convey to him certain land in Red Willow county.

House roll No. 24, by McCarver—Amending law as to decedents, giving heirs of deceased same exemptions that he had when alive.

Senate file No. 24, by Ziegler—To restrain male animals from running at large, and to provide a penalty therefor.

House roll No. 28, by Fuller—To provide for mowing or otherwise destroying weeds in the public roads, making failure to do so a misdemeanor.

Senate file No. 29, by Baldrige—Giving county boards discretion in assisting county fair associations out of the county general funds.

Senate file No. 40, by Martin—To repeal chapter 53 of the session laws of the state of Nebraska, 1889, being an act to establish a state barber's examining board, to regulate the practice of barbering in the state of Nebraska.

Senate file No. 41, by O'Neill—To provide for the sale of supreme court reports at \$1.25 a volume.

Senate file No. 42, by Ransom—To protect feeble minded females.

Senate file No. 44, by Van Boskirk—To protect growers of cattle in the state of Nebraska, by providing for a registry and exhibition of hides.

House roll No. 46, by Loomis, for the carrying into effect of the state constitution, making warden of penitentiary public executioner, providing all executions must take place in penitentiary.

House roll No. 51, by Mead, making it a crime to threaten to accuse any person of a crime or offense or to do any injury to the person or property of another with the intent to extort money or pecuniary advantage. A blackmail law.

House roll No. 32, by Mockett—Raising limit of school levy in cities of the first class to 3 mills and supply a constitutional defect in the law under which many claimed exemption from the school tax.

House roll No. 34, by Mockett—To incorporate cities of the first class having a population of more than forty thousand and less than one hundred thousand inhabitants. The Lincoln charter bill.

Senate file No. 35, by Edgar, to provide penalties for blackmail, extortion and kidnapping.

Senate file No. 102, by Trompen, to legalize the practice of osteopathy.

Senate file No. 103, by Currie—An act regulating reform schools.

Senate file No. 104, by McCargar—To require a stamp on official bills of lading sold or offered for sale, the stamp to contain the name of the manufacturer and the number of feet to the pound.

Senate file No. 115, by Arenis—Requiring peddlers operating in the country to pay a license of from \$25 to \$100 a year.

Senate file No. 116, by Flitney—to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases by authorizing county boards to enforce quarantine regulations.

Senate file No. 117, by Flitney—To authorize incorporated towns and cities to establish and maintain free public libraries and reading rooms, and to provide for a library tax of not more than 2 mills on the dollar.

House roll No. 124, by Uhl—by request—To promote the public health, and to regulate the sanitary construction of house draining and plumbing; and to secure the registration of plumbers in all cities within the state of Nebraska, having a population of more than 25,000 inhabitants; and to provide for a board for the examining and regulating plumbers, and for fixing their powers and duties; provide for their compensation and to provide for penalties for the violation of this act.

House roll No. 125, by Anderson, designating the institute for the blind as the Nebraska school for the blind and the institute for the deaf and dumb as the Nebraska school for the deaf.

House roll No. 130, by Wenzel—For the relief of Frederick Ulrich by reimbursing him \$23,000 for taxes illegally paid on land in Pawnee county.

House roll No. 131, by Humphrey, barring claims against estates unless letters of administration are filed within two years.

Senate file No. 132, by Baldrige—To provide for the appointment of commissioners, duties, salaries of nine commissioners of the supreme court and stenographers therefor, the commissioners to receive \$2,500 a year and the stenographers \$1,000 a year.

Senate file No. 134, by Martin—To amend section 17 of chapter 37 of the criminal code of the state of Nebraska entitled offenses against election laws, making it unlawful to mutilate or destroy ballots until the time has expired for using the same as evidence in election contests.

House roll No. 138, by Evans—To protect fish and game and song and migratory birds within the state of Nebraska, to create a game and fish commission for the state of Nebraska, and defining its powers and duties. Re-enacts entire game law.

Senate file No. 141, by Martin—Defining the crime of train robbery.

House roll No. 152, by Telfer—For the relief of state treasurers who have paid out moneys for guaranty bonds furnished by the state of Nebraska, appropriating \$3,000 for William Stuefer, and \$2,000 for ex-Treasurer Meserve.

Senate file No. 148, by Meredith—Legalizing regular dissections.

House roll No. 150, by Stockwell, permitting county mutual insurance companies to insure property which is temporarily removed to the county adjoining the county in which company is organized.

House roll No. 156, by Wilcox—To incorporate cities of the first class, having less than 40,000 and more than 25,000 inhabitants and regulating their duties, powers and government.

House roll No. 157, by Evans—Permits irrigation districts to pay off bonded indebtedness out of money on hand through the county treasurers.

House roll No. 159, by Evans—Provides for the retention of leasehold interest in lands in irrigation districts.

Senate file No. 163, by McCargar, authorizing the settlement, compromise or discharge of suits now pending for recovery of money alleged to be due the state upon official bond and from depository banks and their holders.

Senate file No. 172, by Miller—To amend section 2 of chapter 20a of the compiled statutes of 1889, entitled "Dairyman's Association," to permit the board of managers to fix the date of the annual meeting.

House roll No. 176, by Lane, providing for the examination and transfer of insane convicts from the penitentiary to asylums.

House roll No. 177, by Lane—To establish a state board of charities and corrections.

House roll No. 180, by Rohrer—Re-enacts law governing teachers' institutes. Makes knowledge of history requisite for third grade certificate and inserts a list of elements of agriculture after 1902, among branches required for certificates.

Senate file No. 193, by Young—To amend section 509 of the code of civil procedure by providing that judgments shall not operate as liens to the preference of bona fide judgment creditor or purchaser.

board of directors not related to the teacher.

Senate file No. 200, introduced by Ziegler—to authorize cities of the first and second class to establish and maintain heating or lighting system, and to levy at 5 mill tax for that purpose.

House roll No. 202, by Lane, restoring the former plan of allowing fees to county treasurers for collecting taxes.

House roll No. 200, by Hanks—To appoint a commission to investigate the Territory and the state of Nebraska.

House roll No. 204, by Jovenat—Giving the state banking board authority to remove receivers of state banks appointed by the state courts.

Senate file No. 200, by Currie—For the relief of John A. Sinclair, Willis E. Balaban, Joseph M. Bayne, George H. McCright, John Hedlund, Solomon Jensen, Harry J. Sinclair, William H. Laprath, Charles J. Nelson, Peter Longberg, Chas. Ericson, Saut Landstrom and Claus Paulsen, and to authorize the governor of the state of Nebraska to execute a deed of relinquishment to the United States of America, conveying any and all interests of the state of Nebraska in and to certain lands.

Senate file No. 301, by Currie—For the relief of Stephen W. Tanner, Frank J. Bedner, John T. Brimmer and Arthur T. McCright, and to authorize the governor of the state of Nebraska to execute a deed of relinquishment to the United States of America, conveying any and all interests of the state of Nebraska in and to certain lands.

House roll No. 304, authorizing a state exhibit at the Buffalo exposition and authorizing the governor to appoint a commissioner.

Senate file No. 310, by Arenis—Authorizing the board of county commissioners in counties not under township organization, to issue funding bonds for the purpose of paying the bonded indebtedness of any precinct or de facto precinct within said county.

Senate file No. 311, to correct errors in senate file No. 74.

House roll No. 317, by Hibbert—Appropriating \$15,000 for the purchase of land for the institution for feeble-minded youth at Beatrice.

House roll No. 321, by Mel Uhl—Providing for refunding to various persons the amount of money advanced by them to pay the expenses of returning members of the First Nebraska volunteers from San Francisco to their homes in Nebraska on their return from near the Philippine islands during the summer of 1899. Appropriates \$36,570.

House roll No. 322, by Belsner, for the proportional distribution of census and heretofore paid into the treasury of any school for the maintenance of free high schools for non-resident children of the school districts that have maintained such high schools.

House roll No. 323, by Fuller—Authorizing the investment of county sinking funds in county, township or school district warrants or bonds.

House roll No. 347, by Cain, applying to all counties the plan of selecting jurors now applicable in Lancaster and Douglas counties.

House roll No. 353, by Cain—Authorizing the governor of the state of Nebraska to appoint three commissioners on behalf of the said state of Nebraska, to act jointly with a like commission from and of the state of Missouri in agreeing upon a boundary line between the said states of Nebraska and Missouri, and making an appropriation for the expenses of such commissioners, and their salaries, and prescribing their powers and duties.

House roll No. 367, by Corner—Providing that the standard size of brick sold in Nebraska shall be 3 1/2 inches long, 4 inches wide and 2 1/2 inches thick.

House roll No. 378, by Fellers, limiting attorneys in contests of members of the legislature to a fee of \$100 and providing that successful candidates shall receive no fee.

House roll No. 436, the general salary appropriation bill, as amended by the standing committee.

House roll No. 460, by Wilkinson, a ballot law prescribing the form of the ballot and providing that clerks of the district court and county judges, any clerk of election, the names of candidates being one under the other with a circle at the top opposite the name of each political party, shall be printed on the ballot.

House roll No. 477, by Lane, appropriating for the current expenses of the state government.

House roll No. 478, by Wilcox, miscellaneous claims bill.

House roll No. 484, by Lane—by request of the governor—To provide for the payment of the interest on the bonds issued during the 27th session of the legislature of the state of Nebraska. An additional appropriation of \$18,000 for this purpose.

VETEOES.
Governor Dietrich vetoed the supreme court confirmation appropriation bill, but subsequently changed his mind and signed the bill. He also vetoed a bill which changed his mind in regard to some of the appropriations for help in the office of the library and court reporters.

In the general expense bill a number of items were vetoed, including the following: For the purchase of 100 acres of land to be used for garden and farm purposes in connection with the hospital for the insane at Norfolk, Nebraska, \$4,000; state board of soldiers and sailors home at Milford, Nebraska, \$3,500; engine house, new engine and dynamo at the soldiers and sailors home, \$10,000; and, Nebraska, \$6,000; for construction of tunnel for heating purposes at normal school, Peru, Nebraska, \$1,800; expense for commutation of soldiers and sailors of Peru, Nebraska, \$1,200; freight and express, Peru, normal school, \$100; and captain of militia, \$100 pay bounty on scalps of wild animals for 1901 and 1902.

The governor withheld his approval of house roll 117, being a joint resolution proposing to amend section 1 of article 15 of the constitution of the state of Nebraska relative to the manner of submitting and adopting amendments to the constitution of the state of Nebraska.

A number of items in house roll No. 478, miscellaneous claims bill, were vetoed, the reason being that they did not represent lawful claims against the state of Nebraska. Among the items cut out was the claim of Mrs. Taylor, which was compromised after a bitter fight in both branches at \$1,600. Miss Taylor originally asked for \$7,400.

The veto of the \$30,000 item in connection with the state university was given as the governor says in his veto message that he believed the revenue of the institution under the one-mill levy would not be sufficient to meet the entire appropriation made.

Among the bills vetoed by the governor are two that have attracted little attention. One is house roll No. 125, Anderson, designating the institute for the blind as the Nebraska school for the blind and the institute for the deaf and dumb as the Nebraska school for the deaf. The reason for this veto was that the change would make much confusion.

House roll No. 201, by Hathorn of Red Willow was vetoed. It was for the relief of Russel F. Loomis of Red Willow county, and authorizing the governor to deed certain land which Mr. Loomis had taken as a homestead, and which afterward proved to be school land. The governor thought it inadvisable to spend money to submit one amendment, when he regarded it imperative to submit other amendments soon. His idea of calling an extra session was given expression through the veto of this measure. It was a bill to provide that in the vote on constitutional amendments a majority of the electors voting on the amendments shall be sufficient to pass the amendments. The constitution now requires a majority of all votes cast at the election.



If every one in the world were healthy and happy what a glad day Easter would be. But the sun rises every Easter morning on a multitude of sick and afflicted. The Easter lilies gladden the hearts of the sick and well alike.

But to the sick something more than the Easter lily is necessary to bring that hope and cheer which every one expects on Easter day. The well need no physician, but the sick need a remedy.

Nearly one-half the people in the United States are suffering from some form or phase of catarrh ailment. These ailments take different forms at different seasons of the year. In the springtime catarrh assumes a systemic form, producing nervousness, lassitude and general languor.

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Men and women everywhere are praising Peruna as follows:

- A First Class Tonic.**
Wm. A. Collier, Assistant Paymaster U. S. N., writes: "I have taken Peruna and recommend it to those needing a first-class tonic."
- A Great Tonic.**
Hon. M. C. Butler, Ex-U. S. Senator and Ex-Governor of South Carolina, writes from Edgefield, S. C.: "I have been using Peruna for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine and besides a great tonic."
- A Spring Tonic.**
Mrs. D. W. Timberlake, Lynchburg, Va., says: "There is no better spring tonic than Peruna, and I have used about all of it."
- A Good Tonic.**
Captain Percy W. Moss, Second Arkansas Volunteers, writes from Paragould, Ark.: "I find Peruna a very good spring tonic, and will readily recommend it at any time."
- The Best of Tonics.**
Hon. W. C. Chambers, Chief Justice of Samoa, says: "I have tried one bottle of Peruna and can truthfully say it is one of the best tonics I ever used."
- A Grand Tonic.**
Mrs. Gridley, mother of Captain Gridley, of the "Olympia," writes: "I used Peruna and can truthfully say it is a grand tonic."
- For Overwork.**
Mr. Tefft Johnson, a prominent actor of Washington, D. C., writes from Fourteenth and "I" streets: "In the effort to improve a condition impaired by overwork, I have found nothing that has done as much good as Peruna."
- For a Worn-out System.**
Mrs. Catherine Toft, President "Valkyrien Association," 5649 Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes: "I often advise Peruna in cases of a worn-out system and a broken down constitution."
- Makes Steady Nerves.**
D. L. Wallace, Charter Member International Barbers' Union, 15 Western avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota, writes: "I now feel splendid. My head is clear, my nerves are steady, I enjoy my food and rest well."
- Builds Up the Entire System.**
Miss Jennie Johnson, 3118 Lake Park avenue, Chicago, Ill., is Vice President of Chicago Teachers' Federation. She writes: "Peruna restores the functions of nature, induces sleep and builds up the entire system."
- For General Debility.**
Hon. Jno. V. Wright, of the Law Department, General Land Office of Tennessee, writes: "I wish everyone who is suffering with general debility or prostration could know of Peruna."

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A Missourian Pronounces on the Farming Possibilities of Western Canada.
Just at present considerable interest is being aroused in the fact that a few new districts (of limited acreage) are being opened out by the Canadian government in Saskatchewan and Assiniboia (western Canada), and any information concerning this country is eagerly sought. Mr. W. R. Corser, of Higginsville, Lafayette Co., Mo., was a delegate there during last summer, and writing of his impressions he says: "I found surprising yields of grain of all descriptions. One farmer I visited threshed of 175 acres: "600 bushels of wheat from fifteen acres, 40 bushels to acre. "600 bushels of barley from ten acres, 60 bushels to acre. "15,000 bushels of oats from 150 acres, 100 bushels to acre. "The samples were all No. 1. "I also saw a considerable number of stock. Swine do well and there is no disease amongst them. They are a good source of income to the farmer. The cattle on the range beat anything I ever saw. Fat and ready for beef, fully matured and ripened on the nutritious grasses of the prairie. I am firmly convinced that this country offers better facilities for a poor man than any I have ever seen."

Information concerning these lands can be had from any agent of the government whose advertisement appears elsewhere in this paper.

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