effffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffffff HIS WORD OF HONOR, A Tale of the Blue and the Gray. BY E. WERNER. Copyright, 1894, by Robert Ecnner's Sons.

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CHAPTER I. A Soldier's Honor.

beating down with the scorching glow known only to the South. In the hot, missed you so unceremoniously." quivering air every object seemed burning breath of noon was still felt.

Under one of these trees, whose branches, heavy with foliage, extended a long distance, two young men had flung themselves on the ground, apparently for a short rest.

Both wore the uniform of the Union ders. army, one being a lieutenant and the dark hair, lay in a comfortable attipowerful form, thick, fair hair and blue ancestry: but a cloud shadowed the war?" frank, youthful face, and the voice trembled with passionate emotion.

"I must go, cost what it may! Since rest. Say what you please, John, I am going!"

"My dear William, you are on the your death."

"What do I care for that! Certainty are at stake-I will have at any cost. A brisk ride it at any peril."

······

"And risk a bullet through your '

wild ride into the enemy's country?

You don't even know whether Miss The rays of the noonday sun were Harrison wishes to see you-whether she did not agree when her father dis-

"No. no!" William impetuously resteeped in radiant light, and even the torted. "Florence has been deceivedforest afforded no coolness, for it, too, forced; she has not received any of my was pervaded by the sultry atmos- letters, as I have not had a single line phere, and beneath the huge trees the from her. Her father was always opposed to our engagement; we fairly extorted his consent. He gave it reluctantly, and promptly availed himself of the excuse afforded by the war to recall his promise."

John Maxwell shrugged his shoul-

"Well, you can hardly blame him! other a surgeon. The latter, who had He a secessionist and slave-baron, and a slender figure somewhat below the you with your humanistic ideas! You middle height, expressive features and harmonize like fire and water, and you were always a thorn in the flesh of his tude on the turf, listening calmly to nephew, the charming Edward. You his companion, who had started up and stole from under his very eyes the was pacing hurriedly to and fro. The wife on whom he had set his heart. He'll never forgive you. Conditions eyes unmistakably revealed German were imposed at the outbreak of the

"Yes-shameful ones! I was to deny my convictions, desert and betray the cause I serve and fight in the ranks of I knew that Harrison and his daughter the enemy against our army. I rejectwere on the plantation, I have had no ed the dishonorable demand as it deserved."

"With the most reckless bluntness to the millionaire and future father-ineve of doing a very foolish thing," said law. The Harrisons really are not so the surgeon, without changing his com- very much to blame. You would be fortable position. "I advise you, as a an extremely troublesome son-in-law. friend, to drop it; the affair may be I should have considered the matter a little. Where a bride and a fortune

"You would have practiced treason? will bring me there in two hours, and John, don't make yourself worse than I can return before sunset. I'll venture you are. Even you would have been incapable of it."

"Who talks of treason! You merely



## "Certainly. I am especially anxlous WHY WEGIVETHANKS to have reliable information concern-

ing the nature of the disease. The outbreak of an epidemic would be extremely inconvenient just now. When do you expect to be back?"

"In three hours, if necessary. But I had intended to ask leave of absence until evening on account of another matter, which I should like to attend to at the same time."

"Of course, if you wish," said Burney, absently. "Only send me some good news.'

"The best in my power. At any rate, there is no time to lose. I will go at once."

The colonel nodded assent, and the other officers now joined in the conversation. The subject was discussed in all its bearings. If these cases were really the first in an impending epidemic, the matter was very serious.

At last Maxwell took his leave; but, in the act of going, approached his friend, who was standing silently at the window.

"Do you still persist in your resolve?" he asked, under his breath. "Certainly. As soon as I get my leave I shall ride over."

"And perhaps be shot on the way! Good luck to you!"

"Thanks for the kind wish," said William, angrily. "Perhaps it will be fulfilled."

"Hardly. Men who, like you, are forever butting their heads against a wall, generally have uncommonly good fortune. Where the rest of us crack our skulls, they push the stone apart. Farewell, Will!"

He left the room. Doctor Maxwell did not spoil his friend by pretty speeches; that was evident. He took leave of the young officer who might 'perhaps be shot on the way" as carelessly as if there was nothing in prospect save an ordinary ride. William scarcely heeded it; his mind was filled with other thoughts, and he availed himself of the first pause in the conversation to approach the colonel and request a brief private interview.

Burney opened the door of a small room adjoining, and the two men entered.

"Well, Lieutenant Roland, have you anything important to ask?" said the colonel, when they were alone.

"I merely wished to request a short leave of absence," replied the young man, with apparent calmness. "There is a family matter to be arranged which is of the utmost importance to me."

"And which you can arrange while on the march?"

"At least I hope so. I intend to visit relatives who live on a plantation only a few miles from here. I have just learned that I was in their immediate neighborhood."

The request was not singular, and was easily granted, yet something in the young man's face attracted the colonel's attention, and he inquired:

REASONS FOR OBSERVING THE NATION'S FEAST DAY.

The Exceptional Causes for Thanksgiving Set Forth by President McKinley in His Proclamation Appointing Thursday, Nov. 30, For That Purpose.

The president of the United States has issued his proclamation naming Thursday, Nov. 30, 1899, as a day of general thanksgiving and prayer "to be observed as such by all our people on this continent and in our newly acquired islands, as well as by those who may be at sea or sojourning in foreign lands." In his customary crisp phraseology, always admirable for its incisive directness and its freedom from verbiage, President McKinley points out the facts that support his statement that "Seldom has this nation had greater cause for profound thanksgiving." Seldom indeed has this nation, and never has any other nation, had equal cause to give thanks. Here are some of the causes as set forth in the presi-

dent's proclamation: "No great restilence has invaded our shores."

See national election returns 1896, 1898. The pestilence of free trade has ceased to affict us.

"Liberal employment waits upon labor."

See American Protective Tariff league's industrial census for March, 1899, showing an increase of 39.56 per cent in amount of labor employed, 54.09 per cent in amount of wages paid and 10.49 per cent in wage rate per capita.

"Abundant crops have rewarded the efforts of the husbandman."

Also higher prices for these crops by reason of the larger employment and the greater consuming capacity of American work people.

"Increased comforts have come to the home." The people of the United States were

never before so well fed, so well clothed, or so well housed.

"The national finances have been strengthened and public credit has been sustained and made firmer."

Owing to a sound financial and economic policy which has increased individual and national wealth to a degree never before known.

"In all branches of industry and trade there has been an unequaled degree of prosperity, while there has been a steady gain in the moral and educational growth of our national character. Churches and schools have flourished." The three things go together: pros-

perity, morality, intelligence. These are conspicuous in Republican policies and practices.

"American patriotism has been exalted." It always was and always will be SOME OF THE CAUSES FOR THANKSCIVING.



LYING UNDER A MISTAKE. Sheer Demagogism to Charge the Re-

publican Party with Trusts.

Increased prices with no increased salaries or wages is a lop-sided prosperity that follows with peculiar propriety in the wake of the party that by restrictive tariff called trusts into existence.-So-called Democratic organ.

The opposition organs are filled with just that sort of political stuff. In the paragraph quoted there is one unimportant truth. A few articles have been advanced slightly in price, perhaps, but that has been much more than counterbalanced in the increased demand for labor, and the general advance in wages.

It is not true that there has been a 'recent marked increase in the price of every day necessities," nor is it true that there have been "no increased salaries or wages." Wages have been to speak of 1892 as "the McKinley generally increased, and in many cases | year," as "the record-breaking year of largely increased.

As for trusts, so far it has not been a political questi 1; individuals of all and away beyond the figures of 1892. parties have been and are mixed up For example, during the whole fiscal with them, so are free-trade countries. | year of 1892 our exports of copper and And it is sheer demagogism for the organs of that party to charge that trusts were organized by the Repub- of 1898 they were worth \$22,925,485; lican party or that that party is in any during the first eight months of this way responsible for them more than any other party. Such a charge would be at variance with the truth, and none know it better than those organs which are continually mouthing it over. In fact it is a part of their political stock in trade. That is only another way of politely saying to any one who ventures to make the charge: 'You lie, sir-under a mistake."-Norwalk (Ohio) Reflector.

# No More Use for Popul'sm.

Edgerton, S. D., September 30, 1899 .--To the Editor: I have noticed of late several statements in the Journal relating to the deposit per capita of residents in different parts of the country. I do not consider any of them, taking into account our handicap of no railroad towns, as good as Charles Mix County's. There are four banks in the old part of the county now having deposits of over \$20 per capita. There are no manufacturers', large ranchers', stock or grain buyers' deposits, and half of the merchants keep their accounts at their railroad shipping points, or use the "sock." Ninety per cent of the deposits belong to the farmers and the balance to a part of the merchants. This county went Populist last year, but it will never happen again as long as the present conditions of the country will last. T. E. ANDREWS. When prosperity comes in at the door Populism flies out at the window. That is the burden of a brief but significant communication from Charles Mix County, S. D. The statement that the farmers of that county have nearly \$20 per capita laid away in the banks before marketing this year's fine crops forms the basis of the prediction .--Sioux City (Ia.) Journal.

WE'RE PROSPEROUS; THAT IS ALL. Fact: Known to Every Intelligent Man,

but Worth Reading Just the Same. A famous epitaph commemorates the virtues of a Roman woman who, in an age of frivolty, "staid at home and span her wool." She did not promenade abroad until her household was clothed in purple and fine linen of domestic manufacture. So, with but two intervals in the past generation, the United

States has been engaged in providing for its own people enough food, enough clothing, enough manufactures of every sort to supply every reasonable American want by the proceeds of American industry. It has stayed at home and spun its wool with success, and now it is ready to go abroad in search of markets for the irrepressible

surplus of its industry. For a long time we were accustomed exports." But the inevitable trend of Republican policy has carried us far copper manufactures were worth \$7,-226,392; during the first eight months year they have amounted to \$25,197,-056. Our exports of iron and steel, exclusive of iron ore, were worth \$28,-800,930 during the twelve months of the fiscal year 1892. They were worth \$68,008,071 during the first eight months of 1899. Our exports of leather and its manufactures were worth \$12,-084,781 in the whole of 1892, and \$17,-413,458 during the first eight months of the present year.

We exported agricultural implements to the value of \$3,794,983 during the twelve months elapsing between June 30, 1891, and June 30, 1892, and to the value of \$11,495,450 between January



"WILL YOU ACCOMPANY ME?"

sent from his regiment without leave. Court-martials are sometimes disagreeable in such cases, and it would be ungo out of the world by lynch-law."

ed in producing an impression where dered." sensible arguments might have failed. William Roland started and answered | well, dryly. "I stick to it-this visit more quietly:

go without leave. The colonel will not you. You'll have your own way under refuse it; we are doing nothing here. all circumstances." I must see and speak to Florence once more, even though I hazard my life to do it!"

"You lovers are always ready to risk your lives," said the young surgeon, probably loath to resign his comfortcarelessly. "Your feelings are forever at the boiling point. A strange condition of affairs. Let me feel your pulse!"

"Cease this jesting!" cried William, furiously. "Can't you curb your spirit | nately, you are a favorite, and besides, of mockery even here? But how could it's an established fact that, if a man I expect sympathy or appreciation | wants to commit a folloy, everybody from you where affairs of the heart are concerned!"

"From the heartless American!" retorted John. "Of course, heart and next village. After severe battles and feeling are the prerogatives of the Ger- arduous marches a short respite had man. You have taken out a patent on them, and consider yourselves actually move in a few days. Constant bustle insulted if other people claim a little pervaded the usually quiet hamlet and of the article, too. Here we are back again at the old point of dispute, over which we wrangled sufficiently as boys -the honor of our different nationalities."

"In which you usually came off worst."

cudgeling German supremacy into me; and as you were the stronger, I gen- he said to the surgeon. "I was just erally yielded to your palpable argu- going to send for you. Lieutenant ments. But when there was anything Davis has reported that two of his men which required brains and reflection, are ill, and the symptoms appear very John Maxwell was summoned. Then grave; he fears fever, and begs to have you submitted to my authority, and, at medical assistance as soon as possible. the utmost, appeared on the scene when there was a drubbing to be given. Don't look so gloomy, Will; let us disyou really expect to accomplish by this soon ascertain."

brain. You have probably forgotten | needed to have remained passive and that we are engaged in a war and that not fought at all, either for or against it is desertion for an officer to be ab- the Union; that would have been the wisest course."

"And a cowardly, pitiful one into the bargain! Am I alone to lag befortunate if Lieutenant Roland should | hind, when every one springs to arms? Let us drop the subject. Our views The sarcasm of these words succeed- on this point are very widely sun-

"They are on all points," said Maxto the plantation is as useless as it is "What fancy have you taken into dangerous, but I don't flatter myself your head? Of course, I don't mean to in the least with the hope of detaining

"Of course, I shall. I'm going to he colonel at once to ask for leave of absence. Will you accompany me?" The young surgeon sighed. He was able resting place, yet he rose slowly. "I wish Colonel Burney would put you under arrest for three days, instead of giving you leave of absence," he said, emphatically. "But unfortuhastens to help him. So let us go!"

The regiment to which the young men belonged was stationed in the been granted, but the men were to was specially noticeable around the colonel's quarters. When Roland and Maxwell entered, they found several officers there. The commander himself, a man advanced in years, with a grave but kindly face, stood among a group of his subordinates, apparently "Yes; you had an abominable way of discussing something with them.

"I am glad you have come, doctor!" You will ride over to the outposts." "I'll go at once," replied Maxwell. "I hope it will prove a false alarm, as cuss the matter sensibly. What do has happened several times, but we'll -idleness and incompetency.-Satur-

what is the name of the plantation you desire to visit?" William hesitated a moment, then

slowly answered: "Springfield."

Burney started.

"Springfield? That is beyond our outposts. Are you not aware that it is in the enemy's country?"

"I know it.'

"And yet you wish to go there? It won't do. I cannot permit it."

"I took a similar and far more dangerous ride a week ago on staff duty," replied William.

"That was in the service; duty required it: but this is a private affair, and I cannot permit one of my officers to risk his life for such a matter. No, Lieutenant Roland."

(To be continued.)

WHEN MEN MISS SUCCESS.

#### Idleness and Incompetency Keep the Business Novice Down.

Walter P. Phillips, the founder of the national newsgathering corporation known as the United Press, and the inventor of Phillips' telegraphic code, a typical, energetic American, who has put many young men in the newsgathering business, believes that the cause of failure everywhere among young business beginners lies in incompetence. Nine-tenths of the young men who are struggling for a name and place in the world are unfitted for the callings they have picked out for themselves. Besides an unlimited supply of energy and whole-heartedness in the work before him, the successful man of the future must know his business from A to Z. The next greatest drawback to success is idleness. Nothing worth while is accomplished without work, and plenty of it. Things do not happen without a cause, and behind every great life there are years of concentrated energy and tireless industry. Idleness will make any man a failure; intelligent work will land any man among the successful. It is all so simple and so trite that one hesitates to put the fact down in cold blood, and yet how few men recognize or, recognizing, live up to the axiom, that labor conquers all things! Idleness and the consciousness of incompetency should make any man ashamed of himself and drive him to do something that is worth the doing. It is within the grasp of every one to learn some one thing that will yield both pleasure and profit. Success comes only to those who seek it. The young man who is really in earnest will not have to be advised how to succeed. He may learn much by studying the failures of others, however, and he will always find, after a survey of the great legion of the unsuccessful, that two causes have brought them to their present misery day Evening Post.

exalted by a thoroughly American government such as that which now directs affairs of state.

Such are the chief causes for thankfulness suggested by the president in his proclamation. They are splendid, extraordinary, exceptional causes which appeal to the pride and excite the gratification of every true American. Happy is the fortune of the president who can cite such an array of reasons for general thanksgiving. His predecessor in office could not do it four years ago.

PROOF OF PROSPERITY.

Notable Decrease in the Amount of Child Labor Employed.

The enormous amounts of work being done in the factories of Grand Rapids, and the increased number of men employed, clearly indicates that this city has not failed to get its share of prosperity. According to figures compiled by Deputy Factory Inspector Addison, of the Michigan Factory Inspection bureau, the number of employes in the factories in this city has been increased to a total of 13,193 since the first of May, the number on that date being 12,729, an increase of 464.

There is also a noticeable decrease in the number of children and boys under 16, their places being taken by men and older boys. The companies have decided that they are better off with the older employes, and they do not care to take the chances of prosecution for violation of the law which prohibits the employment of boys under 16 years of age. Again, under more prosperous conditions the necessity for every member of a family to be earning something does not exist as it did once, and that fact has considerably thinned the ranks of child labor throughout the country as well as in this city. Increased trade and increased employment are sure signs of prosperity, and if Senator Jones of Nevada, who lately expressed his belief that there was no real prosperity in the country, will come to Grand Rapids he will be speedily convinced that present prosperity is something very real, after all .- Grand Rapids (Mich.)

#### There Are Others.

Herald.

Will some one please name a great trust magnate who is not a Republican?-Eureka Union. Well, there is Havemeyer, the sugar

king, to start with. There are others, however .- Eureka (Kan.) Herald.

It Is to Laugh.

Prosperity has laid its hand on the Sunflower state, and a journal acknowledges it by saying, "Laugh, and the world will be likely to take you for Argus.

#### Bryan Applauded.

Mr. Bryan is reported to have applauded a speech of President McKinley at Canton, Ill. As the brief address was principally devoted to the martial triumphs of this country, and to the greater triumph of "overcoming the enemies of prosperity" and scattering their forces, Mr. Bryan was either sincere or has decided that prosperity is something more than a semblance. The former asserted that "this nation has been greatly blessed, and at this hour we are a united and prosperous people." Col. Bryan continues to harp upon the doleful theme of a suffering people, ground down by the money power, plutocrats and octopuses whose brains and money are actively engaged in the work of oppressing labor. Facts and conditions prove which of the two men is right .- Tacoma (Wash.) Led-

## Would Be a Sad Revenge.

ger.

If the people want the predictions of Demo-Pops to come true, all they have to do is to vote for them, as was done in 1892, and they will see a repetition of history. The year 1899 has so far been the most prosperous the nation has ever known, and it would be a sad reverse to destroy it that Bryan and his supporters may hold office. -Medford (Okla.) Patriot.

## Keeps Him Hustling.

The show has caught up with the advance agent of prosperity, and it keeps the avant courier hustling to avoid bea Kansas farmer."-Carlsbad (N. M.) ing actually run over.-Benton (III.) Republican.

nd September, 1899.

A phenomenal increase of exports is noticeable in almost every branch and department of manufactures. Simultaneous with this there has been a vast extension of the production of goods for home use. Never have the demands of the home market been more pressing; never have William J. Bryan's "common people" been so well fed, so well clothed, so well housed, so well supplied with money to spend, as at present.

But there has been one decrease in exports. In 1892 our exports of provisions, exclusive of breadstuffs, were worth \$140,362,159; for the first eight months of this year they are worth \$121,651,443. We have now more money to spend on food, and we are eating more and better food. The time seems not far distant when the American people will be able to consume all of the choicest products of American farms. All these are hard facts, known to every intelligent man, but it is worth while to gather them and read them occasionally as long as the voice of the Democrat is heard in our land .- Chicago Inter-Ocean.

## Railway Prosperity.

The railways of the country are doing an unparalleled business at the present time. Not only are people traveling in greater numbers than in ordinary times, but there is an equally heavy amount of freight traffic. So much freight is to be transported that the railways are finding it difficult to provide enough cars to meet the demand for them. The situation is summed up by an Eastern railway official as follows: "With the enormous business in sight it will be a crime if, for the next six months at least, there is a single rate cut or an unemployed car east of Chicago. There is sufficient business to keep every road busy."

The great amount of business done by the railway companies is a sure indication of the great prosperity that prevails in all parts of the country. It reflects good times for all the people. The crops are large, causing unusually heavy shipments of grain and agricultural products, which means increased freight business for the railways, while the great amount of manufacturing and our large exports to foreign countries contribute to a great extent in giving the railways new business. Then the people are traveling more than usual, because they feel that they can afford it. The prosperity of the railways is an infallible test of the prosperity of the country. As they have never known a period when their receipts were greater, it may be assumed that the country is enjoying greater prosperity than ever before .-Milwaukee Sentinel.

Chickamauga is to have a confederate monument to cost \$65,000.