

THE BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

It Interferes With Laurier's Visit to Chicago.

WHAT MR. FITZPATRICK REPORTS

His Reception by Canadian Authorities a Little Chilly—Told that His Visit Could Not Have Been More Untimely—Arbitration for the Boundary Question Favored.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—F. W. Fitzpatrick of the treasury department has just returned to Washington from Ottawa, where he went at the instance of the committee of citizens of Chicago in charge of the ceremonies of laying the corner stone of that city's great postoffice building next October by President McKinley, to arrange for the formal invitation from Chicago's citizens to the governor-general and cabinet of Canada to participate in these festivities.

Mr. Fitzpatrick is the assistant United States architect under Architect Henry Ives Cobb for the Chicago building. To an Associated Press representative he admitted that his official reception was slightly chilly. Sir Wilfred Laurier very candidly telling him that under the present conditions it would be impossible for him to accept, or even to consider any social invitations to this side of the border.

Mr. Fitzpatrick says that in substance Sir Wilfred's voluntary statements and answers to queries were as follows:

"As a friend in whom I am greatly interested I am very glad to see you, but, frankly, as a representative of the federal or any local government in the United States, your visit could not have been more untimely. When I received your first letter, I took up the matter with his excellency, the governor-general, and he expressed a sincere desire to visit Chicago and seemed anxious to accept your invitation as I was. We would have been delighted to go and were looking forward to the day with anticipation. But since the tone of your press has become so harsh in dealing with the Alaskan boundary question, such misrepresentations have been made about our government and particularly about me, that it would be undignified for us to visit you and I cannot advise his excellency to do so." Mr. Fitzpatrick said that Sir Wilfred intimated that in the present state of public feeling in the United States, as indicated in the press, it would not be entirely safe for the governor-general and himself to visit Chicago, as he feared that they might in a great gathering of such a character as the Chicago ceremony be subjected to some unpleasantness or indignity by thoughtless persons. Sir Wilfred expressed himself as strongly in favor of arbitrating the Alaskan boundary dispute and concluded the interview as follows:

"No, much as I regret it, I could not go to Chicago under present conditions and shall certainly, however painful a duty it may be, also advise his excellency to decline the invitation that I know and feel has so kindly been extended to us by the city of Chicago."

AS TO THE GOLD OUTPUT.

Africa Leads and Australia Takes the Second Place.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The director of the mint has nearly completed his estimate of the world's production of gold for the year 1898. The date at hand seems to warrant the conclusion that the production will amount to at least \$294,000,000 and possibly \$295,000,000. Africa leads all other countries, with \$80,300,000, with Australia second with \$67,500,000 and the United States third with \$64,463,000. Russia is credited with \$25,000,000, Mexico with \$10,000,000 and Canada, including the Klondike, with \$14,000,000. Of the \$14,000,000 credited to Canada in 1898, about \$10,000,000 came out of the Klondike and in the estimate of the production of the United States during the last year, \$2,524,000 came from Alaska.

In 1896 and for nearly fifty years previously the United States occupied the first place in the world's production of gold. In that year the output of the world was estimated at \$202,682,000. These figures are subject to revision in making up the final estimate, but are believed to be approximately correct.

WHAT WORKMEN MAY DO.

They Can Use Persuasion to Get Men to Quit.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5.—In a decision rendered Judge Windes of the appellate court, sitting as an equity judge, has decided that striking workmen may use persuasion to induce other workmen to quit work for a firm against which a strike has been ordered. They may also visit the factory or plant of the company and use what peaceable means they can to prevent others from working for the concern, or induce those who are at work to quit. The decision was announced in the suit of Frazer & Chalmers, manufacturers, who last week secured an injunction against the Ironmoulders' union, restraining the organization from approaching or in any way influencing by possible contact the men who took the strikers' places or intended to do so.

Callers on the President. PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 5.—Abner McKinley arrived from New York yesterday morning for a short stay. Among the others who called upon Mr. McKinley were Captain Dodd of Troop D, Third United States cavalry, who has just been ordered to the Philippines. Unless the present plans are changed Secretary of War Root will not come here to confer with President McKinley until the week after next. The president keeps fully advised as to Secretary Root's plans and is anxious to end the war at the earliest possible moment.

MEXICO ENJOYS PROSPERITY.

Securities Quoted Par and Capital Coming In.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 5.—The new 5 per cent bonds converted debt were quoted above par at Amsterdam today. The news created a very favorable feeling here, for it had not been anticipated that the 5 per cent would go so quickly above par in Europe, although the old 6 per cent had for a long time commanded a premium. The silver debt of this country is now held wholly in Europe, being distributed in France, Belgium, Germany, Holland, Italy and Spain, and these bonds having been purchased at a low price give excellent interest, and now, with the improved price, European investors, who are mostly small capitalists, are well satisfied with the profit they have made in addition to the good interests received on their money. It has been impossible at times to supply the active European demand for Mexican silver securities, which represent what is called the internal debt. Bankers here who have made a study of the revenue conditions predict that the customs revenues will next year increase fully 25 per cent over the handsome total of the past fiscal year.

A large amount of foreign capital is being invested in lands and mines and activity in taking up claims for gold and copper properties is noticeable. The number is without precedent in the mining history of this country. Much English capital is now coming in and it is more judiciously invested than in former years, as the English have learned by experience to rely only on competent expert testimony as to the value of properties.

GATHERING A GREAT HARVEST.

Women and Boys Pressed Into the Service to Secure the Grain.

LEMARS, Ia., Aug. 5.—Women are working in the harvest fields all over northwestern Iowa, southern Minnesota and southern Dakota. Such a sight was never seen here before. Men and even boys are offered \$2 a day, but cannot get it. The scarcity of men is due to the pressure of railroad building going on in the north and west. On account of the recent heavy rains and wind storms, necessitating re-shocking and rushing the work to save from blight, all hands have had to turn into the fields. It is the wettest harvest since 1888. Since cutting began a week ago Monday three tornadoes have swept this entire section, and rain has fallen in torrents at least once in every forty-eight hours. When the harvesters went into the fields the splendid stands of grain promised one of the biggest small grain crops ever produced. Now the farmers will be glad to save half a crop.

The most sanguine estimate for wheat is ten bushels to the acre. In some sections rot and half-filled ears are complained of, but the greatest loss is entailed by the lodging of the stalks. Whole fields are matted and beaten into the ground beyond recovery. Corn has been loosened in sections where the storms have been most violent, but on the whole it still promises a splendid yield. Harvesting of the small grain is half over and will be finished by August 10.

Surveys Not Relative to Dispute.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Relative to the report of a crown officer that surveys are being made along the Alaskan boundary in connection with the pending negotiations on the subject, it is learned here that these surveys are simply the working out of physical data growing out of the primary surveys made eight years ago by the United States coast and geodetic survey. The Canadians are engaged in the same surveys of their side of the line.

Minnesota Troops Coming Home.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—General Otis has cabled the adjutant general at Washington as follows: "Error cable yesterday. Minnesota and South Dakota take transport, not Montana."

The cable of yesterday caused considerable dissatisfaction in Minnesota, as it had previously been announced that the Minnesota regiment was to sail next. Inquiries from the war department developed the error.

No Danger of Indian School.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—In response to an inquiry as to the situation and needs at the Indian school at Hampton, Va., the following dispatch was received by the commissioner of Indian affairs from Agent Briggs: "Rigid quarantine for and against us. All Indians except eleven boys are in the north. They are efficient and faithful in the general guard duties. Am authorized to say that the possibility of infection is remote."

Tents for Home Inmates.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The marine hospital received word that several hundred tents and a quantity of coats have been turned over the Hampton home from Fort Monroe to allow the camping-out of about 1,500 of the inmates in the home grounds while the barracks are being disinfected. There was no report of new cases. This is taken to indicate that the epidemic is at a standstill.

Infected Bedding Will Be Burned.

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 5.—General Martin D. Mahon of New York, a member of the board of directors of the Soldiers' home, and Colonel A. J. Smith of Hartford, Conn., inspector general of the home, who arrived this morning, immediately made requisition on the quartermaster's department of the army for 1,000 mattresses and 200 tents for the home. Part of them will be sent at once.

G. A. R. Arrangements.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 5.—Acting Commander-in-Chief W. C. Johnson of the Grand Army of the Republic has issued what may be his last official general order. It applies to the coming national encampment in Philadelphia, September 4. It establishes the national headquarters at the Continental hotel. All national officers are to report at that place Monday, September 4, at 10 a. m. The national council of administration will gather at the National hotel September 4 at 4 p. m. The national council will convene for business at 10 o'clock.

TOWNS ARE WIPED OUT

Lives Lost and Much Property Damaged and Destroyed.

FLORIDA RAVAGED BY ELEMENTS

Three or Four Towns About Wiped Out—Extensive Docks and Warehouses Destroyed—Large Lumber Vessels Lying in the Bay Swept Ashore—The Damage Beyond Estimate.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Aug. 4.—The first train in since Saturday from Carabelle through the storm-stricken gulf section reached here yesterday, the passengers having been transferred twice—from a flat car from Carabelle to a lever car between Coal Creek and the Ochlocknee river and then to the relief train for Tallahassee.

The train crew and passengers agree in stating that reports sent out of the destruction wrought by the storm have been extremely moderate. Carabelle is literally wiped from the map. Its docks and wharves, containing about 400,000 feet of lumber and 50,000 barrels of rosin, were quickly swept away. Thirteen or fourteen large lumber vessels in the bay were swept ashore and are lying well upon dry land. These vessels contained several million feet of lumber. No information is obtainable as to the loss of life from these vessels or from the large fleet of vessels in the neighborhood. Only two or three huts are left standing in Carabelle and one colored woman is known to have been killed by the falling of a house. Citizens of Carabelle are in a state of wild confusion and are flocking in every direction for relief.

The town is isolated and the wires are still down. The towns of McIntire and Curtis Mill are completely demolished and large interests have been destroyed. The coast resorts, Teresa and Lanark, are more seriously wrecked than at first reported and visitors have suffered great hardships, though no loss of life is reported. Fifteen men, who are reported to have been seen fishing on an islet called Brog Island just before the storm broke, cannot be found.

MacIntyre, a small town twelve miles this side of Carabelle, is completely wiped out. One man, name unknown, was drowned. Rumors as to loss of life among the fishermen are yet unconfirmed.

Up to noon yesterday no direct information has been received from the coast towns stricken by the storm. There is no communication by wire and the only hope of news as to the extent of damage done is based on the belief of the officials of the Carabelle, Tallahassee & Gulf railroad that a train will get in today from the coast.

THE BONDSMEN OF BARTLEY.

Attorney General Smythe Waiting for Return of Executions.

OMAHA, Aug. 4.—Attorney General Smyth has filed transcripts of the judgment recently secured by the state against the Bartley bondsmen in all the counties in which he can learn that any of the bondsmen have property. The executions recently issued in this county are still in the hands of Sheriff McDonald and so far no action has been taken. Mr. Smyth says that he has very little hope of recovering anything on the executions, as he believes that very little of the property previously held by the bondsmen has been left uncovered. He says that he is now waiting for the return of the executions by the sheriffs in the various counties and then he will bring creditor's suits to have the transfers of property set aside.

DEWEY'S VISIT TO NEW YORK.

What the Railroad Companies Will Do in the Way of Decoration.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Chairman Foster of the Dewey reception committee said that the president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company promising to comply with the wishes of the committee in regard to the decoration of the company's property. The company promises to decorate the end of the pier with a design in electric lights in the form of a double arch, with the words, "Welcome to Dewey!" which will be seen all over the harbor. The company will also decorate their piers on the Jersey side in a similar manner, so that there will be an appropriate display on both sides of the river on the occasion of the celebration.

SURVEYING THE BOUNDARY.

United States Said to Have Been Doing This in Alaska.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 4.—According to the statement of Phillip Sheridan, formerly crown prosecutor at Dawson, the United States has had surveyors at work the past several years locating the Alaskan boundary line. He said:

"I came out from Dawson with a man named James Haines, or Hayes, who for two years has been at work on a survey extending from the southern boundary of Alaska to the Yukon river, and I have every reason to believe that this work was done under the direction of the United States government."

Sees Minister for Promise.

WAPLETT, Ia., Aug. 4.—The most sensational suit ever filed in the district court of Louisa county was received by the clerk Tuesday evening from D. J. O'Connell, a Burlington attorney. It is for \$5,000 damages for breach of promise, with Mary E. Wright, a well known and popular lady of Morning Sun, as the plaintiff, and Rev. R. Lincoln Wilson, now studying for the ministry in Chicago, as the defendant. Miss Wright is well known in this city as a prepossessing girl of 22 to 24 years of age and of an attractive and winning disposition.

LIST OF SICK SOLDIERS.

Those From Nebraska and Iowa Who Arrived on the Relief.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—The following is the official list of sick and wounded soldiers of Nebraska and Iowa who returned from Manila on the hospital ship Relief:

Fifty-first Iowa infantry—J. L. Eakin, Company A; W. J. Merrill, Company A; Harry W. Price, Company A; William C. Schler, Company A; E. F. Tibbets, Company A; H. H. Rohde, Company B; Elmer F. Narver, Company D; William R. Parks, Company E; M. C. Hutchinson, Company F; R. J. Innis, Company H; Charles J. Kinney, Company H; A. E. Wharff, Company H; C. E. Sheets, Company K; C. M. Gardner, Company K; Sergeant Edwin Rose, Company M; Corporal William M. Jeffers, Company M; Charles W. Lee, Company M; Joseph I. Markey, Company M.

First Nebraska infantry—W. E. Playford, Company B; D. M. Scrivens, Company B; Sergeant H. E. Clapp, Company D; A. D. Gilton, Company D; Richard James, Company D; Artificer James D. Wolfe, Company E; Oscar D. Edmore, Company G; Alva G. Gregg, Company G; Edwin P. Gregg, Company I; H. A. Bennett, Company E; F. O. Reid, Company L; J. W. Forsythe, Company M; M. C. Steers, Company M; T. J. Williams, Company M.

JUMPED FROM BROOKLYN BRIDGE.

A Theater Treasurer Tries to Make Way With Himself.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Henna Hauser, treasurer of the Herald Square theater in this city, jumped from the middle span of the Brooklyn bridge at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was rescued from the water and will recover. He was a passenger on an electric car bound from Brooklyn to New York. He sat calmly reading a newspaper until about the middle of the bridge was reached, when he jumped off the car. Throwing off his coat, Hauser climbed upon the outer railing to leap. The bridge policemen, passengers on the cars and the carmen themselves made a rush for the man. He regarded their appearance coolly, hesitated a moment and then leaped clear of the structure.

He struck the water just astern of a ferry boat. A passenger sprang overboard and seized Hauser when he reached the surface. He was lifted aboard, taken to the shore and sent to the hospital. Hauser is about 30 years of age and is very well known in the theatrical fraternity. He started in as an usher at Hooley's theater at Chicago, then he became assistant treasurer and later treasurer. He was connected with Hooley's theater for ten years. He came to New York in 1896.

MASKERS RAID A RANCH.

Hundreds of Sheep Belonging to Senator Warren Shot Down.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 4.—Monday a number of masked horsemen raided the range south of here in Logan county, Colorado, on which Senator Warren of this city had a band of several thousand sheep grazing. The raiders were masked and had the brands on their horses covered. The sheep were being herded by two young men, who were driven away at the point of rifles. The raiders then commenced shooting down the sheep and scattering the band among the hills. When the terrified herders returned they found that 200 sheep had been killed and sixty more were wounded and dying. Some of them had been beaten, kicked and whipped. The perpetrators of the outrage are believed to be employees of a company which recently turned several thousand head of cattle out to graze on the sheep range, which has been occupied by the Warren bands of sheep for the last two years.

MAN WHO BROUGHT THE FEVER.

Proves to Have Been Wm. Thomas Who Arrived From Santiago.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The marine hospital officials at Hampton have succeeded in tracing and locating the former inmate of the Soldiers' home who is believed to have brought yellow fever to that place. His name is William Thomas. He arrived at the home on a transport from Santiago, where he had been visiting between July 2 and 5 last. He was admitted to the home as a veteran and shortly after developed chills and fever. In the light of subsequent events the experts believe there is little doubt that he was affected with a mild case of yellow fever, although it was not diagnosed as such at the time. When well enough to travel he left the home and his baggage was sent to Phoenix. The man himself went to Columbus City, Wash., where he now is.

AN ARMY OF 40,000 MEN.

Believed that Secretary Root Will Send This Number to the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—It appears probable from developments during the last two days in the war department that Secretary Root has in contemplation an army of 40,000 men for the Philippines.

While Mr. Root has been at the head of the department only a brief time, he has been making diligent inquiries among the bureau chiefs regarding supplies and equipment and the trend of his questioning has been in the direction of an increase in the available force for the eastern archipelago.

Spaniards Kill All the Natives.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—The captain of the British steamer Gloucester, which arrived from Iloilo with a cargo of sugar, reports that on April 2, when passing Cape Melville, Malacca island, one of the Philippines, he found the lighthousekeeper without provisions and unable to light his lamp because he had no oil. The Gloucester furnished supplies and reported the fact to the British consul at Batavia. The natives of the island, the captain says, had all been killed by Spaniards.

MOVEMENTS OF DEWEY

The Admiral and His Flagship Journeying Home.

DISTINGUISHED HERO AT NAPLES.

American Consulate Officers Put Off in Launch to Tender Welcome—Admiral Is Surrounded by a Troop of Minstrels Drawn Alongside—Banquet in His Honor.

NAPLES, Aug. 7.—(New York World Cablegram.)—In the morning mist, with Venusius obscuring the light of the rising sun, the Olympia entered the bay, anchoring well out from the piers, at 6 o'clock. Consul Byington went aboard at 9 and the admiral set off Ensign Scott to inform Mr. Iddings, our charge d'affaires at Rome, that the launch was at his disposal. Iddings, with Mr. Parsons, the secretary, went out on the launch. Consul General Decastro and the vice consul general at Rome and Consul Gaughy at Messina also paid their respects, making a little American party, which, after seeing the ship, formed a group around the admiral, who was much amused by the singing of itinerant minstrels, who came alongside the boat, reaping a harvest of coppers. Then came a tourist party, an afterward Vice Admiral Gonzales, commanding the department, Signor Cavasola, the prefect, and General Bagliola.

At 3 Admiral Dewey returned the minister's, prefect's and general's call, accompanied by Flag Lieutenant Brumby and Captain Lambertson.

At today's dinner the guests will be the resident consuls, Dr. Heiser of the Marine corps, sent here to inspect immigrants, and Admiral Gonzales, Prefect Cavasola and General Bagliola, besides the admiral, Brumby, Lambertson and four other officers. The Olympia dinner will be private. There will be no speeches, merely the toasts of the president, the admiral and the king of Italy being drunk. Some night next week Iddings will have the admiral and officers over at his summer place at Sorrento for an entertainment, consisting of music and dancing in native costumes.

The admiral took the greatest care of the officers' and men's wishes and so far as possible granted them leaves freely, seeming to enjoy arranging their holidays. He insisted that Father Bruney, the chaplain, must go to Rome, where Sunday is a great day of his church, and other signs of his regard for his men were given.

Lewis M. Iddings, secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. Iddings, who arrived here from Rome for the purpose of welcoming Admiral Dewey, gave a banquet in his honor at the Hotel Royal. The room was richly decorated with flowers and hung with American and Italian flags.

The eighteen guests included Lieutenant General B. Bagliola of the Twentieth (Salzorne) military division, Vice Admiral Gonzales, commander in chief of the Naples Maritime department; the prefect of police of Naples, Captain Benjamin P. Lambertson and four officers of the Olympia; R. C. Parsons, second secretary of the embassy; H. Decastro, United States consul general at Rome; A. H. Byington, United States consul at Naples; Charles M. Gausley, United States consul at Messina; and Dr. Heiser.

Mr. Iddings toasted King Humbert, President McKinley and Admiral Dewey. There were no set speeches.

PENSIONS OF THE LAST WAR.

A Nebraska Soldier of the Spanish War Gets \$30 a Month.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—In the list of pensions granted by the department at Washington, and published Saturday, appears the name of Clarence Reed of Red Cloud, Neb., who has been granted a pension of \$30 a month, for injuries received during his service in the army in the late war between Spain and the United States. The regiment to which Mr. Reed was attached does not appear in the official announcement of the granting of the pension.

Wyoming Will Want the Corn.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 7.—Governor Richards has returned from a three weeks' trip through Kansas, Missouri and Texas to the gulf of Mexico, where at Tarpon City he spent several days catching tarpon. Governor Richards says the immense corn crop of the states he passed through insures a big demand for Wyoming, Colorado and other western states' feeders, both in sheep and cattle, and a consequent continuation of good prices in the live stock industry.

Cavalry to Go to Manila.

FORT MEADE, S. D., Aug. 7.—It is rumored here that the First Cavalry, stationed here, will be ordered very soon to go to the Philippines. For some time the canteen has been disposing of everything, and the troops are gradually getting in shape to move at a moment's notice. This is one of the crack regiments.

Joint Inquiry in Transvaal.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A special from Johannesburg says: It is reported that the government has accepted the proposal for a joint inquiry and has suggested that France, Germany, Russia and Holland be asked to send representatives to take part in the investigation.

The Kansas Corn Crop.

TOPEKA, Aug. 7.—Secretary Coburn of the state board of agriculture has issued a bulletin, based upon reliable reports from correspondents throughout the state, in which he states the present condition of the Kansas corn crop to be 99.63, with prospects for the greatest yield ever known in the history of the state. The acreage of corn is 8,234,560 and the estimate yield per acre, forty-four bushels, which would give the astonishing total of 362,000,000 bushels, or three times the yield of last summer and almost 100,000,000 bushels greater than the banner year of 1889.

Enormous Shoe Selling.

"Selling good shoes cheap," the motto of Hayden Bros., "The Big Store," is well lived up to. They do an enormous shoe business both in Omaha and through the mails, and are rapidly becoming recognized as the greatest mail order house in the west. Send postal card for free fall clothing catalogue.

When in the city see their stock of Harness, Whips and Horse Supplies.

Last year 49,332 pounds of tortoise-shell were imported in England.

"Honor is Purchased by Deeds We Do."

Deeds, not words, count in battles of peace as well as in war. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. It has won many remarkable victories over the arch enemy of mankind—impure blood. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

WINCHESTER
GUN CATALOGUE
FREE

Send your name and address on a postal, and we will send you our 156-page illustrated catalogue free.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.
174 Winchester Avenue, New Haven, Conn.

The truths we least desire to hear are those which it would be to our advantage to know.

Patents.

Business with the inventor is on the increase, for this week the record of the sales of patents is the largest that has been made for some time, as 36 per cent of the inventors who received patents were able to sell their invention before the patents were issued, as is shown by the U. S. patent office report. Three hundred and eighty-three patents were issued and of that number 139 were sold. Of the prominent concerns who bought patents were found the following:

Electric Power Development Co.
Philadelphia Hardware & Malleable Iron Works of Pennsylvania.
Pratt & Whitney Co., Hartford, Conn.
Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co. of Pennsylvania.
U. S. Acetylene Liquefaction Co. of New York.
Phillips Mfg. Co. of New York.
American Cotton Co. of New York.
Mississippi Valley Electrical & Mfg. Co. of St. Louis, Mo.

Parties desiring information in regard to patents should address Sues & Co., registered patent lawyers, Bee bldg., Omaha, Neb.

Harrisburg has an ordinance forbidding the placing of sample packages of anything on doorsteps.

For Easy Ironing use "Faultless Starch." No sticking, blistering or breaking. It leaves a beautiful finish and does not injure the most delicate fabrics. All grocers sell it, 1 lb. a package.

The republic of Venezuela contains 506,159 square miles. It is larger than any country in Europe except Russia.

I shall recommend Pisco's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1895.

Englishmen may now spend a fortnight in Paris or Switzerland for \$55 or enjoy a Norwegian tour for \$50.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures windcolic. 25c a bottle.

The completion of the mill and a half dollar terminals of the Burlington Railroad at Quincy, Ill., marks an important stage in the development of that system. It was only five years ago that the road built into St. Louis, and established there an enormous freight yard, with a capacity of 3,000 cars. Elsewhere, at Chicago, St. Paul, Kansas City and Denver, the Burlington has facilities for handling freight and passengers that are unexcelled.

\$118 buys new upright piano. Schmolzer & Mueller, 1213 Farnam St., Omaha.

Probably nothing grows so monotonous as having a collector come around with the same old bill every month.

\$100 Reward, \$100. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one cured disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Britain uses 72,000 tons of paper yearly in postal cards.

In a new attachment for holding belts in place on the trousers a metallic plate is fastened to the under side of the belt and contains an eyelet with one side enlarged for the entrance of the button, with a spring tongue to lock the button in place.

Oars as a propelling mechanism for small boats are replaced by a Chicago man's device, having a pair of journal boxes attached to the sides of the boat, in which are mounted short shafts, with handled cranks at the inner ends and small paddle wheels at the outer ends to drive the boat.