



Full and complete line of Furniture and Undertaking goods

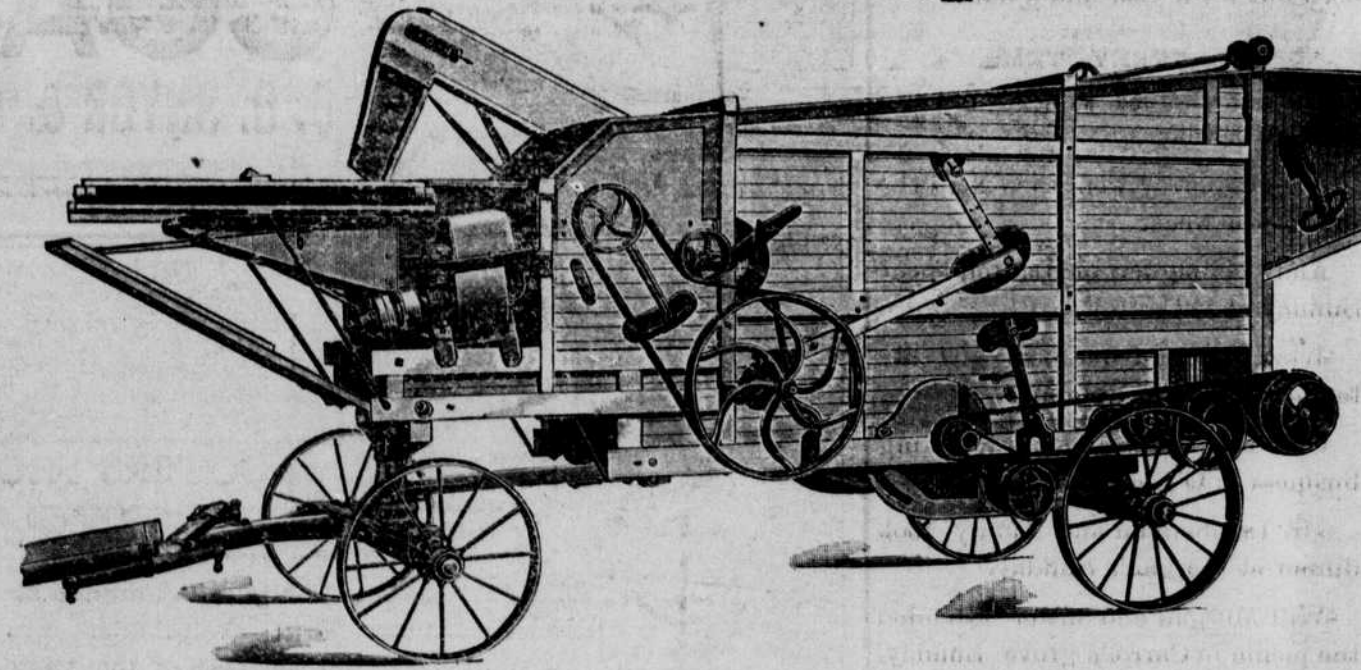
# BIGLIN

... is here with the celebrated McCORMICK, first on the ground to pave the way that the timid may follow. Never in the history of this famous machine was she more perfect or presented a more splendid appearance for beauty and strength. The many hundreds now in use in this immediate territory is sufficient guarantee that they are the best, and only reliable machine for the careful buyer to invest in. McCormick has also placed on the market a Queen of Hay Rakes which will be a credit as a companion to their mower, which is the acknowledged leader in the hay field.

We have also added to our list of world beaters in the machinery line the famous Aultman & Taylor Thresher, which, with the renowned Moline Plow goods, consisting of riding and walking plows, cultivators, harrows, listers, corn-planters—in fact everything used on the farm—we stand easily at the top and hold this position undisputed. In wagons we have the celebrated Fish Bros' wagon, made at Racine, Wis. All other wagons bearing the Fish name are frauds and not reliable

## O. F. BIGLIN, O'Neill, Neb

The Blue Ribbon buggies are the best and only reliable that it pays to purchase.



### A CINDER WAS IN HIS EYE.

But It Came Out After a Shaking Up in a Car.

In the very center of a crowded cable car stood a short but heavy man, with a cinder in his eye, says the New York Tribune. Although the cinder evidently gave him serious annoyance, he was good-natured about it and in spite of the fact that his fellow-passengers manifested the utmost indifference to his personal affairs, he bubbled over with information about that cinder. His monologue was carried on in spasmodic paragraphs and each paragraph terminated with the sentence: "I'll get it out when I get home." Wedged in next to the man with the cinder were two women, each with more bundles than she could gracefully manage. Some of the bundles were long ones, and with the sudden starts and stoppages of the car those long bundles poked about with much freedom among the hats and bonnets worn by the occupants of the seats. An aristocratic-looking woman, while clinging to a strap on the other side of the man with the cinder, dropped her eyeglasses on the floor and frantically endeavored to make an open space in the closely packed car in order that she might rescue them before they were trampled on. The gallantry of the man with the cinder in his eye was awakened on the instant. He, too, had been grasping a strap, but he let go of it and stooped to pick up the glasses. Just then the car, with a suddenness born of pure malevolence, stopped short. The heavy body of the stooping man was hurled violently against the two women with the bundles, knocking one into the laps of the passengers on one side of the car and dragging the other down upon his own prostrate form. Bundles flew in every direction, mingling with three or four hats which the general mix-up sent spinning into the air. The struggling women screamed and caught eagerly at anything within reach, whether it was a man's necktie or a woman's ostrich plumes, and in consequence there was quite an exciting disturbance for a few seconds. The aristocratic woman's glasses were trampled on and broken, and the crackle and crunching of the glass elicited from her some remarks more incisive than soothing. One of the female passengers into whose lap the heaviest bundle-carrier landed bumped her head against the side of the car with so much force that she almost went into hysterics. While a companion was endeavoring to calm the injured woman the owners of the bundles raised their voices in loud lamentation over their inability to find the products of their shopping. Meanwhile the car had started with a jerk and given its occupants another vigorous shaking-up. Passengers who had been tumbled upon, handled and crumpled, were beginning to show signs of temper. There was a lack of geniality in the car for a moment. The short, heavy man had managed to scramble to his feet and get hold of a strap. Just as the atmosphere of the car was beginning to get heavy with ugliness he beamed joyously upon his fellow-passengers and exclaimed: "Blamed if that cinder ain't out of my eye."

### Where He Got the Look.

Mother—How did your face get that strained, agonized look in your photograph? Did the light hurt your eyes? Small Son—No, mother; the maid told me to try to keep still, and I did.

Great Britain's Seacoast Line. Great Britain has a longer seacoast line than any other country in Europe. It measures 2,775 miles, with Italy second, 2,472 miles. Russia ranks third and France fourth.

## FARM Lands for Sale

I desire to close out the following lands in Holt county and in order to do so will offer special inducements as to price and terms of sale. Until sold these lands can be leased at reasonable prices.

nw 5-29-10 se se 7-29-10  
 e4 sw 8-29-10 sw sw 8-29-10  
 nw 18-32-11 nw 24-32-11  
 sw 14-31-13 nw 17-31-13  
 se 1-32-15 s4 ne 8-31-16  
 nw 30-31-16

For full information address,  
**JAMES C. YOUNG,**  
 361 Guaranty Loan Bld.  
 MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

### LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Notice of Sale.**  
 In the matter of the estate of Thomas M. Finson, deceased.  
 Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of M. P. Kinkaid, judge of the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, made on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1899, for the sale of the real estate hereinafter described, there will be sold at the front door of the courthouse in O'Neill, Nebraska, on the 29th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: The east half of the northeast quarter of section number twenty-nine (29), and the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter and the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section number twenty-eight (28), all in township thirty-three (33), north of range number twelve (12), west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska. Said sale will remain open one hour.

of estate of H. W. Finson, administrator  
 of estate of Thomas M. Finson, deceased, by  
 E. H. Benedict, his attorney. 1-3w

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**  
 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
 LAND OFFICE AT O'NEILL, NEB.  
 Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at O'Neill, Nebraska, on August 18, 1899, viz:  
 VALNTINE GRIBBER, T. C. No. 6163, for the S34, Sec. 35, Twp. 29, R. 12 W.  
 He claims the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Hoennan, Thomas Waldron, Patrick Marson and Edward Graham, Sr., all of O'Neill, Neb.  
 2-6FNP S. J. WEEKES, Register.

### City Council Proceedings.

June 19, 1899.  
 The City Council upon motion made the following estimate of the probable amount of money necessary for all purposes to be expended in the city during the fiscal year commencing on the first Tuesday in May, 1899:

Salaries of City Officers.....	\$ 2,000.00
Fuel, Lights and Rents.....	1,500.00
R. R. Sinking Fund.....	1,100.00
Building and Repairs on Sidewalks.....	700.00
Repairs Water Works.....	500.00
Judgment Levy.....	251.91
R. R. Interest.....	1,320.00
Fire Department Supplies.....	200.00
Interest Water Works Bonds.....	1,350.00
Printing and Sundries.....	300.00
Total.....	\$ 9,041.91

There are returned for the previous fiscal year was on motion duly considered by the Council and found to be as follows:

Occupation tax.....	\$ 900.00
Rec'd from Gen'l Fund, from Co. Treas., Twp. Treas., and City Marshal.....	387.67
Water Works.....	655.49
Water Bond Interest Fund.....	306.33
Other Sources.....	478.70
Total.....	\$ 2,728.19

ATTEST: JOHN A. HARMON,  
 J. F. GALLAGHER, Mayor,  
 City Clerk. 52-4

### Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

The Ballou Banking Company, David L. Darr, H. S. Ballou and Company, The Ballou State Banking Company, George D. Weintz, receiver of the Ballou State Banking Company, Omaha and Lincoln Realty Company, a corporation, and John Doe real name unknown, defendants, will take notice that on the 15th day of June, 1899, the county of Holt county, Nebraska, filed its petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against The Ballou Banking Company, David L. Darr, H. S. Ballou and Company, George D. Weintz, receiver of The Ballou State Banking Company, The Ballou State Banking Company, Omaha and Lincoln Realty Company, a corporation, and John Doe, real name unknown, defendants, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range eleven (11) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said first cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the years 1893, 1894; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$13.26, for which sum with interest from this date on \$7.75 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its second cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range eleven (11) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said second cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the years 1893, 1894; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$13.25, for which sum with interest from this date on \$9.00 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its third cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26) township twenty-eight (28) north of range eleven (11) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said third cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the years 1893, 1894; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$13.25, for which sum with interest from this date on \$7.75 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its fourth cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range eleven (11) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said fourth cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the years 1893, 1894; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$13.25, for which sum with interest from this date on \$7.75 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its fifth cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range eleven (11) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said fifth cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the years 1893, 1894; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$13.25, for which sum with interest from this date on \$7.75 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 31st day of July, 1899.  
 Dated this 15th day of June, 1899.  
 THE COUNTY OF HOLT,  
 52-5

### Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

James M. Brown and Mrs. Brown, his wife, real name unknown, W. J. Bowden, real name unknown, and Connecticut Life Insurance Company, a corporation, defendants, will take notice that on the 29th day of June, 1899, the county of Holt county, Nebraska, filed its petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against James M. Brown and Mrs. Brown, his wife, real name unknown, W. J. Bowden, real name unknown, Mrs. Bowden, his wife, real name unknown, and Connecticut General Life Insurance Co., a corporation, defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose the tax liens hereinafter described. In its first cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said first cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its second cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said second cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its third cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of section thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said third cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 14th day of August, 1899.  
 Dated this 29th day of June, 1899.  
 THE COUNTY OF HOLT,  
 52-4

### Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

Dilwyn Parrish, James Brown Potter, defendants, will take notice that on the 29th day of June, 1899, the county of Holt county, Nebraska, filed its petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against Dilwyn Parrish and James Brown Potter, trustees, defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose the tax liens hereinafter described. In its first cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of section thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said first cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its second cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of section thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said second cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 14th day of August, 1899.  
 Dated this 29th day of June, 1899.  
 THE COUNTY OF HOLT,  
 52-4

### Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, O'Neill, Neb., July 6, 1899.  
 A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by John H. Simpson, Jr., contestant, against Edith M. Bowman, entry No. 2061, made August 1898, for the southeast quarter section thirty-three, township twenty-five, range eleven west, township thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska, in which it is alleged that Edith M. Bowman has failed to cultivate the trees planted on said tract the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth years of said entry; that there never was a fireguard around the trees planted the second and third years of said entry, and that they have all been destroyed by prairie fire and stock; that there are not now to exceed 500 small trees on said tract alive; that said entryman has not complied with the timber culture laws, and these facts now exist, said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence on 9th day of August, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States Land Office at O'Neill, Nebraska, in a proper affidavit filed July 6, 1899, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.  
 S. J. WEEKES, Register.  
 1-4

the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said fifth cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the years 1893, 1894, and 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$13.25, for which sum with interest from this date on \$6.03 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 14th day of August, 1899.  
 Dated this 29th day of June, 1899.  
 THE COUNTY OF HOLT,  
 52-4

### Legal Notice.

Anna M. Gallagher and the unknown heirs of John M. Gallagher, deceased, will take notice that on the 16th day of June, 1899, James Dorgan and Elizabeth Dorgan, plaintiffs, filed their petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against said defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a mortgage executed by John M. Gallagher to the plaintiffs upon the northeast quarter of section seventeen in township twenty-nine north of range eleven west in Holt county, Nebraska, to secure the payment of a promissory note for the sum of nine hundred dollars, dated July 5, 1893, and due in three years after date, and drawing interest at six per cent. per annum from date, the interest being payable semi-annually, and said note being executed by said John M. Gallagher to plaintiffs. There is now due the plaintiffs on said note and mortgage the sum of \$1,221.00 for which sum with interest from this date at six per cent. per annum on \$600 thereof, the plaintiffs pray for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 31st day of July, 1899.  
 Dated this 22nd day of June, 1899.  
 THOMAS DORGAN and  
 ELIZABETH DORGAN,  
 Plaintiffs.

### Notice For Service By Publication.

Contest Notice.  
 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, O'Neill, Neb., June 20, 1899.  
 A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Grant Elliott, contestant, against homestead entry No. 1481, made March 18, 1897, for the southeast quarter 33, township 33 north, range 14 west, by Alvin Loghry, contestee, in which it is alleged that Alvin Loghry has wholly abandoned said tract, the same being his residence therefrom for more than six months since making said entry; that said entryman is not now in possession of said tract, and that the settler's absence from the land was not due to his employment in the military or naval service of the United States during the war. Further, that said failure and abandonment occurred during the first five years of said entry, and that, further, that said failure and abandonment occurred more than six months preceding the first five years of the life of said entry and still exists. Said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on August 5, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States Land Office at O'Neill, Nebraska.

The said contestee having, in a proper affidavit, filed June 19, 1899, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice cannot be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.  
 S. J. WEEKES, Register.  
 5-4

### Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

James M. Brown and Mrs. Brown, his wife, real name unknown, W. J. Bowden, real name unknown, and Connecticut Life Insurance Company, a corporation, defendants, will take notice that on the 29th day of June, 1899, the county of Holt county, Nebraska, filed its petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against James M. Brown and Mrs. Brown, his wife, real name unknown, W. J. Bowden, real name unknown, Mrs. Bowden, his wife, real name unknown, and Connecticut General Life Insurance Co., a corporation, defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose the tax liens hereinafter described. In its first cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said first cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its second cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southwest quarter of section twenty-six (26) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said second cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its third cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of section thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said third cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 14th day of August, 1899.  
 Dated this 29th day of June, 1899.  
 THE COUNTY OF HOLT,  
 52-4

### Notice to Non-Resident Defendants.

Dilwyn Parrish, James Brown Potter, defendants, will take notice that on the 29th day of June, 1899, the county of Holt county, Nebraska, filed its petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against Dilwyn Parrish and James Brown Potter, trustees, defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose the tax liens hereinafter described. In its first cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of section thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said first cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

In its second cause of action stated in said petition the plaintiff seeks to foreclose a tax lien upon the southeast quarter of section thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska; that the taxes involved in said second cause of action are the taxes that were levied on said premises in the year 1897; that there is now due the plaintiff upon its tax lien the sum of \$12.92, for which sum with interest from this date on \$4.38 thereof, at ten per cent. per annum, the plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 14th day of August, 1899.  
 Dated this 29th day of June, 1899.  
 THE COUNTY OF HOLT,  
 52-4

### Contest Notice.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, O'Neill, Neb., July 6, 1899.  
 A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by John H. Simpson, Jr., contestant, against Edith M. Bowman, entry No. 2061, made August 1898, for the southeast quarter section thirty-three, township twenty-five, range eleven west, township thirty-three (33) north of range sixteen (16) west of the Sixth principal meridian in Holt county, Nebraska, in which it is alleged that Edith M. Bowman has failed to cultivate the trees planted on said tract the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth and ninth years of said entry; that there never was a fireguard around the trees planted the second and third years of said entry, and that they have all been destroyed by prairie fire and stock; that there are not now to exceed 500 small trees on said tract alive; that said entryman has not complied with the timber culture laws, and these facts now exist, said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence on 9th day of August, 1899, before the register and receiver at the United States Land Office at O'Neill, Nebraska, in a proper affidavit filed July 6, 1899, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.  
 S. J. WEEKES, Register.  
 1-4

Legal blanks at this office.

## The Nichols-Shepard Separator

The essential points in a Separator are capacity, thoroughness of separation, and simplicity and durability of construction. On each of these points the Nichols-Shepard Separator has great advantage over all other threshing machines. Any one of the nine sizes will thresh more and save more grain than the corresponding size of any other separator. The Nichols-Shepard Separator is as strongly, simply, yet perfectly made as a separator can be. The work of separation is done without the aid of pickers, raddles, forks, or other complicated parts that in other machines cause continual bother and expense by breaking or wearing out.

Write for large free catalog that pictures and explains every part of the Nichols-Shepard Separator and the Nichols-Shepard Traction Engine.

**NICHOLS & SHEPARD CO.,**  
 Battle Creek, Mich.

Branch House at  
**KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI,**  
 with full stock of machines and extra.

### QUEEN MURDERS ENGLISH.

Many Errors Made in Her Address to Parliament.

If Corbett were a live he could still criticize the English grammar of the speech prepared for the sovereign at the opening of parliament, says the London News. The queen adopts this speech at her council on the advice of her ministers and it is then given to parliament as "her own words." It is important to observe that the president of the council and the minister who last saw the queen at Osborne in reference to the speech read recently is also the head of the education department. Is there an inspector of schools under him who would pass a reference to expenditure which is beyond "former precedent"? A question in English grammar might be set in the schools from the following sentence: "A portion of the Afridi tribes have not yet accepted the terms offered to them, but elsewhere the operations have been brought to a successful close." In the reference to Crete we read: "The difficulty of arriving at an unanimous agreement upon some points has unduly protracted their deliberations (i. e., the deliberations of the powers), but I hope that these obstacles will before long be surmounted." What obstacles? As "the difficulty" is the subject in this sentence, "that obstacle" would appear to be the appropriate phrase. Observe also "an unanimous agreement." As in these days "unanimous" is not pronounced oonanimous but younanimous, "an" before the word is an abomination in speech and in writing but lamely defended, like certain rhymes, as satisfying to the eye although offending the ear. As for the literary style of the speech, it is not likely to be used as a model in the secondary schools.