

THE FRONTIER.

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O'NEILL, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA.

The Denver bicycle plant is to be removed to Aork.

Work in the building line is quite active in Nebraska City.

A TRAVELING photographer has been victimizing the people of Campbell.

The new flouring mill at Brainard is to be ready for business September 10.

VALLEY county has sent an exhibit of its products to some of the Illinois fairs.

The Valley creamery which has been shut down for a time will resume operations soon.

ONE man in North Platte boasts that so far this season he has killed 300 prairie chickens.

It is expected that work on the South Omaha beet sugar factory will begin in a short time.

G. H. DUNHAM of Schuyler last week received pension papers together with vouchers for back pay.

The accounts of the county officers of Dakota county are being investigated by an expert accountant.

LAURA CLARK of Lincoln suicided by taking strychnine. The only cause assigned is that she had quarreled with her sister.

A TELEGRAM was received at Hebron stating that Ira Sutton, formerly of that city, had been killed by the cars at Osceola, Iowa.

C. MARSHALL, of Arlington met with a bad runaway while visiting Fremont the other day. His injuries will lay him up for many days.

A horse stepped on the foot of Will Hayes' little daughter at Red Cloud, Tuesday, and smashed the member so badly as to necessitate amputation.

HENRY SWEDENEYER, a German farmer living two miles east of Humboldt, got caught in a hay rake, receiving injuries that resulted in his death.

SHERIFF HAHN of Polk County, went to Lincoln last week with Mrs. Minnie Quarts, whom he delivered to Superintendent Abbott at the asylum for the insane.

The York City national bank has assumed the assets and liabilities of the Nebraska national bank, which closed its doors about two months ago.

WILLIAM KEMPLE, living near Campbell, while making hay, accidentally allowed his five-year-old boy to get in front of the sickle bar. One leg was severed entirely above the ankle and the other leg badly cut.

The Otoe county fair promises to be the biggest and best ever held. The entries will be unusually large. The line of attractions is unrivaled, even by the state fair. Liberal premiums are offered. A big crowd is expected.

ANDY WILKINSON, the 13-year-old son of John Wilkinson, a prominent sheep raiser of Pine Bluffs, Wyo., was killed near Kimball, while raking hay. The horses became frightened and ran away, the wheel of the rake hitting the boy's head.

An attempt was made to rob Gaily & Neufus' safe at Elgin. Entrance was effected through the back window. The safe was ruined, but no money obtained. It is supposed the robbers were new at the business and were scared away.

The final test of the gold-bearing gravel on the Mutt farm north of Crete will soon be made. Thirty tons of the sand will be shipped to St. Louis, and if this "quantity test" results as well as the ton of dirt tested two weeks ago, active operations will commence at once.

SOME important changes have recently been made in the course of study at Doane college. The requirements for admission to college are now just the same as the university requirements, which will simplify the work of high school and academies in fitting pupils for either institution. The Doane academy will prepare students for college or university courses.

JOSEPH MASON, a small nurseryman about fifty-five years old, was found dead on his doorstep near Burr. Some children from the neighbors made the discovery. There was a mark on the forehead of the man and he lay with his face down on his arms. His shoes and stockings were lying beside him. There was money undisturbed in the house, so no foul play is believed.

A TELEGRAM has been received at Omaha from the chief of police of Washington, D. C., asking for information in regard to Thomas Varrick Hawkins, charged with the larceny of \$9,000 from a tax collector of that city. Hawkins is a yellow negro, wears glasses and is 33 years of age. We was supposed to be bound for the Klondike when he disappeared from Washington.

ALFRED E. MORRIS, residing near Valentine, has just contracted to deliver a bunch of 100, more or less, heavy steers at Wood Lake, September 20, at \$3.75 per hundredweight. A few years ago Alf Morris was an Omaha newspaper carrier. Leaving school and failing to find an opening to become a mechanic, he struck out for the country and gave three years to acquiring a practical knowledge of farming. Then he went west and on reaching 21 years of age took up government land, 480 acres in all. There he has stayed. He is now practically independent for life, though a young man. Stand up for Nebraska.

THE 9-year-old son of Isaac Sneed, who lives near the river bank north of Nebraska City, and another lad, were playing in a boat tied to the river bank. Each was pulling on an oar, when the Sneed boy's oar slipped and he fell out of the boat backwards and was drowned.

COUNTY TREASURER CRAB says that the people of Cherry county are paying their taxes more freely and rapidly than they have for some time past.

DEPUTY POSTMASTER T. S. ALLEN, who has been in the Lincoln office since the commencement of Postmaster Farley's term, a little over three years ago, has resigned.

HAS OTHER DESIGNS.

THE AMBITION OF JAPAN ENLARGING.

She Wants Now to Control the Nicaragua Canal—Negotiations Said to Be in Progress With the Greater Republic of Central America—Duty of the United States.

Japan's Latest Dickering.

New York, Sept. 3.—A special to the Herald from Washington, says: "Japan, not content with interference with President McKinley's Hawaiian annexation policy, now has designs upon the Nicaraguan canal. According to semi-official advices just received here from Nicaragua, the Japanese government is secretly negotiating with the Diet of the Greater Republic of Central America, which recently met in San Salvador, for the construction of the Nicaraguan canal, independent and in defiance of the interests and influence of the United States or other nations."

"This action of Japan, taken in connection with her recent attitude in regard to Hawaiian annexation, is of the greatest significance, showing, as it does, to the authorities that there is no limit to the ambition of the nation, and her aggressive policy may yet get her into trouble with the United States. That the Administration will resist any interference with the Nicaraguan canal project, as it did in the case of the Hawaiian annexation treaty, goes without saying."

JAPAN'S SECRET DICKERING.

"If Japan can encompass it, according to the Nicaraguan advices received here, she would like to obtain the abrogation of all treaty rights possessed by the United States in relation to inter-oceanic transit and the forfeiture of the American canal concessions from Nicaragua, and to immediately make a treaty with the Diet of the Greater Republic of Central America, giving her control of the canal route through Nicaragua. In the negotiations Costa Rica has not been consulted, it being well known that she would not assent to a violation of treaty rights."

"It has been suspected in some quarters that England, which has always been anxious to acquire at least a joint control of the canal, might be working in collusion with Japan in the 'dickering' with the Diet now understood to be in progress, but nothing has yet come to the surface to indicate that she has encouraged Japan in the move. It is said that the agent of the Nicaragua canal here has laid the facts before Mr. Hitchcock, the president of the canal company, in New York, with the suggestion that the State department be apprised of the secret negotiations that are now being carried on between Japan and the Diet. Senor Zelaya, the president of Nicaragua, it is understood, has admitted to close personal friends that Japan is negotiating with the Diet, but in each case he advised the strictest secrecy."

IS NICARAGUA PLAYING FALSE?

"A private letter just received in this city from Nicaragua says: 'Among Americans in Central America the belief is general that the Greater Republic of Central America, which is represented in its diplomatic affairs by a Diet composed of three members (one each from Nicaragua, Salvador and Honduras) was organized principally in order that Nicaragua might absorb herself from individual responsibility as a nation, and thereby abrogate her inter-oceanic transit treaty with the United States. The so-called Greater Republic, resenting the failure of the United States to recognize the Greater Republic (on receiving Senor Rodriguez as minister) and its failing to accredit a United States minister to the Greater Republic, is likely to try and make a treaty with Japan, granting her concessions for the construction of the canal. The United States minister here believes that when this news reaches Washington the State department will send a note to Japan asking if she is seeking to interfere with our treaty rights in the premises. The Americans in Nicaragua believe that the United States government will insist that her inter-oceanic treaties with Nicaragua, Costa Rica, Honduras and Columbia are yet in force, although the Diet claims that Nicaragua and Honduras are no longer separate and individual nations, and are therefore irresponsible.'"

To Stop Union Pacific Sale.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 3.—W. H. Sears, private secretary to Senator W. A. Harris, who is here, says the senator will probably be here to-morrow. He is anxious to stop the sale of the Union Pacific. Under the order of sale, as it now stands, the government will lose \$18,000,000. He has telegraphed to Senator Foraker, who may also come West on this business.

Mrs. Lease to Dig Gold.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—Mrs. Mary E. Lease, who was in the city to-day, announced that in the spring it was possible that she would go to Alaska to hunt for gold. She says she has an attack of the Klondike fever, and has it bad.

Bad Bank Assets Sell for Little.

SEDALIA, Mo., Sept. 3.—Receiver W. A. Latimer of the defunct First National bank has disposed of a miscellaneous assortment of the bank's assets, consisting of notes, overdrafts and judgments amounting to \$150,000, for \$35 at auction.

An Indiana Bank Collapses.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The comptroller of the currency was advised to-day of the failure of the First National bank of Greensburg, Ind. It had a capital stock of \$100,000 and July 25 the deposits were \$84,000.

KLONDIKE A LOTTERY.

Thousands Find Nothing—About 200 Out of 4,000 Have Made Strikes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—A letter dated Dawson City, July 26, from Charles Haines, a well-known newspaper writer, was received here yesterday. It is the first letter written by a trained newspaper man to come out of the Klondike gold regions. He says:

About me are scores of men who can weigh their gold by the bucketful, and who value their claims at millions. Four hundred valuable diggings are stretched along the creeks and in every diggings there is a fabulous mine of gold, yet there are weary men who have gone and returned to Dawson after searching the great country hereabouts, and never a nugget do they show for their toil, their long tramp over the broken ground into a country whose disadvantages are exceeded by no other place on earth. This Alaska Northwest territory is an odd prize drawing proposition that I can liken to nothing that admits of a better comparison than a lottery. A number of spots are selected on the creeks and rivers and for one year the miner labors. The year closes, the water runs, and the season's output barely pays expenses. Not two miles away from the unfortunate one works a man who has taken from an uninviting bit of earth a sackful of gold. The lucky one did not strike the pocket because of his ability as a miner; chance favored him, and that was all. In short, the miner guesses at it and locates any and everywhere. In nineteen cases out of twenty he misses it, and has to wait another year for a new trial. Dawson is merely a collection of log huts, saloons and a mass of tents, about 600 in number. When the long nights come and the glass goes down to 65 degrees below zero, there will be intense suffering here, and I shudder to think of the results."

IN BED FOR 21 YEARS.

Case of Joseph M. Lilly, a Missouri Farmer, Recalled by His Death. CHILICOTHE, Mo., Sept. 3.—Joseph M. Lilly, a wealthy farmer of Jackson township, died last night, aged about 64 years. He retired, after a hearty supper, at 9 o'clock. An hour later his wife found him dead. In 1868 Mr. Lilly told his friends that he had heart disease, and in the autumn of that year took to his bed and lay prone there for twenty-one years, telling his physician and friends that if he raised his head or chest above a slight angle he would instantly expire. Nothing could expel this idea from his mind, and his family had to make the best of the situation. His general health was good, but it was not until late in 1889 that he could be induced to get up. Once during that time his dwelling caught fire, but he refused to move and was carried out on his cot. At last he announced that he had worn out his ailment, and ventured to get out of bed, and was assisted to walk across the room. Since then he had been up most of the time managing his business affairs, for he was a shrewd business man, and grew rich even while lying in bed.

RESIDENT AT A REUNION.

Mr. McKinley Meets With His Old Regiment at Fremont, O.

FREMONT, Ohio, Sept. 3.—The reunion of the survivors of the Twenty-third regiment of Ohio Volunteers infantry was held here to-day and President McKinley, who was a member of this regiment, and other notable survivors, were present. The sunrise salute was followed at 10 o'clock by the presidential salute, and from that time on the soldiers were enjoying themselves. Twenty years ago the regiment held its reunion here and the corner stone of the city hall was laid upon the site of Fort Stevens. The late President Hayes presided and President McKinley was orator of the day. The attendance to-day is greater than on that occasion. At noon there was a grand parade and at 2 o'clock the exercises began in Spiegel grove, which adjoins the Hayes mansion.

Died to Save His Home.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 3.—Gustave Oritoff, one of the best known Germans of Kansas City, committed suicide at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon in his home at 2454 Tracy avenue, by shooting himself through the temple with a revolver. Ill health and financial losses caused him to kill himself. A mortgage on his home falls due to-day and the only way he saw to meet it was to kill himself that his life insurance might be used.

Monthly National Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—The monthly statement of the public debt, issued at the Treasury department, shows the debt less cash in the Treasury to be \$1,008,335,121, which is an increase for the month of \$44,858,475. The increase is accounted for by a corresponding decrease in the amount of cash on hand.

Daughter of a President Weds.

FREMONT, Ohio, Sept. 3.—Ensign Harry Eaton Smith and Miss Fannie Hayes were married at 7:30 last evening and at 9:35 took the train for the East by way of Toledo. The bridegroom is an officer of the United States navy, the bride a daughter of ex-President R. B. Hayes. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. W. Washford, president of the Ohio Wesleyan university, assisted by Rev. A. M. Hyde, pastor of the First Congregational church of Toledo. Richard A. Hayes, her brother, gave away the bride.

THE HAWAII TREATY

THE ANNEXATION MATTER TO BE RUSHED.

Extra Session of the Hawaiian Legislature Called for September 6th to Ratify the Treaty—McKinley to Call Congress Together Two Months Earlier.

Hawaii for Annexation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—The steamer Australia, which arrived from Honolulu to-day, reported that Francis M. Hatch, minister to Washington, arrived August 20 with special information which will require the attention of both government and senate. A notice has already been issued to the members of the latter body calling upon them to meet in extra session September 6 to ratify the annexation treaty recently signed in Washington, and, as a majority of the members favor annexation, the matter will be rushed through.

A Senator is authority for the statement that Minister Hatch brought word from President McKinley that he had resolved to call Congress two months earlier than usual for the purpose of disposing of the treaty before the regular session, and this theory appears to find favor with other Senators.

Another matter to be considered by the Hawaiian Senate is that of rendering assistance to the executive in unraveling the Japanese muddle, as it is said that Japan's acceptance of the offer of arbitration is so vague that the President and his cabinet are in a quandary. There are rumors of a split in the cabinet over the question, and it is said that the intervention of the Senate is required to prevent an open rupture.

The Hawaiian Star declared that a call had been issued for a mammoth demonstration September 14 against closer political union with the United States. Senators Morgan and Quay are expected to arrive from the United States that day, and the object of the anti-annexationists is to impress them with the feeling upon the question.

The United States ship Bennington arrived from San Diego August 24 after a run of nine days.

MR. VEST EXPLAINS.

Writes a Letter in Reply to that of Comptroller Eckels.

SEDALIA, Mo., Sept. 2.—United States Senator George G. Vest has addressed the following letter, under date of August 26, to Congressman James Cooney, of the Seventh Missouri district, in reply to the recent letter from James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, stating that Senator Vest had requested that the proposed examination of the Sedalia First National bank, in March or April of 1894, be deferred until certain of the bank's assets could be realized upon. The letter is as follows:

"In March, or April, 1894, Messrs. Cyrus Markirk, president of the bank, and J. C. Thompson, the cashier, wrote me that an examination of the bank was about to be made before the time fixed by the established rule of the comptroller, and that, on account of a false report put in circulation by some one that the institution had failed, and the additional fact that, on account of the stringency prevailing, they were unable to collect, there was danger of a run on the bank if an examination was made before the regular time. They stated that they would realize a large sum from the assets of the bank in a few days, and that the institution was entirely solvent. They requested me to lay these facts before the comptroller of the currency.

"Believing them to be honest men, and that their statements were true, I went to the treasury department and placed their communication before the comptroller or his deputy. I do not now remember which. I made no request, but simply said the failure of the bank would be a great calamity to Central Missouri, and that I hoped it could be prevented; that I knew nothing personally about the matter and had no connection nor interest with nor in the bank or its officers.

"I never had any dealings with the bank, and was active in organizing the Citizens' National bank of Sedalia, against the persistent opposition of the First National. While Mr. Thompson was connected with my family by marriage, we were never friends nor in any way connected in business. My conduct in this transaction was dictated by a sense of public duty, and I would have done the same thing for any constituent. I have no apology to make, and hope there will be the fullest investigation.

A Legislator's Hard Luck.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Sept. 3.—Thomas Doyle, member of the legislature from the Perry district, attempted to ride from this city to Perry on a freight train, and was forcibly ejected from the train, being seriously injured from the fall. He was rendered unconscious for a time and when he rallied mistook a policeman for the conductor who had ejected him, and made a vigorous assault on the officer, who was compelled to knock him down twice in self-defense.

The Cashier Gone and the Vault Empty.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 3.—Last Saturday Fred McConnell, cashier of the Ambia bank, left Ambia with his wife, saying he was going to visit relatives; but he drove to Hoopesville, Ill., and boarded a train. By Monday night depositors had become uneasy, so they had McConnell's assistant, Miss Blanch Moore, who had just returned from a month's vacation, open the vault. It was empty. Efforts to find McConnell have thus far been unsuccessful. The capital stock is \$25,000 and the assets \$36,000, and about \$4,000 is gone.

DEBS' SPEECH.

It Took the St. Louis Labor Conference by Storm—Radical Sentiments.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 2.—The conference of labor leaders of the country finished its work last evening. The meeting was productive of several sensational speeches and many resolutions, yet no decisive action was taken in the principal matter for which the gathering was summoned—the abolishment of "government by injunction."

The convention, which had been announced as the last one of its kind to be held, while adjourning sine die, has merely postponed action on the matters before it for three weeks, as a call for a similar conference, to be held in Chicago, Monday, September 27, was issued.

Mr. Debs and Social Democracy dominated the convention, and the famous leader carried the gathering off its feet in one of his characteristic speeches. He said in part:

"Never in my life have I been more hopeful than now. I am not gifted with great visionary powers, but I can see the beginning of the end. (Cheers.) This meeting is an inspiration. It will lead to great results. This movement has attained tremendous impetus and will go ahead with a rush. When the people are ready, and that day is not far off, my friends, there will be a spontaneous uprising, the supreme court will be abolished, congress dispersed and the sacred rights of American citizens and American freedmen will be enthroned. (Great applause.)

"I plead guilty to the charge of being radical. I only wish you would allow me to be more radical still. Support us, gentlemen of the convention, and I promise you we will support the attempt to abolish government by injunction and the judges who issue them.

"On bearing arms: I hope in this march of common intelligence we will reach a point where we will be able to settle these questions without appealing to the sword or bullet. I can not tell. Certain it is there are thousands of our fellow-citizens suffering, and certain it is this can not last. The time will come to incite the populace. When that time comes you can depend on me. (Cheers.) I will not stand in the rear and ask you to go ahead. I will be in front and say to you, 'Come on.' (Renewed cheering.)

"I shrink from that bloodshed, and Mr. Debs paused impressively, 'but if this is necessary to preserve liberty and our rights—in that event I will shed the last drop of my blood that courses through my veins. (Outbreak of cheering.)

"The people are ripe for a great change. All they lack is direction and leadership. Let this conference supply it. Let this conference set the pace. Announce to the world that it will temporarily adjourn for three weeks to renew preparations. Ask every man to pledge himself to be there; come if you have to walk; no man has a right to plead poverty."

Mr. Debs went over the conditions existing in Pennsylvania, and when he finished with that state took up West Virginia. West Virginia, he said, had more government to the square inch than any state in the union, and that meant less liberty. The less government, the more liberty—the only perfect government was no government at all. In conclusion, Mr. Debs said: "My friends, assert yourselves; enforce your cause. Let every man who can be as good as his word stand erect."

MARRIED A CHINAMAN.

The Mott Street Mission Furnishes Another Bride to a Celestial.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Clad in conventional American garments and with his long jet black queue coiled up under his hat, a full blooded Chinaman was made the husband of a sweet faced American girl at the city hall yesterday. Alderman Frederick A. Ware read the marriage lines. John A. Taylor is the Americanized name of the bridegroom. The bride is Carol B. Dinamore, 22 years of age. The young woman did the talking because her prospective husband was a stranger to the language.

Taylor met Miss Dinamore some months ago in a Mott street mission, where he was first taught by the girl and where later he became an instructor. An attachment sprang up between the two and their engagement followed. When asked if there was any objection to their being married, Miss Dinamore said both were of age. The couple will go to Oakland, Cal., the home of the bridegroom's father, for their wedding trip.

BRUTALITY AT A COLLEGE.

A University of California Freshman Disfigured for Life in a "Rush."

BERKELEY, Cal., Sept. 2.—Half dazed, his jaw broken, his face a bleeding mass, Benjamin Kurtz, a newly entered freshman of the university of California, was found wandering about the campus Monday night after the rush between the two lower classes. In the struggle some one put his heel on Kurtz's face and as a result he is disfigured for life and may have sustained an injury of the brain.

There were two other serious casualties. Frank Marshal, freshman, had his right leg broken just above the ankle. Conlon, another freshman, came out of the combat with a broken leg.

As a result President Kellogg has issued strict orders forbidding future "rushes."

No Negroes for Elwood, Ind.

ELWOOD, Ind., Sept. 2.—All of the negroes living here have been warned to leave before the last of this week. On numerous occasions during the past twelve years colored people have made efforts to establish permanent homes here, but they have invariably been driven away. Two months ago a colony of fifty negroes came here and expressed a determination to brave all dangers and make Elwood their home. A number secured employment and then warnings began to be served on them. A few of them departed but others remained.

Over 6,000 Ballots Cast.

WINFIELD, Iowa, Sept. 3.—In the Tenth district Republican convention yesterday Colonel D. J. Palmer was chosen by acclamation for state senator on motion of W. F. Kopp, his opponent from Henry county. The end was reached after 6,021 ballots had been taken, each resulting in a tie.

Education for Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 3.—A special commission will meet shortly to discuss the introduction of universal and compulsory education in Russia.

Falls For Three Millions.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—Private advices have been received here to the effect that Enrique Mathus, the well-known banker and promoter of several gigantic schemes in Central America, has failed for over \$3,000,000. His principal creditors are said to be Europeans, but a San Francisco firm is said to be a sufferer to the extent of \$180,000. While Mathus' assets are estimated at \$2,500,000, they consist for the most part of property in the vicinity of Guatemala, which cannot be disposed of for half its assessed valuation.

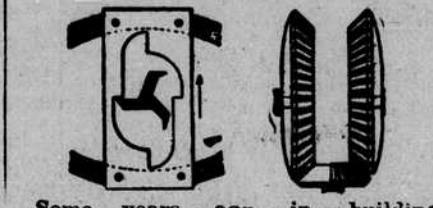
Gate Blows Over Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 3.—For an hour yesterday afternoon a storm of unusual violence raged in this city. Buildings were blown down, trees uprooted and vehicles were turned over in the streets. Heavy wagons were blown across the streets, and in one instance a transfer wagon was blown through a window into a clothing store.

Do Not Want Jerry.

HARPER, Kan., Sept. 3.—Jerry Simpson, Congressman from this district, will not be permitted to address the Populist county convention at Anthony September 4. The Populist county central committee, by a vote of 12 to 8, has refused to extend him an invitation as an expression of disapproval and displeasure at what the members call party treachery.

Patent Pointers.



Some years ago, in building an envelope-making machine, an inventor found that he needed a shaft that would revolve slowly at first and then increase in speed, and then suddenly go slow again. After much experimenting, the now well known scroll gear was evolved, as shown above. A simple escapement movement at the lower end of a pendulum is also shown, which is provided with two shoulders, upon which the three arms fall in rotation. Where a patent for mere improvements was granted during the pendency of an earlier application for the broad invention, the United States court recently held, that a patent subsequently granted on the earlier application is not invalid, though the elements covered by its claims were shown and described but not claimed in the earlier patent. For free information in relation to patents, address Sues & Co., Patent Experts, Bee Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

Iowa Patent Office Report.

Patents have been allowed but not issued as follows: To R. Thompson, of Fertile, Minn., late of Colesburg, Ia. for an oil can and support adjustably connected so the can can be retained at any elevation desired relative to a lamp, as required to allow oil to flow from the can into the lamp. To E. A. Hoopes, of Des Moines, for an ornamental head for stringed instruments in which all the gearing devices for adjusting the pins are contained and concealed and mechanism for regulating the tension of the strings. To E. C. and J. O. Smith, of Newton, Iowa, for a mill for cutting grain in place of crushing and grinding it.

Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address. Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any United States patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents. Our practice is not confined to Iowa. Inventors in other states can have our services upon the same terms as Hawkeyes.

THOS. G. AND J. RALPH ORWIG, Solicitors of Patents. Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 1, 1897.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKET.

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

Table with multiple columns listing market prices for various commodities like Butter, Eggs, Hogs, etc. across different locations like OMAHA, CHICAGO, NEW YORK, and KANSAS CITY.