

THE FRONTIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY THE FRONTIER PRINTING CO.

O'NEILL, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA.

A new religious sect has developed in Sarpy county. They call themselves 'Sigs'.

PENDER had a fire last week, and the fine opera building came near being wiped out.

G. W. E. DORSEY is said to be making a great deal of money from his gold mine in Utah.

THE Omaha police can find no trace of the man who stabbed and robbed J. A. Creighton.

WAYNE CHAPMAN, a Broken Bow boy, got his foot in a lawn mower and was painfully injured.

L. F. DEGETTE, an old and prominent citizen of Nebraska City, died last week at Forest Lake, Minn.

The sixth annual reunion of the Dodge County Veterans' association will be held at Scribner, August 12.

On July 15 the State Bank of O'Neill notified its depositors to call for their deposits, as it intended to go out of business.

A UNITED STATES geological survey party is at work near Chappell. They expect to be in camp for about three or four weeks.

THE Ponca coal mine has been purchased by the captain bold of a Missouri river steamboat and will be worked on a large scale.

A RATE of one fare for the round trip from all Nebraska points has been authorized for Lincoln for the Grand Army of the Republic reunion, September 14 to 18.

FRANK SWANDA, a seventeen-year old Bohemian boy living three miles southwest of Humboldt, was overcome by heat while threshing, since which time he has been a raving maniac.

THE old settlers that left Brown county are coming back as fast as they can raise the means to return, and say that when a man leaves Brown county and Nebraska he makes the worst mistake of his life.

LAWRENCE H. LEE, the 22-year old son of C. H. Lee, was drowned in the North Fork of the Elkhorn river at Norfolk. The young man graduated at Doane college this year and had but recently returned home.

NEAR Atlanta, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Scott, about a year old, accidentally fell into a half barrel of water. By the time the child was discovered life was so far gone that resuscitation was impossible.

H. C. HEATH, a teamster at Grand Island, was thrown from a high wagon, a distance of thirty feet and against the curb. His breast bone and two ribs were broken and his neck injured. He is in a serious condition.

THE seventh annual Ancient Order of United Workmen picnic, of Butler county will be held at Rising City, Wednesday, August 11. Sixteen lodges will be represented and a large crowd from adjoining counties will be in attendance.

A NEW fair association has been organized under the name of the Dawson County Fair association, the object being to promote the agricultural interests of the county as well as hold fairs. The capital stock is fixed at five thousand dollars.

MARK HOFFMAN, the 16-year old son of Councilman John Hoffman, was brought to West Point from a farm he was working on in an insane condition. He has an idea that people want to poison him and refuses therefore to eat anything.

ALL the railroads in the state have agreed on a rate of one and one-third regular fare for the round trip for the picnic of the Modern Woodmen at Wahoo on August 13. The rate will apply from Omaha and from points within fifty miles of Wahoo.

HENRY DURST, a prominent farmer of Merrick county, was killed while stacking grain. In some manner he slipped and fell from the wagon, scaring the team, which ran away. One of the wheels passed over his neck, killing him instantly.

THE Loup Valley Veteran's association will hold its first annual encampment at the grove of E. Stewart, near North Loup, lasting for three days, August 10, 11 and 12. All old veterans are invited to be present and to have their families with them.

JOHN HOWARD, an old citizen of Fairmont, met with a painful and possibly fatal accident. He was standing on a ladder six feet from the ground, when his support gave way and he fell to the ground. He struck on a stake about three inches wide and one inch thick.

KNODDYKE has been the subject of conversation on the streets of Nebraska City. The famous Eldorado has been marked out on the maps of Alaska, and several moneyed men have manifested much interest in the matter. Several of the old '49ers' still live in that city, and it is highly probable that a company may be organized and start from that part of Nebraska.

THE deputy United States marshal went to Niobrara the other day and took another batch of bootleggers before the United States commissioner at Norfolk. He promises to return and take with him others on a second offense, which the law doubles up in fine and imprisonment. No cases have yet come up before Judge Munger under the new law, and considerable speculation is indulged in as to what disposition he will make of them.

A YOUNG man by the name of Fred Burwood was struck by lightning in a field near Wood River and instantly killed.

A MEETING of the Southwestern Nebraska Editorial association has been called for August 9 on the Chautauque grounds at Salem.

THE Dawson county fair will be held September 14 to 17, inclusive, and it promises to be the best yet given.

JOHN W. BARGER, the 17-year old son of Wm. H. Barger, a farmer who lives about twelve miles northwest of McCook, was instantly killed by a stroke of lightning. The same bolt shocked two other sons.

POINTERS ON ALASKA.

GEN. DUFFIELD GIVES OUT A FEW OF THEM.

Small Water Courses Likely to Be Even Richer than the Klondyke for Scientific Reasons—Canada's Recent Encroachments on the Border of the Territory.

The Alaska Boundary Line.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Nothing more can be done toward marking the boundary line between Alaska and the British possessions along the 141st meridian until the Senate shall pass upon the boundary treaty now before it. There is, however, no doubt of the location of the line along this meridian and most people in the locality know where it is. The demarcation work was superintended by General Duffield, in charge of the coast and geodetic survey on behalf of the United States.

General Duffield has spent considerable time in Alaska. He expresses the opinion that a railroad can easily be constructed from Taku inlet to the Klondyke gold fields and believes the enterprise well worth undertaking. "The gold," said he in discussing the question, "has been ground out of the quartz by the pressure of the glaciers which lie and move along the courses of the streams, exerting a tremendous pressure. This force is present to some appreciable extent in Alaska than elsewhere and I believe that as a consequence more placer gold will be found in that region than in any other part of the world."

General Duffield thinks the gold hunters upon the American side have made the mistake of prospecting the large streams instead of the small ones. "When gold is precipitated," he said, "it sinks. It does not float far down stream. It is, therefore, to be looked for along the small creeks and about the head waters of the larger tributaries of the Yukon. There is no reason why as rich finds may not be made on the American side of the line as in the Klondyke district."

CANADA'S AGGRESSION.

General Duffield says that on all maps from 1825 to 1884 the Alaska-British Columbia boundary line was shown as, in general terms, parallel to the winding of the coast and thirty-five miles from it, but that in 1884 an official Canadian map showed a marked deflection on this line at its south end. Since that time the dispute as to the true line from Mount St. Elias to the southeast has continued. By this deflection a piece of territory about the size of the state of Connecticut was included in British possessions. Later official Canadian maps continue to make like deflections, with like absorption of American territory until the very latest map, published at Ottawa only a few days ago, while it runs no line at all southeast of Alaska, uses the words "British Columbia" over portions of the Lynn canal, the northernmost extension of the Alexander archipelago, which turns north of Juneau and is the land outlet for the Yukon trade. These positions of the Lynn canal are now administered by the United States. A report of the United States surveyor employed in this boundary line, made recently, says: "In substance, these determinations throw the diggings at the mouth of Forty Mile creek within the territory of the United States. The whole valley of the Birch creek, another most valuable gold producing part of the country is also in the United States. Most of the gold is to the west of the crossing of the 141st meridian at Forty Mile creek. If we produce the 141st meridian on a chart the mouth of Miller's creek, a tributary of Sixty Mile creek and a valuable gold region, is five miles west in an air line or seven miles according to the winding of the stream, all within the territory of the United States. In substance, the only places in the Yukon region where gold in quantities has been found are, therefore, all to the west of the boundary line between Canada and the United States."

Great Britain Will Consent.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Official information just received in Washington indicates that Great Britain will consent to join in an international monetary conference to be held in this city next winter. This report comes through official channels, and gives much satisfaction to those who hope an international agreement is possible.

High Hats and Frock Coats.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The crusade against the frock coat and stovepipe hat for summer gatherings like the Goodwood races has received a setback. This year the Prince of Wales and the men of his party, instead of appearing in low crowned hats and sack coats as they did last year, all wore black frock coats and high hats.

Deadly Floods in the Crimea.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A special dispatch from St. Petersburg says that the Novosti estimates that at least 150 persons have perished in the recent floods at Kerch, in the Crimea.

Speedy Texas Justice.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Aug. 2.—Maximo Martinez was hanged at Floresville, in the Wilson county jail, yesterday afternoon, for a triple murder, committed June 6, last. He killed Jesus Carillo and wife, and Juanita Acosta, 18 years old, whom he first ravished.

Vandivert Will Leave Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 2.—Judge Samuel Vandivert will leave Kansas, where he has been quite a noted and conspicuous figure for fifteen years. He will go to New York.

AS TO SAMOA.

McKinley Will Not Pursue the Course Cleveland.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington says: "There is reason to believe that the McKinley administration will not pursue the policy urged by Mr. Cleveland in the matter of the abandonment of the rights of this government in Samoa. In discussing the Samoan question a few days before his departure the president said that the annexation of Hawaii by the United States and the proposed construction of the Nicaragua canal under control of the United States government had placed a value on Samoa which the country could ill afford to lose. Its location is such that it is directly between Australia and Nicaragua, and its value as a way station for vessels proceeding to Australia from Honolulu or from the proposed Nicaragua canal will be great. For these reasons President McKinley will not attempt to carry out the policy favored by Mr. Cleveland, looking to the abrogation of the treaty between Great Britain, Germany and the United States of 1889, which gave the signatory powers equal rights of government of Samoa."

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Bradstreet's Reports An Encouraging Outlook for the Farmer.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Bradstreet's says: "The unexpectedly early fall demand for staple merchandise has commenced and, although not conspicuous at some of the larger Eastern cities, which it is approaching, is notably so at points in the Mississippi and Missouri valleys, in the larger wheat growing states. A special investigation by Bradstreet's this week shows that increased purchases by country merchants in the region specified based on the prospectively large wheat crop at home in the face of short wheat crops abroad has increased business with Western jobbers from 10 to 15 per cent, compared with fall trade at a like period last year. The total volume of this new business is not large, but it is unusual in this, the dull month of the year, and it is growing. The most favorable feature of trade is its slow, conservative, steady expansion, it being based on the increased wants and larger consumptive capacity of the agricultural community, for whom the prospect is brighter than it has been before for six years."

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade:

"The most important event since the passage of the new tariff, which was generally anticipated a week ago, has been the marked increase in foreign demand and advance in price for wheat. The latter has risen 4 1/2c during the week.

"The fact that corn exports exceed last year's, although the price has advanced to 32.87 cents, is further proof that foreign demands are substantial. With crop news still favorable, producers may probably realize something like \$80,000,000 more than last year on wheat, which means a great difference in purchases by agricultural states. Corn also advanced 1.25 cents and cotton a sixteenth, though reports as to yield are good."

To Klondyke on a Wheel.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—One of the most novel of the many schemes to obtain a share of the wealth of the Klondyke region has been developed by a syndicate of four wealthy New Yorkers, who are planning to establish trading posts and stores in the mining camps and also to purchase all promising claims on the market. They will transport their men and supplies to the gold fields on a bicycle specially designed for the purpose.

Rustler War in Prospect.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 2.—A force of cowboys belonging to the Ogallala and C. Y. roundups, started from Casper this afternoon for the Hole-in-the-Wall, accompanied by a number of sheriff's and other police officers. They are prepared to take all the cattle belonging to their employers out of the region infected by the rustlers. A party of citizens, well armed and mounted, accompanied the party.

Salisbury Urges the Sultan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 2.—It is reported here that Lord Salisbury, the British prime minister, has telegraphed urging the immediate withdrawal of Edhem Pasha, the commander-in-chief of the Turkish forces, from Thessaly. The Turks are very angry and accuse the British government of trying to jockey them out of Thessaly without compensation being made.

Millionaire Hobart Seriously Ill.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 2.—News has just reached this city of the serious illness of Walter S. Hobart, the young millionaire race horse owner. He is confined to his bed at his home in San Mateo from appendicitis. His condition has given rise to serious apprehension.

Portuguese Defeat Africans.

LISBON, Aug. 2.—An official dispatch from Lorenzo Marquez says the government troops have defeated the rebellious natives in an important engagement in Gazaland. The natives lost 300 men.

Great Britain's Probable Contribution to the Cause of Bimetallism.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The forthcoming issue of the National Review will contain a long article upon the success of the American bimetallic commission. The article says: "It is now generally recognized by all except contraries that Great Britain's chief contribution will be the reopening of the Indian mints, which all who appreciate the question must regard as a splendid subscription to the common pool."

THE UNION PACIFIC.

TIME OF THE SALE PROBABLY OCTOBER.

Generally Understood the Reorganization Committee Will Be Bidders for the System, and that S. H. Clark Will Still Remain at the Helm.

Affairs of the Union Pacific.

Omaha dispatch: Oliver W. Mink, vice-president and receiver of the Union Pacific, came in this morning from Boston and E. Ellery Anderson, receiver, will come tomorrow. General Solicitor Kelly and H. B. Taylor, private secretary to Master-in-Chancery Cornish also returned this morning from an eight weeks' stay in New York and Boston, and Judge Cornish will arrive tomorrow. Mr. Mink and Mr. Anderson, accompanied by General Manager Dickinson and other officials, will leave in a few days for a tour of inspection of the system.

The testimony in the foreclosure proceedings of the Union Pacific is in each of the seven cases affecting the road and the receivership. It is generally understood that the sale of the property will take place the first week in October, so that before Jan. 1 the new company will assume charge of the road.

In all probability Judge Sanborn will appoint Judge Cornish as the master to make the sale not only of the Union Pacific proper, but of the Kansas Pacific, being the lines in Kansas from Kansas City to Denver, and of the Denver Pacific, being the line between Denver and Cheyenne.

The seven cases in which testimony has been completed take in the different mortgaged divisions. Judge Cornish has heard all this testimony and will make report to Judge Sanborn, who will make the order of sale setting the date. The sale must be held where the property is and it is believed that Omaha will be the place for the sale of the main line, while Denver will probably be the point for the sale of the other roads.

Mr. Mink was asked if there was any truth in the telegraphic statement that Mr. Clark would resign the presidency of the Union Pacific and that he himself would be elected. He denied that there was any truth in the statement and said that Mr. Clark was rapidly improving and that he would take the helm of the new company. That was what was wanted by the prospective company and what was considered best for the property.

It is generally understood that the reorganization committee will be bidders for the Union Pacific property when put up for sale. The committee now has the bulk of the first mortgage bonds and it is believed there will be no opposition to the committee in purchasing the bonds.

Kills Him in Twelve Hours.

Wahoo dispatch: Erick Larson, a farmer living seven miles northwest of this place, committed suicide yesterday by taking Paris green. The poison is thought to have been taken in the forenoon and he died last night at 11 o'clock. Larson was thought to be unbalanced from an accident which happened him some three years ago. He was also a heavy drinker and this is supposed to have underlain the cause of his suicide. After taking the poison Larson secreted himself until the evening, when he came from his hiding place and told his wife what he had. She sent for a physician, but he arrived too late to save the man. He was 52 years old and leaves a wife and two children.

New Cattle Disease Appears.

The disease of the eye which has been prevalent among cattle in other states and in parts of Nebraska, has made its appearance in this vicinity, says a Norfolk dispatch. D. White, who lives a mile southeast of the Junction, has discovered its presence in his herd. One of his animals is entirely blind and others seem to be suffering from the first stages of the disease. A veterinary surgeon who is treating Mr. White's cattle has been very successful in coping with the disease thus far. It is said that the first indication of its presence is when an animal's eye commences to run, and if a stop is not put to its progress this eye will be entirely eaten out.

Another "Healer" Holding Forth.

A divine healer, somewhat of the Schlatter order, is holding nightly meetings at Tecumseh. The gentleman gives his name as Philip Langdon and says his home is at Indianola, Ia. He says he is an agent of God and can cure all the sick and afflicted of the city if they will but come to him and accept the divine teachings he will offer them.

Morton Builds an Opera House.

EX-Secretary J. Sterling Morton has commenced the erection of a \$25,000 opera house in Nebraska City. Plans have been drawn and approved for a handsome, commodious structure, entirely modern in every detail, and which, when completed, will be one of the most finely appointed playhouses in the state.

Lincoln & Yukon Mining Company.

Evidence that the gold fever has struck Lincoln is on file in the office of the secretary of state in the form of Articles of incorporation of the Lincoln and Yukon Gold Mining company. The authorized capital stock of the concern is placed at \$100,000 and the principal place of business is to be Lincoln, of which city the incorporators are residents.

H. J. Billerbeck, an implement dealer of Osmund, has sold twenty-three binders this season.

State Building Plans Invited.

The Nebraska exposition commission has decided to ask the architects of the state to submit plans for a state building at the next meeting of the commission, which will be held the second Tuesday in August. Members of the commission say the building must be a credit to the state, must harmonize with the other buildings of the exposition and must not cost over \$16,000, including architects' fees, and everything to complete the building ready for occupancy.

Pierce county has 1,500 male and 2,343 female children of school age.

STOCKMEN WIN.

Discrimination Through Use of Cars of Different Sizes is Wiped Out.

A change on the part of the western railroads in their mode of fixing rates on the shipment of live stock, for which change the stockyards here and at other important centers and the stockmen of the trans-Missouri country have been pleading for several years is about to be made, says the Omaha Bee. There will be an abolition of the present practice of charging the shipment of live stock at so many dollars per carload and a conversion to the more desirable custom of making rates at so many cents per 100 pounds of live stock shipped.

Directly, this is the result of a conference of freight men of western railroads, which has been quietly held at Kansas City during the past two days. Indirectly, it is the result of a long series of meetings and innumerable conferences with stockmen. There was a meeting in Denver last week, which was attended by freight officials of all the Omaha and other western roads. No conclusion as to the proposition was reached and the proceedings were kept extremely quiet.

The Kansas City meeting adjourned Tuesday and the Omaha officials in attendance reached home yesterday. They state that the exact basis upon which live stock shipments in the trans-Missouri country will hereafter be made has not yet been agreed upon. There are three basis under consideration and at another conference of the freight men one of these will be agreed upon. It is settled, however, that live stock rates will hereafter be so many cents per hundred pounds instead of so many dollars per carload.

For several years many stockmen have been urging the railroads to equalize the freight charges on cattle shipped from western points to South Omaha, Kansas City and other points on the Missouri river. The stockmen have been backed by the stock yards companies at these points. About a year ago an effort was made to institute the custom of charging by weight, but the effort did not meet with success. One of the contentions of the stockmen has been that the varying size of freight cars has made charges by carload instead of by weight an unfair practice. Some of the stockmen have opposed the change, insisting that to charge by weight instead of by carload would mean an increase in rates to them. The general opinion, however, appears to be that the change will be for the best interests of all concerned. When payment is made for every 100 pounds of live stock shipped in from the west there can be no factors shown the shipper, by giving him cars of greater capacity than another stockman receives.

Long Standing Claim to be Paid.

Columbus dispatch: Patrick Murray, one of the oldest and most successful farmers of this part of the state, this morning received from the department officials at Washington an identity proof to fill out and sign, together with the information that upon the return of the blanks his draft for \$1,200 would be mailed at once.

Thirty-three years ago this month Mr. Murray had a contract with the government to put up several hundred tons of hay in the Loup river bottoms to be used by the soldiers then stationed on the Pawnee reservation near the present site of the village of Genoa. While fulfilling his part of the contract, Mr. Murray and his men were one afternoon surprised by a band of Sioux Indians, who killed some of his men, ransacked the camp and drove off his horses and cattle. In this attack Mrs. Murray was wounded with a poisoned arrow, but recovered and lived until a few years ago. Mr. Murray at once put in a claim for \$1,200 damages, which has since been pending, and for which he will soon be recompensed.

Coming National Reunion.

Assistant Adjt.-Gen. Gage of the G. A. R. has received the general order issued from the headquarters of Commander-in-Chief T. S. Clarkson at Omaha relative to the thirty-first annual encampment. The order recites that the encampment will open at Buffalo, N. Y., on August 23 and continue during that week, the grand parade taking place on August 25. The commander-in-chief has invited the department of Nebraska to act as escort to him, and the invitation has been accepted. The start from Omaha will be made on August 21 at 6 p. m. over the Northwestern.

The commander-in-chief invites western departments, whose route can be conveniently made through Omaha, to join the headquarters party at that or other convenient point. Department Commander Ehrhard of Nebraska has issued the usual order in conformity with that of the commander-in-chief.

Land Decision Affirmed.

Washington dispatch: In the land case of Thomas Spins against the Union Pacific Railway company from the district of Nebraska, Secretary Bliss today affirmed the land office decision, and Spins' entry is cancelled for conflict with the company's selection. In case of the Sioux City & Pacific against Bonsteel and Finney, from the O'Neill district, the land office decision is affirmed. The company's selection of land is rejected on the ground that the land was part of the bed of the Missouri river at the date of the grant.

Nebraska Postmasters Appointed.

The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed today, says a Washington dispatch: Bingham, Sheridan county, A. P. Bell; Burr, Otoe county; Michael Barrett; Hartman, Deuel county; Frederick Tappert; Oxford, Furnas county; J. L. Leebrook; Rulo, Richards county; C. L. Huber; Valley, Douglas county; H. M. Puffer.

Nebraskans Can Practice.

Washington dispatch: The following have been admitted to practice as attorneys and agents claimants for claimants before the Interior department: Nebraska—Soloman Draper, Niobrara; Bennett S. Gillispie, O'Neill; Augustine R. Humphrey, Broken Bow; Mrs. Mary R. Morgan, Alamo; Charles Riley, Albion; Robert J. Sloan, Geneva; Lloyd G. Gillispie, O'Neill, Iowa—Joseph H. McLaughlin, Davenport; Charles N. Flagler, Lime Springs; Henry J. Landermark, Orange City; Francis H. Robbins, Waukon, South Dakota—Thomas Drake, Pierre; Wm. H. Wilson, Hot Springs.

Firebugs at Hillsboro, Kan.

EMPORIA, Kan., July 31.—An incendiary fire, which was started in the postoffice at Hillsboro before daylight this morning, caused \$3,000 damages to Sharpling's harness store, \$1,000 to J. J. Hirschler's empty store, \$8,000 to G. Kistler's general merchandise store, \$1,000 to J. J. Freisen's photograph gallery, \$1,000 to A. Bentz's barber shop, \$9,000 to George Houser's hotel and meat market, \$1,000 to Miss Nickle's millinery store, \$2,000 to J. C. Entz's drug store and the destruction of the postoffice at an unknown loss.

Kerens Wins Again.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The Missouri Congressional slate of consular appointments was badly fractured yesterday by the announcement of two appointments not on the list. One is that of Major John L. Bittinger, to be consul general at Montreal, and the other that of William P. Smyth, to be consul at Hull, England. Both of these are Kerens appointments, and neither of them adorned the Pearce-Joy-Bartholdt list of consular recommendations.

Will Form a Pugilistic Trust.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The managers of the three principal prize fight clubs are trying to agree upon a scheme which, if carried out, will practically give them a monopoly of the business in this city. If this pugilistic trust be formed there will no longer be any rivalry in bidding for fights and the large purses and percentages will no longer be given. At present the fighters are getting most of the money.

Republican Telegraphers Rewarded.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The appointment of Michael J. Burke of Chicago as consul to St. Thomas and Port Stanley, Ont., is said to be a recognition by the President of the work done by the telegraphers and railroad employes for the Republican party during the last campaign. Burke was secretary of the Federated Clubs of Railroad Employes and Telegraphers.

Caught After Nine Years.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—Sherman Steinbrook, a laborer who lives with his wife and two children at Twenty-eighth and Penn streets, was arrested to-day on a charge of helping to murder Fred Krause in Vernon county nine years ago.

Lamar Democrat Sold.

LAMAR, Mo., July 31.—The Lamar Democrat was sold yesterday for \$5,800 to H. C. Timmonds, a prominent attorney and a strong advocate of silver. He will share his purchase with his son-in-law, Walter W. Meyers, clerk of Barton county circuit court.

Mr. Sherman Much Better.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Word comes to Washington from Secretary Sherman at Amagansett, Long Island, that his health has improved very much since he arrived at that place. He will leave for Boston in a day or two and this trip will be followed by a sea voyage.

A Place for Mr. McKinley's Uncle.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 31.—B. F. McKinley, uncle of President McKinley, was appointed assistant postmaster of this city to-day by Postmaster Montague.

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT.

DES MOINES, July 19.—Talmadge E. Brown, of Des Moines, has been granted a copyright for a melodrama in four acts, entitled "The Thieves' Den." A. F. Thompson, of Adel, has been allowed a design patent adapted to be worn as a pocket watch. Patents have been allowed, but not yet issued, as follows: To L. D. Hart, of Nora Springs, for a corn cutter and shoker, adapted to be advanced in the field to cut off stalks and gather them into a shock to be bound together. To J. W. Russell, of Newton, for an improved grain thrasher and separator in which part of the novelty is a tortuous passage way for straw and chaff and a device for forcing air into said passage way at each of its turns, and guide rods fixed to the walls of the passageway and curved around the corners. To L. D. and A. J. Hart, of Nora Springs, for a clothes pounder adapted to be attached to a tub to be operated thereon and also adapted to be justly relative to an adjacent tub for washing clothes therein by the pounding process without detaching it from the other tub.

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THEO. G. AND J. RALPH ORWIG, Solicitors of Patents.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKET.

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Butter-Creamery separator, Eggs-Fres., Spring Chickens-Per lb., etc.

SOUTH OMAHA STOCK MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Hogs-Light mixed, Beef steers, Milk and Springs, etc.

CHICAGO.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Wheat-No. 2 spring, Corn-per bu., Oats-per bu., etc.

NEW YORK.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Wheat-No. 2 red winter, Corn-No. 2, Oats-No. 2, etc.