# ANNEXATION TREATY

HAWAII TO BE PART OF THE UNITED STATES.

The Proposed Treaty Signed by Secretary Sherman and the Island Commissionsrs-What is Provided for in the Agreement-Japan Enters a Protest.

Annexation Treaty Signed.

WASHINGTON, June 17 .- In the great diplomatic room of the state department where four years and four months ago, in the closing hours of the Harrison administration, the first Hawaiian annexation treaty was signed, only to be withdrawn from he Senate by President Cleveland soon after his inauguration, the representatives of the governments of the United States and Hawaii gathered this morning and signed a new treaty by the terms of which, if ratified, the little island republic will become part of the territory of the United States.

Of the persons who stood in the room to-day three were present when the original treaty was signed-Special Commissioner Lorrin A. Thurston of Hawaii and Assistant Secretaries Adee and Cridler.

It is very unusual for a treaty of such importance to be signed early in the morning, but in this case it was desired that the convention be made ready early in order that it might be submitted to the Senate on the day of its signature.

The document itself had been prepared carefully over night, in fact it was practically completed at the close of official hours yesterday, but it was necessary to make a close comparison and the President wished another opportunity to go over it, probably with a view to drawing up a special message to the senate to accompany

SIGNING OF THE TREATY.

Before 9 o'clock the persons who were concerned in the preparation of the treaty were at the state department. For the United States there were Secretary Sherman, Assistant Secretaries Day, Adee and Cridler, Private Secretary Babcock and Assistant Private Secretary Gaytree. On the Hawalian side were Minister Hatch, Lorrin A. Thurston and W. A. Kinney, all, for this particular occasion, accredited as special commissioners duly empowered to negotiate a treaty of annexation.

After the formal greetings the cre dentials of the plenipotentiaries were scanned and recorded. Secretary Sherman alone represented the United States in the signature of the convention, and it was part of the ceremony to record his authorization by the President just as much as it was th. credentials of the Hawallans from President Dole.

Then came the reading and comparison of the treaty. Of this there were two drafts, one to be held by each country, later to be exchanged in the usual form.

At 9:20 o'clock all was ready for the gnatures. The Hawaiian representatives had brought with them a gold pen in a plain holder and at their reuest this was used for all of the signatures. Secretary Sherman signed first the copy intended to be held here. while Minister Hatch signed first the Hawalian copy, his fellow commissioners coming next in order, Mr. Thurs-ton and then Mr. Kinney.

isting between Japan and Hawaii, under which the Japanese enjoy advantages, will be affected injuriously by complete annexation.

Minister Hoshi of Japan declined to be seen about Japan's protest and Secretary Mutsu refused to discuss the matter, but it is learned that the Jap anese protest was made to the state department yesterday afternoon by Minister Hoshi. The essential point, it is said at the Hawaiian legation, is whether the protest is against the annexation of Hawail or is merely one reserving to Japan all her rights under the existing treaty with Hawaii. It is believed that it is the latter.

The Japanese treaty with Hawaii was made in 1871, and provides that natives or citizens of one country shall have the uninterrupted right to enter into, reside and trade in the other country, and shall have all the rights and privileges enjoyed by the people of any other country under treaty stipulations with Japan. Japan consequently has a perfect right to have her immigrants enter the Hawaiian islands. Under international law the annexation of Hawaii to the United States would abrogate this treaty.

# BARNATO'S DEATH.

#### Widespread Ruin for Small Investors-African Bubble Bursts.

LONDON, June 17 .- By the death of Barney Barnato, the famous speculator, the utter rottenness of the South African boom is made apparent. His suicide must cause widespread

ruin among small investors. They had pinned their faith to him. The big speculators, having had inside knowledge of his serious condition, have either cleared out or been manipulating his stock with profit. Barnato's tragic end has convinced the public of the worthless fabric of the South African scheme, which new easily takes rank as the biggest stock speculation of record.

Barnato securities were quoted months ago at a capital value of £12,000,000 (\$60,000,009), but in the last six months they had fallen to about £3,000,000 (\$15,000,000), though they recently improved on better accounts from South Africa.

No secret is made of the fact that his break-down was accelerated by heavy drinking, which began when the Kaffir slump started, even before his departure for South Africa, which was hurried and private. Lis mind showed signs of failing under strain eight months ago, on which account he was sent away from England. There had never been any noticeable improvement in his condition. His responsibilities weighed heavily on his

mind and he sought "solace" too frequently. His naturally robust constitution had been undermined by his laborious, exciting life, and symptoms of softening of the brain manifested themselves His family and friends became alarmed at the probable effect on his securities if this were known, as they were believed to be dependent solely on his personality.

So they used every effort to get him off the cape and place him in seclusion for a time in the hope that he would recover. He did not want to leave London, but by a ruse they induced him to go on board a steamer to see a nephew off to the Cape. and he was kept talking in the cabin until the ship departed with the tender. He was thus shipped away against his will. This explains a story, made much of at the time, and now revived, that he

# sion that the special treaties now ex- EX -QUEEN PROTESTS.

## LILIUOKALANI DOES NOT WANT ANNEXATION.

Declared to be an Act of Wrong Against Herself and the Natives-Calls Upon the Senate to Reject the Proposi-

> tion-In Violation of International Law.

#### Files a Protest.

WASHINGTON, June 19. - E:-Queen Lilioukalani has filed the following protest in the office of the secretary of state against the Hawaiian annexation treaty:

"I, Liliuokalani, of Hawaii, by the will of God named heir apparent on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1877, and by the grace of God queen of the ing to the last census, about 46.000 Ital-Hawaiian islands on the 17th day of ians, almost all laborers, the wages of January, A. D. 1693, do hereby protest the Austrian laborers are no higher against the ratification of a certain than those of the Italian; hence betreaty, which, so I am informed, has tween the two there arise no serious been signed at Washington by Mess :s. Hatch, Thurston and Kinney, purporting to cede those islands to the territory and dominion of the United Italian is not on account of any antag-States. I declare such treaty to be an act of wrong toward the native and part native people of Hawaii, an invasion of the rights of the ruling antagonism. chiefs, in violation of international rights both toward my people and toward friendly nations with whom they have made treaties, the perpetuation of the fraud whereby the constitutional government was overcommunity of blood." Now, what thrown and finally an act of gross injustice to me.

"Because, the official protests made by me on the 17th day of January, 1893, to the so-called provisional government was signed by me and received by said government with the ance. If it were taken as the principal assurance that the case was referred to the United States of America for arbitration.

"Because, that protest and my communications to the United States government immediately thereafter expressly declare that I yielded my authority to the forces of the United States in order to avoid bloodshed and because I recognized the futility of a conflict with so formidable a power.

"Because, the President of the United States, the secretary of state and an envoy commissioned by them reported in official documents that my government was unlawfully coerced by the forces, diplomatic and naval, of the United States; that I was, at the date of their investigations, the constitutional ruler of my people.

generations." "Because, such decision of the rec ognized magistrates of the United States was officially communicated to me and to Sanford B. Dole, and said Dole's resignation requested by Albert S. Willis, the recognized agent and minister of the government of the United States.

"Because, neither the above named commission nor the government which sends it has ever received such authority from the registered voters of Hawall, but derives its assumed powers from the so-called committee of public safety, organized on or about said 17th day of January, 1893, said committee being composed largely of persons claiming American citizenship, and not one single Hawaiian was a member thereof or in any way participated in the demonstration leading to its existence.

"Because, my people, about 40,000 in number, have in no way been consulted by those, 3,000 in number, who claim the right to destroy the independence of Hawaii. My people con-stitute four-fifths of the legally qualified voters of Hawaii, and, excluding those imported for the demands of labor, about the same proportion of the inhahitanta

#### DOES NOT PROVE RACE. BUREAU OF LABOR.

## MORE APPLICANTS THAN PLACES TO FILL.

Most of Those Looking for Positions Are Men and Women of Intelligenco-Questions that Those Applying Must Answer--A Plan that is Little Understood.

# Many Applying for Jobs.

Lincoln dispatch: Deputy Labor Commissioner S. J. Kent has received a number of applications from those out of work who have taken advantage of the new state employment burean. The applications for jobs are in excess of the inquiries of employers after persons to fill vacancies. In fact there have been only two or three entries on the help wanted side of the register. The greater part of the applicants are seeking employment in clerical capaci-ties, these being about 75 per cent of the whole.

The letters accompanying the requests that their names be put on the list of applicants for positions show that nine-tenths of the writers are men and women of some education, wording of the letters as well as the

handwriting showing this. Several who want engagements as school teachers are among the applicants. The regulation requires that each applicant answer certain questions as experience and previous business. The answers show that the greater number have occupied positions of trust in the particular line they seek employment in, and several have for eating? Language is no better, for it longer or shorter periods been in busi-ness for themselves. The one thing which is shown by the registers more plainly than others is that there are more competent men and women out of jobs than there are places to be filled. Just what the proportion of unemployed to the vacancies is can better be determined after the list grows larger and the bureau is more generally used by the employers and seekers after employment. At the present time the plan is but little understood by the people generally.

## To Fight Stock Yards Law.

The South Omaha stock yards company will fight the law passed by the last legislature fixing the rates. Suit was filed in federal court a few days ago. The title is Greenleaf W. Simpson, complainant, against the Union Stock Yards company of South Omaha (limited), and Constantine J. Smyth, attorney general of Nebraska, defend-ants. The plaintiff is a stockholder in the Union Stock Yards company and lives at Boston, and asks that an order be issued enjoining the provisions of the law being enforced.

After giving the history of the cor-poration, it is stated that the gross earnings of the company for 1805 were \$498,126.89, and for 1896, \$471,190.39; while the expenditures in 1895 were \$254,730.49 and in 1896, \$245,037.74.

It is alleged that the company is en-gaged in interstate commerce, since part of the stock was shipped to other states.

It is alleged that if the company were to extend to all persons, corporations, or companies dealing at such yards the same rights and privileges, it would sustain ruinous losses, and to compel it to so conduct its business would inter-fere with the natural right of every man to have, use and enjoy his own so long as he does not trespass upon the rights of others. It is alleged that the act is unconstitutional because it attempts to regulate the charges of a private corporation; that it does not pro-vide for a judicial inquiry into the reasonableness of the charges; it discriminates between different stock yard companies in the state of Neh

Digestibility of Cheese The digestibility of cheese has been carefully tested by a German chemist,

who placed the samples in an artificial digestive fluid containing a considerable proportion of gastric juice. Cheshire and Roquefort cheese took four hours to digest, Gorgonzola eight hours, Romadour nine hours, and Brie, Swiss, and ten other varieties ten hours.

## NEW DEPARTURE

#### For the Wabash Railroad.

Commencing Sunday, June 13, the Wabash, by lease of the Grand Trunk Great Western division), will extend its line from Detroit to Buffalo, running its own trains solid from Chicago. The only line running reclining chair cars free, Chicago to Buffalo and New York; St. Louis to Niagara Falls and York: St. Louis to Niagara Falls and Buffalo, with Wagner sleeping cars from Chicago and St. Louis to New York and Boston. All trains run viz Niagara Falls, with privilege of stop-ping over on all classes of tickets. For tickets and further information, or a tickets and further information, or a copy of "To the Lake Resorts and Beyond," call on agent of connecting line, or at Wabash office, 1415 Farnam street (Paxton hotel block), or write G. N. Clayton, N. W. Pass. Agent, Omaha, Nebraska.

#### Always the Case.

Figg-Yes. I know he took lessons from Liszt; but I never heard that he was Liszt's favorite pupil.

Fogg-Did you ever know any man or woman whom Liszt taught for even a single hour that wasn't Liszt's favorite pupil?

#### Burlington Route-Only \$22.50 to San Francesco

June 29 to July 3, account national convention Christian Endeavorers. Special trains. Through tourist and palace sleepers. Stop-overs allowed at and west of Denver. Return via Port-lond, Yellowstone Park and Black lond, Yellowste Hills if desired.

Endeavorers and their friends who take the Burlington Route are guar-anteed a quick, cool and comfortable journey, fine scenery (by daylight) and first class equipment.

Berths are reserved and descriptive literature furnished on request. See nearest B. & M. R. R. ticket agent or write to J. Francis, G. P. A., Burlington Route, Omaha, Neb.

## the Boy Stopped.

Little Boy-While I was ridin' the pony he took the bit between his teeth and ran under a tree that had limbs hangin' way down low. Mother-Did he stop then? Little Boy-No'm; but I did.

IOWA FARMS For Sale on cron payment, I per acre cash. balance 1/2 crop yearly until paid for. J. MULHALL, Waukegan, Ill.

The cheapest thing in the world is a compliment.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes w men strong, blood pure. 500, \$1. All drugg

The less energy a man has the easier he drifts into matrimony.

Dr. Kay's Renovator is perfectly safe, mild and yet certain in effect. See advt.

It is easier for water to run up hill than for a selfish man to be happy.

Soon succeed weak-Health nessand languor when Strength Hood's Sarsaparilla taken to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood. Hood's Sarsaparills expels the germs of scrofula, salt rheum and other poisons which cause so much suffering and sooner or later undermine the general health. It strengthens while it eradicates dis

taking language as the distinguishing feature of human races, is not able in his ethnography to avoid a classification entirely empirical. He forgets that an inferior people may learn a language from one race to another. "There is no proof," says Huxley, "for asserting the incapacity of a race to substitute another language for its own. Physical, moral and mental peculiarities are transmitted with blood and not

#### The New Bachelor.

Slowly he disrobed, placed his bloomers on a convenient chair, did up his whiskers and prepared to retire for the night. The final duties accomplished, he bent fearfuly down and peered under the bed. Then, with a sigh of relief, he arose from his uncomfortable posture.

with language. In the United States

the negroes have spoken English for

"Thank heaven, there is no woman there!" he murmured, as he sat on the edge of the bed and daintily scratched the back of his neck.

"Supposing there had been?" he continued, suddenly. "Would I have screamed? Would I?"

For a moment he paused.

"Not on your natural, I wouldn't," he then exclaimed. "I would have lassoed her and tied her to the chiffonier! But she will never come! Never! Never!"

And throwing himself, with a moan on the bed, the new bachelor fell into a fitful, sobbing slumber.-New York

portance, says the Monist. After an individual has remained a long time in a country he usually learns the language and its customs. And yet the Italian colony in France is made up chiefly of immigrants more or less tran-

sient who scarcely ever learn to speak the language of the country they inhabit. But the Italian laborers are contented with very low wages. They therefore compete with French laborers and thus tend to lower their wages. But in Austria, where there are, accordians, almost all laborers, the wages of competition. There is, however, the same difference of language. In France the union of native laborers against the onism of race, but solely an economic

phenomenon. The same thing does not

In France the Italian language has

become almost a mark of distinction of

the laborers accepting a low wage. "In

India," says Ibbetson, "similarity of

food is employed as an exterior sign of

would be said of an ethnographic clas-

sification of Indian races based upon

is only an external characteristic of no

intellectual or physiological import-

distinction of the various races it

would have to be admitted that the peo-

ple who speak the modern Romance

languages are not Latin-but that

would be absurd. Frederick Muller,

happen in Austria because there is no

It Is a Distinction of Secondary Eth-

nological Importance.

ion of quite secondary ethnological.m-

Language, like religion, is a distinct-

OY ANS tant Secretary Cridler with a private scal carried on his watch chain, the copies were handed to their respective custodians and the treaty was completed as far as the executive branch of the government could effect it. There was a general exchange of congratulations between the parties to the ceremony, and, after a photograph had been taken of the commissioners, the ceremony was ended.

## PROVISIONS OF THE TREATY.

The treaty provides that the government of the Hawaiian islands cedes to the United States absolutely and forever all rights of sovereignty in and over the Hawalian islands and its dependancies, and that these islands shall become an integral part of the territory of the United States. The government of Hawaii also codes to the United States all public lands, public buildings and public property of every description. Congress is to enact special laws to govern the disposition of lands in the Hawalian islands. All the revenue from these lands is to be used solely for the benefft of the inhabitants of the Hawaiiaa islands for educational and other public purposes. The Hawaiian islan! are to be admitted into the union as : territory of the United States. local laws to be passed by a local legisla-ture, but subject to the approval of the President. Until Congress shall apply the laws of the United States to the islands, the present laws of Hawaii are to govern the islands. The pres ent treaties and laws governing Hawaii's commercial relations with for eign nations are to remain in force until Congress shall take action. Further immigration of Chinese laborers is prohibited pending congressional action, and the entry of Chinese from Hawaii into the United States likowise is prohibited. The United States assumes the public debt of Hawaii, but with a stipulation that this liability sball not exceed \$4,000,000. The treaty, before it becomes effective, is to be ratified by the proper authori-ties of the United States and Hawaii.

i.d mention is made of any gratuity to ex-Queen Lilluokalani or Princess Kajulani.

## JAPAN ENTERS PROTEST.

Before the final signature of the document the secretary of state re-chived a formal protext from the Jap-ances government, through its lega-tion here, against the consummation ment. The protest is

unexpectedly that he had only the clothes he stood in. His condition became worse instead

of better, and he made a public exhibition of insanity at Johannesburg about six weeks ago, but it was attributed to temporary causes. His friends knew better, however, and a good deal of selling of his securities for a fall has been indulged in during the slump by well informed specula-

The collapse has not yet been as great as looked for, because the Boits and other big South African houses have combined to keep up prices. At the same time it has been more than sufficient to prevent a newly attempted boom in these securities on which the stock exchange has been reckoning for a few weeks.

After Barnato began building a lordly palace for himself on aristocratic Park lane, his phenomenal good fortune deserted him Barnato's house cost, it is estimated, £1.000.000 (\$5,000,000). It is now approaching completion, and the internal decora-tion is continue data. tion is partly done. The exterior is o nate in the extreme, Barnato havin given unlimited discretion to the architect.

Miss De Armond to He Married. JEFFELSON CITY, Mo., June 17 .-Carls are out announcing that Coagressman De Armond's only daughter will be married to 11. C. Clark, prosecuting attorney of Bates county June 30, at Butler. Miss DeArmond was one of the maids of honor last year at the Atlanta ex-Confederate reunion

#### Ingalls as a Blographer.

WACHINGTON, June 17 .- It is learned that the object of ex-Senator Ingalls recent visit to Washington was to gather material for a biography of Oliver P. Morton of Indiana, which he has been commissioned to write for one of the leading publishing house. of New York

Manola and Jack Mason Separate. CHICAGO, June 17 .- A special from Washington, D. C., says that Marion Manola and her husband, Jack Mason. have decided to separate. This arrangement was effected in a perfectly amicable manner, the best interest of each being taken into consideration.

The "Katy" Shops to Run Full Time SEDALIA, Mo., June 17.-The Mis-souri, Kansas & Texas coach and car shops will start up on full time July 1. The order affects 300 men, who have the agreement. The protest is only been working three days in a derstood to be based on apprehen. week during the last three months.

"Because, said treaty ignores not only the civic rights of my people, but, further, the hereditary property of their chiefs. Of the 4,000,000 acres composing the territory said treaty offers to annex, 915,000 acres has in no way been heretofore recognized as other than the private property of the constitutional monarch, subject to a control in no way differing from other items of a private estate.

"Because, it is proposed by said treaty to confiscate said property, technically called the Crown lands, those legally entitled thereto either now or in succession receiving no consideration whatever for estates, their title to which has been always undisputed and which is legitimately in my name at this date.

"Because, by treating with the parties claiming at this time the right to cede said territory of Hawaii, the govern-ment of the United States receives such territory from the hands of those whom its own magistrates (legally elected by the people of the United States and in office in 1893) pronounced fraudulently in power and unconstitutionally ruling Hawaii.

"Therefore, I, Liliuokalani of Ha waii, do hereby call upon the President of that nation to whom alone I yielded my property and my authority, to withdraw said treaty (ceding said islands) from further consideration. I ask the honorable Senate of the United States to decline to ratify said treaty, and I implore the people of this great and good nation, from whom my ancestors learned the Christian religion, to sustain their representatives in such acts of justice and equality as may be in accord with the principles of their fathers, and to the Almighty Ruler of the universe, to Him who judgeth righteously, I commit my cause.

A Chicago Politician a Suicide. CHICAGO, June 19.-W. L. Church, a politician of note, was found dead today from the effects of asphyxiation from gas, which was flowing from an open jet. Despondency over illness of long standing is believed to have been the cause. He was 45 years old.

#### A Fugitive in Mexico.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 19.-Louis A. Menage, the fugitive president of the defunct Northwest Guaranty Loan company, is now living with his fam-ily in the City of Mexico under his ' owu name.

A Champion Game Slaver. Earl de Grey holds the championship

among the world's hunters for the quantity of game killed by one man. He is now 35 years old and during the past twenty years he has averaged 25,000 head of game each year. On one occasion he shot at fifty phersants in three minutes and killed all but one of them. He has killed eleven tigers, a number of elephants and rhinoceroses. bears and lions .- New York World.

### FEMININE NOTES.

Miss Edith Thomass of New York is the most beautiful player upon chimes in the world.

The late Miss Julia Cooper of New York left \$150,000 to the Cooper union -a sum which will enable the institution to receive 200 more pupils.

Mrs. Anna Randall Diehl is president of the oldest Shakesperean Club in the United States. It is composed of very progressive women of Brooklyn

The Women's Rest Tour Association, with headquarters in Boston and a membership of 600, has established a traveling fund, lending money to women needing holiday trips.

The German government has commissioned Mrs. Guild, an American, to execute two statues representing the post and the telegraph, to be placed on the new general postoffice in Berlin.

Mrs. Raymond, the mother of the president of Vassar college, Las given the Foreign Missionary Society of the Ep:phany Baptist Church, New York, \$11,000 for the education of heathen women.

Miss Hilda Clake will be the only prima donna with the Bostonians next season. Miss Alice Neilson, who is one of the two leading sopranos of the company, will sail for Europe in July, to study with Mme. Marchesi in Paris for a year or two.

Mrs. Oliphant is in Italy to gather material for a volume which she will entitle "Siena." It will form one of a series of books on historic towns of the medieval period. The books will be illustrated by artists living in the localities where the scenes are laid.

A fact worth recording is that the female employes of many German factories are forbidden to wear corsets during working hours.

Eigin People Feed a Crazy Man.

A young man who gives his name as ack Warner came into town in a remarkable way today, says an Elgin dispatch, and was given a hearty meal and turned over to the sheriff at Neligh for proper attention. He was first seen by some boys playing on the railroad just above town. When he saw the boys coming he started to them and told them that he had just killed an elephant up there and he was advance agent for Barnum's show and was going to give a fake show in town. He looked lean and hungry and was asked if he had his dinner and said no, that he had not eaten anything for three months. He was taken to the hotel and fed, and seemed almost famished for food and water. He is just 5 feet 11 inches tall and weighs about 160 pounds, has light blue eyes and dark brown hair, with light evebrows and lashes, and a freckled face. He is of slender build and has long, slim hands and fingers, hands slightly caloused, wears an old black velvet cap without peak and patched coat of dark material, light cotton shirt and overalls well worn. His boots were well worn and of a decided low top. He was very talkative and says he lives

on a farm at O'Neill with his father and mother. He says his father's name is Ben Warner and his mother's Mary Warner. He looks to be about 20 years old, but claims to be 25.

#### Wants to Exhibit Water Lillies

The Trans-Mississippi exposition management have received an application for space for what promises to be. a most unique and attractive exhibit. The proprietor of Lily Park, Smith's Grove, Ky., writes for space for a big exhibit of water lillies. His idea is to construct an artistically arranged la-goon, which will be literally covered with water lilies of every known variety. He is said to have the largest stock and the greatest variety of th flowers of any horticulturist on this hemisphere. He now has a very fine exhibit at the Nashville exposition. The management is convinced that the exhibit would be a very popular attraction.

## The Case to be Carried Up.

The state superintendent, says a Lincoln dispatch, is hopeful that the re-hearing of the high school case before the supreme court will bring a favorable result. The high schools of the state are taking much interest in the case, and two or three have already sent in contributions of cash where with to defray expenses of the rehear-ing. As there is no fund available to pay the attorney's fees in the case, these contributions come in good time, and it is hoped at the superintendent's office that a number of the high schools in the state will follow the example.



ation and Advice as to Fatentability of In-Send for "Inventors' Guide, or How to Geta O'FARRELL & SON, Washington, D. C.

DRUNKARDS Saved. Don't you know one worth saving 'Auti-Jag will do it. Fullinformation g aity mailed FK & by Renova Chemical Co. 66 Broadway, New York City

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; etres quick sellef and cures worst rases. Bend for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free, be. H.H.GHELL'SSONS, Atlents, GL.

ROOFIT with FAY'S MANIL-Int. theap. atrong. best. WETTE POIL SAMPLES.