HERE'S THE FIGURES.

THEY WILL PROVE INTEREST-ING AT THIS TIME.

Because They Are Again to be Counted to Defermine as to Their Correctness What "Errors" Must Be Found to Change the Results of Months Ago.

Allestin and the

The Amendment Vote. In view of the movement for recount In view of the movement for recount of ballots cast for the amendment to the constitution relating to the num-ber of judges in Nebraska, a republica-tion of the vote at this time will be interesting. It is given in connection with the vote for Kinkaid, republican candidate for the supreme court, and Kirkpatrick, populist or fusion candi-date, who led their respective fickets in the judicial race:

Cedar,

ed Willow.....

393 1902 577 1901 210 1564 538 395 197 arpy. conts Bluff.

Report of the Committee Appointed to Secure Its Promotion.

The committee appointed to consider means of promoting the sugar beet in-dustry submitted the following report: Your committee appointed to take under consideration the subject of en-couraging the beet sugar industry in Nebraska begs leave to submit the fol-lowing report:

SUGAR BEET INDUSTRY.

lowing report: Your committee invited the counsel of experts and those who have had practical experience in the manufacture of beet sugar. We sought infor-mation that would enable us to draft a matton that would enable us to draft a bill to encourage the erection of new factories in the state without the aid of a bounty and at the same time not con-flict with the constitution of the state. We did not have our labors completed when the time expired for introducing bills. Consequently we introduced the first page of the bill we prepared, which is known as house roll No. 613. Your committee now has a bill drawn which is winker to which the day

which it wishes to substitute for house roll No. 613. While this bill is not what we should like to have had, yet it

would be constitutional. The substitute bill simply provides for the organization of sugar beet dis-tricts similar to the irrigation districts of the state. These sugar beet dis-tricts will have a board of direction who are empowered to contract with beet sugar construction companies to furnish a given number of acres of sugar beets for a given term of years. When the individual citizens of the dis-When the individual citizens of the dis-trict fail to contract to grow the re-quired number of acres of beets, the board of directors of the district is sompowered to rent land and plant a large enough acreage to supply the ieficiency. The district shall have an assessed property valuation of not less than four million dollars. E. M. POLLARD, E. SODERMAN, PATHICK RODDY,

PATRICK RODDY, A. E. SHELDON

Gafin's Supreme Court Bill.

The above is known as House roll No. 555, and it has been ordered to the general file. The text of the bill is as follows:

Section 1. That section 2 of article vi of the constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended so as to read: Section 2. The supreme court shall consist of five judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or to pronounce a decision. It shall have to revenue, civil cases in which the state shall be a party, mandamus, quo warranto, habeas corpus and such ap-pellate jurisdiction as may be provided by law." by law.

Sec. 2. That section 4 of article vi of the constitution of the state of Ne-braska be amended so as to read as follows: "Section 4. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the electors of the state at large and the term of office shall be for

large and the term of office shall be for a term of five years. Sec. 3. That section 5 of article vi of the constitution of the state of Ne-braska be amended to read as follows: "Section 5. At the first general elec-tion to be held in the year 1898 there shall be elected two judges of the su-preme court. one of whom shall be elected for a term of two years, one for the term of four years; and at each general election thereafter there shall be elected one judge of the supreme court for the term of five years; pro-vided that the judges of the supreme court, whose terms have not expired at the time of holding the general elec-tion of 1898, shall continue to hold tion of 1898, shall continue to hold their office for the remainder of the term for which they were respectively commissioned '

Mexico and the Exposition. Th

THAT IS WHAT CONGRESSMAN MAXWELL WOULD DO.

HELP HOME INDUSTRY REGULATING INSURANCE.

He Would Encourage Sugar Making Gen erally and in Nebraska Particularly-A Bill With that Object in View

Introduced and Appropriately Referred.

Maxwell Vavora a Bounty.

Washington dispatch: Congressman faxwell's bill, which he introduced in the house to encourage the erection of mills to manufacture sugar and syrup trom sugar beets, has been referred to The text of the bill follows: A bill for an act to encourage the erection of mills to manufacture sugar

and syrup from sugar beets. Whereas, Sugar beets containing

more than 12 per cent of sugar and 80 per cent purity are now being success-fully cultivated in many parts of the United States, the production thereof being limited by the want of mills to extract the sugar from the beets, and with a sufficient number of mills to manufacture the annual crop of beets there is reason to believe sufficient sugar would be produced in the United

sugar would be produced in the United States to supply the nation; and, Whereas, Such mills require costly and elaborate machinery and a large outlay of money to put them in opera-tion, which ordinarily is beyond the means of ordinary individuals; there-fore be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress as-sembled: sembled:

Section 1. That to encourage the erection of mills to manufacture sugar from sugar beets a bounty of 75 cents per ton shall be paid out of the treas-ury of the United States for each and every ton of beets raised in the United States and the summarian data of the treas-States and the sugar extracted therefrom by mills crected under the pro-visions of this act, within the United States, and such bounty to continue for three years from and after the passage of this act. For the next succeeding three years, that is to say, for the fourth, fifth and six years after the passage of this act, a bounty of 50 cents per ton shall be paid as aforesaid, and for the succeeding three years, to-wit: Seventh, eighth and ninth years after the passage of this act a bounty of 25 cents per ton shall be paid as aforesaid, when said bouns shall cease and determine.

Set. 2. The person operating any of said mills and claiming the bounty under the provisions of this act shall. during the time each year when said mills are in operation, make report by mail at the close of each day's business to the secretary of the treasury of the number of tons of beets purchased during the day, the average amount of accharine matter therein and degree of purity, and the postoffice address and the names of persons from whom beets were received and the price paid, beets were received and the price paid, and shall make oath to the correctness of the same before any efficer author-ized to administer oaths. A false oath shall subject the affiant to all the pains and penalties of perjury. Sec. 3. The person operating any of the said mills and claiming a bounty under the provisions of this act shall also, at the close of business of each

also, at the close of business of each week, make a sworn statement of the amount of sugar manufactured in said mill from sugar beets during the week just then closed and also state the quality, whether refined or unrefined. Sec. 4. The secretary of the treas-ury shall provide such rules and regu-ulations as are necessary to carry this act into effect and secure the faithful observance of its provisions by all per-sons connected with the business.

This act shall continue in force for

Senator Haller's Anti-Trust Insurance Measure.

Following is the anti-insurance bill soon to be acted upon by the legislature

Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Nebraska: Section 1. Any combination or agreement made or entered into by or

between two or more fire insurance companies insuring property against casualties from the elements, transacting business within this state, or between the officers, agents or employes of any such companies, relating to the rates to be charged for insurance, the amount of commissions to be allowed agents for securing insurance, or the manner of transacting the business of fire insurance within this state, is hereby declared to be unlawful, and any such company, officer or agent violating this provision shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction thereof, in any court having jurisdic-tion, shall pay a penalty of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for each offense, to be recovered for the use of the permanent school fund in the name of the state. Sec. 2. The auditor is hereby au-

thorized to summons and bring before him for examination under oath any officer or employe of any fire insurance company transacting business within this state suspected of violating any of the provisions of this act; and in complaint in writing made to him by two or more residents of this state charging any such company under oath upon their knowledge or belief with violating the provisions of this act shall summons and cause to be brought before him for examination under oath before him for examination under oath any officer or employe of said company; and if upon such examination and the examination of any other witness or witnesses that may be produced and examined the auditor shall determine that said company is guilty of a viola-tion of any of the provisions of this act or if any officer shall fail to appear or submit to an examination after being duly summoned he shall forthwith issue an order revoking the authority issue an order revoking the authority of such company to transact business within the state and such company shall not thereafter be permitted to transact the business of fire insurance in this state at any time within one year of such revocation.

Sec. 3. Either party may appeal from any decision of the auditor made in pursuance of this act to the district court of the county wherein such decision was made, within twenty days from the time of the rendition of such decision, by serving a written notice of such appeal on the opposite party and on the auditor of state, and filing with the clerk of said county a good and sufficient bond for the payment of all costs made on appeal in case the decision shall be affirmed. On such appeal the district court shall try the case de novo as equitable cases are tried on such evidence as may be produced by either party and may reverse, modify or affirm the decision or order

of the auditor. Sec. 4. The statements and declars tions made or testified to by any such officer or agent in the investigation before the auditor or upon the hearing and trial before the district court. as provided for in sections 2 and 3 of this act, shall not be used against any per-son making the same in any criminal

prosecution against him. Whereas, An emergency exists, this act shall be in force from and after its passage and approval as required by

law. This bill was considered in committee of the whole on the 22d and recommended for passage.

Power of Attorney General

The bill drawn up and presented to the legislature relating to the power

of seeds.

AS TO THE EXPENSE.

BUILDINGS FOR THE TRANS-M'SSISSIPPI EXPOSITION.

Manager Kirkendall Sabmits a Statement -One Million and a Quarter Dollars Required to Prepare the Ground id Erect the Necessary

> Buildings - Big Structures Contemplated.

Makes Estimate of Cost.

At a recent meeting of the executive committee of the Trans-Mississippi exposition Manager Kirkendall, chief of the department of buildings and grounds, submitted an estimate of the probable cost of preparing the grounds and weidlings, which had been pre-pared by himself and General Superin-tendent Geraldine, and asked for the advice and opinions of the other members of the committee. For the first time the committee had before it the consideration of the details of construc-tion and the session was an animated one, lasting all the afternoon, and an djournment was taken in order to give this most important matter still further consideration.

The estimate presented by Mr. Kir-kendall was explained by that gentleman as being a rough approximation designed to acquaint the members of the committee with the probable cost of an exposition constructed along the lines which have been laid down. He said the list in question did not include the buildings to be erected by the federal government or the state of Nebraska, but was only designed to include the buildings to be erected by the exposition association. The esti-mate was as follows:

Administration building Agricultural building Mines and mining building Machinery building Manufacturing and liberal arts build-75,000 85,000 Art building Art building Horitleultural and forestry building. Auditorium building Stock and poultry building Dairy and aplary building Transportation building Railway terminal building. Miscellaneous buildings, bridges, via-ducts, etc.

10.000 50.000

50,000 tion. Excavating, grading, etc. Landscape work, roadways, etc. Pay roll of employes of department to opening of gates. Miscellaneous. 30,000 50,000 125,000 us

members of the committee that the ad-ministration building should be an imposing structure, in which each of the states should have a suite of rooms set apart for its commissioners and visitors. The executive offices of the exposition will also be located in this

Members of the committee were unanimous on the point that the agri-cultural feature of the exposition must be one of the most prominent, in honor of the importance of the agricultural industry of the entire Trans-Mississippi region.

The auditorium will be an immense structure, a duplicate of the worldfamous Mormon tabernacle in Salt Lake City, the most perfect auditorium in the world. It will probably be com-structed of steel framework in such a manner that it may be removed when the exposition is over and erected near the business center of town. A special feature will be made of the

live stock exhibit, and extensive pre-parations will be made to make that one of the most attractive departments.

Allen's Pursuit of Mor

Kind Lady-1 see a little girl and

her little brother coying over there. Do you know what is the matter? Little Miss-The little girl is ervin' because some bad boys tied a tin can to a poor dog's tail. I don't know what the little boy is eryin' for: Mebby 'cause he

Impure Blood "My blood was out of order, and I began taking Hood's Sarsuparilla. It has purified my blood and relieved me of rheumatism, kidney touble and sick headaches. I am now able to do a good day's

work. Rheumatism has troubled me since I was a child, but I am now entirely well."-MISS PHOEDE BAILEY, Box 445, Pasadena, California.

Hood's Sarsaparilla s the best-in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills liable, beneficial, 25 centa

A Country of Puble Baths

Nearly all American and European visitors to Japan speak with admira-

visitors to Japan speak with admira-tion of the public baths of that coun-try. In the city of Tokio there are between 800 and 900 public bathing establishments, each fre-quented daily by at least 30°, people. who pay for the privilege so small a sum that no one is too poor to afford it. Outside of these baths the Japanese are much given to bathing in their own homes. They are one of the cleanest races in the world. Travelers from the Western worldfrequently express regret that in Europe and America there are no such establishments.

1667 BUS. POTATOES PER ACRE. Don't believe it, nor did the editor until he saw Salzer's great farm seed catalogue. It's wonderful what an array of facts and figures and new things and big yields and great testimonials it contains.

Send This Notice and 10 Cents Stamps to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., for catalogue and 12 rare farm seed samples, worth \$10, to get a start.

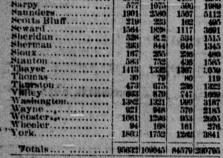
Why he would ... or Flay.

"Paderewski's refusal to play at a concert where the seats were to be at reduced prices," said a former manager of attractions, "was, of course, the work of his manager. When an American manager farms out a lecturer or a singer to a local manager it is invariably with the stipulation that the price of seats shall not be reduced below the usual local rates for performers of like grade. Managers are tenacious on this point because they know that once a man's rates are reduced it is almost impossible again to bring them up to the standard. Some of the performers realize this and are sufficiently stiff about rates. But no manager could long exist should he disregard the principle."

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co. doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of UNE HUNDRED DULLAR's for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.' Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this sth day of December, A. D. 1886. (Seak) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

(Seak) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Nall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucus surfaces of the system. Send for testi-monials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, file.

A Matter of Doubt.



941 2181

"The amendment carried in fifte Out of ninety-one counties by the fol-lowing majorities: Cheyenne 14, Houg-iss, 1,365, Dundy 20, Gosper 177, Greeley 134, Hayes 11, Holt 48, Hooker 24, Keith 103, Kimball 58, Lincoln 80, Logan 10, Perkins 76, Red Willow 101, and Rock 235. Majority against it in the state 81,507. Errors to be found to count it courted' 30,668."

Sheridan and Fall Holding the Fort.

Sheridan and Fall Holding the Fort. Lincoln special to the Omaha Hee: The trouble at the institution for feeble minded youth at Beatrice is still unsettled, and both Sheridan and Dr. Fall are holding the fort, the board of public lands and buildings having re-fused to recognize the authority of Dr. Fall to discharge Sheridan. The board will ask for specific charges and proof before any one is discharged. The trouble came to light several days ago, when Dr. Fall came to Lin-coln and announced to the board that he would resign unless Sheridan was

coln and announced to the board that he would resign unless Sheridan was discharged. The consultation seems not to have been satisfactory to the doctor, and he went back to Reatrice and dis-charged Sheridan on his own authority. Sheridan refuses to be discharged and thus the matter stands. Trom inquiry it is learned that the trouble at Beatrice originates from the impossibility of Sheridan and his wife to get along smoothly with the social circle, presided over by the superintendent and his wife, and the matron of the institution, and Sher-

matron of the institution, and Sher-idan claims the intention is to freeze him out and secure the appointment of a stewart who possesses more brilliant social qualities. The board naturally refuses to decide on this society ques-tion, and it is not known at this time whether the unwarranted discharge of scheridan will be ignored, or whether Dri Fall's resignation will be accepted.

Brought Back to Asswer. T. W. Spargur, a former law partner of County Attorney Fisher, who was brought to Chadron from Walla Walla, Washington, to answer to the charge of embezzling a sisteen hundred Gallar draft from the firm of Spargur & Fisher, escaped after being with At-torney Fisher all day. He was rear-rested in Whitney and will have to answer to the charge of bigamy en-tered against him by Mrs. Nellie Woodard of that city, who claims to be his wife. Brought Back to Answe hic wife.

The bridge across Ponea creek at yuch had to be chained down to keep the high water from taking it out.

The Mexican Financier, a weekly journal of finance published in the City of Mexico, in its last number has an article on the subject of expositions, which advocates the advisability of making creditable display at the Trans-Mississippi show in 1808. The article speaks of the invitations which have

been received by the government to exhibit the country's resources at the Nashville exposition during the sum-Mississippi exposition and at Paris in Mississippi exposition and at Paris in 1900. The editorial continues as fol-lows: "Though those expositions are to be on a far smaller scale than that to be on a far smaller scale than that which will signalize the close of the century at Paris, and for which a pre-liminary appropriation is incorporated in the budget of expenditure of the Mexican government for the coming fiscal year, we do not hesitate to say that more practical utility is calculated to accrue to Mexico from a comprehen-sive exhibit of her resources at the comparative unpretentious displays contemplated in the states of Tennes-see and Nebraska during this and next year than on the more imposing stage of the French metropolis in 1900."

Mr. Bryan and His Book.

Lincoln dispatch: Hon. W. J. Bryan will give one-half the royalties re-ceived from the sale of his book, "The First Battle," to the cause of his book, "The First Battle," to the cause of bimetal-lism, and has appointed a committee whose duty will be to properly expend the funds reserved for that purpose. The committee is composed of Senator James K. Jones, of Arkansas; Senator Henry M. Teller, of Colorado; Senator Wm. V. Allen of Nebraska, and Hon. Wm. V. Allen of Nebraska, and Hon. A. J. Warner, president of the national bimetallic union. Mr. Bryan at once instructed his publishers to forward out of royaity due him \$4,500 to Mr. Jones. \$1,500 to Mr. Warner. \$1,500 to Mr. Allen and \$500 to Mr. Teller, and certified checks for these amounts were sent today. Mr. Jones is to spend his portion in promoting the cause of bimetallism through the democratic party: Mr. Warner through channels afforded by the national bimerallic union: Mr. Teller through the silver republicans: and Mr. Allen through the populist party.

A vein of white sand has been dis covered in Dodge county, along the Platte, about twenty-five feet below the surface. It was penetrated five feet and how much deeper it goes is not known. The discovery was kept kept quiet pending an investigation. Mr. Peterson, the discoverer, forwarded a quantity of it to a Pittsburg glass factory and asked for an analysis, which he obtained. The factory re-plied that the sand was a very pure quality of silica, a product from which; glass is made.

ROBERT KENNEDY, 92 years old, died in Boone county last week.

period of nine years from after its passage.

Nebraska Patronage From Washington.

Washington special: It has not been decided yet what offices of importance outside of the main federal offices in Nebraska, President McKinley will be urged to apportion to leading republi-cans in our state. There are rumors that one of the South American missions will be requested and that it will be tendered to John L. Webster and in the event of his declination to John C. Cowin. Ex-Representative Meiklejohn is on the slate for a position at the is on the slate for a position at the national capital if one worth his while can be secured. C. A. Atkinson and F. W. Collins both long for a desk in the department of justice. One or both will be disappointed. Senator Thurs-ton feels inclined to do something for Church Hows and has associated for Church Howe and has carefully filed away his long list of places that would suit him, promising to take them up in the near future for examination and selection. Church feels quite confident that he will come under the wire a winner, and some of his friends share with him in his belief.

One thing can be set down as certain that Nebraska will not fare as well in matters of federal appointments outside of the state under the present ad-ministration as she did when General Haerison occupied the white house. Then she had the minister to Chili, a commissioner of the general land office, two successive assistant secretaries of treasury and an assistant attorney-general. None of these playes attorney-general. None of these places were under the civil service rules and none are today. But Nebraska in 1888 cast her electorial vote for the republican ticket, while in 1896 she gave a majority for the opposition. This fact will of course count against her in the distribution of the small number of important offices at the disposal of Major McKinley.

A stranger registered at the Morton house, Nebraska City, as E. E. Law, and represented himself as being a commercial traveler for a Chicago house. He hired a team of Levi Bros., ostensibly to drive to Talmage, but has not been seen since.

The little child of Wm. Peatling, living six miles south of Stella, came to a sudden death by eating rough on rats. The poison had been upstairs in the barn for several years and in cleaning out the loft Mr. Peatling throw it down where the little child got it, and, thinking it candy, ate it. During the night it became very ill. The parents hastened for a physician, but were too late. The child was about 3 years of age.

The private bank that has been operated at Virginia for some time. past, principally by G. H. Gale, presi-dent, closed last week.

of the attorney general to appear in certain cases, has been introduced in both houses. The bill is retroactive in its nature and it is generally believed that if it becomes a law it will empower the attorney-general to dismiss the quo warranto proceedings pending in the district court of Lancaser county, providing it can be shown that the "state is a party or in any way inter-ested in said action." The bill is made to cover any action heretofore com-menced by the attorney-general or any other person, or which may hereafter be commenced. As the emergency clause is attached the bill will becom effective upon its passa re and approval

A Boy Fire Hug. Chief of Police Hersman and Officers Spahn and Morrison of Beatrice suc-ceeded in running to cover the Beatrice fire bug which has been operating there for the past six months and ha applied the torch to no less than fif-teen buildings. His name is Edward McConnell, aged 15, who has resided in that city for many years. He made a written confession to having set fire to five of the buildings burned known to be incendiary.

Car of Corn for India

Franklin special: A mass meeting was held here the fore part of the week for the purpose of raising food for the sufferers in India. Committees were appointed and they have suc-ceeded in getting a full car of corn, which was loaded today. The Burlington will haul the corn free as far as their lines go. The United States government will furnish a ship free from San Francisco. It is thought another car will be raised here.

Railroad Shows Much Actinity

McCool Junction dispatch: Owe \$1.000 was paid out this month to em ployes of the Kansas City & Omaha railroad at this place. McCool is the principal junction of the road, and, owing to the location, its business men believe that this will be the division on the system. The Kansas City & Omaha is making a large number of improvements. Thousands of ties are being put down and bridges are being repaired, and new rolling stock added.

Business Conditions Improve.

General Manager Dickinson of the Union Pacific says the business of the road is running considerably ahead of what it was a year ago. The increase of \$164.975 in the not earnings for January was almost entirely due to larger freight transportation. The increase in freight earnings for the month compared with the same month last year was 12 per cent.

The Episcopalians have just closed a ten days' mission in Central City con-

Washington special to the Omaha Bee: Senator Allen has reintroduced his resolution calling upon the civil service commission to examine and re-port to the senate the reasons why Dr. W. S. White, William Holmes, John. Reller, Mary A. Dalton and Mary Flynn were discharged from the serv-ice of the bureau of animal industry of South Ometa. at South Omaha. The resolution is. just a little bit more searching than the former resolution. and seeks to investigate the action of J. Sterling Morvestgate the action of J. Stering Mor-ton in. dismissing the above named persons. Senator Allen also presented a favorable report for the Indian affairs committee restoring the Santee Sioux in Nebraska and the Flandreau Sioux in Senth Debate to U Sioux in South Dakota to all rights. and privileges enjoyed by them and their ancestors under the treaties of 1837 and 1851. Also a favorable report from the same committee for the relief of homesteader settlers on the ceded portions of the great Sioux reserva-tion in Nebraska, North and South Dakota. He presented a petition from the Griswold Seed company of Lincolm protesting against that portion of the agricultural appropriation bill, provid-ing for the purchase and distribution

Senate Will Likely Recod

The Trans-Mississippi exposition appropriation bill is still in conference between the house and senate, over the enate's alteration of the house amen ment, fixing the amount of money to be paid in by the Omaha association before the state appropriation becomes available. The house amendment put the 5 are at \$200,000. The senate cut this in two, making it \$100,000, and sent the bill back to the house. The honse refused to concur in the amend-ment, and the bill was sent to conference. It is now given out that the senate conferees have agreed to recede from the senate amendment, and will so report to the senate. The report will be adopted.

Ex-Congressman Hainer continues very ill at his home in Washington. and his improvement is so slow that there is no telling when he will be able to leave for Nebraska.

Washington special: There were nearly 800 bills introduced in the senate during 'he first three days of the extra session. Of these more than one-tenth were introduced by Senator Allen. It can be said for Senator Allen that he is an indefatigable worker for the interests of the state in the senate and omits no opportunity to follow up in committee and on the floor of the

senate every measure in which he is interested. He probably participates in debate more than any of his colleagues and has filled up as many ducted by Father L. T. Watson of pages of the record during his four Omaha. A class of thirt" will be con-firmed May 2 as a result of the mission. | Wyck during his term.

there in time to see it.

Mode of Moral Improvement. Small Boy-I think I'd be a better boy if I had a pony like Richie Rich's

Eather-Better, how? Well, I'd be more charitable." "More charitable; ch." "Yes, I wouldn't feel so glad when

Richie's pony runs awa: with him." ALFALFA SEED FOR SALE.

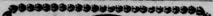
Send for samples and prices to Hershey Ele-vator Co., Horshey, Nebraska

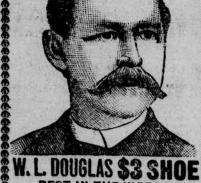
The Enfant Terrisie.

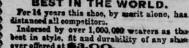
"Is auntie a delusion, mamma?" "Why Bertie! What put such an outlandish question in your head?" "Well, I heard pupe say that Mr. Gofast was always hugging some delusion or other, and last even-ing .---- " "Bertie! He did not."-Browning, King & Co's Monthly.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to-cuse, druggists refund money.

Lent is a sort of Keeley treatment for th) dissipation of women.







BEST IN THE WORLD. BEST IN THE WORLD. Tor 16 years this shoe, by samit alone, has distanced all competitors. Indersed by over 1,000,000 wearers as the ever offered at 63.000. It is made in all the LATEST SHAPES and STYLES and of overy variety of loather. One dealer in a town given exclusive sale and advertised in local paper on receipt of reasonable order. If Write for extlagua to W. I. DOUGLAS, Breckton, Mass.



PATENTS H. B. WILSON & CO., Washing ton, D. C. No charge till patent obtained. 197 age book free,