Mark of a Gentleman

In one of Lovell's letters to Briggs, the ton, and says that during the meeting of Thackery with Ticknor, the latter said: "one mark of a gentleman is to be well-looking—for good blood shows itself in good features." "A pretty speech," replied Thackery, "for one broken-nosed man to make to another," and in the letter Lowell added: Boston has been secretly tickled about

The Dickerson Tree Blown Down. During the storm recently a large red elm tree in Adairville, Ky., was blown down. This elm was perhaps the most historic tree in the country, and was known as the "Dickerson tree." It was situated on the grounds whereon the famed Jackson-Dickerson duel was fought, years ago, and under its spread-ing branches Dickerson reclined, awaiting medical attention, being mortally wounded by Gen. Jackson.

Forty Years a Teacher.

Professor B. L. Gildersleeve, of the John Hopkins University, who recently celebrated the fortieth year of his service as a teacher of Greek Literature, lately returned from a long visit to Greece, and he will contribute to the Atlantic Monthly during the coming ason his impressions and reflections, written in his exceedingly graceful way and with his unfailing enthusiasm.

Locke, the philosopher said: "If a well could be dug to the depth of 46 miles, the density at the air at the bottom would be as great as that of quick By the same law a cubic inch of air taken 4,000 feet above the earth's surface would expand sufficiently to fill a space not less than 2,000,000,000 miles in diameter.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured.

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound, or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflamation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

we will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists. 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Absent Ones Remembered.

A well known young lawyer is credited with making a harmless bull at a banquet given by a local organization not long ago. Toasts were called for, and to the young man fell the honor of suitably remembering the absent ones. This is the way he announced it:

"Our absent friends-how soon we would show them the depth of our regret at their absence if they were only here with us tonight." And the funniest part of it was that

no one caught onto it until some time afterward. - Cleveland Plaindealer.

Why Don't They Hang Him?

It is more than two years since two young women were found to have been foully murdered in a church in San Francisco, and a young man named Durrant, who was an officer in the Sunday school, was convicted of the murders more than a year ago. And yet he has not paid the penalty of his crime, and the execution of the sentence has been repeatedly postponed on techni-cal grounds. There was a time when a vigilance committee would have attended to the case before this. - Boston

Megeman's Camphor Ice with Glycerine. The original and only genuine. Cures Chapped Hands and Face, Cold Sores, &c. C.G.Clark & Co., N. Haven, Ct.

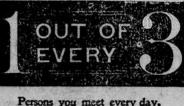
To Preserve Eggs.

Take one pound of fresh unslacked lime, one pound of coarse rock salt and three gallons of hot water. Fill sel in which the eggs are to be stored and stir the liquid daily for a fortnight. If this is not done, the heat caused by the slacking of the lime will harden the yolks of the eggs. When properly prepared, there should be a thin crust on the top of the lime. Put the eggs into the jars as newly laid as possible. Tie the jars over with bladder and the eggs will keep perfectly.

No coughs so bad that Dr. Kay's Lung Balm will not cure it. See advt.

Genteel Saduceeism in Boston.

This reminds us of the existence in Boston of genteel Saduceeism. Go to any club where the talk ever drifts from horses, cards or women, where there is at least a brave show of interchange of thought, and seven out of ten pretend to disbelieve or really disbelieve in the immortality of the soul. They are apparently content to "walk pleasantly and wellsnited toward anni-hilation."—Bosten Journal.



OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE

or some trouble of the kidneys, urinary

THIS IS STARTLING

WHAT CAN BE DONE?

In such a serious condition you must ecure the best remedy you can find in AT ONCE.

There is only one absolutely sure care for these troubles, and that is

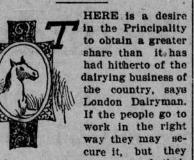


It has stood the test of time."

DAIRY AND POULTRY.

NTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

Zow Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm-A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.



cure it, but they will have to change some of their present practices. According to the reading of a paper at the British Dairy Farmers' Association conference Welsh butter is a fearful compound. Montgomeryshire was pointedly referred to. In that county the holdings are mostly small, and only a few cows are kept on each; consequently the butter is sent to market in small quantities of very variable quality. "The butter so brought," we are told, is purchased by higglers, who, with dirty hands, pack it in a rough and ready fashion into still dirtier boxes and hampers-the good, bad, and indifferent lots altogether-and consign it to consumers in the large towns, where it is brought into competition with the clean and neatly packed foreign butter." It is not to be wendered at that Welsh butter has a bad name, and that the price made for it is so low. There is no doubt that in some parts of Wales it is difficult to get butter and produce to market, owing to the great distance from a railway or large towns, but that need not affect the quality or cleanliness of the butter. It does appear to do so, however. have heard this summer of English butter makers sitting in the markets, unable to sell it at 8d. per pound, whilst in the shops in those towns Brittany and Danish was being retailed at from is. to is. 2d. There is something dreadfully wrong when this is the case. Either quality is bad, or people's tastes have grown into a preference for the blended and mild Brittany butter, or the retailer will not trouble himself to sell the English when the foreign causes him less trouble in purchasing and greater regularity of sup-ply to customers. There is said to be a lack of enterprise on the part of the Welsh producers in not sufficiently realizing the necessity of making a better article. But as a matter of fact, they are beginning to realize it. Only recently Welsh farmers' wives were lamenting that they could not sell their butter even at 8d. per ib., and that a gentleman who is making this article on the best and most approved principle is spoiling the trade by making it difficult to sell good, and impossible to sell bad, butter at any price-the

readily as he now does the foreign ar-Milk for Condensing.

ticle.

standard of quality being that of the

Welsh dairy folks, though good might

not be considered so by an experi-

enced buyer or judge. Quality and

preparation for marketing is what

Wales is deficient in, and it is the case

unfortunately in all parts of the king-

dom. The difficulty might be got over

by the establishment of blending fac-

tories, which could be put up for very

little money, and from them could be

sent butter of unvarying quality in

quantities sufficient to induce the re-

tailer to undertake its distribution as

From the Mirror and Farmer is taken the following on rules of the New York Condensed Milk company: The conditions require the stables and sheds to be thoroughly ventilated, well lighted, cleaned every day, and the walls, ceiling and stanchions must be neatly whitewashed. The feeding of turnips, wet or ary barley sprouts, brewery or distillery grains, linseed meal, glucose and starch, refuse, damaged feed, ensilage, rancid oil cake or gluten meal is prohibited. No cow's milk is furnished from sixty days before to six days after calving. Pails and strainers must be kept thoroughly clean and scalded in boiling water and dried night and morning. The company washes and steams the inside of the cans, but farmers are expected to keep the outside bright and clean. Milking must be done in a cleanly manner. Milk must be strained through a wire cloth of at least 100 meshes to the inch. It is to be thoroughly cooled immediately, the animal heat being removed by frequent stirring, and the temperature must be reduced to 58 degrees within 45 mizutes after milking, and must not exceed 60 degrees when delivered. Cooling is to be accomplished by placing the cans in a vat of cold water, which water shall be renewed daily. Freezing must be prevented in winter. The milk is to be kept in the water until delivered, then drawn in suitable spring wagons. and shall have clean canvas covers on the cans.

Poultry in Missouri.

From an official map, prepared by the department of labor for the state of Missouri, showing the surplus commodities shipped from each county during 1894, we compile the following (five counties without railroads not reported) which shows the relative importance of the poultry industry, says Midland Poultry Journal:

	1 a dunus of a durity	00,002	а
ŀ	Dozens of eggs	65,835	ı
ı	Pounds of feathers 2	0),383	l
ı	Bushels of apples 1,40	06,048	ı
ł	Pounds of butter 2,8	10,880	
ij	Cattle-number of head 8	64,823	ı
ĕ	Hogs-number of head 2.5	96,077	
ı	Sheep-number of head 2	94,109	
J	Pounds of wool 95	03 660	

Pounds of Poultr

Bushels corn and cornmeal. . 10,973,101 Bushels of wheat......12,203,502

for eggs, 10 cents a pound for poultry, and twenty-five cents a pound for feathers we obtain the following valuations for the poultry products:

44,160,662 lbs at 10c.....\$4,416,066.20 22,765,835 doz eggs at 10c.. 2,376,583.50 230,383 lbs feathers at 25c.. 57,545.76

Total\$6,850,245.45 These figures tell their own story, although they seem almost beyond belief. Add to this the value of poultry and eggs consumed by the producer, and that sold to dealers for local consumption (undoubtedly greater than that of any other product) and we have a sum that would unsettle the ordinary bank cashier. Poultry raising is not simply a "hobby" in Missouri and the Great West

Tuberculosis in Bires. Poultry people are evidently to have their share in the tuberculosis sensation. At a recent meeting of the U. S. Veterinary Medical Association at Buffalo, N. Y., there was a paper by Dr. D. E. Salmon of the U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry which treated principally on Tuberculosis in Birds, and was pronounced one of the most complete and interesting ever prepared on the subject. He quoted many foreign authorities and said the disease was transmissable from bird to man and vice versa. The identity of avian and human tuberculosis is well demonstrated by Koch and other eminent investigators. Parrots are very prone to contract the disease, and it early affects Polly's speech. Parrots are easily affected with human tuberculosis, and a parrot so affected is a constant menace to the people in the same house. He said the proper treatment is to annihilate all diseased birds, chickens, etc., the disinfection of yards, feeding and drinking places, etc., and advised that human consumptives be kept away from poultry yards. Dr. Knowles said that the poultry business in America is greater in value than the beef and pork trade. Dr. R. P. Lyman of Hartford, Conn., thought the paper should be promptly circulated among veterinarians and poulterers.

Fat Variations. Denver Field and Farm:-In natural milk a small amount of albumen is present, but in colostrum the amount of albumen often exceeds the amount of casein, and these two constituents may form over 15 per cent of the milk. The percentage of sugar in colostrum is usually low; the fat is normal. The composition of colostrum changes rapidly, and within a few days after the birth of the calf natural milk is given. After this the percentage of fat in the milk of any cow varies more or less from day to day, even if her feed, care and general treatment are always alike. The causes of the sudden changes are not always known: in fact. the fat often seems to increase or decrease without any cause. Sometimes the fat content changes over 30 per cent within twenty-four hours. As the period of lactation progresses there is a tendency to gradually increase in the total solids, and the physical condition of the milk is so altered that the cream rises less easily.

I have in my poultry yard a Plymouth Rock pullet which was hatched April 1st; commenced laying the middle of August, and after laying thirteen eggs went to sitting the first week in the risk, the state can do no less than September on her own eggs, and in protect the bystanders. The sight alone due time her chicks were hatched, but of a locomotive passing at full speed lived only a short time. And now, Oct. 18th, she is again laying. Who can beat this? Mrs. Jas. Davis.

She should be kept for a breeder; her eggs may next year produce chicks that will live and reach maturity earlier than usual. A process of breeding up may give fowls of great value as winter layers.-Ed. Farmers' Review.

Mr. McFetridge, in his book on poulry, says: "Much talk is indulged in about imitating the delicious flavor of canvasback ducks by feeding the fat tening ducks celery. The breeder who can manage to raise celery and have it in quantities sufficient for this purpose will be the man to capture the prize."

On the Atlantic farm, Long Island. the ducks are put in the fattening pens when about six weeks of age and fed two-thirds meal and the remainder one-third middlings and greens. About one-seventh or one-eighth the amount of meat scraps are added. When five pounds in weight the ducks are marketed.

A Stolen Crop.-It is said that pumpkins are "a stolen crop." Some farmers think there is nothing gained by raising pumpkins among corn, because they appropriate a part of the fertility of the soil, and thereby lessen the value of the corn more than the worth of the pumpkins. This may be the case where the land is too poor to supply nourishment enough for the corn, and where the pumpkins, if planted among it, would be smaller than a man's head; but such land should never be planted with corn, east or west, for no matter how thorough the tillage may be a paying crop cannot be raised.-Ohio Farm-

Value of Bran.-While recognizing the value of bran for feeding growing animals, iet us not be skeptical as to its value for fattening stock. The finest beef can be made at moderate cost with no other grain food than bran. Pork will be made faster and more cheaply if fed bran all through the fattening period, though a little oil meal should be added .- Ex.

Money put into a comfortable poultry house is well invested. Fix the nests so the hens cannot

roost on them at night. Give the family the best the poultry

POPULARITY OF SARATOGA.

Attraction of American Watering Place

Sung in London Papers.

Earatoga Springs will always be pop-

ular. You have here the best of American society, less exclusive than Newport or Lenox, less mixed than Long Branch and Manhattan Beach and vastly more representative than either, says a letter in the London Telegraph. This is mainly due, perhaps, to the enormous hotels, with their huge verandas or piazzas in front and vast garden courtyards in the rear, which is the special feature of Saratoga. These gigantic structures are among the biggest hostelries in the world. Two of the largest provide something like 2,000 beds each and their lofty and spacious halls, drawing, dining and reception rooms are all on a scale of corresponding magnitude. Here all classes melt and blend. Round the inclosed garden courts are built tiers of elegant apartments, each with its veranda, while every set of rooms on the same floor is technically a cottage. Julian Hawthorne says a walk round the circuit of these verandas takes long enough for a young man and woman to become acquainted, to get engaged and break it off again. This estimate is so definite that I hesitate almost to repeat the cruder statement that one of the courtyards measures seven acres. It is marvelous, however, how attractive the inclosures of these two great hotels are. In the hottest afternoons the branching elms and the sugar maples throw their shadows across the green sward and, in the cool, delicious evenings, when the bands are playing, the fountains flowing and ladies in gauzy toilettes promenading, the scene is charming. Besides its agreeable society, let me say that Saratoga has many natural attractions. From New York you ap proach it as far as Albany by the Hudson-the Rhine of America. Up this river the blue tidal waters of the Atlantic flow as far as Poughkeepsie. On both sides of the stream the banks are lofty and well wooded, and all the way along are dotted with villages and country residences standing in picturesque inclosures, sloping down very often to the water's edge. On the northern side of Saratoga are Lakes George and Champlain, two of the prettiest of transatlantic inland waters. In former days also the village, like Tunbridge-wells, owed its reputation to the springs. There are any number of them. They come bubbling up from

A Prediction About Railways.

great depths, charged with carbonic

acid, sodium, potassium, lithium and

calcium in varied combinations. There

was a time when people came here to

repair shattered constitutions by drink-

ing at the geysers, or Washington

spring, or the Saratoga Vichy or Carls-

The following prediction, made by the Royal College of Physicians of Bavaria in 1835, is now on record in the archives of the Nuremberg and Furth Railway, in that country. When it was proposed to build this line, the physicians of the country met and formally protested against it. "Locomotion, by the aid of any kind of steam machines whatever," the Bavarian physicians declared, "should be prohibited in the interest of the public health. The rapid movements cannot fail to produce in the passengers the mental ailment called delirium furiosum. Even admitting," the protest went on, "that travelers will consent to run suffices to produce this frightful malady of the brain. It is, at any rate, indispensable that a barrier at least six feet high, should be erected on both sides of the track."

Freak of Lightning.

All the doors in John Kipp's house at Cedar Bayou, Harris County, Texas, were opened and a lid of the kitchen range was blown off by a bolt of lightning.

MISSIONS.

The annual report of the Moravian church gives 150 mission stations, 400 missionaries and 93,000 converts in heathen lands.

The native Christians in heathen lands last year gave \$559,000, more than one-ninth the amount raised in the United States.

The last of the heathen on Efate Island are being gathered into the church as the result of twenty-three years' faithful labor.

One hundred and fifty Chinese converts were baptized during the last twenty months by Rev. Hopkin Rees at Tientsin, north China.

As the American Baptist Home Mission society is heavily burdened with debt, the board of managers of that society, at a meeting held Sept. 14, decided to make no appropriations for missionaries salaries for the present for a period extending beyond Dec. 31, 1896, unless the current receipts meantime shall be very considerably in-

The vast possibilities open to an individual society of Christian Endeavor are shown in a report that comes from Geelong, Australia. The Yarra Street Wesleyan society, which contains five divisions and 550 members, has organized a boys' club, a men's club, a birthday league for missionary purposes and a Sunday school home department. During the year it held 208 cottage prayer meetings, besides seventy-eight open air services; 4,251 visits were paid and 2.488 loaves of bread distributed. The Juniors provided an outing for one hundred slum children, distributed 150 bouquets of flowers and made more than 500 visits. The other labors of the society were on a proportionate scale.

In the agricultural line, Texas lends all other states in the variety of its products. Cotton, corn, and the cereals grow and are raised in every section of work of women in all the principal Engrow and are raised in every section of the state and in the central and south-

and the settler desires to secure a farm larger than the one he occupies, on vastly more reasonable terms; if he wants more land to cultivate, a greater variety of crops to harvest, with proportionately increased remuneration, at a less outlay for cost of production; if he wants an earlier season, with correspondingly higher prices; if he wants milder winter, all the year pasturage for his stock, improved health, increased bodily comforts and wealth and prosperity he should go to Texas. Send for pamphlet descriptive of the resources of this great state (mailed free). Low rate home seekers excursions via the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway on December 15th, 1896. H. railway on December 15th, 1896. H. from recent developments, they rank A. Cherrier, Northern Passenger agent, up to the present, in the order named A. Cherrier, Northern Passenger agent. 326 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ili.

Two Novel Parachutes. An Italian aeronaut, named Cam-panza, has invented two baloon attachments which are are said to have fully realized the expectations formed of them. The one is an enormous parchute, stretched over a baloon, and the other a folded, inverted parachute, which immediately acts as a huge air brake and effectually retards progress. On the other hand, should the air vessel explode through expansion, fire, or other cause, the top parachute comes into action and a descent may be made without the slightest inconvenience.

Live Man Wanted

To assist local druggists in working up trade on the three great family remedies:—Dr. Kay's Renovator, Dr. Kay's Lung Balm and Kidneykura An exceptional chance for the right man. Address Dr. B. J. Kay Med. Co., Omaha, Neb.

Royalty's Tastes in Typewriters.

The queen objects to typewritten documents, and none are to be sent out typewritten which are supposed to em nate from the sovereign. ina, on the other hand, is having made a machine with typebars of gold and frame set with pearls.—Lady's Pic-

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a God-send to me.—Wm. B. McClellan, Chester, Fla., Sept. 17, 1895.

Dress stockings are such dainty ac-cessories of the wardrobe of the woman of to-day that they have reached the dignity of a sachet. Stocking sachets are quilted, perfumed, lace-trimmed affairs, tied shut with bows not dissimilar to those in which long gloves are

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing S,rup For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflam mation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle When a man slips, he always stops and looks at the place where he slipped.

grow and are raised in every section of the state and in the central and southern portions sugar cane and sorghum cane are profitably cultivated. On the Gulf Coast two or three crops of vegetables are raised each year. Berries are shipped six weeks in advance of the home crop in the north. Pears, peaches, plums, oranges, figs, clives, and nuts all grow abundantly and can be marketed from two to three weeks in advance of the California crops. Large quantities of rice are now grown.

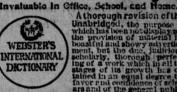
If the land seeker, the home seeker, and the settler desires to secure a farm larger than the one he occupies,

Blood Pure?

Is it? Then take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and keep it so. Is n't it? Then take Ayer's Sarsaparilla and make it so. One fact is positively established and that is that Ayer's Sarsaparilla will purify the blood more perfectly, more economically and more speedily than any other remedy in the market. There are fifty years of cures behind this statement; a record no other remedy can show. You waste time and money when you take anything to purify the blood except

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Webster's International Dictionary



The Choicest of Gifts for Christmas. IN VARIOUS STYLES OF DE

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, marvelous cure. CATARRH, ASTHMA, HEADAGHE

Science of the 19th Cent ry looks on with amazement at the most remarkable record of cures known in the OVER 200,000 PEOPLE CURED

DROPS

As a positive cure for Rheumatiam, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Dyspepala, Backache, Aathma, Hay Yever, Univer h, Sicepheareas, Nervous and Neuralgie Rendactica, Heart Weshinsen, Toethache Earache, Croop, Swelling, 1a Grippe, Mailarla, Creeping Nambaca, etc., etc. "5 Drops" has never been equaled or surpassed, and is a pleasant, prompt and permanent cure. Though free from opiates and perfectly harmless. "5 Drops" is the nost concentrated and powerful sperific known. "5 Drops" car fall in no way short of what we claim, for no disease is too deeply rected or puinful to 'yield to this wonderful mentione, and rehef is usually felt the very first night. What it has already done to relieve suffering humanity is told in letters of grateful praise from thousands of hearts once sickened and heavy with pain, now paintess and happy.

G. F. BILLINGHAM, Prop. of Clinton House, Clinton, N. Y., writes: "I have been using "5 Brops" for Rheusin for three weeks, having been troubled five years. To-lay I am as well as ever fit my life, and gladly mend it to all sufferers from that terrible disease, for it is a positive cure." J. J. JONES, of Pouglas, Karsas, says: "You have the best herve remedy on the face of God's green earth. I want the agency without tail.

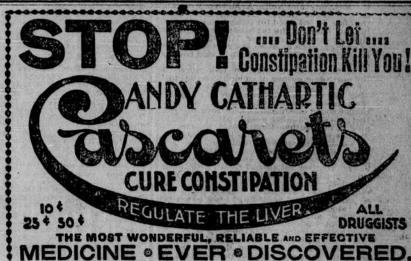
ELIAM DAVIS, of Euterwille, Ind. writes: "My wife was in bed riv months with sente neuralgis. She tried every kind of medicine and several doctors, but all to no effect. That it do I your wonderful "5 Drops" cured her, for in three weeks after she commenced using it, she was out of bed and going about."

PETER LOFERRO, of Lindstrom, Minn., writes: "Within two months I have sold over 400 bottles, which were used in every kind of disease, but have received no complaints. It is the greatest heushold remody in the world, and gives wonderful satisfaction."

1f you have not confidence enough after reading the above letters to send for a \$1.00 bettle, send for a sample, which contains ample medicine to convince you of its merit.

"5 Crops" taken but once a day is the dose of this great remedy, and to more quickly introduce it, we will send, for 20 days, prepaid by mail, our 20 cent sample bottle for 10 cents. If suffering, don't delay, but write today. Large bottle (300 accept \$1.00, 6 bettles for \$5.00. Not sold by draggists, only by us and our agents. Agents wanted.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 167-169 Brarborn-st., Chicago. III.



~~^~~ FOR THE NEXT 10 DAYS we will send by mail, prepaid, one box or Six 2-Dr. Kay's Lung Balm (25c, size) and a valuable receipt book for Six 2-CENT STAMPS. We know it to be the best medicine yet discovered for the stamps and la grippe and we want you to know this coughs, colds, hoarseness and la grippe and we want you to know this fact. The following testimonial is a sample of what all say of it who

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constinution. Cascarcts are the ideal tive, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results, ple and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm COUGHS, COLDS, LA GRIPPE and THROAT TROUBLES SPEEDILY CURED.

Miss Neilie Penoyer, 1536 So. Tenth St., Omaha, Neb., writes: "Have used your Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for a severe case of La Grippe. Two doses gave relief. My lungs were very sore and in taking the Dr. Kay's Lung Jalm I found that it stopped any destre to cough at once. The soreness on my lungs and in my head soon disappeared. It is very pleasant and easy to take and while it does not cause sickness at the stomach, like many cough remedies. It cares quicker than any I have ever tried.

It cures every kind of cough. Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 25 cts.
It is perfectly safe for all ages and a sure cure for all lurg troubles. end address for booklet, it has many valuable receipts and gives symptoms and treatment for nearly all diseases and many have said they woul' not take \$100 for it if they could not get another. Address (Western office) Dr. B. J. KAY Medical. Co., Omaha, Neb.

♦♦♦♦♦♦♦ SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. ♦♦♦♦♦♦