

# BOTH HAVE A WORD.

## JONES CONCEDES THE ELECTION OF M'KINLEY

And Proceeds to Tell How It Was Brought About—Candidate Bryan Issues an Address to the Advocates of Free Silver—He Urges All Friends to the Cause of Free Silver to Renew Their Allegiance Thereto.

### Jones and Bryan Speak.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 7.—The result of the Presidential election is apparently no longer in doubt. It has been one of the closest contests that the people have been called on to determine in recent years. We have claimed the election on our advice from states that were admittedly in doubt, in which we knew there had been many frauds, and from which there were evidences of tampering with the returns.

It seems now to be apparent that while Mr. Bryan, after making the most brilliant campaign in the history of our country, and having carried most of the states claimed to be doubtful, has not carried enough to assure his success in the electoral college. Bryan electors have been chosen from all of the states south of the Potomac and Ohio, except West Virginia, and all those west of the Missouri, except California and Oregon.

He has 190 electoral votes, and this number may be increased by final returns from states yet in question. He has not obtained enough votes to carry the electoral college. Thus this remarkable campaign closes with the election of William McKinley.

The result was brought about by every kind of coercion and intimidation on the part of the money power, including threats of lock-outs and dismissals, and impending starvation; the employment of by far the largest campaign fund ever used in this country and by the subordination of a large portion of the American press.

The president-elect and his party are under the pledge to the American people to continue the gold standard, and to its operation to restore prosperity to this country.

As chief executive, Mr. McKinley will have the cordial support of the millions of patriotic Americans who have cast their votes for William Jennings Bryan. They bow to the majesty of the office, and abide by the result with none of the mutterings that would have come from the moneyed powers, had it not been successful.

They are confident the gold standard will not give the promised prosperity, and will gladly welcome it if it comes. They will continue the great struggle for the uplifting of humanity, and the maintenance of the dignity of our country in the establishing of the American monetary system. And the Democratic party, aided by its present allies, will still uplift the bimetallic standard and bear it to victory.

JAMES K. JONES,  
Chairman of the Democratic National Committee.

### Bryan to His Followers.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 7.—Mr. Bryan today gave out the following to the bimetallicists of the United States: "Conscious that millions of loyal hearts are saddened by temporary defeat, I beg to offer a word of hope and encouragement. No cause ever had supporters more brave, earnest and devoted than those who have espoused the cause of bimetallicism. They have fought for a conviction and have fought with all the zeal which conviction inspires. Events will prove whether they are right or wrong. Having done their duty as they saw it, they have nothing to regret.

"The Republican candidate has been heralded as the advance agent of prosperity. If his policies bring real prosperity to the American people, those who opposed him will share in that prosperity. If, on the other hand, his policies prove an injury to the people generally, those of his supporters who do not belong to the office-holding class, or to the privileged class, will suffer in common with those who opposed him.

"The friends of bimetallicism have not been vanquished; they have simply been overcome. They believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy of the money changers against the welfare of the human race, and until convinced of their error they will continue their warfare against it. The contest has been waged this year under great embarrassments and against great odds. For the first time during this generation public attention has been centered upon the money question as the paramount issue, and this has been done in spite of all attempts upon the part of our opponents to prevent it.

"THE OPPONENTS OF BIMETALLISM.  
"The Republican convention held out the delusive hope of international bimetallicism, while Republican leaders labored secretly for gold monometallicism. Gold standard Democrats have publicly advocated the election of the Indianapolis ticket, while they labored secretly for the election of the Republican ticket. Trusts and corporations have tried to excite a fear of lawlessness, while they have been defying the law, and financiers have boasted that they were the custodians of national honor, while they were secretly bartering away the nation's financial independence. But in spite of the efforts of the administration and its supporters, in spite of the threats of money lenders at home and abroad, in spite of the coercion practiced by corporation employers and in spite of trusts and syndicates, in spite of an enormous Republican campaign fund, and in spite of the influence of a hostile daily press, bimetallicism has almost triumphed in its first great fight. The loss of a few states, and that, too, by a very small plurality, has defeated bimetallicism for the present, but bimetallicism emerges from the contest stronger than it was four months ago.

"I desire to commend the work of the three national committees which have joined in the management of this campaign. Co-operation between the

members of the distinct political organizations is always difficult, but it has been less so this year than usual. Interest in a common cause of great importance has reduced friction to a minimum. I hereby express my personal gratitude to the individual members as well as to the executive officers of the Democratic, Populist, and Silver parties for their efficient, untiring and unselfish labors. They have laid the foundation for future success and will be remembered as pioneers when victory is at last secured.

"NO GRIEF FOR SELF OR WIFE.  
"No personal or political friend need grieve because of my defeat. My ambition has been to secure immediate legislation rather than to enjoy the honors of office. Therefore, defeat brings to me no feeling of personal loss.

"Speaking for the wife who has shared my labors as well as for myself, I desire to say that we have been amply repaid for all we have done, in the love of millions of our fellow citizens, so kindly expressed, in knowledge gained by personal contact with the people and in broadened sympathies we find full compensation for whatever efforts we have put forth. Our hearts have been touched by the devotion of friends, and our lives shall prove our appreciation of the affection which we prize as the richest reward which this campaign has brought.

"In the face of an enemy rejoicing in its victory, let the roll be called for the engagement and urge all friends of bimetallicism to renew their allegiance to the cause. If we are right, as I believe we are, we shall yet triumph. Until convinced of his error, let each advocate of bimetallicism continue his work. Let all silver clubs retain their organization, hold regular meetings and circulate literature.  
"Our opponents have succeeded in this campaign and must now put their theories to the test. Instead of talking mysteriously about 'sound money' and 'an honest dollar' they must now elaborate and defend a financial system. Every step taken by them should be publicly considered by the silver clubs. Our cause has prospered most where the money question has been longest discussed among the people. During the next four years it will be studied all over this nation, even more so than it has been studied in the past.

PREDICTIONS MADE FOR 1900.  
"The year 1900 is not far away. Before that year arrives international bimetallicism will cease to deceive. Before that year arrives those who have called themselves gold standard Democrats will become bimetallicists and be with us or they will become Republicans and thus open enemies. Before that year arrives trusts will have convinced still more people that a trust is a menace to private welfare and to public safety. Before that year arrives the evils of a gold standard will be even more evident than they are now, and the people then ready to demand an American financial policy for the American people, and will join with us in the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

## KENTUCKY.

Both Sides Still Making Claims—Owen County May Be Thrown Out.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—At 10 o'clock this morning the silver men were claiming the state, basing their contention on mistakes in the returns published from the First, Third, Seventh, Tenth and Thirteenth districts. They state that exclusive of the Eleventh district mistakes in several counties change the result several hundred in favor of Bryan.

From Clay county a letter from their county chairman this morning stated that the vote was McKinley 1,669, Bryan 685, or a McKinley plurality of 984 instead of the published plurality of 1,100. From Knox county the silver chairman reports the McKinley plurality of 1,135, a difference in Bryan's favor of ten votes.

It is possible that the entire vote of Owen county will be thrown out by the state canvassing board as a result of direct violation of the election law in that county. The Democratic primary was held with the general election; the Democratic election officers serving also as the primary officers. The Bryan plurality in this county is 2,289, and, if it is thrown out, it means the election of Col. W. P. Breckinridge in the Seventh district by a majority of 700 or over. Breckinridge will contest the seat of his opponent, Settle, Democrat, basing his contest on Owen county, where he alleges gross frauds were committed.

## BRYAN TO M'KINLEY.

Congratulates Him on His Victory—The Silver Cause.  
LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 7.—"The fight has just commenced." Thus spoke William J. Bryan last night, when asked if he considered the result of the election had been a serious blow to the cause of bimetallicism.

He had just sent a message to Major McKinley, conceding his election and tendering his congratulations.  
"Hon. William McKinley, Jr., Canton, Ohio:  
"LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 5.—Senator Jones has just informed me that the returns indicate your election, and I hasten to extend my congratulations. We have submitted the issue to the people and their will is law.  
"W. J. BRYAN."

## Lawyer for Pension Commissioner.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Nov. 7.—Friends of Colonel Thomas G. Lawler, ex-commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., will urge his name to President-elect McKinley for the appointment of commissioner of pensions when the proper time arrives.

## Making His Cabinet Already.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 7.—An evening paper says: "It comes from high authority that Andrew Squire of the law firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey of this city is to be attorney general if McKinley's cabinet."

## McCormick Wins by About 2,500.

BELOIT, Kan., Nov. 7.—In the Sixth district McCormick (Pop.) has a majority of about 2,500 over A. H. Ell for congress.

# HAS A SURE THING.

## M'KINLEY HAS MORE VOTES THAN NEEDED.

He Has Thus Far 257 With a Strong Probability that Kentucky Will Yet Be Added—Mr. Bryan Sure of Only 167 Votes—Returns from Many Localities Usually Delayed.

The Revised Table.

STATES.	Electoral Vote.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Alabama.....	11	11	11
Arkansas.....	9	9	9
California.....	9	9	9
Colorado.....	4	4	4
Connecticut.....	6	6	6
Delaware.....	3	3	3
Florida.....	4	4	4
Georgia.....	13	13	13
Idaho.....	3	3	3
Illinois.....	24	24	24
Indiana.....	16	16	16
Iowa.....	13	13	13
Kansas.....	13	13	13
Kentucky.....	13	13	13
Louisiana.....	8	8	8
Maine.....	6	6	6
Maryland.....	8	8	8
Massachusetts.....	15	15	15
Michigan.....	14	14	14
Minnesota.....	9	9	9
Mississippi.....	9	9	9
Missouri.....	17	17	17
Montana.....	3	3	3
Nebraska.....	8	8	8
Nevada.....	3	3	3
New Hampshire.....	4	4	4
New Jersey.....	10	10	10
New York.....	36	36	36
North Carolina.....	11	11	11
North Dakota.....	3	3	3
Ohio.....	23	23	23
Oregon.....	4	4	4
Pennsylvania.....	32	32	32
Rhode Island.....	4	4	4
South Carolina.....	4	4	4
South Dakota.....	4	4	4
Tennessee.....	12	12	12
Texas.....	15	15	15
Utah.....	3	3	3
Vermont.....	4	4	4
Virginia.....	12	12	12
Washington.....	4	4	4
West Virginia.....	6	6	6
Wisconsin.....	12	12	12
Wyoming.....	8	8	8
Total.....	447	267	167

\*Doubtful.  
Electoral votes necessary to a choice—254.

### The Plurality.

Republican—California, 6,000; Connecticut, 53,439; Delaware, 2,600; Illinois, 138,718; Indiana, 18,000; Iowa, 35,000; Maine, 40,000; Maryland, 32,231; Massachusetts, 124,000; Michigan, 40,000; Minnesota, 35,000; New Hampshire, 20,000; New Jersey, 68,600; New York, 259,879; North Dakota, 5,000; Ohio, 52,940; Oregon, 3,100; Pennsylvania, 296,000; Rhode Island, 23,750; South Dakota, 5,000; Vermont, 35,900; West Virginia, 13,000; Wisconsin, 100,000; Wyoming, 2,000. Total, 1,463,729.

### Democratic—Alabama 40,000, Arkansas 35,000, Colorado 126,000, Florida 14,000, Georgia 50,000, Idaho 13,000, Kansas 8,000, Louisiana 30,000, Mississippi 50,000, Missouri 60,000, Montana 7,000, Nebraska 10,000, Nevada 7,000, North Carolina 10,000, South Carolina 25,000, Tennessee 20,000, Texas 40,000, Virginia 20,000, Washington 10,000, Utah, 15,000. Total, 594,000.

## KENTUCKY VERY CLOSE.

Official Counts Alone Will Decide It—Bryan 218 Votes Ahead.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 6.—With two whole counties, Leslie and Knott, and eighteen precincts missing, Bryan has a plurality of 218 votes in the state, but many of the returns are unofficial and it seems highly probable that the state board will have to decide the result. Of the two missing counties, Leslie is Republican and gave Governor Bradley 716 majority, and Knott county is Democratic and gave Hardin, last year, 399 majority. The missing precincts are distributed about equally among Democratic and Republican counties. Three missing precincts in Bellaire are strongly Republican, as are two precincts in Clay. One in Letcher is Republican and one in Grant is Democratic, as is one in Pendleton and three in Henderson.

The complexion of the congressional delegation is four Republicans and seven Democrats.  
At 12:30 p. m. on the strength of the added returns from the Eleventh district, Chairman Roberts of the Republican committee now confidently claimed the state for McKinley by over 2,000. Chairman Sommers is likewise claiming the state, but gives no figures.

## THE NEXT HOUSE.

Republicans Sure of a Working Majority—Democrats Make It Close.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Republican Chairman Babcock said that he had complete reports from 193 congressional districts which had elected Republicans, 135 districts that had elected Democrats and Populists and twenty-eight districts in which the returns were incomplete. These may be all classed as doubtful, with the prospect that the Republicans will secure at least one-half of them, which would make a total Republican membership in the Fifty-fifth Congress of 297. It is safe to say that under no circumstances will the membership fall below 290.

Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic committee, although he does not concede the Republicans a majority in the next House, gives them 175—within three of a majority.

### Washington for Bryan.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 6.—Partial returns from all but four counties in the state of Washington show that the Bryan electors have carried the state by a plurality close to 10,000. James Hamilton Lewis and W. C. Jones, fusionists, are elected congressmen-at-large. John R. Rogers, fusionist, is elected governor over Sullivan, Republican, by 8,600, and the entire fusion state ticket is elected by majorities not far below that of the head of the ticket.

## WEST VIRGINIA.

The Republicans Have Carried the State and Everything in Sight.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 6.—From official and conservative estimates received from this state up to 10 o'clock last night McKinley's majority in the state will not fall short of 13,000 and all four Republican congressmen are elected by from 2,000 to 4,000 plurality each. Both branches of the legislature are Republican and the Republican state ticket has been elected. Atkinson, for governor running about 1,000 ahead of McKinley.

## REPUBLICANS NOT IN IT.

Fusionists in Kansas Have Everything Their Own Way.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 6.—The Republican state committee continues to claim that there is a chance for the election of Governor Morrill and possibly some of the other candidates on the state ticket by a few hundred votes, but the party leaders, among themselves, generally concede the state to the Populists, although they do not admit the claim of Fusion Chairmen Bridenbath and Love that Leedy will have 13,000 majority.

Even well informed fusionists do not agree with the two chairmen. R. W. Turner, silver national committee man, thinks Leedy will have something like 9,000 over Morrill.

To his friends Governor Morrill admits the loss of the Republican electoral and state tickets and the legislature.

Cyrus Leland, the Kansas national committee man, expressed his judgment of the situation in a telegram to Henry C. Payne at Chicago yesterday afternoon: "It looks pretty dark out here," he wired.

It is the most disastrous defeat the Republicans of Kansas ever have suffered. In former elections since 1890, when they began to meet adversity, they have managed to save something out of the wreck. In 1890 they saved the governor and had a holdover senate from the election of 1888. In 1892 they saved the house, losing the governor and the senate. John Martin, Democrat, went to the United States Senate to join Peffer, Populist, and a Populist took a seat beside two Republicans on the supreme bench. In 1894 they won the governor and the house, but the senate was still Populist, although the Republicans had a majority on joint ballot, which retired Martin from the United States Senate.

This year everything is gone—the governor, both branches of the legislature and consequently the United States Senator, five of the six judges of the appellate court—and the election of Foster to be chief justice gives the Populists a majority on the supreme bench. In addition all the judicial candidates in the districts which elected this year have been carried by the fusionists, as have also nearly all of the county officers.

From the returns so far received the Republicans make the following estimate of the Republican strength in the two branches of the legislature: First congressional district, representatives 9, senators 4; Second district, representatives 5, senators none; Third district, representatives 1, senators 7; senators 3; Fifth district, representatives 6, senators none; Sixth district, representatives 6, senators none; Seventh district, representatives 14, senators 1; total, representatives 45, senators 11. If these estimates be correct the fusionists will have 80 representatives and 29 senators, a total of 109; majority on joint ballot, 53.

In the Congressional contests, the fusionists have elected Peters in the Second district, Ridgely in the Third, Vincent in the Fifth, McCormick in the Sixth, Simpson in the Seventh and Botkin at large, and the Republicans have elected Broderick in the First and Curtis in the Fourth.

## THANKSGIVING.

President Cleveland Issues a Proclamation Setting Apart a Day.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—The President yesterday issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation:

"By the President of the United States: The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe the God of nations for His watchful care which has shielded them from disaster and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices.

"On that day let all our people forego their usual work and occupation, and assembled in their accustomed places of worship, let them with one accord render thanks to the ruler of the universe for our preservation as a nation and our deliverance from every threatened danger; for the peace that has dwelt within our boundaries; for our defense against disease and pestilence during the year that has passed; for the plenteous rewards that have followed the labors of our husbands, men, and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed for us.

"And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, implore the forgiveness of our sins and a continuation of heavenly favor.

"Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the poor and needy, and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the sight of the Lord."

## NEW YORK COMPLETE.

McKinley's Plurality the Greatest on Record—Legislature Republican.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—A complete compilation of the vote of New York state shows McKinley's plurality is 259,879, the greatest on record, and something like 25,000 greater than that of Black, for governor. In the congressional delegation the Republicans have gained the seat for the Eighth district, J. Murray Mitchell defeating J. J. Walsh. Thus the Republicans, counting J. J. Belden, who ran as an independent, number 29 to 5 Democrats against 28 Republicans and 6 Democrats in the Fifty-fourth Congress. The Republican majority in both branches of the legislature is increased.

### North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 6.—Bryan has undoubtedly carried this state by not less than 10,000. His vote is far in excess of that of Watson for governor, who is defeated by Russell, Republican. The Democrats and Populists have voted solidly for the fusion electors. Congressman Settle of the Fifth district is defeated by Kitcher, Democrat, by 500. The vote in the Eighth district between Linney, Republican, and Boughtin, Democrat, is very close and in doubt. The other seven districts are certainly against the Democrats. The legislature is anti-Democratic in both houses.

# BOMB FOR MEDICINE.

## REMARKABLE VIEWS EXPRESSED BY DR. SCHWENINGER.

Down on Hats and Corsets—Nature, He Says, Is the Best Healer and Drugs Are of Little Use—How to Preserve Health.



HERE is a good deal of commotion in medical circles at present in consequence of a lecture which was recently delivered by Dr. Schweninger in Berlin. Dr. Schweninger has been for years Prince Bismarck's physician, and, like the ex-Chancellor, is extremely blunt and outspoken. He has strong convictions, and never takes the trouble to conceal them. When he prescribes his favorite course of treatment, in which the use of water plays a leading part, he sees that his instructions are obeyed, and not even Prince Bismarck ventures to disregard them.

In a word, the Doctor is a man of striking individuality, and hence his opinion on any subject is interesting. Especially worthy of notice are his views on medicine, as this is the subject to which he has devoted the best years of his life.

In his lecture, the Doctor spoke of medicine and doctors of medicine in a manner that will astonish all conservative physicians. We have no more physicians, he said, but in their place we have a host of specialists. Medical men of the old school have passed away, making room for men of a younger generation, each of whom, instead of laboring to acquire a thorough knowledge of medicine in all its branches, is satisfied if he can acquire a sufficient knowledge of one branch to enable him to style himself a specialist.

Equally radical are his views in regard to the new therapeutical methods of treating various diseases. Serotherapy, in his opinion, will have outlived its usefulness within the next half century, and the practice of vaccination should only be tolerated and should under no circumstances be made compulsory. To many modern "fads" the Doctor is decidedly opposed, and he says, without fear of consequences, that cycling is the cause of many ills.

He goes even further. Our modern dress is not pleasing to his eyes, and he insists that men and women cannot enjoy perfect health as long as the latter wear corsets and the former hats. "A way with hats and corsets," is his persistent cry. And he tells us why he is convinced that these articles of apparel are injurious to human health. The popular opinion is that corsets are likely to prove injurious on account of the pressure which they bring to bear upon a delicate portion of the body, but Dr. Schweninger, on the contrary, maintains that they are injurious not because they fit too tightly round the body, but because they are too heavy.

He objects to men's hats for much the same reason. They press too heavily on the head, he says, and also prevent the air from circulating as it should, the result being a general tendency to baldness. The modern fashion of wearing the hair short is also distasteful to him, and he warns us that our health is not improved thereby. He would much rather see us wear our



DR. SCHWENINGER.

hair long, after the fashion of the old Merovingians and the modern athletes.

It will be seen that on all these points the Doctor is a reactionary, a pronounced laudatur temporis acti.

As regards the benefits of medicine, he is decidedly sceptical. Know thyself is his advice, and then, if you take proper care of yourself, you will not need any medicine. Should some disease unexpectedly attack you, the best thing you can do is to wait patiently until it leaves you. As a rule, he claims that drugs and doctors prove of little service.

The Doctor, as will be seen, is in many respects a true disciple of Hippocrates. The latter believed firmly in the healing power of nature—the words natura medicatrix were ever on his lips—and the former Chancellor's physician is also a firm believer in the same power. He reminds us somewhat, too, of Galen and Paracelsus, and there is no doubt that he has learned much from these ancient worthies.

His views on medicine and other matters are certainly novel, but it would be rather rash to assume from them that the Doctor is utterly opposed to all modern methods of treating the sick. He rather seems to urge us not to have recourse to drugs on every trifling occasion, but to accept nature as our healer. He says no harsh words about physicians, and it is evident that he would give his best support to those brethren of his own profession who would be willing to take Hippocrates and nature as their guides, and to abandon many of our vaunted modern drugs and so-called panaceas.

In conclusion, it may be said that Dr. Schweninger's reputation as a phy-

sician was made many years ago, and his views, therefore, on this vital subject are entitled to every consideration. Even those who disapprove of them must admit that they are exceedingly original and interesting.

## IN PRAISE OF THE WHEEL.

Upon Which Age Itself Rides Back to Youth.

Blessed be the man, say I, who invented bicycles! He built better than he knew. When he fashioned the first wheel he unconsciously gave women the long sought for secret of perennial youth. This thought came irresistibly upon me Sunday morning as I waited at Broad street station for a belated train. While standing there a woman passed whom I knew to be a grandmother. I had to look a second time. Clad in her bicycle costume she looked not a day over 25; her divided skirt and perfectly fitting jacket, opening over a white blouse, were of soft gray serge; on her feet were dainty patent leather shoes and the trimmest of gray cloth gaiters outlined the girl's slenderness of her shapely legs. A white stock at her throat and a sailor hat completed this costume, as chic and modest and as lady like as the most adverse bicycle critic could desire. And she a grandmother. Shades of Martha Washington and our colonial ancestors!

Then at the pretty "Wheel," the popular bicycle club of Marion, new revelations awaited me. There was a dignified matron in divided skirt and leggings who rode gayly in with her husband and two boys, and as she jumped off her wheel and tripped across the lawn one would have sworn 16 was the limit of her years. Truly, yes, the inventor of the bicycle builded better than he knew, and let us hope that he was no hater of women—that, indeed, would be the refinement of cruelty if the power of rejuvenation had been given woman by some crusty critic of her sex. But after all wouldn't that be what is called poetical justice?—Philadelphia Record.

## The King of Stars.

The great star Arcturus, which shines in the farthest heavens, rushes through space at the rate of 197,000 miles an hour, or 4,728,000 miles a day. Just think of that! How far do you think this star is away from the earth? Only 1,069,500,000,000,000,000 miles—an inconceivable distance. We see it in the heavens because its size is so immense, for it is no less than 551,000 times greater than the sun. It gives out seven thousand times as much heat as the sun. If the earth could be moved through space toward Arcturus, the spectacle that would be presented to its inhabitants as they approached that great star would be of indescribable magnificence. When we had arrived within something less than 8,000,000,000 miles, its light and heat would be equal to that which we get from our sun at a distance of only 93,000,000 miles. When we approached it as close as Neptune, the intensity of its heat would begin to be unbearable. At the distance of Jupiter it would smite the earth with the relentless energy of its radiation. The forests would burn, the oceans rise from their beds in vapor, the ground would smoke, and, before we could approach as close as the earth is to the sun, the whole of our globe would be melted and dissipated in steam! Truly, Arcturus is king among stars, and our sun, great and brilliant as it is, if dropped into the blazing photosphere of that great planet, would be instantly swallowed up, and the only visible evidence of its fate would be a sudden flash. If a devil fish had been born at the same date as Julius Caesar, June 12, 100 B. C., with a tentacle 1,069,500,000,000,000 miles long, and on the day of its birth had placed one claw upon the fervid surface of Arcturus, it would yet require the lapse of several thousand years beyond the present date before the sensation of the burn would enter the creature's consciousness—upon the supposition that sensation travels with the same speed as light, 186,000 miles per second. This means also that the little twinkle of light which Arcturus gives out when we look at it left the star many thousands of years ago.

Of course the figures bewilder one, but, as far as they can be, they have been proved correct.

It is doubtful if the church loafer weighs any more for good than a loafer anywhere else.

The man who would be strong in the Lord always, must not feed his soul on mouldy bread.

The Bible says that Job sinned not with his tongue, but it fails to say the same about his wife.

If some men would get nearer to the Lord they wouldn't have to talk so loud when they pray.

Isn't it strange that so many men think they can do most for the Lord where the pay is best?

The woman who marries a man to reform him, has no time to take proper care of her complexion.

It is better to believe that there is some good in everybody, than that there is no good in anybody.

The real Christian will not shut up his Bible and quit, because things fail to go as he wants them to go.

Find a man who loves God with all his heart, and he will be found working for him with all his might.