NEBRASKA.

The telephone line has been extended from Ashland to Wahoo.

The Sterling band have ordered uni forms and will soon appear to good ad

Grand Army day at the North Platt. irrigation fair brought out a grea crowd of old veterans.

Ed Arnold of South Omaha is suffer ing from a broken leg caused by being mixed up in a runaway.

South Omaha will reorganize it board of charities for the winter and endeavor to look after the poor of the

Five covered wagons passed through county, where t

Thieves entered Dr. Aitkin's drug store at Waverly some time during the night. A lady's gold watch and a sil ver watch were taken. August Hult of Osceola, who had in

jured his hand, was attacked by lock jaw, and died before medical help ar rived. He was 57 years old. At Lyons Ford's dry goods store, J. Thomas' bardware and Enfield's drug

store were entered by burglars and large quantity of goods stolen. While Mr. Mizner, living near Arca dia, while drawing a load from a shot gun the opposite barrel was discharged badly mutilating his right hand.

Someone placed a lot of old horse shoes and other old iron in a sheaf or wheat near Sterling last week with the intention of raining the machine that was doing the threshing.

Joe Lawson had quite an experience while threshing near Humboldt. Two bundles of grain had been loaded with old iron, and did some damage to his machine. Luckily no one was hurt.

The farm house belonging to John Valis, north of Swanton, was destroyed by fire. A 4-year-old boy was burned to death. The mother and little gir. were badly injured but will recover.

Thomas R. Tonge, a mining exper from Denver, is in Stanton for the pur pose of ascertaining whether or not the gold taken from that neighborhood will warrant the expense of working

The farm house of L. J. Jones, two and a half miles west of Clarks, was destroyed by fire. A child being sich Mr. Jones arose and started a fire, and it is thought a defective flue was to

The fortieth annual meeting of the general association of Congregationa churches of Nebraska is in session a Harvard, and will continue severa days. Each church is entitled to two delegates besides its pastor.

"Guilty of murder in the first de gree" was the verdict brought in by the jury at McCook in the case of Edward Larense for the murder of Michael Travers. The jury fixed the penalty at imprisonment for life.

Arthur Stull, alias McCay, and A. J. Bauer were arrested in Grand Island as the suspected robbers of the Bank of Shelby, and the men who attempted to rob the bank at Brainard. They are being held for identification.

Citizens of Eight Mile Grove precinct. Cass county, are going to have another vote at carrying an election for the stack, and the bridge on the road be-issuance of \$4,000 for the erection and tween there and Greeley was burned. e of a free wagon bridge across the Platte river at Cedar Creek.

The new Methodist church at York was dedicated last week, Bishop Me-Cabe officiating. The edifice was built to take the place of the one destroyed by fire a year ago. A debt of \$2,000 was lifted by subscription of those

Jacob Nicewonger, an aged farmer from Pickerell, had his pocket picked while en route at Beatrice on a U. P. train. He lost \$10, a note for \$100 and a number of receipts. A stranger who sat beside him in the car did the smooth job.

The farmers around Julian are making preparations for gathering the immense crop of corn now ready for cribbing. Every day lumber is being bought to build new cribs. The crop is not only unusually large, but is of extra quality.

Jacob Gergens, a prosperous German farmer living near Humboldt, was attacked by a vicious ox while herding cattle near his house, and had several ribs broken. Fortunately the animal was a muley or he might have gored the man to death.

The jewelry store of Neihart & Co., at Elmwood, was entered and about \$60 worth of jewelry, optical goods, etc. taken. The money drawer was broken open and 40 cents taken. All the gold watches and more valuable goods were in the safe

The Oakland Independent says: "The price of coal has gone down \$1 a ton, but that it will have to go down several more before the people living in that locality will buy to any extent, as the times are hard and corn cheap, and they will use the latter as fuel."

The wheat crop in the territory about Shickley is pretty nearly all threshed out and the quality is far superior to that which we have had for the past three years. The yield of flour is not as large as it has been in some years past, but the quality is ex-

Two farmers living near Arapahoe, being jubilant over their large crops of corp, continued the campaign of ed-acation by a discussion of the low price of their product. They could not agree whether it was due to attempted free trade or the crime of '73. The justice cottled it by fining them \$5 each.

E. M. Burke, an implement dealer of York, has failed. The principal creditors are the Peru Plow company of Council Bluffs, the Union Transfer company of the same city, and the Lee, Andreson hardware firm of Mr. Burke has turned over s stock to these firms. The liabilies are about \$2,000.

Two business men of Tekama being inxious to bet a hat on election, and both being in need of a hat, but nei-ther being able to buy two hats, fixed it up so that the winner is to wear a new hat at the expense of the loser and the loser is to go bareheaded.

The preliminary examination of Roy Napier on the charge of breaking into Shields & Newman's store at Nickerson and stealing \$400 worth of goods, was held before Justice Wintersteen at Fremont. He pleaded guilty and was bound over to the district court in the sum of \$1,000. He went to jail.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the bank of Douglas. The cracksmen puttied the vault door and then made two discharges, breaking off the combination of the vault. Then they proceeded to blow out the inner door of the vault, but were either unsuccessful or were disturbed in their

Recently while Mr. Kittridge of Greeley county was at church, light-Antelope recently headed for Perkin: ning struck his barn which was burned with all his small grain, his horses, harness and about 20 head of hogs. His wife was at the well when the bolt struck and was knocked down by the shock. When she recovered the barn was so enveloped in flames that noth-

> The supreme court made an order permitting the attorneys for J. C. Dahlman, chairman of the democratic state central committee, to file their application for a writ of mandamus to compel the secretary of state to leave off the Euclid Martin pretended democratic ticket from the official ballot. The court also permitted the filing of the papers in the case of the Fourth and Fifth congressional districts

> In many of our exchanges, says the Sterling Sun, we note the return to Nebraska, from week to week, of those who emigrated a year ago to Missouri and Arkansas. They are, probably, both good states, but not better than Nebraska. Besides the climate, soil and society are so different from that in this state that but few families would be satisfied to live there after having lived in Nebraska for a considerable length of time.

The farm home of Peter Parker, two miles west of Hooper, was burglarized Sunday night after the family retired. The thief touched nothing on the first floor, but went to Nicholas l'arker's room up stairs and rifled his clothing, and got a watch and \$16. He then went to the barn loft, where Jake Dennis lodges, and took what money he had. It is thought the job was committed by a hired man who has since been conspicuous by his absence.

An Omaha paper says that the freight car famine is assuming alarming proportions in the west. The Missouri Pacific is short over 600 cars north of Kansas City and the Union Pacific, Burlington, Omaha, Elkhorn and Rock Island are far behind in the number of cars required in Nebraska, while the famine in Iowa and Kansas is even worse. The roads have need of cars for extra freight, for all the wheat in the country is being rushed to market during the present high price.

A strip of country approximating 20 miles in length and several miles in width, skirting the river valley north and east of North Loup, was swept by a flerce prairie fire and a great deal of damage was done. Owing to the heavy winds and the extremely dry condition of the rank vegetation, ordinary fire-guards proved of but little avail. Geo. Baker, living four miles east of North Loup, lost all his hay and grain in stack, and the bridge on the road be-

A bold robbery occurred at Hastings, the robber getting away with \$150 and three watches. At 7 p. m. Nellis. bookkeeper at Falk's clothing store, entered the place to do some work on the books. When near the rear end of the store he was accosted by a negro, who demanded to be let out. Mr. Nelis started to comply with the request and was knocked senseless by a blow on the head with a billy, or club, re-ceiving a bad wound. The negro went through the safe, taking all the money and watches

While J. C. Hutchinson, who lives twelve miles southeast of Kearney, was returning home with his hired man, they were overtaken by Clarence Tingley, with whom there had been hard feelings for some time. A fight took place and the hired man was knocked down. Tingley then made for liutchinsen, who, being weak from long sickness, picked up the gun and began to step backward, at the same time telling him to keep away or he would shoot. Tingley made a grab for the gun, when Hutchinson shot him in the abdomen. The full charge going clear through him. He died in about an hour. Hutchinson gave himself up to

Regarding the Nebraska exhibits that were displayed by the IL & M. at a number of county fairs in Illinois and Indiana this fall, the Corn Belt of Chicago has this to say in its October issue: "Nebraska has been in much and gratifying evidence throughout the central states this season. Her magnificent exhibits of agricultural products have adorned many of the county fairs of Illinois and Indiana. They were the admiration of good farmers who were to: the first time in their lives, perhaps, forced to realize that, though proud of their own state, they have to admit that it has a young but eminently successful rival in Nebraska. There is hardly, if anything, grown in these states that cannot be as success fully raised in Nebraska, and more be-

The meeting of the Nebraska beet sugar association, which will be held at Grand Island, on Nov. 17 and 18, acaccording to present indications, promises to be one of the most important and interesting meetings held by the association since its organization and ought to have delegates from every community in the state interested in the rapid development of this important industry. The experimental period is past and it has been clearly demonstrated that the soil and ciimate of Nebraska are as suitable for the pro-

DEATH WAS SUDDEN.

EX-SPEAKER CRISP DIES FROM HEART DISEASE.

Twice Presiding Officer of the National House of Representatives, and Long a Leader of the Democratic Party-Would Have Been Elected Senator from Georgia Had He Lived.

Death of Ex-Speaker Crisp.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 24.-Charles F. Crisp, the ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives, died here this afternoon very suddenly and unexpectedly. He had long been troubled with heart disease, but had not recently been in bad health.

Charles Frederick Crisp was born in Sheffield, England, January 29, 1845, while his parents were on a theatrical trip abroad, both being actors. He obtained his education in the Georgia public schools and served in the Confederate army from tee outbreak of the rebellion till he was made a prisoner of war in 1864. At the close of the war he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1866, and in 1872 was appointed solicitor general of the Southwestern judicial district of Georgia. In 1877 he was appointed judge of the superior court, which position he filled for sev-eral years. In 1882 he resigned to go to Congress.

The principal work done by Mr. Crisp during his first term in Congress, which went for nothing at the time, was to apply himself most diligently to acquiring an extended knowledge of the business of the House.

At the opening of the Forty-ninth Congress Mr. Crisp was assigned to the second place on the committee on Pacific railroads and to the third place on the committee on commerce. His capacity for hard work may be judged from the fact that he made during this Congress forty-six reports from the commerce committee, three from the Pacific railroads committee five conference reports. The most important of these was the conference report on the interstate commerce bill, which finally became a law.

Mr. Crisp was chosen Speaker of the Fifty-second Congress after such a long and rather animated contest with aspirants of his own party in caucus that the election was not made until after the House's session began. When the Fifty-third Congress convened he was re-elected without opposition. Mr. Crisp was as cool and collected as Mr. Reed. Generally he spoke in a low tone save when in a burst of eloquence he drew a peroration. When the Speaker ruled against him he would, if an arguing chance existed, differ with the Speaker, and appeal from the decision of the chair. His points of order he made clearly and forcibly, but calmly. He did not storm at the Speaker. He did not raise his voice in anger. But with all his nerves well in hand, he would wait until the hubbub subsided and the crowd around him, resentful of the arbitrary rulings of the Speaker, had quieted down, and then, like a judge charging a jury and equally unimpassioned, he would make point. Mr. Reed often sought to taunt Mr. Crisp into anger, but the sar-casm of the Maine man, which had proved too much for so many other Democrats, produced no appreciable effect on the Georgian.

Mr. Crisp's death was not altogether a surprise in political circles, for he had had several spells of illness in Washington. He suffered from asthma, and later from heart trouble. His ill health, however, did not become a matter of public notoriety until last spring, when he was compelled to abandon a series of joint debates arranged with ex-Secretary Hoke Smith because of the advice of his physician that it would imperil his life for him to continue the debate, which had attracted state as well as national interest, by reason of the fact that it involved the position of the Democratic party of the state on the silver ques-tion, as well as the senatorship from Georgia, for which the ex-speaker was an active candidate. The silver men won their fight, and Mr. Crisp, had he lived, would have been the next senator from Georgia.

JONES FOR CONCESSION.

de Advises Giving Away to Georgia Populists.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 24.—It is learned here on what is believed to be unimpeachable authority that fusion was agreed on at Chicago yesterday between Senator Jones and Populist Committeeman Washburne, and as a result Washburne left Chicago for Nashville and H. W. Reed left Atlanta last night for the same place, where they will meet Mr. Watson.

Senator Jones wired his representative here in substance as follows: "We must accede to the demands of the Pop-

ulists for fusion in Georgia."

The reply was: "The Populists of Georgia don't want fusion; they demand a surrender." To this Senator Jones responded:

"If these are the facts, use your own judgment." It appears from this that a general plan of fusion satisfactory to the Populists has been agreed on between Washburne and Jones and that Georgia alone stands in the way of consumma-

British Papers for Mr. Olney. WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.-Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador, called at the State department to-day for the purpose of presenting to Secretary Olney certain propositions regarding the Venezuelan controversy, but this being Cabinet day, the two had only

Fort Smith Jail Birds Escape. FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 24.-Nine Indian territory criminals, nearly all charged with robbery, escaped from the United States jail last night by removing bricks connecting with the cells from which the Smith boys, the Correta train robbers, had made a hole in

ten minutes conference.

Editor Edward W. Bok Married.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 24.-Editor Edward W. Bok of the Ladres' Home Journal and Miss Mary Louise, daughter of Cyrus Curtis, proprietor of the duction of sugar beets as any territory in the United States or Europe, where sugar has been successfully produced. ter of Cyrus Curtis, proprietor of the publication, were married at the Curtis home in Jenkintown.

HANNA ON COERCION.

Official Statement in Relation to Certab Charges.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Chairman Hanns of the Republican national committee has issued the following official state ment in relation to the frequen charges that workingmen are being co "The manifest policy of the silver

Democratic managers in this cam paign, as set forth by their candidate for President, shortly after his nomi nation, has been to create the belief it the minds of the workingmen that they were being coerced by their employers to vote contrary to their convictions The chairman of their national committee, Hon. James K. Jones, has emphasized this policy in a proclamation in which he boldly charges the employing classes of the country with having entered into a conspiracy to coerce their employes into voting contrary to their opinions. This is a very grave charge, and it has now assumed a form that justifies giving it some attention. It is an insult, both to employer and employe.
"We do not believe that one is des-

potic enough to attempt to coerce, or that the other is so cringing as to be Employers and employes are all free American citizens, knowing their rights and capable of maintain-

To coerce a voter is a crime against the laws of the land, and if Messrs. Bryan and Jones knew of coercion they made themselves accomplices of the criminals by not informing the proper authorities and taking steps for prosecution. It has been the policy f the Republican party since its organization to protect every citizen in the exercise of his elective franchise, and it will adhere to that policy.

"While we consider the charge ab surd, and believe that American workingmen and employers are too independent and patriotic either to be coerced or to coerce, the Republican national committee will do anything in its power to protect working men in free and untrammeled exercise of their rights as citizens and will cheerfully unite with the national Democratic committee in any movement having

that object in view.
"Coercion of voters is not only an un-American, unpatriotic and despotic usurpation of the rights of a free zen, but it is a wrong that will inevitably recoil upon its perpetrators. It is an arbitrary use of power that is in direct conflict with the principles of our government. The civil compact of majority rule means free majorities, for whose protection all constitutional powers should be used, and without which a political victory would be bar-ren of results worthy of a great party. This committee will spare no pains to secure to every citizen, whatever his politics, the right to cast his vote according to his own convictions and to have his vote honestly counted.
M. A. HANNA."

BRYAN'S ILLINOIS TOUR,

Day-Mr. Cannon Quoted.

MATTOON, Ill., Oct. 24.-Mr. Bryan began his great tour of Illinois to-day and he will spend the next eight days in the state. Eighteen places were down on his itinerary for to-day and a few more will undoubtedly be added before night.

Danville was the first stop of the morning, and from a stand near the court house Mr. Bryan spoke to a large assemblage. He said that he did not come to talk to those who believed in free silver, but wanted to appeal to those who up to this time had been afraid of the results of free coinage. After saying that he could prove the Kepublican testimony, he quoted from the speech made by Congressman Cannon in the house of representatives in 1878.

A twenty minutes' stop was made at Paris and there Mr. Bryan condemned the money changers. The audience included many farmers.

At Charleston a gaily decorated platform on wheels was at the station and after Mr. Bryan and his party had ascended it 200 men drew it to a vacant lot, where Mr. Bryan addressed a large crowd of farmers for a quarter of an

Another Crusade Feared.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 24.—The tax irades issued Wednesday in connection with the recent purchase of arms, have resulted in a condition of affairs which is regarded as very grave. The ministers were opposed to the poll tax imposed on the Mussulmans, but the palace officials insisted that the measare was necessary for the defense of Mussulman religion on the ground that the Christians were preparing to attack the Mussulmans, and the European press was preaching a cru-sade against Islam.

Mr. Wilson May Become a Judge.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24 .- There is considerable speculaton here as to the successor of the late Chief Justice Richardson of the United States court of claims. The idea seems to be that the president will appoint a Southern Democrat because the remaining four judges are Northern men and Republicans and a name spoken frequently is that of Postmaster General Wilson,

Sr. Louis, Oct. 24.-L. A. Coquard, Wheat-No. 2 red, cash...... stock and bond broker, assigned shortly before noon to-day. He gives his assets at \$100,000. It is not stated what the liabilities are, but it is said his business is heavily involved. It is claimed that during the last six months he has lost heavily in wheat and stocks, the total amount for which he has been squeezed being estimated at \$200,000

No Fusion in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 23 .- The state Democratic executive committee yesterday brought the correspondence between the Populist and Democratic committee concerning fusion propositions to a close by refusing the Populist demands, which were for four Populist presidential electors and one Populist congressional candidate.

Yale, 16-Wesleyan, O.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 23 .- Yale defeated Wesleyan in a hard fought game of two twenty-minute halves by the score of 16 to 0,

S. F. NORTON FOR BRYAN

The Middle-of-the Road Leader Urge Populists to Vote Unitedly. WASHINGTON, Oct. 22. Senator But

ler to-day received a letter from S. F | Norton of Illinois, the favorite candi date of the middle-of-the-road Popu lists for the Presidential nomination a the St. Louis convention, announcing his support of Mr. Bryan and ad vising Populists everywhere to as He advises Populists to forgive for the time any unjust treatment from the Democrats and postpone the settlement of minor differences until after the election. "If," he says, "suc cess is assured, the Populist party can-not be denied the glory of the victory, whether Bryan is a Populist or not. One thing absolutely certain is that every enemy reformers have encount ered during the last twenty years we find to-day among Mr. Bryan's bitter est and most relentless opponents. I they are his enemies he must be our friend. His success is their defeat; their defeat is our victory.

"Although some of us may regret certain fusion arrangements that have been made, it is a notable fact that no other man in the United States is so much troubled by them as the manager of the Republican campaign. I never realized before how highly Republicans have honored and respected the Populist party till it fused with the Democrats. If any consolation is needed, however, for the loss of Republican esteem, it may be found in the fact that Messrs. Cleveland, Carlisle and Palmer have become legatees thereof.

BURY PEOPLE ALIVE.

Fresh Atrocities Perpetrated by Order of the Sultan.

They declare no Armenians are left in . the Van district.

The Kurds, declaring they were executing the sultan's will, mercilessly butchered the men, kidnaped the prettiest women and girls, and threw the children into the pits intended for storing corn and buried them alive in order to save ammunition. The victims were arranged in rows and killed,

Iowa Patent Office Report.

A copyright has been granted for a publication entitled "H. Parmellee's Traveling Library System."

A patent has been allowed W. F.

Brockway of Adel, for a campaign badge in the form of a rabbit's foot. H. J. Kapka of Charles City has been allowed a patent for a wrench that has an auxiliary sliding jaw in advance of the main sliding jaw and a lever combined therewith by means of which the auxiliary jaw and fixed jaw can be abroad. clamped fast to an object securely and A Ba locked by advancing the main sliding jaw by means of a screw.

W. H. Gray of Eddyville has been allowed a patent for an important improvement in corn harvesters and binders that overcomes the populists a man whose beard is nearly clogging and difficulty of moving the cut off stalks and forming them into gavels and delivering the gavels to the automatic binding mechanism. His machine has been successfully tested in the field.

Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent

Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any U. S. Patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents. Our practice is not confined to Iowa. services upon the same terms as Hawkeyes. Thomas G. & J. RALPH ORWIG,

Solicitors of Patents. Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 13, 1896. LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

	Mark Tolk	E CONTRACTOR	
OMARA.	- 6		
Butter-Creamery separator	15	@	17
Butter-Choice fancy country	11	(0)	12
Eggs-Fresh	14	0	15
Poultry-Live hens, per b	5	60	516
Spring Chickens	71	4'm	6
Spring Ducks	7	· @	8
Turkove	*	6	10
Turkeys Lemons-Choice Messinas	5 00	@ 5	
Honey-Fancy White	14		
Onions, per bu	35	8	15
Cranberries-Cape Cod, bbl	6 00	0	40
Patutoes-Cape Cod, Dbl		@ 6	
Potatoes	30	00	35
		@ 2	
Oranges-Per box	4 00	@ 4	
Hay-Upland, per ton	4 50	@ 5	
Apples-Per bbl	1 50	@ 2	50
SOUTH OMAHA STOCK M	IARI	CET.	
Hogs-Light Mixed	3 30	@ 3	35
Hogs-Heavy Weights	3 20	@ 3	
Reef-Steers			40
Bulls		@ 1	
Milkers and springers	95 00	@65	
Stags		@ 2	
Calves			00
lows		63	
11 14	0 10	40 9	10

	Hetfers	2 50	@ 2 75
	stockers and Feeders	2 50	@ 3 40
	'attle-Westerns	9 50	@ 3 10
	sheep-Native	1 70	
	Theep-wattye	1 10	@ 1 75
	Sheep-Lambs	2 69	@ 4 25
	CHICAGO.		
	Wheat-No. 2 Spring	76	@ 7616
	Corn-Per bu	24	@ 24%
	Onts-Per bu	19	@ 1954
	Pork	7 10	
	Lard	4 30	@ 4 1214
	Cattle-Prime steers	3 00	63 3 85
	Western Range steers	3 25	@ 3 50
	Hogs-Medium mixed	3 25	@ 3 45
	sheep-Lambs	3 00	@ 4 90
	Sheep-Western range	0 05	@ 3 10
à	NEW YORK.		60 0 10
	When You I hard	-	
	Wheat-No. 1, hard	87	60 87%
	Corn No. 2	32	@ 324
	Oats-No. 2,	23	@ 2314
	Pork	8 60	@ 9 25
	Lard	4 90	@ 5 25
	em Totito	1000	
	51. LOUIS.	27.44	

A Flag Proclamation in Colorado. DENVER, Col., Oct. 22 .- In accordance with the suggestions of Mr. Bryan and Chairman Jones of the Democratic national committee. Governor McIntire to-day issued a proclamation calling upon all good citizens, irrespective of political affiliations, to display the national flag October 31. Regarding Chairman Hanna's original suggestion of a flag day, he says: "It is my opinion that the attempt of Mr. Hanna to debase the national colors of the United

Americans,"

ADVICE TO FARMERS.

By H. H. Carr & Co., the Farmer's Com-

mission House. We are in the midst of an exciting political campaign; the great cities are stirred by monster demonstrations. The great orators hold forth every night in halls, wigwams, and tents. Political leaders are busy figuring out the result in advance of the election. Thousands of me in the employ of the national committees are ascertaining as near as possible how each city ward, how each branch of organized labor, how each city will vote. One thing no man, no set of men, no campaign committee. mittee, no political party can tell in advance, that is, how the farmers of the country will vote. The one great question to-day is: How do the farm-ers feel about it? We mention this only to illustrate a point in practical business matters.

business matters.

Agricultural workers are learning their power in politics. They can make or unmake state legislatures. They do it by imitating the methods of labor in cities, by working together. They do not need local unions. They can work in our grand incollections. do not need local unions. They can work in our grand intellectual union for their common good. They have done it in demanding legislation. They are doing it now in a way that makes leaders tremble. They will act more intelligently and united in the future. They find other things than politics to call for their decision. They produce what the world needs. They are studying new methods of giving the fruit of ing new methods of giving the fruit of their labors to the world. Recently an army of 100,000 men marched through army of 100,000 men marched through Chicago's streets celebrating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the great fire. The farmers have for years fed a much greater army; not only fed, but maderich, presented with grain elevators, private banks, fine houses, costly luxuries, the old-time, ever-present army of middlemen. But there is a revolt against dividing profits with this army between the farm and the world's high

between the farm and the world's hig markets.

This independent action began with this pioneer farmer's commission house. It is assuming proportions which make London, Oct. 22.—A Berlin dispatch to the Daily News says: The St. Petersburg Viedomosti gives details of the Van massacre, secured from fugitives who have arrived at Elchmiadzin.

They dealers as Assemting proportions which make the easy money-makers (professional shippers) at the stations over a dozen states tributary to Chicago tremble. The question: "What are the farmers going to do?" bothers not politicians, alone, but all those who have been getting something for nothing. Farm-green are going to ship their own grating. of the series of the series of the series are going to ship their own grain—not a few or a hundred, but an army of thousands. They know how, they have tried it, it pays. That is one question answered by farmers.

See what a few farmers say who have tried shipping:

Rock Valley, Loya Sept. 20, 1895—

Rock Valley, Iowa, Sept. 29, 1896.— Messrs. H. H. Carr & Co., Chicago, Ill.: -Gentlemen: Your favor of the 24th instant, with account sale and draft in settlement for car wheat No. 2002 two and three at a single shot. The details of the outrages on the priests and temples and the sacred books and vessels are indescribably revolting.

In settlement for car wheat No. 3002 at hand. I am well pleased with the results and thank you very much for your promptness. You will surely receive a large number of shipments from this neighborhood. Yours truly.

FRED KOCK.

Marous Iowa Sept. 2 1896—Messrs.

Marcus, Iowa, Sept. 2, 1896.-Messrs. H. H. Carr & Co., Chicago, Ill.:—Gentlemen: On the two cars of oats I sent to you last winter I made about \$42 by shipping it. Thanking you for past favors, I remain, Yours truly,

RUDOLPH ZANGGER.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

It is estimated that 130,000,000 oysters are yearly received at Liverpool from

A Baltimore young man forgot his wedding day and attended a game of base ball. Pulaski county, Missouri, presents as

a candidate for the leadership of the five feet long. President Krueger of late has been getting very deaf. The malady is, in

the opinion of his medical advisers, due to excessive smoking. Henceforth the Ameer of Afghanistan is to be known as the "Light of the World." His majesty is having a gold

Having taken his bride's name upon marriage, a Topeka man who is suing for divorce wants now to regain the untarnished name of his heyday.-New

coin struck to commemorate his new

York Sun. "There is something strange about these seismic disturbances," said the thoughtful man; "the earth yawns, you know, when it is most active."-

Boston Transcript. H. P. Clyde, of Savannah, Ga., who some years ago took a deed for 100 acres of land for a debt of \$140, has discovered a fine deposit of bluegrained marble on it.

One lady said to another, "Have you been to church today? We had a most beautiful sermon on training children." "No, I was at home doing it," was the reply.-London Tit-Bits.

The late Duke of Marlborough, in alluding to the size of Blenheim palace, used to say, by way of a joke, that it was the only residence in England which required \$4,000 worth of putty a year to keep the window panes in

At Bowling Green (Fla.), the irate father of a schoolboy who had been whipped by the teacher met the pedagogue on the street and cursed him, whereupon the wielder of the ferule had him arrested, and the justice ined him \$5 and costs.

Mrs. Western-Did you meet the Rushmeres at the seaside this summer? Mrs. Gotham-Yes, they were at the same hotel we were. They are one of our first families. "Yes, I noticed they were always the first at the table."-Yonkers Statesman.

An untamed swallow, which had its nest in a farm near Chetwynd, in Shropshire, was caught and taken in a cage to London, where it was released. It returned to its nest in eighty minutes, having accomplished a distance of 145 miles at the rate of nearly two miles a minute.

CHARACTER IN WALKING.

Quick steps are indicative of energy

Tip-toe walking symbolizes surprise, curiosity, discretion or mystery. Turned-in toes are often found with preoccupied, absent-minded persons.

The miser's walk is represented as stooping and noiseless, with short, nervous, auxious steps. The proud step is slow and measur-

States is unpatriotic and impertment, and should be resented by all good ed; the toes are conspicuously turned out, the legs straightened.