

THE FRONTIER.

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O'NEILL, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA.

Young ladies of Tecumseh have organized a McKinley club.

Miss Laura Bendolen of Fremont suicided by taking chloroform. She had been disappointed in a love affair.

Mrs. Beebe, a prominent woman of Wahoo, died last week. She was born in 1804, and was a widow for nearly 50 years.

A literary club has been organized at Fairbury among the women. Mrs. W. P. Freeman was elected president and Mrs. T. J. Andrews vice president.

The mortgage record for Otoe county for September is: Farm mortgages filed, \$27,258; released, \$15,925; city mortgages filed, \$729; released, \$2,506.

The state convention of the Young Women's Christian association will be held in Lincoln Oct. 9, 10 and 11. An interesting program has been prepared and a large attendance is expected.

Frank Ordens, an Omaha carpenter, has finished a table with 3,000 pieces of inlaying at which he has worked at odd times for two years. Its design embraces the emblems of the Woodmen of the World.

One hundred five cars of grain were shipped from Wausau during September. All of last year's crop grown there is still in the crib, and the new crop, which is the best ever grown there, will be cribbed and held for a raise in prices.

Following is the mortgage record for Platte county for September: Farm mortgages filed, \$15, \$16,200.69; released, \$2, \$27,968.20; city mortgages filed, \$9, \$3,800; released, \$1, \$1,765; chattel mortgages filed, \$3, \$14,150.48; released, \$15, \$1,407.23.

The postoffice at Cody, Chery county, was robbed Sunday night of \$72 worth of stamps and money orders numbered from 180 to 200. The robbers are supposed to have ridden horses out of Cody and taken a train at one of the stations along the Elkhorn.

The large central school building at Fairbury was partially destroyed by fire. The fire originated in the cellar and is thought to be the result of spontaneous combustion. The building was insured for \$7,200 and the books and fixtures for \$800. This will cover the loss.

While loading hay, Cornelius Keith, living six miles north of York, was badly injured by the falling of a hay-carrier. One of the big forks entered the head about three-fourths of an inch. The skull was badly fractured and a place had to be dug out. His condition is serious.

Members of Workmen lodges at McCool Junction and Fairmount plowed 30 acres of ground for John Collins and James Jackson, farmers living near McCool Junction, both members of the Workmen order, who, owing to sickness, could not get their ground plowed and winter wheat sown.

Superintendent James Edmunds of the Beatrice electric company was seriously injured while working upon the company's line. While at the top of a twenty-foot pole it broke with him letting him fall upon the brick paving. His head was badly cut, one arm broken and one leg badly bruised. He will recover.

Clyde Crasser, a well-to-do rancher who lives fifteen miles southwest of Brigham, was nearly killed by a horse falling on him and mashing his head into the ground. He was unconscious for several hours, after which he was carried to the Latspich ranch, where he was cared for. He did not regain full consciousness for two days. He will recover.

A negro, named Brown, was brought to Falls City from Hiawatha, charged with robbing Sanders Bros. store two weeks ago. A trunk filled with clothing, which was identified by A. E. Sanders, was found in Brown's possession. He was given a preliminary hearing and was bound over to appear before the district court in the sum of \$500, in default of which he went to jail.

Following is the Dodge county mortgage record for September: Farm mortgages filed, 17, \$24,670; released, 14, \$11,735; town and city mortgages filed, 14, \$8,636; released, 13, \$8,636; chattel mortgages filed, 78, \$58,917; released, 19, \$2,011. Many farmers are buying cattle on time to fatten on cheap corn, which accounts for the large number of chattel mortgages given.

The reunion at Sutton was a marked success. The weather was exceptionally fine and the attendance even beyond the most sanguine, one day seeing fully 5,000 people upon the grounds and the fact of the occasion attracting the presence of men with state reputations added pleasing tone to the camp. J. A. Eberhardt, A. V. Cole and Thomas Majors each made addresses at the campfire.

The district court which convened at Red Oak last week, was adjourned on Saturday. A great amount of business was disposed of. Among the criminal cases was that of George Drake, a former prosperous and wealthy farmer, accused of statutory rape upon the person of an orphan who had made her home with his family. He was convicted and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

A thief made away with A. T. Hosie's team and spring wagon at Tecumseh. Hosie drove in to church services, tied his team to the public rack and when he came out after the services for when they were gone. Johnson county will give \$50 for the capture of the thief and the return of the property.

Joseph Letak of Wilber, a Bohemian, shot and fatally wounded his wife. It is generally believed that it is a case of attempted murder. The woman was the fourth wife of Letak, and as the man is, it is claimed, of a mean disposition, it is the supposition that a family quarrel led to the crime. There is no hope for the woman's recovery.

James Schultz of Yutan brought to Wahoo and unloaded at that place 132 head of cattle off his range near Gordon, which, with 168 head he now has on his farm, he intend to feed this winter. Forty-seven thousand sheep are to be shipped to Saunders county from Colorado this fall, and are to be distributed around through the country, where they will be fed during the winter.

Gov. Holcomb last week issued the legal proclamation for the approaching election. Nebraska electors will have a chance to vote for eight presidential electors, six congressmen, governor and state officers, one regent of state university to fill vacancy, two contingent judges of the supreme court, thirty-three state senators, about one hundred state representatives, and also the proposed amendments to the state constitution.

The West Nebraska conference of the M. E. church convened at Ogallala. There were 200 ministers in attendance, who were entertained by the citizens of that place. The first day's exercises were principally class examinations. In the evening an address of welcome was delivered by Hon. L. B. Rector of Ogallala and response was made by D. D. Forsyth of Elm Creek, after which Rev. L. S. Moore delivered the conference sermon.

Joe Pinkava, a farmer living near Crab Orchard, Gage county, beat his wife with a hatchet, breaking her skull in several places and mangled her body badly. Doctors say she will not live. After the assault Pinkava ran to his neighbor's, borrowed a revolver, stating after securing it, that he would shoot himself. He ran for the woods and fired two shots at a tree. As no trace of his body can be found it is believed that he fled. Parties are in pursuit. Family troubles seem to be the cause.

The executive committee has found it necessary to postpone the meeting of the fourth annual convention of the Nebraska state irrigation association, to have been held at Lexington from October 7, 8 and 9 to November 19, 20 and 21. The selection of these dates was thought to be essential to the most complete success of the meeting. There were conflicting meetings and engagements of a large number who were particularly anxious to attend, and the change was made by unanimous decision.

Edward E. Spencer of Otoe county, who was charged with the murder of John Ricker and found guilty of manslaughter, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary by Judge Ramsey. Other sentences were passed as follows: Charles Ferguson, five years for the larceny of some harness belonging to a farmer near Palmyra; Quiller Beck, convicted for stealing hogs, four years; Henry Webber who dug his way out of jail a few days ago, but was captured and brought back, pleaded guilty to a charge of daylight burglary, and got two years.

Joe Price, the young man who stabbed George Stadler at Cedar Creek, Cass county, was brought to Plattsmouth by the sheriff and lodged in the county jail. Stadler is lying in a precarious condition, with five knife wounds in his body. He is resting easy, but the physician says he may yet have a relapse. Stadler had fallen to the ground when Price first stabbed him, and the knife was plunged into his body four times while he was held on the ground by his murderous assailant. The quarrel arose over the payment of a keg of beer.

The fortunate discovery of three finely tempered saws beneath a strip of carpet on the turnstile which admits prisoners of the county jail from the outer corridor, undoubtedly prevented a general jail delivery at the county jail in Lincoln. It is supposed that the saws were introduced in plugs of tobacco, bestowed upon prisoners by thoughtful friends. The jail at this time contains a large number of desperate criminals, among whom are the notorious thief, Bill Rose, and Hagey, the alleged murderer of the eastern capitalist, W. F. Eyster.

Washington dispatch: Secretary Francis today rendered a number of decisions, his first since assuming office. The cause of the United States against Thomas Cooper, Wm. J. Gillen and Kit Carson Cattle company, from McCook district of Nebraska was finally disposed of by the secretary's refusing to entertain a motion filed by the defendants for a review of the departmental decision refusing to re-instate the McGillen homestead entry. It was held that the cattle company was not an innocent purchaser within the meaning of the act of March 3, 1891.

The sound money democrats met in Omaha last week and placed in nomination the following ticket by acclamation: For governor, Robert S. Bibb, Gage county; lieutenant governor, O. E. Biglin, Holt; treasurer, Frank McGibern, Dodge; secretary of state, John Martes, Jr. Otoe; auditor, Emil Heiler, Cuming; attorney general, Robert W. Patrick, Omaha; superintendent of public instruction, Samuel G. Glover, Washington; commissioner of public lands and buildings, George M. Baer, Nance; regent, Dr. J. J. Leas, Chadron; judges of the supreme court, Frank Irvine, Douglas; W. H. Platt, Hall; electors, Fred Renner, Burr; William Griffin, Thayer; A. S. Godfrey, Lancaster; Charles Turner, Douglas; Joseph Bruening, Platte; Alexander Scott, Polk; J. A. Kirk, Hitchcock; Charles Nicolai, Conter.

The 14-year-old son of Dr. Armstrong of Beatrice, died as the result of a fall from a bicycle, in which he sustained concussion of the brain.

Many farmers of Platte county have lost hogs recently with cholera or some similar disease. Some have lost but a few, while the losses of others has been heavy. Some say it is not the old fashioned cholera, but do not pretend to name the disease.

Sheriff Nelson took possession of the Tribune newspaper issued at Beatrice on a writ of replevin passed by the county court in an action wherein Ed. S. Miller is the plaintiff. Miller holds title to the office by virtue of a bill of sale. The Tribune is the local populist organ, and has always had a precarious existence, since the populists bestow their patronage on the Times.

ROSEBERY FOR PEACE.

GREAT BRITAIN IN NO CONDITION FOR A WAR ON TURKEY.

QUITS PARTY LEADERSHIP.

Issue Taken With Both the Extremists and Mr. Gladstone and His Followers—Great Britain's Interests All for Peace—His Retirement Irrevocable—Asquith Probable Successor.

EDINBURGH, Oct. 12.—Four thousand people gathered in the Empire theater here last night to hear Lord Rosebery, the retiring leader of the Liberal party, explain his motives in retiring. When he appeared the whole assembly sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

Lord Rosebery said that he had resigned because he could not sacrifice national interests to personal ambition. He welcomed the national agitation in Great Britain on behalf of Armenia, because it would convince foreign governments of Great Britain's unselfish integrity and would strengthen the hands of the government, but the present agitation, Lord Rosebery pointed out, differed from Mr. Gladstone's Bulgarian agitation.

In dealing with the various remedies proposed for the settlement of the Turkish question, the speaker said: "The mere deposition of the sultan would be no remedy, as the system and not the man must be tackled. More, this would be impossible without the concert of the powers, and if that were attained it would be better to call upon it to deal with the larger issue involved. The proposal to withhold the Cyprus tribute is impracticable, as this is paid to the sultan's creditors and not to the sultan, as it would be like tickling the tortoise's back to make it laugh."

Regarding the proposal to place the Dardanelles or Turkey in the hands of Russia, Lord Rosebery pointed out that neither of these was Great Britain's to dispose of, and Russia's methods were not so ideal as to warrant British acquiescence. He also differed from Mr. Gladstone's proposal to cut off diplomatic relations with Turkey, but they differed, he added, as friends.

A warm eulogy of Mr. Gladstone followed, but the ex-premier continued that he even deprecated the proposal of such a thing, as it would only deprive Great Britain of all her influence with Turkey, but might drive it into war, and its failure would leave Great Britain in the same position plus the public humiliation of confessing her impotence.

Lord Rosebery also differed from Mr. Gladstone in his contention that Great Britain was bound in honor by the Cyprus convention to intervene. "Peace," Lord Rosebery affirmed, "is a necessity of your empire. For the last twenty years you have been laying hands with frantic eagerness on every available and desirable tract of territory. The amount thus brought into your possession or sphere of influence in the last twelve years is 2,500,000 square miles. This policy has produced two results—first the exciting of an almost intolerable degree of envy in the other colonizing nations, entailing their malevolence now instead of their benevolence; second, the making of an unwieldy empire, difficult to administer and to defend until a long period of peace effects its consolidation."

After reminding his audience how Cobden, Bright and Gladstone had been publicly reviled for the advocacy of an unpopular peace policy, Lord Rosebery declared: "Although I am aware that it is unpopular to advocate diplomatic methods, I shall never cease to exert my voice and strength against England engaging in such a dangerous war, of which you can see the eloquent commencement, but nobody living can see the catastrophe or the end."

Unless his retirement should produce unity, Lord Rosebery said, the sacrifice would have been in vain. He advised them that whoever was chosen leader, they should support him loyally, for a united party behind an inferior leader was better than a disgruntled party behind the best leader. He closed by thanking his colleagues for their kindness, and predicted that Mr. Asquith's qualities of head and heart would eventually lead him to the highest office in the state.

Augustine Dirrell, member of Parliament for the West division of Eife, then moved a resolution requesting that Lord Rosebery should reconsider his resignation. This was carried unanimously.

Mr. Asquith, in his speech, supported the resolution, declaring that Lord Rosebery enjoyed the full confidence of all his late colleagues.

Lord Rosebery, replying, said that his decision to retire was the result of mature reflection and was absolute and was taken under a conviction of necessity.

National Democrats Not Allowed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 12.—The State election commission, composed of Governor Matthews, John W. Kern and R. O. Hawkins, has rejected the petition of the National Democrats to place that name on the ballots.

Colorado McKinley Republicans Act. DENVER, Colo., Oct. 12.—On application of Chairman Hodges of the McKinley Republican State committee, the supreme court issued a writ of mandamus requiring Secretary of State McAffey to appear Monday and show cause why he should not certify the nominations of the Republican State convention to the county clerks, to be printed on the official ballots. Upon the issue of this suit will hinge the question whether any votes can be cast in Colorado for McKinley and Hobart except by writing the names of the electors in the blank spaces on the ballot.

NO STATE FUSION.

The Missouri Democratic Committee Ignores the Populist Proposition.

St. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 12.—That there will be no fusion between the Democrats and the Populists on the state ticket was settled by the action of the Democratic state committee to-day. After a session of fifteen minutes, it formally ratified the action of the sub-committee in effecting fusion on the electoral ticket by giving the Populists four places, and adjourned without even discussing the proposition of the Populists to give them two places on the Democratic state ticket in return for not putting out their list of nominees.

Immediately after the meeting Secretary Love said the Democrats would file their joint electoral ticket and their regular Democratic state ticket at once.

When apprised of the action of the Democratic state committee Chairman Roselle, of the Populist state committee said he would also file at once the complete Populist ticket nominated at Sedalia.

BOLD AMAZONS IN CUBA.

Daring Deeds of a Band of Women Led by an Avenging Senorita.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—A special from Key West says: "Advises from Remedios tell of the gallant deeds of a band of Amazons headed by Senorita Martini Hernandez Perez. They are mounted and have been in the vicinity of Vueltas for some time. Last Saturday afternoon Senorita Perez, at the head of her band, dashed upon the town. Twelve Spanish soldiers at the gate were put to the machete. The Amazons then rode through the streets cutting down other Spanish soldiers who were lounging in front of a cafe. In the plaza 200 Spaniards were charged. The Spaniards fired a volley, which killed three Amazons, and then fled to the barracks after losing eight of their number. A year ago Martinez's fiancée was a captain in the Cuban army, but after he was captured and put to death by the Spaniards, she vowed vengeance and organized her band, the members of which are sworn to never spare a Spaniard."

FOR WEYLER'S RECALL.

Conservatives in Cuba Demand a Change—Home Rule and Peace Possible.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 12.—A special cable to the Picayune from Havana says: "I have been reliably informed and have seen a copy of a telegram sent by the Spanish element, the Conservatives, against General Weyler, asking for his removal on the ground that his continuing in office means the sure loss of the island. The telegram further recites the fact that a large part of the Cuban element will be willing to accept home rule if with it will be appointed another captain general. There is a positive assurance from friends here to the effect that General Martinez Campos is willing and anxious to return to Cuba, but that he will not come until he brings the home rule concessions with him."

ILLINOIS SILVERITES.

An Aggressive Campaign With Free Coinage Republicans Arranged.

CHICAGO, Oct. 12.—A conference of silver leaders was held to-day in Democratic National Chairman Jones' office to make final arrangements for the campaign in Illinois. Among those present were Senator Teller, Congressman Hartman of Montana and Towns of Minnesota and Governor Altgeld. It was definitely determined that all of the Republican silver leaders should stump the State during the closing weeks of the campaign. Senator Teller, however, is in feeble health, and will speak only when he may feel able. The aggressive campaign promised for Cook county (Chicago) will be begun next week and continue to the eve of the election.

Rural Mail Delivery.

PANKEBURG, W. Va., Oct. 12.—The first experiment with the free delivery of mail in the rural districts was made at Charlestown, W. Va., yesterday. There are three carriers who get \$200 each per year salary and give \$500 bonds each. Collectively, they carried a distance of fifty miles, delivered six-hundred pieces of mail matter and returned none to the office. Charlestown is the home of Postmaster General Wilson.

Shot Because of Disagreement.

EUREKA SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 12.—J. K. Polk Williams, a leading stockman and farmer of Northwest Arkansas, was fatally shot at his home near Huntsville, Madison county, yesterday by Joe Cox, a neighbor. The trouble arose over a business disagreement. Cox will plead self-defense.

Gold Democratic Rights Recognized.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 12.—Secretary of State Palmer decided to-day that the National Democratic (gold standard) ticket was entitled to a place on the official ballot under the designation given. A contest which was begun by Chairman Danforth of the silver Democratic state committee will be continued in the courts.

United States Judge Green Dead.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 12.—Edward T. Green, judge of the United States court for the district of New Jersey, died to-day of pneumonia. He was born in Trenton in 1827.

Out of France—Into Germany.

DARMSTADT, Oct. 12.—The imperial Russian train, with the czar and zarina, arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning and was met by the dual family of Hesse, headed by Grand Duke Ernest, of Hesse, the brother of the czarina. The imperial couple were driven to the new palace amid great enthusiasm.

Sir John Millais' Fortune.

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The late Sir John Millais, president of the Royal academy, left a fortune of \$1,250,000.

THE GUAYAQUIL FIRE

THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE HOMELESS AND DESTITUTE.

Ten Thousand Houses, Including Every Bank in the City, Burned—All of the Grocery and Supply Houses Destroyed—Intense Suffering is Certain Before Supplies Arrive.

An Awful Holocaust.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Oct. 10.—It is estimated that the financial loss to the city by the fire of Monday night and Tuesday will run far up in the millions. Some reports estimate it as over 50 million dollars. Many lives were lost, just how many it is impossible to say, as yet, and over 85,000 persons are homeless.

Two thousand houses, including every bank in the city, of which there were five, were burned. The customs house, theater and many other public buildings were also swept away and the entire business portion of the city was laid waste.

Practically all of the grocery and supply stores are gone and thousands of residents, homeless and hungry, swarm the streets and the neighboring woods. It is impossible from the present food supply in and near Guayaquil, to supply the sufferers, and until assistance reaches here from other cities in Ecuador the suffering will be intense.

The flames destroyed many lives before those who were asleep could be warned of the impending danger. Scores are missing, and though it is impossible to estimate the number of deaths now, the figures will of necessity be large.

The fire started in a small dry goods store. It is believed that this store was fired by incendiaries. The police have made several arrests so far, and the people are so wrought up that numerous threats to lynch or burn the prisoners at the stake have been made. Business, in the meantime, has been entirely suspended, and every effort is directed toward relieving the distress of the sufferers.

WEYLER DECEIVES LEE.

The Spanish General Deliberately Misrepresents Treatment of Americans.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—A special from Havana "says Weyler is fooling Lee. The order prohibiting the American consul general from visiting the military prison keeps him from personally investigating the condition of Americans imprisoned there. He has to rely on what Weyler tells him. In their last interview General Lee complained of the unsanitary conditions of the cells the American prisoners were in. Weyler replied boldly: 'Oh, I have attended to this matter. They have been removed to cells 41 and 42.' General Lee retired, flattered at his supposed success, not knowing that the Americans have always occupied cells Nos. 41 and 42. Those cells, by the way, are gloomy and so damp that water oozes from the ceiling and trickles down the walls, wetting the floor, which never dries. In one of these wretched cells are Melton, the American newspaper correspondent, and George Aguirre, locked with a man suffering from small-pox."

INGERSOLL ON THE ISSUES.

McKinley and the Gold Standard Upheld Before 20,000 Chicagoans.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Last night Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll spoke for McKinley and the gold standard in a big tent to an audience estimated at 20,000. He said three great questions were at issue—currency, tariff and the question whether an appeal lay from the supreme court to a mob.

As to the first question Colonel Ingersoll said that money is a part of nature and does not have to be re-deemed, for it is the redeemer. Greenbacks are not money, neither is a silver dollar containing less than a dollar's worth of silver unless it be exchangeable for gold. It would take a dollar's worth of paper to make a dollar on its own merits. The speaker said that coin money added no more to its value than measuring to grain or weighing of coal.

POLITICS ON CHICAGO DAY.

Republicans and Silver Men Celebrate by Parades and Speeches.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Chicago day, the anniversary of the great fire twenty-five years ago, was celebrated chiefly as a political holiday by Republicans and Democrats separately, each party having its own street parade, as well as gatherings indoors. Practically every factory and store was closed, as were also the board of trade and banks. From early morning the streets were jammed with cheering thousands, struggling to gain some point of vantage. After 9 o'clock the street cars or vehicles were not allowed in the down town district, the streets being entirely given up to signifiers and marchers. Innumerable floats, representing all kinds of trades and business organizations were features of the parade.

Resigns Office to Take Part in Politics.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Henry Clay Smith, United States consul to Santos, Brazil, who is now in this city, has resigned on account of the rule forbidding certain officeholders from taking an active part in politics. In his letter to the President he said he was going to campaign in his native state (Alabama) for Bryan and Sewall.

Leadville Mines Starting Up.

LEADVILLE, Col., Oct. 10.—From present indications, every mine that was in operation before the strike will have been started again within thirty days. Barricades, blockhouses and sentry boxes, have been erected about the Little Johnny, Bison, Last Chip, Enmet, Mahala, Marion and other leading mines, and the Resurrection has begun similar defensive works. More men are coming from outside, and with those here who are daily applying for work will give the mines full forces as fast as they are wanted.

THE RESULT IN GEORGIA.

Atkinson's Majority in the Neighborhood of 35,000—Other Majorities Bigger.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 10.—Advices up to midnight from combined official and unofficial sources fix the total Democratic majority at 36,129. This estimate is based on the vote for Atkinson for governor, which is in many cases less than that cast for the other state officials. It is not believed the final returns will materially alter this estimate. The legislature is almost solidly Democratic in both branches, insuring practically the unanimous election of ex-Speaker Crisp to the senate, to succeed Senator Gordon.

The official returns from McDuffie county, the home of Thomas E. Watson, shows that the Populists have carried it by 504 majority. Seaborn Wright, the Populist candidate for governor, carries his home county, Floyd, a former Democratic stronghold, by 200 majority.

CARNIVAL REVELERS.

Kansas City Will Have No More of Them—Many Disgraceful Acts.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 10.—Carnival nights are a thing of the past in Kansas City. After remaining in his office in the central police station from 6 to 11 o'clock last night and hearing of one murder and half a hundred assaults and robberies, Chief Irwin came to the conclusion that the practices permitted on carnival night are bad and should be abolished. Masked revelers last night knocked down women and almost tore their clothes off, without the least impunity. As the theaters set out they daubed the faces of the ladies with paint, tar, grease, etc., and spoiling the hand-some toilets. Ex-Governor Foster of Ohio had his face tarred while driving in a carriage from Turner hall to the Coates house.

TEMPLE HOUSTON'S CRIME.

Oklahoma Politician Fatally Wounded a Man During a Quarrel.

WOODWARD, O. T., Oct. 10.—Temple Houston shot and probably fatally wounded J. B. Jenkins at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Jenkins was shot twice, one ball passing just above the heart and another going through the right shoulder. The difficulty arose over the action of Jenkins in spitting in the face of Temple Houston's son, a few days ago. Jenkins' condition is critical. Houston has been placed under arrest.

One year ago J. B. Jennings was killed in a saloon fight with Houston in this city. Houston escaped punishment through plea of self-defense. Houston is a son of General Sam Houston, of Texas revolutionary fame.

No Right to the Name.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The troubles of the National, or reform Democrats with the Board of Election, took specific form at a meeting held by the board in Brooklyn last night, when a decision was given substantially as follows: First, that the political party name of the National Democratic party is substantially the same as the name and infringes upon the rights of the use therefore by the political party known as the regular Democratic party; second, that the said certificates of nomination is not a party certificate of nomination within the intent and provisions of chapter 900 of the laws of 1896.

New Mexico Stage Robbery.

SANTA FE, N. M., Oct. 10.—A dispatch from San Antonio, N. M., states that the United States mail coach which left there yesterday morning, was held up by masked men, forty miles out. The mail sack was cut open, rifled and the stage horses were stolen. There were no passengers aboard. The coach was en route to White Oaks. The coach driver was left without conveyance and walked eight miles back to the station, whence the alarm was sent into San Antonio.

Watterson in Politics Again.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 10.—The Courier-Journal to-day printed a long editorial from Henry Watterson, written at Geneva, in which he said that the action of the Chicago convention had caused him to return to politics, which he had left forever two years ago. He concluded: "There is but one hope for the country, but one for the Democratic party, and that hope lies imbedded in the principles unfolded by the Indianapolis platform and represented by the candidacy of Palmer and Buckner."

Claims of the Silver Party Men.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Secretary Defender of the Silver party gave out an estimate on the election yesterday as follows: Bryan, 282 electoral votes; McKinley, 107; doubtful, 58. This last is made up of Iowa, Maryland, Minnesota, New Jersey, West Virginia and Wisconsin. He concedes New England, New York and Pennsylvania to McKinley, and claims for Bryan all except these states and those in the doubtful list.

Big Morocco Works Damaged.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 10.—The Morocco factories of Garrett & Barr, Charles Baird & Co. and Washington, Jones & Co. were damaged by fire last night to the extent of \$200,000. William McNeal, a fireman, was killed by falling walls. The fire started in the boiler room of the Garrett & Barr factory and quickly spread to the other buildings.

Bryan's Partner Won't Vote for Him.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 10.—A. R. Talbot, present law partner of Hon. W. J. Bryan, has declared his intention of voting for McKinley.

Eight Days of Speaking for Illinois.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Mr. Bryan will speak in Illinois eight days, beginning October 23 and concluding October 30. He will devote the last three days to Chicago, during which time he will deliver fifteen speeches in various parts of the city.

A Revised Estimate.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 10.—J. C. Dahlgren, chairman of the Democratic State committee, says that from reports received the free silver forces are increasing in numbers, and former estimates, placing the plurality at 25,000, have been increased to 40,000.