ILLINOIS INSTRUCTS FOR MA-JOR M'KINLEY.

Mr. Cullom Turned Down-He Had All the Political Machinery and Manipulators With Him. But the McKinley Boom Carried the Day With Ease-Numerous Outbursts of Enthusiasm in the Convention.

Illinois for McKinley.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 2 .- William McKinley, of Ohio, is the choice of the Republicans of Illinois for president of the United States. He was so declared at the Republican state convention here yesterday. He was not only declared the choice, but the overwhelming choice, of the people of this state who believe in the principles of

the Republican party.

Every effort and scheme known to politicians was brought to bear upon the delegates to induce them to name another man, but all the schemes failed. It was apparent the people whom the delegates represented wanted Mckinley, and the delegates could not be induced to violate the

wishes of their constituents.
That the people of this State were pleased with the choice was made evident by the 15,000 spectators and vis-itors who gathered from all parts of the State to attend the convention. As soon as the name of Major McKinley was mentioned in the convention there was an outburst of applause that surprised even the most ardent admirers of Major McKinley. Nearly every man, woman and child in the vast throng arose at the mention of the name of the Buckeye statesman and for nearly five minutes shouted and yelled and cheered. Hats were thrown in the air by the more enthusiastic, and for a time it seemed as if

the vast crowd had gone raving mad.
The contest was between the Republicans who believed Shelby M.
Cullom should be honored as the standard bearer in the presidential contest by the people of this State, on the one hand and the Republicans. the one hand, and the Republicans who favored McKinley on the other. Arrayed on the side of Senator Cullom was that organization known as the Cook county "machine," and a large number of leading politicians and statesmen of Itlinois. With him were veteran politicians, who, in years gone by, have engaged in many a hard fought political contest. They had to aid them one of the most perfect po-litical organizations that has ever been formed in this State; but all their plans went wrong.
While Senator Cullom and his back-

ers met defeat, they met it gracefully, and at the conclusion of the conven-tion there was not the slightest ill feeling on their part towards the vic-

A motion was made to lay the Mc-Kinley resolutions on the table, and was defeated by a vote of 503 to 832.

When the uproar following the adoption of the McKinley resolutions had ceased the following delegates-at-large were elected: R. W. Patterson, editor Chicago Tribune; William Penn Nixon, editor Inter Ocean, ex-Governor R. J. Oglesby of Elkhart, and ex-Governor J. W. Fifer.

TALK ON BATTLESHIPS.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska, Makes Some Ric Political Predictions.

WASHINGTON, May 2.- The Senate spent another day on the naval appropriation bill without completing it. Mr. Gorman further opposed the item of four battleships and expressed the opinion that the appropriations already made would consume the bal-ance in the treasury. A determina-tion of the number of battleships has not yet been reached. Mr. Chandler has proposed substituting thirty large and fast torpedo gunboats for two of the battleships Mr. White of Cali-fornia, spoke of the need of coast defense before further naval vessels were built, and Mr. Allen of Nebraska made a speech of over three hours arraigning the two old parties

ir. Allen predicted that the Republican party would be victorious at the next national election, and that the Democratic party would go out of power for a third of a century. Three months hence, he said, there would be a great bolt in the Democratic ranks, one wing taking refuge in the Populist party, and the rest becoming "gold bugs." Then turning to the Republican party, Mr. Allen accused it of "frying the fat" out of protected industries, and said that party, too, would go out of power in 1900, giving place to a party of the people. Mr. Allen spoke until 4 o'clock, consuming over three hours.

A Sequel to An Oklahoma Divorce. PERRY, Okla., May 2 .- Last December the Rev. George C. Capron of Massachusetts secured a divorce on aggravated grounds, naming his brother corespondent. The divorced wife and the brother telegraphed here to have the decree set aside, alleging perjury on the part of the plaintiff.
When the matter came to a hearing hen the matter came to a hearing last night the charge was withdrawn.

To Shut Out Convict Goods. WASHINGTON, May 2. - Representative Gardner of New Jersey has submitted to the house the favorable report of the committee on labor in the Southwick bill to protect workingmen from competition with the conwict by confining the sale of convict made goods to the State in which they are produced. An amendment ex-empting manufactured agricultural are produced. products was adopted.

Three Hanged at Fort Smith ' FORT SMITH, Ark., May 2.-Three more convicts from the Indian Territory paid the penalty for shedding man's blood upon the old gallows of the federal court yesterday afternoon. They were John and George Pearce, white, and Webber Isaacs, an Indian.

Mr. Gresham's Last Resting Place WASHINGTON, May 2. - Arrangements have been made for the removal of the body of ex-Secretary Gresham from its present resting place in Oakwoods cemetery, Chicago, to Arling-ton cemetery, this city. SHAH OF PERSIA KILLED.

London, May 2.—The shah of Persia was assassinated by a fanatic this afternoon just as he was about to enter the inner court of the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim, six miles north of

Teheran.
The assassin used a revolver and the first bullet proved the fatal one, passing through the heart. The physician attached to the German legation was sent for in haste but before he arrived the shah was dead.

In order to prevent public excitement from becoming too high, the first report sent out was that the shah was only slightly wounded, but an hour later it was officially announced that the wound had proved

fatal almost instantly.

Immediately after the shah was shot he was carried to his carriageand conveyed to the palace in Teheran. There he was attended by Dr. Tholgean, his chief physician, and other physicians were hastily sent for. But in spite of their effects his maintainst in spite of their efforts his majesty ex-pired soon after his arrival at the palace, or at about 4 o'clock this afternoon.

The assassin, who was promptly arrested, is said to be a sayid from Kerman or from the province of that name. It is believed the murderer

has accomplices. The heir apparent, Muzaffer-ed-Din, was immediately advised of the assassination of his father and will leave Tabriz, where he was sojourning, for Teheran as soon as possible.

THE SHAH'S CAREER. Shah Nasred-Din was born in 1829 and succeeded his father, Muhammed Shah, in 1848, being the fourth monarch of the dynasty of the Kajara. He was proclaimed heir to the throne some years prior to his accession, but was absent at Tabriz when his father died and had to fight for his rights.

The late Shah's first notable act was the suppression of a rebellion in Khorason and his next the extermination of the sect of the Babis by sword and fire.

In 1850 England declared war against Persia on account of the lat-ter's sympathy with Russia in the Crimean war and also by reason of the cap are of Herat a year earlier. After a snort campaign under the conduct of Sir James Outram on the part of the English, the Persians were de-feated and Herat evacuated. Since that time the relations between England and Persia have been friendly and the shah's disposition of the same character, as his recent visit to England would indicate. Nasred-Din had even previously visited Queen Victoria i an amicable spirit and had toured

extensively on the continent as well. In 1872 the Indo-European telegraph line from London through Teheran and on into India was opened and the same year a settlement of the frontier difficulties between Persia and Khelat was effected by Sir F. Goldsmid and the Seistan mission.

Nasred-Din was successful in most of his wars, but it is upon the record of his civil acts that his reputation must rest. He is universally conceded to have been a humane and intelligent

The new shah will be the eldest son of the deceased, Muzafer-ed-Din. It is interesting to note that it is within the power of the Persian monarchs to alter or overrule the existing law of succession and to leave in disregard the claims of the natural heir or any other member of the family.

ONLY TWO BATTLESHIPS.

The Senate Agrees to Mr. Gorman's

Amendment in Economy's Interest Washington, May 2.-Mr. Sherman secured the passage of a bill in the Senate to-day appropriating \$75,000 for the expenses of the Bering sea commission, soon to meet at San Francisco.

The naval appropriation bill was then taken up, the question being on Mr. Gorman's amendment, reducing the number of battleships from four, as reported, to two. Without further speeches a vea and nay vote was then taken, resulting in the adoption of the Gorman amendment-31 to 27-as follows.

Yeas-Republicans, Baker, Gallinger, Nelson, Pettigrew, Pritchard, Sher-man, Warren, Wilson and Wolcott. Democrats, Bates, Berry, Bianchard, Chilton, George, Gorman, Hill, Jones of Arkansas, Mills, Mitchell of Wisconsin, l'asco, Pugh, Roach, Turpie, Vest, Vilas, Walthall and White; Populists, Allen, Kple, Peffer, Butler.

Nays—Republicans, Brown, Cannon, Carter, Clark, Davis, Frye, Hoar, Haw-ley, Lodge, McBride, McMillin, Mantle, Mitchell of Oregon, Perkins, Platt, Quay, Sewell, Shoup, Squire, Teller; Democrats, Bacon, Blackburn, Daniel, Faulkner, Gibson, Irby; Populists, Stewart.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska followed with an amendment striking out all battleships which was defeated-13 to 44.

ROF. FFCKEN DEAD.

The Great German Authority on International Law Accidentally Suffocated. MUNICH, May 2.-Professor F. Heiwich Geffcken is dead from suffocation caused by the explosion of a

lamp. Professor Geffcken was one of the best authorities on international law in the world and was the author of a number of historical works including "The Coup d'Etat of 1851," "The Constitution of the German Confedera-"The Alabama Question," "Histion. torical Development of the Relations Between the State and the Church,' 'The Question of the Danube," and "The German Empire and the Question of the Banks.'

Major Hood to Run Again. TOPERA, Kan., May 2. - A prominent citizen of Emporia, who was in the city yesterday, brought the report that on Monday night a conference was held by the friends of Major Calvin Hood in that city, at which it was determined to present him again as a candidate for United States Senator.

Arizona Republicans Split. PHOENIX, Ariz., May. 2.—The Republican territorial convention ended in a split, and McKinley and anti-McKinley delegates were elected to

St. Louis convention.

BILL TAYLOR IS DEAD.

THROUGH THE DEATH TRAP INTO ETERNITY.

He Ascends the Scaffold With Steady Step and Meets His Fate Without Flinching-A Letter to the Public-The Condemned Man Declares Himself Innocent-Meeks' Mother Witnesses the Execution.

Gone to Meet Meeks.

CARROLLTON, Mo., May ! - Bill Taylor, the murderer of the Meeks family, whose hanging was set for 11 o'clock this morning, was visited at 9 o'clock this morning by his attorneys, Colonel Hale, Virgil Conklirg, Russell Kneisley and Ralph Lozier. He again thanked them for their tireless work in his behalf. Taylor asked Mr Conkling if there could be no hope for a respite at the last moment. The lawyer said there could not

"Well, if I had thirty days more I would never be hanged," said Bill. "They are hanging an innocent man." GIVES A STATEMENT TO THE PUBLIC.

As the lawyers took leave of Bill, he handed Colonel Hale a letter marked "To the Public." "That's my last and only state-

ment," he said.

It reads: "I have only this statement to make. I ought not to suffer as I am compelled to do. Prejudice and perjury convicted me.

"By this conviction my lonely wife is to be left a widow, my babies are made orphans in a cold world, my brothers to mourn and friends to weep. You hasten my gray haired

father and mother to their graves.
"The mobs and that element have hounded me to the grave. I had at least hoped to live till the good people realized the injustice done me, but I am prepared to meet my God, and I now wing my way to the great un-known. There I believe every one is

properly judged.
"I hope my friends will all meet me in heaven. I believe I am going "Good bye all. -W. P. Taylor."

GUS MEEKS' MOTHER ADMITTED. At 9:15 o'clock, old Mrs. Meeks, mother of Gus Meeks, was admitted through the cordon of militia with her blind son, G. W. Meeks, and applied to the sheriff for permission to witness the hanging. The sheriff at first demurred, but later took Mrs. Meeks into the jail dining room and told her that she might stand in the passage leading to the stockade in plain view of the scaffold while Bill was hanged. The white-haired woman seemed greatly pleased with the opportunity she would have to

there will be trouble." "Tut, tut," said the blind son, "there won't be any trouble only for Bill, and I would give \$50 to kick the trap from under him."

see the murder of her son and his family avenged. She was very nerv-ous and once said: "Oh, I'm so afraid

CHEERS AT THE SIGHT OF THE COFFIN. At 9:45 o'clock the metallic coffin. which cost \$250, was carried through the crowds and placed under the scaffold. A hoarse cheer burst out from the crowd when they saw the coffin. The cheer was mingled with screamed jests and laughter.

By 10 o'clock the town was alive with people converging upon the jail. Men with tickets of admission had waited as much as two hours in patience. About 1,500 persons were jammed in a dense throng along the line of militia bayonets.

Governor Stone sent a telegram to Captain Black of the militia telling him to obey the orders of the sheriff.

THE SPECTATORS ADMITTED. At 10 o'clock the spectators were admitted into the stockade. Not over 300 men presented tickets. The inside looked like a "bullpen." The ground s'oped from the jail to the gallows and formed a fine sort of hillside for

the sheriffs and on-lookers. The crowd outside numbered by 10:45 o'clock some 3,000 men, women and children. They were quiet and pleasant, standing simply in the pres-ence of the shadow of death that fell on Bill Taylor. The crowd inside was

also very pleasant. THE CHURCH'S LALT RITE.

At 10:20 o'clock Father Kennedy went into the jail followed by Dr. Tull and a dozen men and women. Taylor vas pacing his cell when they entered. They came this time to offer extreme unction to the condemned man. morbid crowd packed itself against the iron door. The corridor was almost suffocating. Bill's mother had been looked for, but she did not come. Father Kennedy's melodious voice could be heard as he exhorted his hearers to heed the example and take the righteous course.

MRS. MEEKS LISTENS.

Old Mrs. Meeks saw the priest when he entered and she crowded her way to the door to listen to the ministration and, if possible, catch a glimpse of the wretched face behind the iron bars. The priest closed with the Lord's prayer. The chanting responses of Taylor and the women were in deep contrast with the laughter in the street and the boisterous talk in the corridor. Again the sweet strains of hymn were heard and Taylor stood leaning against the bars, his body shaking with emotion. His face was ndeed wretched and pitiable as he looked heavenward and clasped the rucifix to his breast. The mirth of the women in the sheriff's room was changed to weeping as the strains of the hymn fell upon their ears. Tay-tor was brought out of his cell at 10:40. He walked with a firm tread.
Sheriff Stanley followed the guards in with the death warrant. The priest continued his ministrations.

READING THE DEATH WARRANT. Stanley began reading the death warrant in the jail at 10:40. Taylor listened unmoved, his eyes resting upon the sheriff's lips. Father Kennedy and the women listened to the

the advance of the prisoner. Please remove your hats when he comes and remain uncovered while the body is suspended and until pronounced dead."
"We will," cried the crowd.

Outside in the street a fakir sang: About ne mile from Browning.
At the foot of Jenkins hill.
Took place this awful murder.
By the Taylors—George and Bill

This doggerel, sung to the tune of "Joe Howell" and accompanied by banjos, mingled with the sacred strains which the Catholic women sang in Bill's cell.

THE MARCH TO THE GALLOWS. The doomed man came out of the side door of the jail through good Mrs. Cummings' kitchen. Taylor, carrying a crucifix, walked between Sheriffs Allen and Stanley. Father Kennedy followed, chanting. Taylor's step was steady. His eyes were set straight to the front. He had told the sheriff just before leaving his cell

middle of the trap. His face was rigid; not a tremor shook his frame. The women knelt at the foot of the

steps, still praying.
J. B. Ross of Kansas City, adjusted the straps about his ankles. Sheriff Allen pulled the rope tight about Tay-lor's neck. He never winced. lor's neck. He never winced. Deputy Cummings adjusted the black cap and Sheriff Allen drew his hand-

cap and Sheriff Allen drew his hand-kerchief from his pocket.

Sheriff Stanley pulled the trap at 10:47, and Bill Taylor shot through the trap to death. His neck was

broken. Not a muscle quivered.
Old Mrs. Meeks, who stood near the scaffold, almost fainted. Her moaning could be heard all over the stock-

LIFE GONE IN THIRTEEN MINUTES. Exactly 13 minutes and 13 seconds elapsed between Bill Taylor's plunge through the trap and the last beat of his pulse. The body hung, turning from side to side in the tender spring breeze, exactly seventeen minutes, before Sheriff Allen released the rope. The crowd, still holding hats in hand, pushed and struggled to see the dead man's face. When the black cap and rope were removed the face that was

disclosed awed the struggling men.

"Why, he looks as peaceful as if he fell to sleep, were the exclamations. Sure enough the dead man's face was supremely peaceful. The eyes were closed. The seam of the fatal rope did not show. did not show. A purple tinge show-ing through the skin was the only

trace of a sudden death.

The sheriff and doctors signed the certificates required by law across the coffin. Still the hats remained off.

Then the pall-bearers took up their burden and marched out into the street in the face of a mass of people which now seemed to number 5,000. Captain Black called "Attention.company, shoulder arms," and a squad of Company A fell in before and behind the little cortege. At first the sight was received with murmurs; then jeers and laughter and clapping ed-died through the throng. The troops pushed their way through the jolting mass of humanity, men, women, children and babes in arms. A vortex of struggling men streamed behind. The doors of the undertakers fell to and the multitude went to dinner. Many of the crowd which remained behind in the stockade still had their hats in their hands while they cut slivers from the gallows as mementoes.

CONTEMPT DEFINED.

Senator Hill Presents a New Measure to Cover All Possible Cases.

Washington, May 1.-Senator Hill from the committee on judiciary to-day submitted a report upon the bill in relation to contempts of United States courts, presenting a new bill as the result of the committee's deliberations. It defines direct contempts to be those committed during the sitting of a court or a judge in chambers in its or his presence, all other contempts being indirect.
It provides for the immediate
and summary punishment of direct
contempt without written accusation. The provision for the punishment of contempt committed not in the court' presence, as in the Debs case, is as fol-"That upon the return of an officer or a process or an affidavit duly filed showing any person guilty of in-direct contempt, a writ of attachment or other lawful process may issue and such person be arrested and brought before the court; and thereupon a written accusation, setting forth succinctly and clearly the facts alleged to constitute such contempt shall be filed and the accused required to answer the same by an order fixing the time and place of hearing and the court may on proper showing extend the time so as to give the accused a reasonable opportunity to purge himself of such contempt. After the answer, or in case of refusal to answer, the court may proceed to hear the accusation upon such testimony as may be pro-If the accused answer, the trial shall proceed upon testimony produced as in criminal cases and he shall be confronted with the witnesses against him, but such trial shall be by the court, or in its discretion upon application by the accused, a trial by jury may be held as in any criminal case. If found guilty, judgment shall be entered accordingly, prescribing the punishment." The bill allows appeal to the Su-

preme court.

PATTISON BOOMED.

Pennsylvania Indorses Sound Money and the Ex-Governor's Candidacy.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 1 .- Robert Emory Pattison was yesterday unanimously and enthusiastically indorsed as the choice of the Democracy of Pennsylvania for the Presidential nomination at Chicago. The sound money gold standard platform pro-vided for him to go before the people upon pledges the sixty-four delegates to earnestly support Mr. Pattison in convention.

National Chairman William F. Harrity achieved a personal triumph second only to that of Mr. Pattison. Everything he asked for he got, and his "unit rule," instructing the dele-

BLAND BOOMERS.

His Campaign Committee Announced by

Governor Stone. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 30. - Governor Stone yesterday formally announced the following as members of the Bland free silver executive com-

mittee, which was elected at the St.
Louis caucus held on last Saturday:
Lon V. Stephens, George W. Allen,
Nicholas M. Bell, Joseph K. Rickey and Joseph W. Mercer. Governor Stone was added to the committee, on motion, and made chairman. Governor has written the members of this committee suggesting that Allen act as secretary and Mr. Stephens as treasurer. The Governor also nominated the following as members of the finance committee: J. T. Bradshaw, Lebanon; M. C. Wetmore, St. Louis; Louis Houck, Cape Girardeau; Scott J. Miller, Chillicothe; James M. Wilcox-son, Carrollton; James Hughes, Richthat he did not wish to say anything to the crowd from the scaffold.

Taylor mounted the steps with slight assistance and stood in the springfield; John A. Knott, Hannibal. burton. Carthage; E. A. Barbour, Springfield; John A. Knott, Hannibal. Others will be added to this commit-

MARQUETTE STATUE.

It Is Formally Accepted by the Senate -Palmer and Mitchell Speak.

WASHINGTON, April 30. - The naval bill was temporarily laid aside when the Senate met to-day, to allow of the acceptance of the statue of Marquette, presented by the State of Wisconsin, and now in statuary hall. Mr. Palmer of Illinois presented a resolution ex-pressing the thanks of Congress to Wisconsin "for this statue of the renowned explorer and discoverer of the Mississippi river," and formally accepting the gift. Mr. Mitchell of Wisconsin then made a speech recounting the services of Marquette among the Indians of the Northwest.

After several other speeches the Senate passed without opposition the resolution accepting the Marquette statue.

WOLCOTT WILL BE TRUE.

The Colorado Senator Declares His Loyalty to Republicanism.

WASHINGTON, April 30.-Senator Wolcott of Colorado has written a letter defining his position in regard to the St. Louis convention. The sen-ator's position is radically different from the position of his colleague, Senator Teller, as Senator Wolcott indicates his intention of remaining with the Republican party, whatever action it may take on the currency

IOWA PATENT OFFICE REPORT. DES MOINES, April 28.-Patents have

been issued to the Parson's Band Cut-ter and Self-feeder Co., of Newton, Iowa, for the attachment for threshing machines for which they have prior U. S. patents. They report 700 sold last season. Their factory is one of the most important and successful establishments in Newton. Rev. J. D. Stockman, financial agent of Drake University, has been allowed a patent for a humanitarian device adapted for fastening bed clothes so that children annual test approach to said articles. cannot get exposed to cold while sleeping. It is made of wire and readily applied as required for practical use. A. J. and A. R. Wilson, of Houston, Texas, have been allowed a patent for a rotary engine, comprising an approx-imately spherical chamber, a rotable shaft extended eccentrically through said chamber, an approximately spher-ical piston set on said shaft with its surface in contact with the chamber at a point extending longitudinally of the shaft, induction and exhaust ports on opposite sides of said contact point and a disk shaped piston of a size to nor-mally engage the inner surface of the chamber at all times, slidingly mounted in a central longitudinal slot in the shaft. J. W. Eckerd, of Bloomfield, Iowa, has been allowed a patent for a water elevator and carrier, mechanisms connected with a line of fixed posts to carry and direct a bucket from the house and into a well at a distance to be filled and returned to the house by turning a crank to wind a rope, to which the bucket is attached, upon a drum. Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address. Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any United States patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents. Our practice is not confined to Iowa. Inventors in other states can have our services upon the same terms as the Hawkeyes. THOMAS G. AND J. RALPH ORWIG, Solicitors of Patents.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St.

Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere. OMAHA.

Butter—Creamery separator. 16
Butter—Fair to good country 10
Eggs—Fresh 874
Lemons—Choice Measinas 275
Oranges—Per box 250
Honey—Fancy white, per lb 13
Apples—Per bbl 350
Potatoes—various grades 20
Potatoes—Various grades 140
Cranberries—Jerseys, pr.bbl. 450
Hay—Upland, per ton 400
Onions—Per bu 35
Hogs—Mixed packing 325
Hogs—Mixed packing 325
Hogs—Heavy Weights 320
Beeves—Stockers and feeders 255
Beef—Steers 300
Bulls 250 OMAHA. Stags. Calves. Oxen. CHICAGO. Wheat-No. 2, spring...... Corn-Per bu......... Oats-Per bu......

NEW YORK.

ST. LOUIS. Wheat-No. 2 red, cash..... KANSAS CITY.

POPULAR SCIENCE

The air pressure on a person of ordihary size is sixteen and a half tons. The highest mountain in the world is Mount Everest, in the Himalayastwenty-nine thousand feet, or five and three-fourths miles.

In the normal state a dog executes twenty or thirty respiratory movements a minute, but while he is excited or running in the heat of the sun this increases to 300 or 350.

It has lately been established that the temperature of the carbon in the electric arc is about 7,500 degree F., or about forty times the difference of temperature between the boiling and freez-

The camel's foot is a soft cushion, peculiarly well adapted to the stones and gravel over which it is constantly walking. During a single journey through the Sahara horses have worn out three sets of shoes, while the camel's feet are not even sore.

The frog deposits its eggs in shallow water, where the warmth of the sun promotes speedy hatching. The common snake often selects a bed of decomposing vegetable matter. The crocodile and the clumsy sea tortoise go ashore to lay their eggs.

When the common earth worm is cut in two to the tail there grows a head and to the head there grows a tail, and two animals are formed. As the wound heals a small white button is formed, which afterward develops into rings

and a perfect extremity. The duration of sunshine in the various countries of Europe was recently discussed at a scientific meeting in Berlin. It was shown that Spain stands at the head of the list, having on an average 3,000 hours of sunshine per year, while Italy has 2,300 hours, Germany 1,700 hours and England 1,400 hours. Madrid has almose three times as much sunshine as London.

INDIGESTION.

The Disease Will Create the Symptoms of Heart Disease, Kidney Disease, Etc.

From the Standard-Union, Brooklyn,

Few women have had a more miserable existence and lived to tell the tale than Mrs. Anna L. Smith of 311 Pulaski Avenue, Brooklyn. With all the comforts that money affords, with all the happiness that many loving friends can give, the joy of Mrs. Smith's life was blasted for years by the terrible ravages of sickness. The story is most interesting as told to a story is most interesting as told to a

porter: "I was an invalid for years, suffering "I was an invalid for years, suffering first with one complaint and then with another. The thing which caused me the most discomfort and made me offensive to my family was the worst case of indigestion imaginable. I had the best physician we could find, and occasionally his prescriptions relieved me temporarily. But the pairs and occasionally his prescriptions relieved me temporarily. But the pains and misery would all soon return again. I became desperate, and started in to try remedies of which I read. Among them were the Pink Pills. I took the pills and followed out the directions to the letter, and before many days I began to feel like a different woman. For six weeks I took the pills regularly, and I can truthfully add after that I was as well any one in the family. This change for the better in my condition has caused my relatives and friends to take the pills. We buy them from the drug store of We buy them from the drug store of John Duryea, at the corner of DeKalb

and Sumner Avenues.
"I assure you it was impossible for me to oversee my household for three years. Now I visit my kitchen every day, do my own marketing and shopping; in a word, look after everything

ping; in a word, lock after everything connected with my home and family. "Oh, yes, I still keep taking the pills. I take one daily after dinner. Prevention, you know, is better and cheaper than cure. I verily believe one half of the women who are suffering from the ills which our sex are heir to would be up and well if they could be induced to give the Pink Pills a fair trial. I certainly recommend them heartily. I certainly recommend them heartly and and feel grateful to the physician who put them on the market."

Mrs. Smith is a woman of some means and standing in the community and, therefore, her testimony will be accepted without question by all thoughtful people.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all

the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from the Dr. Williams Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y., at 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

Good Roads Scheme.

The latest scheme for good roads, that of laying tracks of broad steel rails along country roads and city streets, for the wheels of vehicles to run on, thus greatly increasing the traction power of horses and the gen-eral comfort and convenience of driving and trucking, was suggested by Gov. Wertz, of New Jersey, in his last message. He says a horse will draw on such a steel track twenty times as much as on a dirt road and five times as much as on macadam. The unanimity with which drivers of all manner of vehicles in the city streets take to the car tracks clearly illustrates the idea.

Iowa's Dangerous Sommnambulist. Iowa is the proud possessor of a citizen who has dreamed a dream and sprung upon an admiring commonwealth a scheme for a \$4,000,000 international palace, to be built above Niagara's bank, with a mean height of 606 feet and a central tower of 1,000 feet, the building to average forty-aix stories. Iowa should not permit this genius to escape. Niagara can spare him, but his native state cannot.—New York Mail and Express.

Would Not Eat the Flag

An Englishman in Washington at dinner declined to eat an ice frozen in the shape and color of the American flag. This he did because he held it to be bad form to absorb the national emblem. The incident was significant as showing the distinction and the difference between the British idea of patricians. otism and our own. Englishmen lift their hats when their flag is carried past and rise when the national an-them is played in theatres and musical halls. No true Briton, in trade or out of it, would see the flag of his country for advertising purposes -Boston