

with her at nights as she was very timid about being alone

GOOD MRS. SPARROW.

I was young and knew little of the city and its ways and it really seemed good and homelike to get into Mrs. Sparrow's cozy little flat and be treated as if I belonged there. I thanked my lucky stars that I had seen and answered her advertisement for a "quiet young gentleman lodger."

She took a very flattering interest in me, and I did not feel offended nor resent her inquisitiveness when she questioned me concerning my family and seemed desirous of knowing every point of my personal history. It seemed to be her way of making conversation, and, coming from a country town as I did, I had seen a great many like her.

Finding I had not been in the city long she began to warn me concerning the pitfalls and snares that lay in wait for a young man there, apparently taking the greatest concern in my welfare. She said she thanked Providence a thousand times a day that her boy had grown up in the midst of temptations become, a model young man, of whom any mother might well be proud.

Without resorting to Mrs. Sparrow's tactics of questioning, I learned that her son was in some kind of business that kept him on the road a great deal, and that he was seldom at home for more than a few hours at a time.

She told me so much concerning him that I was very desirous of meeting Aubry, as she fondly called him. I pictured him in my mind as a bright and brainy young fellow who had acquired a most envisible knowledge of the world and its ways without being contaminat-

ed during the acquisition. After a time Mrs. Sparrow explained that her son was interested in the life nsurance business, being a sort of solicitor, as she called it; that is, he was not a regular agent, authorized to make out policies, but he traveled about discovering "likely subjects," interested them in life insurance, and then turned them over to an agent of some concern in which they seemed to have the most faith

In this way, Mrs. Sparrow explained, it was not necessary for him to be bound to any one concern, but he could work for them all, taking a commission from the agent of any concern for whom he obtained a "subject." By working in this manner he could make a great ical more money than he could in working for one or two concerns exclusively. Had I been older, or had I known a

little more of the life insurance busi-ness, I might have asked Mrs. Sparrow some questions about her son's connec-tion with his professed business that would not have been able to answer dily I might have entertained some doubts that did not enter my head as it

Gradually motherly Mrs. Sparrow interested me in life insurance. She discovered that I carried none and then my duty to lose no time in obtaining ut I was more interested in her son, om I had never seen. I felt he must a jolly good fellow to know, and she ated once or twice that he might be able to give me a start in life, as he had

were finally talking life insurance. All at once he dropped his feet to the floor, leaned forward and said:

HE was a nice motherly old lady, "A man is a fool who keeps pegging and I took to her away at day labor for the money he obimmediately. She tains. Look at the men who make big explained that her fortunes here in the city. How do they son was away from do it? By day labor? Not much! Ha! home a great deal ha! ha! They find an easier and quickof the time, and she er way. I have helped lots of young desired a gentlemen to good pots, and I can help you man lodger, that -I will help you, for I have taken a she might have liking to you." some one in the flat

I was startled, and I did not know what to say. He did not give me much time to speak.

"There is more in the life insurance business than appears on the surface,' he went on. "I am not plugging in this business, but I am making hauls, and when I make a haul somebody shares with me. You may as well be one to share in a pot."

"I-I don't think I understand you.' I stammered.

"Come on, let's go out where we can get something to cool our throats. 1 will explain "

We went out to a saloon. I was not in the habit of tasting liquor, but, in his bland and persuasive way, he induced me to take something. Somehow, I could not refuse, and I took something several times.

I was somewhat befogged when I returned to the flat alone. Aubry had found that he must leave the city by a certain train that would not permit him to go back and await his mother, and we had parted.

In a hazy way I remembered the scheme he had proposed to me-a scheme in which I had almost agreed to play a part. It was the now wellknown trick of insuring under a false name and disappearing. Evidence of death could then be produced, and the insurance money obtained. This money was to be divided.

Of course I was the subject, and I swear Aubry Sparrow had made it seem like a shrewd piece of business, rather than a fraud, for he had explained the plots of Wall street money kings, which were quite as crooked, yet escaped the ban of the law.

He was to be in town again two days later, and the project was then to be carried through, in case I had the required nerve.

When I reached the flat I found two men waiting there. They followed me up the stairs and walked in without the least ceremony. This made me rather angry, and I think I should have fought them both on the spot if they had not explained that they were particular friends of Mrs. Sparrow. I explained that she might not be

home for a day or two, but they both assured me she would arrive very soon. They were right; sho came within an hour.

Mrs. Sparrow was very much surprised to behold her visitors at that hour of the night, or rather morning, and she was more surprised when they grasped her and informed her she was their prisoner. She seemed inclined to resist, and I was on the point of wading into them both, when one flipped back his coat and showed a detective's shield.

Well, the result was they made Mrs. Sparrow change her clothes for male attire, and she came forth altered in appearance—so much altered, in fact, that I cried: er's wife.

I do not know how the conversation A GERMAN "KING OF TRAMPS." drifted round to his business, but we Once a Vallant Soldier, He Become

Once a Vallant Soldier, He Hopeless Wreck.

A few days ago there was buried in Brooklyn, N. Y., the body of William Heiser, alias "Jumbo," 45 years of age. He was known as "The King of Tramps," and for the past twenty years arising from living in such a country. was one of the most interesting char- In prescribing medicines not only is acters of the city. He was the son of the fear of a future accusation of poisthe mayor of a town in Germany, and oning ever present, but the possibility through a money broker was in receipt that it may prove to be a reality. Thus of an allowance of \$100 every three months. Even under the dirt of a tramp able grandmother of rheumatism may he showed his breeding. Tall and commanding in appearance, he was in the habit of reminding all with whom he came in contact that although a tramp he was once a gentleman. Of the thousands who knew him no one could contradict him. Twenty years ago he made his appearance in Brooklyn. It was at the time when lodging houses were attached to the station houses. He was ever about the Bedford avenue station. cleaning and tending the furnaces. All attempts to make him talk of his previous life were a failure. His only answer was: "I am a gentleman if I am a tramp." It was his pleasure on receiving a remittance to take his friends out and get them drunk and then pay their fines. Through the money broker it was learned that "Jumbo" gained a gold medal during the Franco-Prussian war, but that having incurred the enmity of the German government he came to this country. Eighteen months ago, on expressing a wish to reform, his relatives sent him \$1,000, with which he started in the furniture business, but failed. An officer found him sitting on the steps of the hospital at Bedford avenue and South Third street. He awoke him. "Keep moving," said the officer. Jumbo's reply, "They don't know me any more," was scarcely audible, but he kept moving as best he could. A few hours later another officer found him sitting in the gutter. He made an attempt to get up, but fell back unconscious. He was taken to the station house, where he died. Fortunately the regular \$100 remittance was received the day after, and he was not buried in the potter's field.

THE MYSTIC THREE.

Something About the Time-Honore Superstition for the Number.

I was reading an article the other day on the superstitious regard for the number three, and it set me thinking. There must be something in it. The third repetition of anything is generally looked upon as a crisis. An article may be twice lost and recovered, but when lost the third time is lost for good. Twice a man may pass through some great danger in safety, but the third time he loses his life.

If, however, the mystic third can be successfully passed all is well. Three was called by Pythagoras the perfect number, and we frequently find its use symbolical of deity. For instance there are the Trinity of the Christian religion, the trident of Neptune and the three-forked lightning of Pluto. In mythology there are the three Fates, the three Furies and the three Graces. Shakespeare introduced three witches I can remember the old nursery rhyme about the three wise men of Gotham, and the song of the three blind mice whose tails were cut off by the farm-

I have heard of three volum

HAVE HARD LIVES.

The Disadvantage of Being a Medical Missionary in China. The women who go out as medical

missionaries have a hard time of it, according to a writer in the Philadelphia Times, aside from mere inconveniences a bottle of liniment curing the venerbe lent to a neighbor stricken with small pox as an infallible remedy; or the entire contents of a vial of toothache medicine be administered in one dose to a teething infant. Celestial reason that if a small portion is of any benefit the whole bottleful, taken at once, multiplies its usefulness in a corresponding ratio. Therefore, if not previously warned, experience soon teaches the missionary to make it an infallible rule never to dispense a poisonous remedy or one which could do harm if the entire quality were taken at once. Liniments and toothache drops compounded of nonpoisonous drugs may not be highly potent, but they are at least harmless. When it is absolutely necessary to administer a powerful remedy several times or for several times in succession the doctor puts each dose up in a separate vial, powder or capsule, and leaving them at the dispensary with a trained American nurse or other foreign helper, directs that a servant or child of the patient be sent there for one every three hours. or three times a day, as the case may require, otherwise it would all be taken at once, or divided among ailing neighbors. Then the women doctors are obliged

to be ever on the alert to keep the natives from stealing drugs from their medicine chests and so run the risk of being poisoned. Then, too, the curious objection to privacy which prevails in China and makes it unwise for foreigners, especially doctors, to insist upon it for fear of being regarded with superstition, makes it necessary to conduct all operations in semi-public manner and there is always the danger that some of the spectators may object at a critical point in the operation and thus imperil the patient's life, which would indeed be unfortunate for the poor surgeon. Anaesthetics are regarded with suspicion and seldom used, but the native stolidity to pain makes them almost unnecessary. Altogether the life is not one to be desired.

LOVE AT GREAT ALTITUDE.

A Lady Who Climbs Mount Ranier

Winds Up by Marrying Her Guide. Henry Carter, the famous Mount Rainer guide, has fallen in love under romantic circumstances, and will be married by Rev. William M. Jeffries. the first preacher who delivered a sermon on top of the mountain. There is a possibility that Carter will be married on top of the mountain, the place where he fell in love last Tuesday night, with the thermometer registering 20 degrees below zero. He is to marry Cora Beachman, a school teacher, and the belle of Lake Park, a suburb of Tacoma, says the Globe-Democrat.

Miss Beachman, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Groe of Eatonville, set out Tuesday with Carter, the most all the mountain guides, to ascend Mount Ranier. At Gibraltar rock, which corresponds to the "shoulder" of the Matterhorn, 4.000 feet from the summit, Mrs. Groe became exhausted. Miss Beachman declared her intention to reach the summit at all hazards. Carter led the way, but soon lost his ice ax, and in scaling difficult passes they were compelled to rely solely on their alpenstocks. They did not reach the summit until 6 p. m., too late to attempt the descent that night. They had left Paradise Valley, below the snow line, without wraps, and only a lemon and one sandwich each in the way of provisions. Carter selected a sheltered ice cave formed by jets of steam from the crater, and there they passed a sleepless night, discussing all sorts of topics, and before they left the summit, at 9 a. m. Wednesday, Miss Beachman had promised to marry the guide. The instant they left the steam of the ice cave their clothes were frozen stiff, and they suffered great hardships in descending. A rescue party organized during the day, came to their relief late in the afternoon, after they had been without food over twenty-four hours.

Awarded

Highest Honors-World's Fair,



NEIL BRENNAN.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.Elliott C. Davidson, Merchants Bank of
Neilgh. Henry L. Pratt, and the Nebraska
Land Company, non-resident defendants, will
take notice, that on the 2nd day of October,
1955. Bella F. Kollins plaintiff filed her petition
in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska
sgainst said defendants, impleaded with
Grover C. Maben, Ella Maben and M. F. Har-
rington, the object of which is to foreclose a
certain mortgage executed by the defendants
Grover C. Maben and Ella Maben, to H. M.
Kollins, upon the following described real
estate situated in Wheeler county, Nebraska,
to the southeast quarter, the east half of
the southeast quarter, is easthaft
of the southeast quarter, the east half of
the southeast quarter, the south-
west half of the northeast quarter, and the southwest
quarter of the southwest quarter of the
southwest quarter of section 10; all of the
southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section
to duriter of the southeast quarter of section 4, and the southwest
quarter of the southwest quarter of section 10; all of the
southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 2, and the southwest quarter of
the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 2, and the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the
southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 2, and the south half of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 2, and the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 3, all in township 25, north
of section 5, all in township 25, north of section 5, all in township 25, north
of section 5, all in township 25, north of sect

N. D. JACKSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

NOTICE.

NOTICE, Henry Potts and Milissa Potts, non-resident defendants, will take notice, that on the 2nd day of October, 1895. William Goldthorp, plaintiff, filed his petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against said de-fendrnts, impleaded with the Oregon Horse & Land Company, the object of which is to foreclose a certain morigare executed by the defendants Henry Potts and Millissa Potts, to John J. Roche, as trustee, npon the follow-ing described real estate situated in Holt county. Nebraska, to-wit: The soutawest quarter of section 31, in township 33, north of range 12, west, riven to secure the payment of one certain promissory note dated Pebru-ary 23, 1888, for the sum of \$500.00 payable March 1 1803. Therd is now due the plaintiff from the defendants on said note and mort-gue the sum of \$673.36 with ten per cent in-terest from October 1, 1895. And plaintiff prays for a decree that said premises may be soid to satisfy the amount found due. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 11th day of November, 1895. Dated at O'Neill, Nebraska, this 2nd day of October, 1805.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEFEND.

In the district court of Holt county. Ne-J. C. Franklin, plaintiff.

Highest i Honors—World's Fair, 'DR'
In the district court of Holt county. Nebraka. J. G. Franklin, plaintiff.
J. C. Franklin,

NOTICE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain chattel chattel mortgage executed by Frank J. Toohill. on December 31, 1894, to the State Bank of O'Neill, to secure the pay-ment of one certain promissory note in the sum of 863.00 due July 15, 1895. Said chattel mortgage having been duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Holt county, Nebraska, the mortgage by virtue of the powers con-tained in said mortgage has taken possession of the following personal property, towit: Two counter scales, Fairbank make; one plat-form scale, Fairbank make; one blat. form scale, Fairbank make; one blat. form scale, Fairbank make; one blat. one sausage machine: one sausage stuffer; one marble top counter; two butcher blocks; one kettle and all other tools and butchers imple-ments formerly belonging to F. J. Toohill and now in use by E. P. Hicks; also one slaughter house and feed shed and two large kettles, and will, at the Palace Meat Market, in the city of O'Neill, on the 10th day of October, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M. offer said property for sale and sell the same to the highest bidder for cash, at which time and place due attendance will be given by the undersigned. 10-4 THE STATE BANK OF O'NEILL. By H. M. Uttley, Agent. The above sale has been adjourned untal October 18, 1896, at 100 clock a. m. NOTICE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

The above sale has been adjourned until October 18, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. LAND OFFICE AT O'NEILL. NEB. 1 September 9, 1885. (Notice is hereby given that the following-named settier has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at O'Neill, Nebraska, on October 18, 1895, viz: ESTES CONNAUGHTON. H. E. No. 1451 for the SW34 section 4, township 31, N range 6, west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuance residence upon and culti-vation of, said land, viz: J. B. Freeland, V. V. Resenkrans, Dan Binkerd and Newton Carson, all of Dorsey, Neb. 10-6 JOHN A. HARMON, Register.

NOTICE.

In the District Court of Holt county, Neb. William H. Male, Benjamin Graham, William Halls, jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiff's.

William H. Male, Benjamin Graham, William Halls, jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiff's.
Henry C. Meyers and wife, Martha J. Meyers, Thomas Davis and wife, Mizheth Davis, Frederick H. Davis sint of the Mite, Mrs. Frederick H. Davis first and full name unknown. Sinker Davis & Co., Sturdevant Brothers & Co., a partnership composed of Joseph H. Sturdevant, Brantley E. Sturdevant, Sara J. Sturdevant and Ella F. Sturdevant, Sara J. Sturdevant and full name unknown, C. P. Richmond, first and full name unknown, W. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, w. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, and wife, Mirs. W. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, and wife, Mirs. W. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, w. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, and wife, Mirs. W. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, the above named cefendants and each of you; You will take notice that on the 21st day of August, 1896, the above named plaintiff filed their petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against you and each of you. The object and prayer of said petition being to foreclose a certain trust deed or mortgage executed and delivered by the defendants Henry C. Meyers and wife, Martha J. Meyers, to E. S. Ormsby, trustee

Consistent of the several young follows. Occasionally she received letters from Aubry, so she said, and one day she in-formed me that he was coming homeild be in New York in a few days.

suddenly called to Jersey City by the critical illness of some relative. did not return home that night, ut, at about nine o'clock, a young man turned up and said he was Aubry Sparrow. He seemed much put out when he heard where his mother had gone.



"HOW DO THEY DO IT?"

"If any of those people are ill in a little finger they always send for moth-er," he said in disgust. "She has al-ways been running after them and I supa she always will. Now I have but ars in town, and I cannot see her at all."

He looked like his mother-the re e was so marked that I fancied would have known him as her son ot him on the street as a strangle was bright and sharp in conver ther fascinating. There was some-ing memoric about his eyes. We sat in the little parlor and talked.

maked a digarette, lolling back in asing chair, with his feet amid the ts on the center table. There was him that quite captivated me.

"Aubry Sparrow!"

"Yes," said one of the detectives. 'He is very slick, and he makes up as a nice old lady. His true name is Holcolmb, and he is wanted for several big insurance swindles, to say nothing of three or four murders. He has killed a few of his accomplices in order to obtain the insurance on their lives, but it is recently that absolute proof against him has been obtained. He was keeping shady, but we succeeded in nosing him out here. I presume you were to become another of his victims. You had a narrow escape."

A narrow escape truly, and I had een taught a very good lesson-one that I never forgot.

Months later I saw Holcomb tried for murder, convicted, and sentenced. He was not electrocuted, as he found a way to commit suicide before the time for his execution arrived. The newspapers were filled with accounts of his crimes, and the nice, motherly "Mrs. Sparrow" proved to be the king of cold-blooded villains.

Cost of Living in Paris.

Kn able statistician has been estimating the cost of living in Paris at the resent time, and has compared it with that of forty years ago. He shows that in the fifties an average middle-class family could do with a budget of 10,000f. or £400 annually. That did not mean luxury, but it was sufficient for comfort, and required no economical engieering for the purpose of making both ands meet. Nowadays the case is different, and an official with a wife and three children dependent on 10,000f a year has to work miracles of saving in order to avoid getting into debt. Acordingly, in less than half.a century the conditions of life in Paris have been ompletely modified. It is no exaggera tion, in fact, to say that prices have loubled, and with them has increased the desire for a more luxurious mode of living than that led by the average Parisian of the fifties. The statistician has revealed nothing new, but his figures serve to emphasize the fact that the

French capital is the most expensive place of residence in Europe.

Silk Stronger Than Steel.

It is generally known that, size for ise, a thread of spider silk is decidedly cougher than a bar of steel. An ordinary thread will bear a weight of three grains. This is just about 50 per cent onger than a steel thread of the same thickness

and know that most doctors order their medicine to be taken three times a day. We eat three times a day. The Bible speaks of a man being thrice blessed. The old saw-"If at first you don't succeed, try, try again"-gives three trials. Cleveland tried three times for the presidency and succeeded twice. Surely he is not going to brave fate and try again?

Hard on the Rescuers.

"Charlie Brown-later on the famed Aretemus Ward of literature-and I were walking toward the office along toward 1 o'clock in the morning, when we were reporters together on the Cleveland Leader," said Gen. Warren P. Edgarton, "when we heard piercing cries from the second story of the house. "'Ah, ha! Beauty in distress!' ejaculated Brown. 'Let's go over.'

"Over we went, and into the room where the trouble was. We saw a burly fellow fearfully belaboring his little mite of a wife, and I rushed in to do the saving act. Well, that fellow was a whopper. The table was set for a meal, he evidently being some sort of a night-worker, and the first thing he did was to swing me across the top of it, making a clean sweep of the dishes and the hash. Then I was fired under the table and had it overturned on me. Just then as I got a chance to breathe, I looked around to see what Brown was doing for the relief of the country.

"'Time!' he shouted; and as I turned my banged-up head I saw him perched on a chair on the corner, with his watch in his hand, enjoying the situation hugely.

"The ruffian let me up and we two proceeded on our way. The next day any;" and he growled some more in an after I had the pleasure of reading a vivid account of the fight described by 'rounds' as Brown saw the scrap."-Philadelphia Call.

Tilden Encouraged Young Politicians. Governor Tilden believed in encouraging the aspirations of young men with a taste for political life, and in according to them all the opportunities for honorable party service and distinction that could be put in their way. Every man was to be used, and to be given employment, as far as possible. that would be congenial to him. The party that adopts and follows a theory of politics like this will make bosses impossible, and adherence to such a reasonable theory will add to rather than diminish the number of members of its conventions conspicuous for character and worthy of confidence.

Refused, Then Was Sorry.

The cable was crowded and when a passenger boarded it he was nearly upset by the sudden starting of the grip car and tread on the toe of a man standing at the rear end.

"I beg your pardon," he said, very politely; but the man of the hurt toe scowled and in an undertone muttered curses.

The innocent offender again apolo gized. "Yes, but that don't help my toe undertone.

Nearby passengers began to smile. "I begged your pardon, didn't I?" said the other man.

"Yes, but my toes hurts just the

same," was the reply in an ugly tone. Then the other man's dander rose and in very forcible language he said: "Now, look here. I accidentally stepped on your foot and I apologized for it. If you say another word about it I will give you this instead of my foot (showing his doubled fist), and it will land right in your face."

This warning was not taken, for he continued to talk about the clum iness of some people. Suddenly the passengers were electrified by seeing a fist shoot out, and the growler lay in the street as the car passed on. Nobody said anything, but some thought it wasn't wise to talk too much.

N. D. JACKSON. Plaintiff's Attorney. Order For Hearing of Final Account.

Order For Hearing of Final Account. In the matter of the estate of J. H. Duffy, deceased, Now on the 27th day of October. 1895, came D. A. Doyle, executor of said estate, and prays for leave to render an account as such executor. It is therefore ordered that the 15th day of November, 1885, at 2 o'clock P. M., at my office in O. Neill, be fixed as the time and place for examining and allowing such account and the heirs of said deceased and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at the time and place so designated and show cause if such exist why said account should not be allowed, and it is further ordered that said D. A. Doyle executor give notice to all persons interested in said estate by causing a copy of this order to be published in THE O'NEILL FRONTIER, a newspaper printed and in general circulation in said county, for three weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.

Dated Oc [SEAL] 17-3	tober 27, 1895. G. 4	A. MCCUTCHAN, County Judge.
IMBER	CULTURE	COMMUTATIO

PROOF-NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

PROOF-NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. United States Land Office. (O'Neill, Neb., September 26, 1895. { Notice is hereby given that Levi Hershieer has flied notice of intention to make commu-tation proof before the Register and Receiver at their office in O'Neill, Neb., on Friday, the lst day of November, 1865, on timber culture application No 6518, for the SW's of section No. 3, in township No. 28 a, range No. 12 w. He names as witnesses: Joel McEvony, Joe Davis, James Connolly and Thomas Connolly all of O'Neill, Nebraska. 12-6 JOHN A. HARMON, Register.

NOTICE.

In The District Court of Holt County, Neb. William H. Male, Benjamin Graham, William Halls. jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiffs.

William H. Male, Benjamin Graham, William Halls. jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiffs.
William Menish and wife Bridget Menish, W4J. Bowden and McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, defendants.
The defendants, W. J. Bowden and McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, defendants.
The defendants, W. J. Bowden and McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, will take notice that on the 24th day of Geptember, 1856, the above named plaintiffs filed their petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against the above named defendants and each of them. The object and prayer of said petition being to foreclose a certain trust deed, executed by the defendants William Menish and wife Bridget Menish, to A. L. Ormsby. trustee for W. L. Telford, upon the following described real estate, situated in Holt county, Nebraska, to-wit: The southwest quarter of section twenty-three (23) township thirty (30). range twelve (12) west of the 6th P. M. said mortgage or deed being given to secure the payment of a certain coupon bond or note of 400, dated April 25. 1886, due June 1, 1886, with interest at seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, as evidenced by teen interest notes of \$14 each, attached to said bond.

The set notes of \$14 each, attached to said bind. The set notes of \$14 each, attached to said them npon said note or bond and mortrage the sum of \$50, on account of the defendants alure to pay the interest notes of \$14 each, which became due December 1, 184, and June 1, 185, also the sum of \$50 taxes paid by ite sum of \$1.75 paid for extending abstract of title, for which sums with interest from the sum of \$1.75 paid for extending abstract of title, for which sums with interest from the sum of \$1.75 paid for extending abstract of title, for which sums with interest from the sum of \$1.75 paid for extending abstract of title, for which sums with interest from the sum of \$1.75 paid for extending abstract of title, for which sums with interest from the sum of \$1.75 paid for extending abstract of that said premises may be sold to satisfy the anount found due. Plaintiffs also pray the fendants, if any they have, in said premises, may be decreed to be subject to the suitable reliet. The strate required to answer said petitions. Dated this 23rd day of September, 1835. 12-4 R. R. Dickson, Attorney for plaintiffs.

petition being to foreclose a certain trust deed or mortgage executed and delivered by the defendants Henry C. Meyers and wife, Martha J. Meyers, to E. S. Ormsby, trustee for P. O. Refsell upon the following desoribed real estate situated in Holt county, Nebraska, towit: That certain tract of land numbered on the platt as lot No. three (3.) and bound as follows: Commencing at a point fifty (50) links south and fifteen hundred sixty-five (1565) Ilnks east of the one quarter (3) stake on the section line, dividing sections number thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) of town-ship number thirty (30) north, range number fourieen (14,) west of the 6th P. M., thence running casterly seven hundred seven and one half (707%) links, thence running south-erly seven hundred seven and on half (707%) links; thence running westerly seven hun-dred seven and one half (707%) links, thence running northerly seven hundred seven and one half (707%) links, to place of begining, containing five (5) acress more or less and situated in the uortheast quarter (NE%) of southwest quarter (SW%) and the north-west quarter (NW%) of the southwest quarter (SW%). J of section number thirty-three (33,) in township number thirty (30,) north, range number fourteen (14,) west of the 6th prin-cipal meredian and containing five (5) acress according to the United Siztes government survey. Said trust deed or mortgage being fiven to secure the payment of of a certain note or bond for the sum of \$40, dated August 10, 1886, due June 1, 1891, and plaintiffs allege in said petition that they are the owners of said note or bond and extension notes, and said note or bond and extension notes, and said note or bond and extension notes and the stands security for the payment of certain note or bond and extension notes and the said petition that they are the owners of said note or bond and extension notes and the said petition that they are the owners of said note or bond and extension notes and the plaintiffs to protect their security. Plain-tiffs allege th

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 30th day of September, 1865. Dated this 19th day of August, 1865. 7-4 H. R. DICKSON, Attorney for Plaintin's.

NOTICE OF SALE OF LIVE STOCK;

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