were over in the Great White canyon. Mary Vernon pulled down the little window of the postoffice of which she was the mistress, swept the contents of the narrow counter into a drawer, which she locked; then pinning a broad-leaved

hat above the brown curls that clustered about her brow she passed out of her log cabin into the sweet evening As she reached the low fence which

ran before her house a hurried footstep sounded through the gathering gloom, and a man's voice said:

"Is that you, Mary, my girl? You look little more than a ghost under the shadow of those bushes."

"You've kept your promise, dearest and come to see me," she cried, as she threw herself into the arms of her lover. Reuben Halse kissed the red lips so trankly offered him before he spoke.

'Yes, Mary, I've kept my promise, but I've come to say good-bye.' "Good-by-good-by? You're going away? You're going to leave meyour sweetheart—your wife that is to

'My dear little girl, don't cry-don't You've been my sweetheart, faithful and true, but we can never

The strong man's voice broke and

"Go on; tell" me the worst." sobbed the girl in his arms.

"Listen, dear. You know that lately things have gone wrong with me. The bit of money I've saved up for our wed-ding in the fall was stolen, and then the cabin I'd built for you down by the Blue Pools was burned. Still, there was the farm stock and your little purse of saving left, but the drought has killed the stock and—oh, Mary, how can I tell

Mary drew apart from her lover and steadled her trembling form against the

de one has robbed you of the meney I gave you. Oh, my poor boy—"
She stretched forth her pitying hands toward the man before her, who only bowed his head and shuffled his feet in the thick, white dust.

Tell me, Reuben; tell me how it happened. Ah, surely, you are not think-ing I shall blame you for such a mis-fortune?" and once more site crept to

ut Reuben thrust her from him. "Twas no misfortune; 'twas a crime. Your little savings, those few coins



RUBE CONFESSES starved and scraped to keep, lie

wa the canyon to where, amidst a as of follage, a few lights

Down there? At Ffolliott's!" "Aye, lass at Ffolliott's! I lost all at fare fast night."

For a moment no sound but the even-ing breeze whispered among the creep-ers and bushes, and the harsh note of a night bird broke the silence. Then a woman's voice, tender and low, and full-of tears, murmured: "Rube, dear Rube, I forgive you."
"Don't, Mary, don't! I'd rather you

rould strike me."

The stars twinkled their diamond eye

on the man and girl as they said farewell. For Reuben had settled to leave the canyon that night.

"Bill Redfern, One-eyed Sammy and

the Portuges, are going, too. re all broke, and maybe will starve re," and he waved his hand tois the wide forest land of Arizona, as in this canyon here. Don't sob so, ay girl, you'll break my heart. I'm worth a tear from your pretty eyes, a choke in your white throat. But, ry, you might pray for me someand when you're married to a is farm for the tables and bar. of me-who loved you, but was ethy to have you."

Halse and his companions gone from the Great White for a week. Mary's cheeks, or a week. Mary's cheeks, or full of color, had grown heavy, and blue lines beneath over told of sleepless nights

Heading—Beauty Paul as fied in the canyon—thought for seen Mary look so lovely, tered up to the door of the one moraling and asked the

gled his spurred boots upon the floor. and continued to stare through the pigeon-hole window at the girl, and she flitted about her usual business.

"Anything I can do for you?" she asked him presently.

"No," Paul said slowly, taking in every detail of the girl's pretty figure, clad in cotton frock of gentian blue. "But might I speak to one minute-

privately?" "You can say what you've got to say where you are."

"How different you keep your place from what a man's shanty is---"

You live down by the Blue Pools don't you?" "Yes, next to Reuben Halse, till his place was burned out, and he came to

my shanty. I saw Rube three days "You saw Rube?" Mary clasped her

hands above her heart.

"Yes. He and his chums passed through Lon Tom's ranch. I've been out there this two months past, helping him brand and count the cattle. Rube told me that you and he had parted and the reason why. He asked me to look after you a bit. You see, we've been good pals, and I'd like to do him a turn now he's gone under. You will let me look after you now and again, won't you, for Rube's sake?"

The handsome cowboy, tall and strong as a giant, clad in the picturesquely rough clothes of his calling, bent like a reed before the tiny, blueeyed figure of the postmistress, who laid a slender white hand in his great palm and lifted her violet eyes to his dark ones.

"Surely, Paul Harding, for Rube's sake, you may look after me when I can't look after myself."

It was for Rube's sake that the following Sunday Paul dressed himself in his best, brought a little two-wheeled cart, gay with bells and bright colors, to Mary's door, and asked her to drive out with him.

The day was fair, and "Beauty" Paul amused her with stories of Rube, and when they came to an end he told her of his own home, in the heart of a green country in England.

He made her laugh with his tales of college life, and shudder with his descriptions of the campaign in Egypt, which he had gone through. Only he did not tell her how he, an English gentleman, and a gallant officer, came to be loafing and drinking and gambling away his days and his health in Great White canyon.

The next Sunday Mary shut herself within her log cabin, and neither the blue sky nor the gay cart and smartly caparisoned horse, nor "Beauty" nor himself could wheedle her out.

She would not be seen, she said sternly, with one of Ffolliott's lot. She, however, repented and forgave him on his promise to amend for her sake.

As weeks and months went by, and and gold, Paul found that if he was to the saloon.

And, indeed, for a space Ffolliott's new him not, till one October morning his allowance—the money which bough his family freedom from his disgraceful presence—arrived from England.

For the next week Ffolliott's was a pandemonium, with the "Beauty" as a presiding demon

Mary heard of it and refused to speak drink, and dice, and bad companions.

And she did what other good women have done before and will do again. She placed her hand in his and with her heart full of Rube Halse, she promised to marry Paul—for her soul's sake

The eve of the marriage day arrived and with it Paul's allowance from England. The occasion and opportunity uggested a carouse, and Paul informed "boys" he would be standing treat at Ffolliott's that night for the last

Paul was full of liquor-he had drank Mary's health with every man in the -and he was also full of luck, or once in a way. A pile of gold lay fore him on the table, and he was just proposing another round in Mary's or, when big Bill Redfern strode in and was greeted with a shout of "Hal-

loo, Bill; you back! What luck, pard?"
"Luck, my lads! I leave luck to fools and dead beats. I've been working, and, thank God, I've worked for some thing. I've put my sweat and muscle into the ground and I've struck ore None of your dust or pockets, but s vein as broad as an ox's back, and as long as a river, and so I've come back

with Rube-" Paul looked up with a start. Here was he drunk in a gambling hell on the eve of his marriage with Mary, and Rube had come back.

"What did you say?" he muttered. "I said Rube and I had come back But don't let me disturb the game Come, come, have a drink; I'm standing treat, and as to Rube, here's his health and Mary's!"

"I'm standing treat!" shouted Paul springing up. "Have a drink with me?" And with this he flung his liquor in Bill's face and made a rush at

A pistol flashed, a blue puff of smok died in the hot air, and "Beauty" Paul lay stone dead on Ffolliott's floor.

Some of them went up to the post ffice to break the news to Mary. There was a light in the window, and by it they saw Rube and her sitting talking Quietly and with bowed heads they left the cottage and returned to Ffolliott's without fulfilling their mission.

Next day a rough-and-ready jury having considered all the circumstances of the case, and with due appreciation of Bill Redfern's prowess as a dea shot, decided that Paul had courted on purpose a certain death, and they returned a verdict of "suicide while of

AN INSECT'S FOOT-FALLS.

The Microphone Makes the Hoof Beats

of a Fly Sound Loud to the Ear. The improvements which W. H. Soulby has lately added to the microphone, or "sound magnifier," makes it one of the most marvelous mechanical contrivances of the age. The special construction of this instrument is of no particular interest to any one except experts, but what is told of its wonderful powers as a magnifler of sounds will entertain young and old, as well as the scientific and unscientific readers of "Notes for the curious." After the instrument had been completed with the exception of a few finishing touches, Soulby found it absolutely necessary to keep the door of his workshop tightly closed, so as to admit no sounds from the outside, otherwise the inarticulate rumblings given off by the "ejector" would have become unbearable. Even with closed doors the cap had to be kept constantly in place on the receiver to keep the instrument from sending forth a roar, which previous investigation had proved to be a combination of sounds produced by watch beats, breathing, the hum of flies, etc. A fly walking across the receiver of the instrument made a sound equal to a horse crossing a bridge, and when Mr. Soulby laid his arm across the box the blood rushing in his veins gave forth a sound which much resembled that made by the pump of a large steam engine. The playing of a piano in a house across the street was, when ejected from Soulby's machine, like the roar of an avalanche, and the washing of dishes in the kitchen of a house across the alley made a sound which the inventor of the machine says was a "burden to his soul." When anyone entered the room, walked about, coughed, touched the table or door handles, the shriek which issued from the ejector was most painful to hear. Hundreds of uses have been suggested for the microphone, the most practical being those of blood circulation and lung test.

LONDON FERRIS WHEEL

The Princess of Wales the First Lady Carried Around the Huge Machine.

England loves pluck, and the Princess of Wales has recently proved that she possesses a quality dear to all our hearts. She was the first lady to take her place in a carriage upon the great wheel at the Indian Exhibition, and the first to make the circuit of its enormous revolution. She was accompanied by her daughter, the Duke and Duchess of York, and some ladies of her suite. Of course there is not the least danger in the act, but then there are many ladies who would feel nervous about it, especially as it had not long been in use, and only open for the public for a day. As weeks and months went by, and Since then it has, to use an Americanthe green of the canon changed to red ism, "caught on," and crowds throng the carriages at every revolution. They "look after" Mary he had to give up resemble nothing so much as a very comfortable railway carriage, and the pace at which the wheel moves is so slow that there is ample time allowed for the survey of the marvelous view over London afforded by it. To understand the enormous size of this great mechanical triumph you must stand under it and look up at its tremendous proportions, the dizzy height of the half-way resting places, which will soon to or look at him. Then it was that he be opened as restaurants, and the vast flung himself before her one day and size of the carriages, each capable of ave him from that which containing thirty persons. Certainly he was powerless to save himself—from the princess inaugurated one of the great enterprises of the season.

"Dago," as applied to an Italian, is incorrect as well as impolite. It is a contraction of Diego, pronounced "Deay-go," the patron saint of Spain.

All the older forms of "good-bye" express the same idea. "Good-bye" is "God be with you!" "Adieu" and "adios" are "I commend you to God."

A neighbor is merely a "nigh boor," or the nearest farmer. "Boor" is in this sense not an epithet, but the equivalent "Bauer" in German, or "Boer" in Dutch.

The Bowery boys, themselves dwellers on a street named for a farm or bouwerie," use "farmer" as an epithet. Both "villa" and "town" were formerly used to mean a farm. Gradually the former came to mean a country resi-

dence, the latter a collection of houses. "Peck" was at first merely a basket of any size. "Furlong" was a furrow long. "Rivals" were those who dwelt on the same brook and were apt to quarrel about the water.

Try These Tongue-Twisters.

"Here is a sentence that will puzzle you to read correctly at the first trial," remarked the commercial man as he wrote these words on the back of an old envelope: 'She stood at the gate welcoming him in." The hotel clerk glanced at it and confidently began. 'She stood at the gate welcom-" Then there was a confused murmur that sounded like "mingmingming." The newspaper man then tackled the sentence with no better success. "Here is another hard nut," said the commercial man as he wrote: "The rain ceaseth; then it ceaseth to rain."

Salt and Fresh Water in This Lake.

A lake containing fresh water on top, and salt water at the bottom, has been discovered on Kildin island, Lapland. The lake rises and falls with the tide, and the salt water evidently comes from the sea by an under-ground chan-

Guess Again,

Ethel Knox-Why are you like my Staylate-Because I shine in your drawing-room? Ethel Knox-You are turned down,

but you don't go out .- N. Y. World.

looked at him sharply, but did not

"Say, yo!' called the young man. There was no reply to this, and after minute he again called: "Boy, what yo' wants wid me?"

ON HIS OFFICIAL DIGNITY.

He Read the Boy a Highly Moral Loc-

ture and Then Warned Him Off.

From the Detroit Free Press. I was

waiting for the Post Office at Hunts-

ville to open in the morning and mean-

while talking a bit to the colored jan-

itor, who was sweeping and dusting,

when a negro boy, about 15 years old,

came along and halted, and beckoned

the janitor to step aside. The old man

sternly demanded the janitor. "I wants to speak wid yo'."

"Who is yo"?" "Yo' know who I is. Yo' is dun engaged to my sister Evangeline." "Oh! yo' is her brudder Sam. Waal

what yo' want?" "Kin yo' lend me ten cents?"

"On what ground, sah?" "On de grounds dat yo' is gwine to

e my brudder-in-law.' "Boy, doan yo' know noffin' 'tall 'bout philosophy?" shouted the janitor, as he raised his broom over his shoulder. "My bein' engaged to yo'r sister Evangeline as a private citizen, an' my standin' heah representin' de United States Guv'ment an' talkin' wid a gem'lan besides, am two entirely different contestashuns. As yo'r fucher brudderin-law I'd like to obleege yo', but as a representative of dis guv-ment I doan know yo' from Adam, an' if yo' doan' move on I'll hev to smash yo' to bone dust!"

A NERVY BURGLAR.

He Corrects a Professional Mistake Without Turning a Hair.

From the Chicago Journal. Burglars entered the apartments of Mrs. Kate Calymore in the flat building at Twenty-sixth and State streets last Sunday afternoon while the family were absent. The thieves secured over \$300 worth of jewelry and \$150 worth of clothing. Among the lot of jewelry was a pair of diamond bracelets, one of which the thieves dropped in the hallway in their haste to escape. The bracelet was recovered and returned to Mrs. Calymore. Monday the burglary was reported to the police and a description of the stolen property was taken, and yesterday afternoon a welldressed young man called at the Calymore apartments and stated that he was an officer from the central station. His next statement was that the police had recovered what they thought was part of her property, among which was diamond set bracelet. He desired that he be allowed to take the bracelet lost by the theives in order to compare it with the one recovered. Mrs. Calymore obligingly made the loan, but so far the Police Department has not seen the bracelet. The latter are thoroughly convinced that one of the burglars was the author of a sharp trick to obtain possession of the bracelet they dropped in the hallway and officers of the Twenty-second street station are working on the case, but without result so far.

A Prairie Fire. Describing a prairie fire in "The World of Adventure," the writer says: "A more picturesque scene could hardbe imagined. The night was very dark; but as far as the eye could reach, all across the horizon, about four miles in front of us, was a broad, bright, lurid glare of fire, with a thick canopy of smoke hanging over it, whose fantastic wreaths ,as they curled in the breeze, were tinged with the red reflection of the flames. Even at that distance we could hear the crackling and rushing of the fire, which, as it advanced, caused a strong wind; every now and then a brighter flame would shoot high up into the black cloud of smoke over the top of the hill, illuminating for an instant our tents and wagons in the dark hollow, and giving a momentary glimpse of the horses which were picketed on the side of the rise, on the crest of which the figures of the men engaged in lighting the onposition fire-which, as it became too extended ,they beat down with blankets, only suffering it to burn a space about tweve feet broad right across the line of the advancing conflagrationstood out in strong relief against the glowing wall of light beyond them; and as they ran, tossing their arms and waving the blankets and little torches of lighted grass, they looked in the distance like demons rather than men."

Almost every jewel has a superstition of some sort attaching to it, and the bloodstone is not wanting in this particular. The story is told of it that at the time of the crucifixion some drops of blood fell on a piece of darkgreen jasper that lay at the foot of the cross. The crimson crept through the structure of the stone, and this was the parent of this beautiful jewel. The dark-red spots and veins were supposed to represent the blood of Christ, and many wonderful properties were attributed to the stone. It was thought to preserve its wearer froom dangers. to bring good fortune and to heal many diseases.

Simply Following Instructions

"You say that I'm not altogether objectionable to your parents," he said ruefully. "No" she replied; "father and mother

both speak very highly of you." "Then why does that big dog assault me every time I come near and chew a

piece out of my clothes?" "Oh, you mustn't mind Brutus. He's trained to do that. Aunty has gotten almost enough samples from him to make a lovely patch-work quilt."

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Fair, DR:

MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant, 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

WAGONS, WAGONS!

Always buy the best, the Moline. have a car load on hand and will sell cheap for cash, or on short time. If you want a wagon, a buggy or a road cart come in time and don't get left. Remember the name. Moline wagons are the best made and sold by

NEIL BRENNAN.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

Elliott C. Davidson, Merchants Bank of Neligh. Henry L. Pratt. and the Nebraska Land Company, non-resident defendants, will take notice, that on the 2nd day of October. 1896. Bella F. Rollins plaintiff filed her petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska against said defendants, impleaded with Grover C. Maben, Ella Maben and M. F. Harrington, the object of which is to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendants Grover C. Maben and Ella Maben, to H. M. Rollins, upon the following described real estate situated in Wheeler county, Nebraska. to-wit: The northwest quarter; the east half of the southwest quarter; and the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter; the southeast quarter; the west half of the northeast quarter; the west half of the southeast quarter; the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter, of section 9; and the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 10; all of the southwest quarter of section 10; all of the southwest quarter of section 10; all of the above described real estate belng in township 24, north of range 9. west. Also the following described real estate situated in Holt county, Nebraska, to-wit: The southeast quarter; the south half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 12, and the south half of the southwest quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 33, all in township 23, north of range 9, west; to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable July 30, 1896, for the sum of \$4,718.30, payable

N. D. JACKSON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Henry Potts and Milissa Potts, non-resident defendants, will take notice, that on the 2nd day of October, 1895. William Goldthorp, plaintiff, filed his petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against said defendants, impleaded with the Oregon Horse & Land Company, the object of which is to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendants Henry Potts and Millissa Potts, to John J. Roche, as trustee, upon the following described real estate situated in Holt county. Nebraska, to-wit: The southwest quarter of section 31, in township 33, north of range 12, west, given to secure the payment of one certain promissory note dated February 23, 1888, for the sum of \$500.00 payable March 1'1893. Therd is now due the plaintiff from the defendants on said note and mortgage the sum of \$673.36 with ten per cent interest from October 1, 1895. And plaintiff prays for a decree that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 11th day of November, 1895.

Dated at O'Neill, Nebraska, this 2nd day of October, 1855.

N. D. JACKSON, NOTICE.

N. D. JACKSON,

Plaintiff's Attorney. Order For Hearing of Final Account.

In the matter of the estate of J. H. Duffy, deceased, Now on the 27th day of October, 1895, came D. A. Doyle, executor of said estate, and prays for leave to render an account as such executor. It is therefore ordered that the 15th day of November, 1885, at 2 o'clock P. M., at my office in O. Neill, be fixed as the time and place for examining and allowing such account and the heirs of said deceased and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at the time and place so designated and show cause if such exist why said account should not be allowed, and it is further ordered that said D. A. Doyle executor give notice to all persons interested in said estate by causing a copy of this order to be published in The O'NEILL FRONTIER, a newspaper printed and in general circulation in said county, for three weeks prior to the day set for said hearing.

Dated October 27, 1895.

[SEAL]

G. A. MCCUTCHAN, 17-3

County Judge. Order For Hearing of Final Account.

TIMBER CULTURE COMMUTATION PROOF-NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

PROOF—NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office.
O'Neill, Neb., September 28, 1895.
Notice is hereby given that Levi Hershier has filed notice of intention to make commutation proof before the Register and Receiver at their office in O'Neill, Neb., on Friday, the 1st day of November, 1895, on timber culture application No. 6318, for the SW½ of section No. 3, in townehip No. 28 n, range No. 12 w.
He names as witnesses: Joel McEvony, Joe Davis, James Connolly and Thomas Connolly all of O'Neill, Nebraska.

12-6 JOHN A. HARMON, Register.

In The District Court of Holt County, Neb. William H. Male, Benjamin Graham, William Halls. jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiffs.

NOTICE.

Halls. jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiffs. Vs.

William Menish and wife Bridget Menish, W. J. Bowden and McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, defendants.

The defendants, W. J. Bowden and McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, will take notice that on the 24th day of September, 1895, the above named plaintiffs filed their petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against the above named idefendants and each of them. The object and prayer of said petition being to foreclose a certain trust deed, executed by the defendants William Menish and wife Bridget Menish. to A. L. Ormsby, trustee for W. L. Telford, upon the following described real estate, situated in Holt county. Nebrasks, to-wit: The southwest quarter of section twenty-three (23,) township thirty (30,) range twelve (12.) west of the 6th P. M., said mortgage or deed being given to secure the payment of a certain coupon bond or note of \$400, dated April 25, 1893, due June 1, 1898, with interest at seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, as evidenced by ten interest at seven per cent. per annum, pay-able semi-annually, as evidenced by ter interest notes of \$14 each, attached to said

bond.

Plaintiffs allege that there is now due them noon said note or bond and mortgage the sum of \$500, on account of the defendants failure to pay the interest notes of \$14 each, which bears a draw Bosensher 1 \$244 and Lyre failure to pay the interest notes of \$14 each, which became due December 1, 1894, and June 1. 1895, also the sum of \$50 taxes paid by plaintiffs to protect their security, as well as the sum of \$1.75 paid for extending abstract of title, for which sums with interest from this date plaintiffs pray for a decree, that the defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due. Plaintiffs also pray that the interest or claim of each of the defendants, if any they have, in said premises, may be decreed to be subject to the lien of plaintiffs mortgage and for other equitable relief.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 4th day of November, 1895.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEFEND: In the district court of Holt county. Ne-J. C. Franklin, plaintiff.

braska.

J. C. Franklin, plaintiff.

William L. Lay et. al. defendants.

The defendants, William L. Lay, Elizabeth Lay, his wife. William A. Boggs, administrator of the estate of Wm. Corbit, deceased, Elizabeth Corbit Boggs, William A. Boggs, her husband, Anna Corbit Perkins, Frank Perkins, her husband, Elizabeth Corbit, Mrs. E. P. Corbit, his wife, P. M. Corbit, and Mrs. William C. Corbit, his wife, E. P. Corbit, Mrs. E. P. Corbit, his wife, heirs of William C. Corbit, his wife, elizabeth Corbit, deceased, and Elizabeth Corbit, deceased, and Elizabeth Corbit, deceased, will take notice, that on the 27th day of August, 1895, the above named plaintiff filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of Holt county, Neuraska, his petition against you and each of you, the object and prayer of which is to foreclose a certain real estate mortgage, executed and delivered to J. G. Snyder by the defendants William L. Lay and Elizabeth Lay on the 20th day of May, 1887, conveying to the said J. G. Snyder the following tract of land, to-wit: Lot number two and the the south half of the northeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section number eighteen. In township number twenty-five, north of range number thirteen, west 6th P. M., for the purpose of securing a certain real estate coupon bond of 8000.00 with ten interest coupons. The principal bond of 8000.00 due and payable on the first day of June, 1992, one of said interest coupons due each six months from and after the date thereof and to have said premises soid to satisfy said bond interest and taxes. That there is now due and owing upon said bond, coupons, and for taxes paid to protect said lieu the sum of \$1,050.00.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 14th day of October, 1895, By E. H. Benedict, his Attorney.

NOTICE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a

NOTICE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain chattel chattel mortgage executed by Frank J. Toohill. on December 31, 1894, to the State Bank of O'Neill, to secure the payment of one certain promissory note in the sum of \$63.00 due July 15, 1895. Said chattel mortgage having been duly filed in the office of the county clerk of Holt county, Nebraska, the mortgage by virtue of the powers coult ained in said mortgage has taken possession of the following personal property, to-wit: Two counter scales, Fairbank make; one lee box; one sausage machine; one sausage stuffer; one marble top counter; two butcher blocks; one desk; two saws; racks, knives and etc.; one kettle and all other tools and butchers implements formerly belonging to F. J. Toohill and now in use by E. P. Hicks; also one slaughter house and feed shed and two large kettles, and will, at the Palace Meat Market, in the city of O'Neill. on the 10th day of October, 1895, at 10 o'clock A.M. offer said property for sale and sell the same to the highest bidder for cash, at which time and place due attendance will be given by the undersigned.

10-4

The State Bank of O'Neill. NOTICE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE SALE.

undersigned.

10-4
THE STATE BANK OF O'NEILL.
By H. M. Uttley, Agent.
The above sale has been adjourned until
October 18, 1895, at 10 o'clock a. m.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT O'NEILL, NEB.)
September 9,1895. {
Notice is hereby given that the followingnamed settler has filed notice of his intention
to make final proof in support of his claim
and that said proof will be made before the
register and receiver at O'Neill, Nebraska,
on October 18, 1895, viz:
ESTES CONNAUGHTON, H. E. No. 14451
for the SW½ section 4, township 31, N range
9, west.

of the Swa sections, township of, it range 9, west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuance residence upon and culti-vation of, said land, viz: J. B. Freeland. V. V. Resenkraps, Dan Binkerd and Newton Carson, all of Dorsey, Neb. 10-6 JOHN A. HARMON, Register.

NOTICE. In the District Court of Holt county, Neb.

William H. Male, Benjamin Graham, William Halls, jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiff's. William H. Male, Benjamin Graham. William Halls, jr., and Harris H. Hayden, plaintiff's. Henry C. Meyers and wife, Martha J. Meyers, Thomas Davis and wife, Elizabeth Davis, Frederick H. Davis first and full name unknown, Sinker Davis & Co., Sturdevant Brothers & Co., a partnership composed of Joseph B. Sturdevant. Brantley E. Sturdevant, Sara J. Sturdevant and Ella F. Sturdevant, Alexander C. Ayers trustee for Sinker Davis & Co., Thomas Davis, Sarah U. Gibson, T. W. Iron, first and full name unknown, C. P. Richmond, first and full name unknown, W. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, and wife, Mrs. W. H. Beebe, first and full name unknown, defendants.

To the above named cefendants and each of you; You will take notice that on the Zist day of August, 1895, the above named plaintiffs filed their petition in the district court of Holt county, Nebraska, against you and petition being to forcclose a certain trust deed or mortgage executed and delivered by the defendants Henry C. Meyers and wife, Martha J. Meyers, to E. S. Ormsby, trustee for P. O. Refsell upon the following described real estate situated in Holt county, Nebraska,

the defendants Henry C. Meyers and wife, Martha J. Meyers, to E. S. Ormsby, trustee for P. O. Refsell upon the following described real estate situated in Holt county, Nebraska, towit: That certain tract of land numbered on the platt as lot No. three (3.) and bound as follows: Commencing at a point fifty (60) links south and fifteen hundred sixty-five (1865) links cast of the one quarter (4) stake on the section line, dividing sections number thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (38.) of township number thirty (30,) north, range number fourteen (14,) west of the 6th P. M., thence running eaterly seven hundred seven and one half (707½) links, thence running southerly seven hundred seven and one half (707½) links, thence running northerly seven hundred seven and one half (707½) links, to place of begining containing five (5) acres more or less and situated in the uortheast quarter (NE¾) of southwest quarter (8W¾) and the northwest quarter (8W¾) of the southwest quarter (8W¾) of southwest quarter (8W¾) and the northwest quarter (14,) west of the 6th principal meredian and containing five (5) acres according to the United States government survey. Said trust deed or mortgage being given to secure the payment of of a certain note or bond for the sum of \$440, dated August 10, 1886, due June 1, 1891, and plaintiffs allege in said petition that said trust deed also stands security for the payment of certain extension notes made and delivered by the defendant Meyers to said P. O. Rersell on the 21st day of May, 180, and plaintiffs allege in said petition that they are the owners of said note or bond and extension notes, and said mortgage and trust deed securing the same, and that there is due them-thereon at this time the sum of \$600 together with the sum of

lief.
You are required to answer said petition a or before the 30th day of September, 1885.
Dated this 19th day of August, 1895.
R. R. Dickson,
Attorney for Plaintin's.

NOTICE OF SALE OF LIVE STOCK: For payment of lien herding and care there-

For payment of lien herding and care therefore.

To all whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that by virtue of section 86 of the consolidated statutes of the state of Nebraska for the year 1865, as act to provide for liens upon live stock for their keeping, an affidavit as required by said section having been on the 6th day day of September, 1895, filed in the office of the county clerk of Holt county, Nebraska.

The undersigned to satisfy the lien accrued by such section and perfected by such affidavit so filed, will, on the 7th day of October, 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M. on his farm to wit: the southwest quarter section one, township thirty-two, 'range eleven west, in Paddock township Holt county, Nebraska, offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: Two geldings, one sorrel and one grey, aged two to eight years. Nineteen horses as follows: Seven bays, five sorrel, three black, one grey, one cream and one brewn, ages from two to nine years old; one spring studd toolt, two mules, one horse and one mare. The above stock being known as the Kinney herd and being in possession of the undersigned.

The amount now due upon said lied is the sum of \$190 together with the necessary and actual expenses for publishing this notice, filing the affidavit as required by statutes, and the expense of said sale, and persons interested in said stock are hereby notified to be present at that time to protect their interests.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1895, 10-4

J. B. BERRY, Lien Holder.