THE FRONTIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY By THE FRONTIER PRINTING CO. NEBRASKA. O'NEILL, -:-OVER THE STATE.

A BICYCLE club is in process of being organized at St. Paul.

TOBIAS has been undergoing a wonderful revival in the line of temperance.

BROKEN BOW is to have a summer school. Prof. Currie will have charge, and it will open the second week in June.

GOVERNOR HOLCOMB has signed the bill appropriating \$200,000 to be used in the purchase of seed and feed grain for the drouth sufferers.

MRS. PATRICK DONNELLY of South Omaha tried to start up a smouldering fire with kerosene oil. An explosion resulted and Mrs. Donnelly was fatally burned.

MRS. CORNELIUS WAGGONER died at er home, about eight miles north of Axtell, of heart disease. She was 34 years of age, and leaves a family of nine children, ranging from 3 months to 14 years of age.

A PAINFUL accident happened to J. T. Aughe of Ashland. Handling a barrel of pork, it slipped and caught his fingers under the chime of the barrel, and the first two fingers of his left hand were severed at the first joint.

At a meeting of the reunion commit-tee at Hastings the fair grounds were decided upon as the site for this year's G. A. R. reunion. The use of the grounds and all buildings, with consid-erable adjacent land, has been secured.

GEOROE D. LAWSON, cashier of the First National bank of Ashland, has handed in his resignation, to take effect April 1. His successor will be F. E. White of Creighton, formerly cash-ier of the First National bank of that place.

STOCK from the neighborhood Beaver City, that was wintered in Kan-sas, has been returned to the owners nearly starved to death. Many of the animals perished during the winter, and those who had charge of them are severely criticized.

THE city council of Hastings took up the petition presented at the last meeting calling upon the city authorities for a strict enforcement of the laws against houses of prostitution. After some consideration the matter was re-ferred to the mayor with instructions to employ and station policemen at such houses to arrest all frequenters.

MRS. JOHN AVLOR, Sr., an old lady MRS. JOHN AVLOR, Sr., an old lady about sixty years old, who lives five miles north of Table Rock, fell from the steps of her residence the other evening and dislocated one ankle, bruising the other severely, and was unconscious for some time, and it was feared seriously injured, but she is now improving and it is thought she will recover. recover.

J. C. KESTERTON'S sale of trotting bred horses occurred last Wednesday. says the Fairbury Gazette, as adver-tised, and the day was all that could be desired for the occasion. The result of the sale was a surprise to horsemen. as the best animals went for compara-tion working while the observer onetively nothing, while the cheaper ones brought all they were worth and in many instances more.

The Greeley county commissioners have been rustling with the relief ques-tion and find it one of the most per-plexing matters they have confronted for a long time. They also in-structed the county attorney to take the necessary steps to secure a settle-ment with ex-County Clerk Mavanaugh, who, it appears from the books, is yet somewhat indebted to the county.

NEARLY every man in Valentine bit-terly denounces the wild and fabulous stories that were published in the east-ern papers from the pen of Nellie Bly, who was there recently under the guise

WASH CLYMENS, & farmer near Waus, THE GRIND GOES ON Knox county, was found on his farm in an almost nude condition, and it was discovered that he was insane. He has been sent to Niobrara, where his fam-ily has been spending the winter.

THE residence of Captain W. S. Mapes

The residence of Captain W. S. Mapes of Nebraska City was completely de-stroyed by fire. A lamp was left burn-ing in a room and is thought to have been knocked off the table by Mapes' hunting dog. The animal, which was a valuable one, perished in the flames.

Loss on the house was\$1,000; insurance \$400; loss on furniture, \$600, fully cov-

DISTRICT court convened at Valentine

on the 26th with seven criminal cases and eighty civil cases on the docket,

Judge Alfred Bartow presiding, with Reporter John Maher. Several very important cases are set for trial. The

most important criminal case is that of the state vs. Van Leer, charged with

shooting with intent to kill. County

Attorney Clark says he has a strong case, but Allen G. Fisher and W. H.

Westover of Chadron, who are Van Leer's counsel, insist that it will only

POSTMASTER ORENSDORF of Spring

CAPTAIN WILLIAM MAPES of company

early and starting on a hunting trip with his brother. He awoke about 3 o'clock and found the room in flames

face, and a moment's delay would doubtless have resulted fatally. The

house and contents were totally de-stroyed, together with a valuable hunt-

who are witnesses against Fast Thun-der. It is said that Fast Thunder is

one of the worst Indians on the reservation, and has been at the bottom of

THE attention of the Omaha police

will locate, if possible, the skillful ma-nipulators of pen and ink who have so

successfully worked the issues of the

Wright's Insurance Bill.

proposed law is very lengthy and somewhat complicated. Under its provis-

Wright's insurance bill was passed by a vote of 19 to 8 in the senate, The

government.

take the jury ten minutes to acquit.

ered by insurance.

tence

ing dog.

was deferred.

LEGISLATORS, HOWEVER. ARE WORKING WITHOUT PAY.

The Legislative Limit Has Expired, But There is Yet Much to Be Done and the Date for Adjournment Has Not Been Fixed-Bills Passed and Bills Indefinitely Postponed-The Sugar Beet and Chicory Measures-Miscellaneous Matters in Both Branches of the Legislature.

The Nebraska Assembly.

The Nebratk Assembly. If the Asternation of the sensitive SENATE.-The routine business of the sen-ate on the 25th was devoid of special inci-POSTMASTER ORENSDORF of Spring Ranch, who got away with \$1,014 of the government's revenue, changed his mind and pleaded guilty before Judge Dundy in the federal court. Ex-County Attorney J. L. Epperson of Clay Cen-ter made an eloquent plea in behalf of the defaulting postmaster, and pre-sented a request from the people of Spring Ranch for clemency. Orensdorf levanted to the Indian Territory when his shortage was discovered, but re-turned without a requisition, his bonds-men paying the shortage in fall. Sen-tence was deferred. C. N. N. G., had a narrow escape from a horrible death at Nebraska City. He retired with the intention of arising and his hair was burning. He hastily arose, and breaking a window, threw his brother, who was sleeping with him, out, together with their clothing. He was quite badly burned about the LAST week Deputy United States Murshal Dave Robinson of South Da-kota drove to Chadron from Pine Ridge agency, having in custoda Fast Thun-der on a warrant sworn out by the agent charging him with having whis-ky on the reservation. He also had Ghost Bear, Bear Nose and Sam Rock,

more deviltry than any Indian in the agency. There is not much doubt but that he will be convicted of murder in the first degree, as it was a cold-blooded and most brutal murder. be required. House, --For a short afternoon session the house on the 25th accomplished considera-ble business. Seven of the constitutional amendments, senate files Nos. 281, 283, 2-4, 285, 287, 288 and 289 were recommended for passage in committee of the whole. House roll No. 550, by lavies, prescribing the man-ner in which the proposed amendments shall be submitted to the people, was also recom-mended. Thirty-five bills were indefinitely postponed and sixteen recommended for rassage. The senate amendment to Grif-fith's bill, house roll No. 531, providing for the payment of incidental expenses of this session by appropriating 52,100 for this pur-pose. Increased the amount to \$40,000. The amendment was concurred in. Considerable animation was mani-fested when house roll No. 67, as amended by the senate, was announced. The amend-ment carries a bounty equal to the sugar bounty for every pound of chlory manufactured in the state. That bounty for every pound of chlory manufactured in the state subse-quent to the passage of the bill. There were some changes in the vote on the bill from that increased in the state subse-quent to the passage of the bill. There were some changes in the vote on the bill from that it received before the chlory amend-ment was tagged on. At that time the inde-pendents and democrats voted a ismost sol-idly against any bounty. Today they di-vire were Caspar, khodes, koberton, smith. The measure passed by a vote of 5 to 18. The conference commities report on the anti-cigarette bill was next presented. The sone the offer here commits with the bills recommende i for passage were the follow-HOUSE .- For a short afternoon session the and the government secret service was the other day called to the circulation of bills in which the denomination had been raised ten fold, and so skillfully that they deceive any but the most ex-pert of money changers. It was the paying teller of the First National bank who first detected the spurious money. He found a \$1 coin certificate that had been raised to \$10. It was brought to the bank by a local custom-er. Agents of the treasury department will be at work on the matter soon and ions the auditor of public accounts is The conference commitiee's report on the house voted to non-concur. Among the bills recommende i for passage were the follow-ing: henate file No 281, clous ituitonal amendment No. 9, providing that each rall-road commissioner shall hold his office for three years, beginning from the first Thurs-day after the first Tuesday in January after his election, and providing that the e ecu-tive department should include the railroad commissioners. Senate file No. 42, making it unlawful for any one to practice as an attorney unless admitted to the bar by the supreme court. Senate file No. 130, by .. ahn, memorial and joint resolution-instructing representatives and senators in congress to use all honorable means to basten the pass-age of an act to cede government landto the state of Nebraska. Senate file No. 4, by Watson, making it compulsory upon rail-roads to use a uniform system of automatic coup ers. Senate file No 40, providing for the punishment of daylight robbery. Sen-te file No. 25, by Dale, providing that all warrants shall draw interest at the rate of presents. required to appoint an insurance depwarants shall draw interest at the rate of 7 per cent. SFART.-In the senate on the 26th, when the order of the business had been finished up to bills on third reading, Caldwell moved that the senate resolve itself into committee of the whole to consider senate file No. 196 is a bill introduced by Caldwell to prohibit the gambling in grain, provisions, stocks, bonds, etc. The fill was favorably acted upon in committee of the whole, and, on the fifty-fifth day of the session. was read the third time and placed upon its final passage; but before the roll call was commenced aidwell asked that it be recommitted for the purpose of inserting a word that had been omitted by mistake. Senate file No. 298, by Lehr of Saunders county, relating to the letting of contracts for the erection and reparation of bridges, was passed. House roll No. 494, a bill appropriating \$7.300 for the completion of the unfinished library building at the part of the delegation from Lincoin. The senate then read the third time and passed the Omaha Fire and Police commission bill by a vote of 19 to 10. Caldwell renewed his motion to go into committee of the whole to consider the anti-grain familing bill, and, after some little discussion his propasition was agreed to. There was but one word to insert in this bill in fraction to go into committee of the whole to consider the anti-grain familing bill, and, after some little discussion his propasition was agreed to the first diverse rise was but one word to insert in this bill in fraction. The senate at once went into committee of the whole to consider the bills recommendation that the bills propring to strike out all of section and regaring the whole to consider the bills recommended by the sifting committee. The first bill taken up was senate file No. 40, intro-mended by the sifting committee. The first bill taken up was senate file No. 40, intro-induced by stewart, and designed to encour-still taken up was senate at once went into commit-tee of the whole to consider the bills recom-mended b SENATE .- In the senate on the 26th, when speaker announced the conference committe on the cigarette bill: Jenkens, Miles and Casper. The house yesterday failed to con-cur in the senate amendment to the original bill, house roll No. 60. A numerously signed pet tion from residents of Keith - ounty was presented by Harris against location of the state fair at Lincoln, or in any way inter-fering with arrangements and contracts

Aiready made with the Agricultural board. The followink bills were passed: Constitu-tional amendment No. 7, retains to number of judges of the supreme court and the ten-we of office; constitutional amendment No. 7, retaining to the judicial power of the state constitutional amendment No. 8, providing that in civil actions two-thirds of a jury may render a verdict, and also authorizing trial by a jury of a less number than twelve; constitutional amendment No. 9, providing that in civil actions two-thirds of a jury may render a verdict, and also authorizing trial by a jury of a less number than twelve; constitutional amendment No. 1, providing for the investment of the permanent educa-tional funds of the state; constitutional amendment No. 3, relating to compen-sation of officers of the executive de-partment, and providing that they his moneys, perquisites of office, or other or providing that county attorneys in any prior for the state shall give opinions with of the state shall give opinions with of the state shall give opinions withing then to employ additional cour-sing the direct tax; legalizit g acts, doings of the direct tax; legalizit g iscense to by bords of commissioners, and also au-bords of commissioners, and also au-bords of commissioners, and also au-bording the to employ additional cour-set of the state shall give opinions without fee when so requested by bording the to employ additional cou-sense providing for the payment of their store of the direct in court how pending in ourging them to employ additional cou-sense of the state shall give opinions without fee when so requested by bording the to employ additional cou-sense providing for the payment of their lives; or prove of the state shall give opinions without fee when so requested by bords of commissioners, and also au-bords of the time served, and a pension of the anoth for the remainder of their lives; or the time served in rebeat prisons \$; per two pose of erecting court houses and other two pose of erecting court houses and

SENATE .- In the senate, on the 27th, the committee reported the general appropriation, which was read. Stewart of freed an amendment reducing the amount of the governor's private secretary from \$2,000 to \$1.500 per annum. A number of amendments were offered, but few outside of those made by the senate finance, ways and means committee met with the favor of the senate. The changes made to the house bill were: Raising the salary of the attorney general's stenographer from \$1,000 to \$2.500 per annum: providing \$1.20 a year to the clerk of the board of public lands and buildings; making the salary of the stenographer of the supreme court at \$800 per annum; increasing the salary of the deputy state librarian to \$1.70, and the salary of the clerk to the librarian from \$0 to \$1,000 per annum; increasing the salary of the deputy state librarian to \$1.70, and the salary of the clerk to the librarian from \$0 to \$1,000 per annum; increasing the salary of the deputy state librarian to \$1.70, and the salary of the clerk to the librarian from \$0 to \$1,000 per annum; increasing the salary of the suditor's office, and stenographer in the body's 1.dustrial school at Kearney from \$0 to \$4.500 to \$2,00; adding the pay for an engineer at the deaf and dumb institute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the feele minded, at a salary of stitute for the subart at the deaf and dumb institute for the subart at we here was the bill be passed. When the committee was built be passed. When the committee here of the subart of the subart at the following bills were passed: fenate file at, by committee reported the general ap-propriation, which was read. Stewart of-

of Senator Caldwell. HOUSE.—In the house on the 27th the fol-lowing bills were passed: Eenate file 312, by Stewart providing for the investment of sinking fund moneys of counties and town-ships in grain for feed and seed for drouth Stewart providing for the investment of sinking fund moneys of counties and town-ships in grain for feed and seed for drouth sufferers. Constitutional amendment No. (0, relating to compensation of supreme and district judges. Constitutional amendment No. 11, limiting the number of executive state officers. Constitutional amendment No. 12, relating to increase in number of supreme and district judges. Constitutional amendment No. 14, prescribing the manner in which votes shall be cast. The important feature is section 6, which, as amended, will read: "All votes shall be by ballot, or such other method as may be prescribed by law, provided the secrecy of voting be pre-served." This would admit of the voting machines. Constitutional amendment No. 8, relating to the officers of the executive department, and providing for three rail-way commissioners. Prescribing the man-ner in which proposed amendments to the constitution are to be submitted to a vote of the people at the general eloction in No-vember, 1897, and providing for the printing and distribution of ballots containing pro-posed amendments. Memorial and joint resolution to congress favoring the passage of a bill now pend-ing ceding to the state of Ne-braska all government land now within the borders of the state. Smith, providing for putishment for dayilgh thouse breaking and considered. The bill provides for voting bonds to aid manufactories of teet and sor-ghum sugar. Roberts n of Hoit wanted to amend the bill by incorporating chicory. Chapman, in the chair, ruled that the amendment was out of order, and he was supported by Harrison and McNitt. Barry appealed from the decision of the chair. Nobertson's amedment prevailed, and the bill was recommended for passage by 4, to 0. House roll No. 36, providing for the chair, tobartset on formation of fare, lightning and cyclone mutual insurance companies. House roll No. 36, providing that a majority vote can divide counties and locate county seats, instead of three-fifths majority, was recommended for pa

which prevailed, 16 to 5. In the afternoon house roll No. 60 came up on third reading for passage. This is the last bill considered yesterday in committee of the whole and recommended for passage. It provides for division of counties and location of new county seats by a vote of a majority, in-stead of three-fit's of the voters, as is now the law. The bill passed by a vote of & to 3, House roll No. 612, the bill prepared accord-ing to the special message of Governor Hol-comb, returned with his signature attached to the anti-oleomargarine bill, came up first. It provides that imitation butter may be manufactured for export out of the state. It was recommended for passage, and house roll No. 333, by McNitt was next in line. This bill enables officers and acents of municipalities to go upon public highways and grade and other wise improve such high-ways. The bill was recommended to pass. SENATE.—The senate on the 25th did not take up the bounty bill reported by the ways. The bill was recommended to pass. SENATE.—The senate on the 29th did not take up the bounty bill reported by the house as having been passed over the veto until nearly 5:30 o'clock. Senator Pope called for the reading of the house report, and then, after it had been read, moved that the bill be placed on its passage over the veto. Senator Dale asked that the veto message be read, but was informed that the message was not in the possession of the senate. Senator Vatson gave it as his opin-ion that the senate could not pass the bill over the veto until the message had been read and thus made a part of the records of the senate. A messenger was dispatched to the sone as the message had been read Senator Pope renewed his motion to pass the bill over the veto, and the roll call commenced. All of the republican senators pr. sent, to the number of twenty-four, voted to pass the bill, although Senator Cross announced that he did so with extreme reluctance. He was opposed to the bill, he said, but he feit like staying by his party. Senators trawford and Jeffries, both populits, voted with the republicans. Senator Crawford was the father of the chicory amendment, and proved his sincerity of purpose by vot-ing to pass the bill against his governor's yaying: Mr. President: I am a populist. The governor who vetoes this bill is a pop-ulist. But I do not believe that when the governor signed that message he had for-going to have there. If he had remembered he would have known that the students going to the school could pay their way by working in the beet fields. Believing he has made a mistake, I vote yea. The vote stood: Yeas 3, nays 5. Mess.--In the house on the 29th Gov-ernor Holcomb returned to the house of representatives house roll No. 67, with a

made a mistake, I vote yea. The vote stood: Yeas 30, nays 5. House.-In the house on the 29th Gov-ernor Holcomb returned to the house of representatives house roll No. 67, with a veto message. The governor bases his veto upon the grounds that the proposed law is in the nature of class legislation, and of doubtful constitutionality. As soon as the clerk had finished reading the veto message Representative Harrison of Hall, occupying a prominent place in the center alsie, ob-tained recognition to make the motion whith every member of the house was ex-pecting. He said: "Mr. Speaker, I move that house roll No. 67 become a law, the gov-ernor's veto to the contrary notwithstand-ind." Sixty-eight votes were record-ed in favor of overriding the gov-ernor's veto light more than necessary. House roll 540, by Cole, for the creation of a board of immigration was recommended to pas. The bill provides that the board shall consist of the governor, secretary of state and commissioner of public lands. They are empowered to appoint a secretary duced early in the session for the repeal of senate file 210 of two years ago, granting existing treet wall ways the exclusive right to the streets of the cities where they are operated. House roll 339 was recommended to pass. This is kickett's bill to repeal the present law prohibiting the marriage of a white person with a negro. House roll 268 was recommende to pass. This is by Hinds of Gage and requires all banks to keep a list of share-holders. that shall be subject to the inspec-tion of any shareholder or creditor of the bask. House roll 457 was recommended to pass. This is Wait's bill giving to boards of healthin village jurisdiction within three miles of the village limits. The bill to ap-propriate \$10.0% for the prosecution of the larrett Roott murderers' case was, upon motion of kichards of Thayer, indefinitely postponed. postponed.

The State to Run Its Own Penitentiary. The house in committee of the whole has recommended passage of measure No. 607, by Judd, to annul the penitentiary contract with W. H. Dorgan. Following is a text of the bill:

whereas, By an act of the legislature of the bill:
Whereas, By an act of the legislature of the state of Nebraska, March 2, 188., the contract leasing to W. H. B. Stout the peniten-tiary, penitentiary grounds and convict labor of the state of Nebraska (which contract was afterward assigned to C. W. Mosher) was extended for the period of ten years from the first day of October, 1889, and
Whereas, Said contract has since been assigned to W. H. Borgan, who is now the holder and owner thereof, and
Whereas, It is desirable that said contract should be annulled and set aside before the State of Nebraska:
Section 1. That the Board of Public Lands and Buildings of the state of Nebraska:
Section 1. That the state of Nebraska:
and m Buildings of the state of Nebraska; and within shirty days from the day this act takes effect, select a competent person, resident of this state, to act as an appraiser for and on behalf of the state of Nebraska;

lows: First-Richardson, Nemaha, Johnso Pawnee counties. Second-Otoe and Cass counties. Third-Lancaster county. Fourth-Douglas, Sarpy, Washington Burr counties. Fifth-Saunders. Seward, Butle, Market Mamilton and Polk counties. Sixth-Dodge: Colfax, Platte, Market Nance counties. Seventh-Saline, Fillmore, Thyse, No Olls and Clay counties. Eighth-Knox, Stanton, Dixo, Ma Cedar, Thurston and Wayne counties. and Buildings of the state of Nebraska shall, within thirty days from the day this act takes effect, select a competent person, resident of this state, to act as an appraiser for and on behalf of the state of Nebraska, and within said thirty days W. H. Dorgan, the present alleged assignee of said com-tract, his heirs or assigns, shall select a competent person, resident of this state, to act as an appraiser for and on behalf of said Dorgan, his heirs or assigns. Within thirty days from the time said appraisers are chosen and they have accepted the position of appraisers, the governor shall select a competent person, likewise a resi-dent of this state, to act as umpire. Said appraisers and umpire shall each take and subscribe an oath to faithfully and impar-tially perform the duties devolving upon them under this act. Immediately upon said appraisers and umpire being selected and sworn said appraisers shall make an ap-praisal of the cash value of said contract for its unexpired term and alsoan appraisal of the cash value of all property owned by said Dorgan and located at said contract has been in force. In case said appraisers shall fail to agree upon the value of said contract has been in force. In case said appraisers shall full to agree upon the value of said contract has been in force of an out on the matters sub mit de to him shall be snal and blinding upon both parties. If the said Dorgan and buildings and the umpire appointed by the governor shall appraise the in-ferest of the said Dorgan and buildings and the umpire appointed by the governor shall cender to said appraisel is completed it shall be signed by said appraisen and movered to take possesion of the state penitentiary and eject said Dorgan, hereby being empowered to take possesion of the state penitentiary and eject said Dorgan hereby being empowered to employ the necessary counsel to carry out the provisions of this act. When said appraisels is completed it shall be signed by said appraisers and umpire in duplicate, one copy shall be filed Eighth-Knox, Stanton, Dixo, ha Cedar, Thurston and Wayne counies Ninth-Cuming, Madiso, Antéos Pierce counties. Tenth-Adams, Webster, Kearney, hu lin, and Phelps counties. Eleventh-Boone, Hall, Wheeler, for Garfield, Loup, Valley, Howard, in Thomas, Hooker and Grant countes. Tweith-Burfale, Dawson, Cume Sherman counties. Thirteenth-Lincoln, Logan, Keital enne, Deuel, Scotts Bluff, Kimball, an McPherson, Arthur and Perkins coms Fourteenth-Gosper, Furnas, Fran Boudy counties. Titteenth-Holt, Rock, Brown, Keyn Budy counties. Titteenth-Gage and Jeferson count In the fourth district there shall be sixth, Eleventh and Fifteenth day two; in the Third district there a three judges, and in each of the other there shall be one judge. The Relief Bill. The state of the office of the secretary of state. and the cost of constructing the try cells.
Second state of the secretary of state. And the office of the secretary of state. and the cost of constructing the try cells.
Second state of the secretary of the secretary of state. And the said D-rean of his second state of the said D-rean of the second state of the said D-rean of the sai McNitt's bill, house roll 333, which is McNitt's bill, house roll ass, ease, as recommended to bass in the house is recommended to bass in the house is precultar mensure. It is as follows: Be it enacted by the legislature of a state of Nebraska: "Section 1. That it shall be lawlight within the state acting by the authority of the state at the public of the state of the stat d Adjournment Day Fised. The joint committee on final adjourned in the second second second second second legislature adjourt sine dist is the noon on Friday. April 5. The date was fixed after three distant discussed, April 3, 4 and 5 but the provide destance of sett ment favored the large date.

Representative Haller's b Recommended for passa committee of the house is n ing a good measure. The provi bill are taken from the law of a been in existence for more to been in existence for more to those laws being embodied in the surface laws of this kind in the eliminated, and the bill gives and the law and further provided in the surface laws of this kind in the eliminated, and the bill gives and the law and further provided in the surface and attorney for the business shall be submitted by auditor and attorney feeral auditor and attorney feeral business shall be submitted by auditor and attorney feeral auditor and attorney feeral auditor and attorney feeral auditor and attorney feeral business shall be submitted by a certificate showing that fact by proposed company can be at each the state auditor, an emerge to be not less than the state addite auditor and storney feature of the for organization to create ad with the state auditor, an emerge to be not less than the state addite auditor funds or assets of the oill at the provisions of the bill at the provisions of the bill at the company on any one can all other funds or assets of the oill at the provisions of the bill at the provisions of the bill at the company of and safe one to the show given, are equally sub-test organize and operates and not at the expense of the bill at the detriment of the policy holder. The plan of insurance proper bills the same as that upon which its companies operate, and it is the detriment of thousands it and the reare as that upon which its companies operate. And it is the detriment of the bould at the state of the insurance under this bill bill the that many of thousands it and the reare as that upon which is the same as that upon which is the same as that upon which is the insurance under this bill bill the that many of thousands it and the reare as shat upon which is and there are as and upon the is at the organize operate is all to are to find a state must longer is and the insurance was \$12, whil

Haller's In

On Change of Capital

The committee on constitution ments and federal relations to the been referred the bill providing for mission to the voters of the states tion to locate the state capital at B

Redistricting the State. The senate has passed the bill re ing the state inte judicial districts a

of a missionary, about the wide-spread destitution that she represented existed in Cherry county. They all admit that there are many in need of seed grain, but vehemently deny that there is, or has been any suffering by home

ED WHITCOMB, lives on the Keene Golding ranch, about five miles north-west from Valley, and last spring he planted 340 acres of corn. To prepare for the spring plowing, he started with his men to burn off the cornstalks with his men to burn off the cornstalks on his place, but a heavy wind blow-ing, the fire soon became beyond his control and the grass of an adjoining stretch of hay land caught fire from the sparks. A great deal of hay in was destroyed.

THE trial of Nathan T. Gadd for embezzling over \$2,300 of government money while a clerk in the Broken land office, came to a sudden end Bow in the federal court by Gadd pleading guilty as to the main charge—embez-zlement of the money. Gadd was at one time in the ministry. Later he practiced law in Beatrice, where his name was connected with dishonorable transactions involving the misappropriation of from \$5,000 to \$15,000.

HENRY STERGER, a farmer one-half mile east of Fairmont, lost his smoke house and about 500 pounds of hams and shoulders by fire. and shoulders by fire. A. M. Roston. living five miles east of Fremont, had his house burned with all its contents. Loss \$600; insurance, \$300. Richard Aldrich, living seven miles southwest of Fairmont, lost his house and entire contents by fire caused by a defective flue. Loss, about \$1,5000; insurance, \$550, in the Home Fire of Omaha.

Ox the 27th the state relief commission disbursed \$7,268.34, the same being payment for supplies of flour, bacon and provisions. On the same day State Auditor Moore issued a \$10,000 warran On the same day State to the order of the officers of the state relief commission, who sold the same at a premium of \$200. The total amount was deposited to the credit of the commission in the Columbia National bank. Only \$10,000 remains to drawn by the relief commission on the \$50.00) appropriation.

THE Gering Homestead says that the sheriff of Scotts Bluff county is trying to find a man named Leecock, on whom he has papers to serve. Leecock got wind of the fact that the sheriff had a summons to serve on him asking him to appear and show cause why his lowa wife should not have a divorce, and as he had lately married a little 14-yearold girl without going through the from his lows wife, he made up his mind that the better part of valor would be to scoot, and he did so.

uty, who is to have immediate charge of all insurance matters, subject to the direction of the auditor. The auditor may also appoint an assistant to the insurance deputy. The assistant must be capable of examining insurance companies and estimating their liabili-ties as required by the laws of the ties as required by the laws of the state. The insurance deputy is enti-tled to a salary of \$2,000 per annum and the assistant \$1,500. In addition the assistant insurance deputy is entitled to fees for examining insurance companies and fees for actual work that he may do for insurance compan-ies. The state, however, is not held liable for the salaries of the two officers, as the law provides that salar-ies shall be paid out of the fees re-

The leading feature of the bill is the one contained in the next to the last section, which proposes a radical change in the methods of taxing insurance companies. The provision is as follows:

Sec. 54. That section 38 of chapter lxxvii, of the Compiled Statutes of 1803, being section 3934 of the Consolidated Statutes of 1893, be amended to read as follows: Each and every insurance company transacting business in this state, except companies organized un-der the laws of this state, shall be taxed upon the excess of premiums received over the losses and ordinary expenses incurred within the state during the year previous to the year listing in the county where the agent conducts the business properly proportioned by the company at the same rate other personal property is taxed, and the agent shall render the list and be personally liable for the tax; and if he refuses to render the list, or to make affidavit that the same is correct, the amount may be assessed according to the best knowledge and discretion of the asknowledge and discretion of the as-sessor; provided, that if the total tax levied upon any company in the several counties of the state, as herein pro-vided, shall not amount to the sum of 1 per cent of all the gross premiums re-ceived by such company from residents or persons living in the state of Nebras-be during the several discretion of the several levies the several sev during the year next preceding the first day of January each year, then said company shall pay to the auditor of public accounts during the said month of January in each year a sum to be determined by said auditor equal to the difference between the amount or amounts so levied and said 1 per cent of its gross premiums. Insurance com-panies shall be subject to no other tax. fees or license under the laws of this state, except taxes on real estate and the fees imposed by section 32 of an act regulating insurance companies. passed February 25, 1893, and sections 18 and 20 of this act.

SENATE .- In the senate on the 28th five bills were read the third time and passed Senate file No. 44, by Graham of Gage county, an act to provide for the keeping of an incumbrance book in the office of the clerk ty, an act to provide for the keeping of an incumbrance book in the office of the clerk of the district court and to require the en-try therein by the sheriff of each levy of attachment or execution, in order to bind subsequent vendees or incumbrances. Sen-ate file No. 131, by Sloan of Fillmore county, is a bill of considerable importance to the amalier towns and cities of the state. It ap-plies to cities of the second class having a population of less than 5,000, and enales them to make contracts for lighting plants. Fenate file No. 30, by Brissler, Senate file No. 58, by McKeeby of Webster, for an act vali-dating certain defective conveyances of real estate. The bill passed was senate file No. 58, by Pope of Sallne county, provid-ing for the education of children of school age and of sound mind shall be confined in any poor houses and for the payment of the expenses thereof. The bill is as follows: Section 1. That where children of school age and of sound mind shall be confined in any poor house is locared or with some school district adjacent, to have the chil-dren schargeable to the county stiend school at such time and place and to have and be done, to the county attend school at such the and place and to have and receive such text books and instruction as shall be provided for other children at-tending in said school district. Sec. 2. It shall us the duty of the county board upon the report of the officers of the school dis-strict, wherein arrangements, have been made for the education of the children at-tending in said school district; sec. the different of the officers of the school dis-trict, wherein arrangements, have been made for the education of the children to-fined in the poor house, to draw a warrant on the general fund of the county, payable to the transurer of said school district; pro-vided, however, the county shall not be liable for more than its proportionate share of the expenses for text books, fuel and

House.-In the house on the 28th hous roll No. 602, passed. It works for the bet-terment of Nebraska newspapers, and in-creases their value. It provides that no terment of Nebraska newspapers, and in-creases their value. It provides that no newspaper shall be considered legal for the publication of legal notices and other official publications unless the same shall have a pone fide circulation of at least 200 copies weekly, and shall have been published within the county for fifty-two consecutive weeks prior to the publication of such no-tices, and be printed in whole or in part in an office maintained at the place of publica-tion. These provisions do not apply, how-ever, in counties where no news-paper has been published for a period of one year prior t - the publication of such where no newspaper is published having the required 200 circulation. The bill passed with the emergency clause. The house whet into committee of the whole, with Cose in the chair, on the report of the sifting committee, which had recom-mended house rolls Nos. 490, 642, 33, 440 and 3. The first No. 490, was Lamborn's bill to point to the measure Van Housen moved that the bill be recommended for indefinite postponement. The motion was defeated, 5 to 3. Then afood of other amendments flowed in on the clerk to locate it at Long Pine. Valentine, Greeley Center and Grand Island. The Grand Island idea caught the crowd. That proposition, in the shape of an amenament by Harrison, carried by a vote of 41 to 33. The house went wild and pande-motion enjoyed quite a successful lining. Built in the end a motion to recommend the bill in this shape for passage failed by a vite vote of 41 to 42. Then there was

and the

The relief bill passed in the house at file No. 312, makes it unlawful for on treasurers to withdraw any or all fund moneys which the treasurer may fund moneys which the treasurer as on deposit in any bank and to inves-upon the farms of their several com Withdrawal of this money must be a a petition presented to the county rea-er, signed by at least 25 per cent of the voters of the county wherein such v drawal is made. Notice that the treat is ready to receive applications for set the county. Applications must be a well known residents of the county the approximation of the county the set of the set of the county the set well known residents of the county to pay able to the county the set of the rea-per cent, 6 per cent of which shall co belonging to any sinking fund medes the years of 1895 or 1895 are not subject provisions of this act. on deposit in any bank and to it

Peculiar Measure.

recommended to pass in the house

Adjournment Day Fixed.