

GOT A BABY BOY NOW.

Happiness in a Southern Man's Home—Tell's About the Red Flag of Danger at the Railroad Crossing—Warning to America's Men.

"For twenty-six years I have used tobacco in great quantities and of late years took to cigarette smoking," writes Mr. W. E. Simpson of Lecompte, La. I want to go on record that tobacco has robbed me of many years of life and done me a great deal of harm. I realize it now as I compare my feelings and my condition with that of a year ago, when I was a tobacco saturated cigarette fiend. Many and many a time did I try to quit smoking myself into eternity, but I could not put through a day without suffering extreme nervous torture, which would increase hour by hour till finally, to save myself as it seemed, from almost dying to pieces, I had to light the little, white pipe stick and swallow the smoke. One day I read in my paper "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away," just what I was doing, it came to me like the warning of the man who waves the red flag of danger at the railroad crossing, and said that No-To-Bac was an absolutely guaranteed relief from tobacco slavery. I did not believe it, but like a drowning man grasping at a straw I commenced taking No-To-Bac. The effects were magical, it destroyed the nerve craving, and desire for cigarettes. Two boxes, would you believe it, made me well and strong. I have gained mentally, physically, in vigor and manhood, and with the brain free from the nicotine and a breath no longer beclouded with tobacco smoke I am so happy to-day to write No-To-Bac did it all a year ago, so the cure is time tested and tried, not only in my own case, but several of my friends who have been also cured.

"We have a baby boy now. My wife and I feel that all this happiness started from the time when I first used No-To-Bac, and in evidence of our appreciation and in order that the memory of the happiness may be perpetuated in a living form, we want to name our baby boy after the man who wrote the line "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away."

"No-To-Bac is popular here and all our druggists sell it. Hardly a day passes but somebody asks me about No-To-Bac, so I don't want you to hesitate to use these lines in any way that you think will make known to suffering humanity the happiness that there is in store for the many men with nicotineized brains and weakened resolutions. If they will only make up their mind to save the waste of vital power—to say nothing of the money—now going up in smoke and out in tobacco spit."

The first screw steamer to cross the Atlantic, the Great Britain, was commenced in 1839, and floated in 1845. Her length over all was 322 feet, her depth 32 feet, and her displacement at a load draft of 18 feet, 3,618 tons. Her first voyage from Liverpool to New York began July 26, 1845, and occupied nearly fifteen days, the average speed during the run being nine knots an hour, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean. After remaining on view about a fortnight in New York harbor, the return passage to Liverpool was successfully accomplished. Voyages back and forth were made with satisfactory results until the autumn of 1846, when, on a very dirty night, in the month of September, she was stranded off the coast of Ireland. There she remained for eleven months, through a tempestuous winter, until she was finally floated in the following autumn and taken to Liverpool for repairs.

A SURGEON'S KNIFE gives you a feeling of horror and dread. There is no longer necessity for its use in many diseases formerly regarded as incurable without cutting. The triumph of conservative surgery is well illustrated by the fact that RUPTURE or Breach is now radically cured without the knife and without pain. Clumsy, chafing trusses can be thrown away! They never cure but often induce inflammation, strangulation and death. TUMORS Ovarian, Fibroid (Uterine) and many others, are now removed without the perils of cutting operations. PILE TUMORS, however large, most other diseases of the lower bowels, are permanently cured without pain or resort to the knife. STONE in the bladder, no matter how large, is crushed, pulverized, washed out and perfectly removed without cutting.

STRICTURE of Urinary Passage is also removed without cutting in hundreds of cases. For pamphlet, references and all particulars, send to cents (in stamps) to World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

MOTHERS and those soon to become mothers, should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription relieves all the childbearing troubles, terrors and dangers to both mother and child, by aiding in preparing the system for parturition. Thereby "labor" and the period of confinement are greatly shortened. It also promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURBS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Taste Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

INVESTIGATE the irrigated lands of Idaho and you will find them the cheapest, the best and the most accessible to markets. EMIGRATE to Idaho and you will be happy. It's a new country, it's for the poor man and the smaller farmer and the fruit grower. IRRIGATE the lands of Idaho and you have a surety of crops and fruit in abundance. COGITATE? Of course you will, then send for our Idaho advertising matter. E. L. LOMAX, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

Those who hope for no other life are dead even for this.

GRAND OLD PARTY.

THE ROYAL ROAD TO WEALTH BY SUBSIDIES.

Playing the People for Suckers to the Tune of Millions—Labor Arbitration—Under Mighty Heavy Bonds—What Cleveland Can Do.

The Spawns of the Devil-Fish.

It is most instructive to notice the fact that a bill has been introduced in congress to charter the Maritime canal company of North America. The purpose of this company is to construct navigable canals through the United States between the great lakes and the St. Lawrence river, and between that and tidewater at the mouth of the Hudson. The capital stock of the company is to be \$10,000,000, and its authorized indebtedness \$200,000,000; and it is to have power and authority to construct the great public works enumerated. That is all harmless enough, isn't it? It is even cheering to see that the minds of our capitalistic citizens are turned toward the great enterprise which, more than any other that we know of, would add to the wealth, the productive power, the commercial importance of this nation. Yet it needs no extraordinary vision to see in this apparently praiseworthy bill the spawn of the devil-fish that has already thrown its tentacles about the treasury of the United States, and is surely forcing its way within.

Let us note that this bill was introduced within three days of the date when the Nicaragua canal bill passed the senate, and then recall a little history. When the Nicaragua scheme first appeared, it was in exactly this shape. Application was made to congress for a charter; an entirely unnecessary proceeding. It was made by the men who have carried through the deal and who are to receive the bounty. But they then and there pledged their honor that in no way and at no future time would application be made to the government for financial assistance. All that they wanted was to be able to say to the government of Nicaragua, and to the investors associated with them, that they had the sanction of the government; so that no fear of future disowning, or of government competition could arise. So they got their charter, and we know the rest. They created their construction company, they got all the subscriptions that they could, they failed, and now they have a fair prospect of receiving an outright gift of \$70,000,000 taken from people of the United States, with probably twice as much more to be voted in the future, under penalty of losing all that has already been put in.

The American promoter would be a less shrewd individual than he is if this example were lost upon him, says the St. Paul Pioneer Press. Here is an opening for the future that makes the speculator fairly dizzy with joy. The project of a deep waterway from the head of the lakes to the ocean commands universal approval. If we were to spend hundreds of millions in Nicaragua for the advancement of the world's commerce, who shall prevent us from spending as much within our own boundaries to facilitate and enlarge our domestic trade? Who can dare oppose this great undertaking, which asks nothing now from congress but a charter? It will probably get it. Then there will come stock subscriptions, real or bogus. Then there will be a little work, and a big failure. And then an application to congress to guarantee the bonds of the concern to an amount as big as the limit of indebtedness. After the Nicaragua scheme has been indorsed, this cannot be denied. Shall we do more for other people than for our own? Shall the great West and Northwest be taxed to provide an ocean highway for the commerce of the Eastern seaboard, and the people of the two coasts not reciprocate by helping pay for the creation of an inland waterway? The resemblance is too apparent. The plans are identical. The Maritime canal company of North America is the child of the Maritime canal company of Nicaragua; and both are of that race that intends to fasten on the country and feed on subsidies until its life is exhausted or its anger roused to throw them off.

Mrs. Castle's Mistake.
The wife of James B. Castle, solicitor general of the new government of Hawaii, in a private letter to an American friend, which recently found its way into print, ventured to express the opinion entertained by her from childhood, that American-born persons, whether in Hawaii or any other country, had some sort of claim to the consideration, if not the protection, of the American government. That idea is very old. It seems to be out of date—at least for the present. Other native Americans abroad, as well as the millions at home, have all along assumed that American nativity or citizenship was a recommendation for anyone, no matter where his lot was cast or under what circumstances he was placed, who might have occasion to solicit the favor of the American government. This notion is now frayed at the edges, if not totally worn out. It has received rough treatment at the hands of the Cleveland administration.

"The lesson taught by our Democratic government in the Hawaiian affair is that the United States cares no more for our kith and kin in foreign parts than for anybody else, that it is highly improper for anyone bearing the name American to aid in upsetting a heathen monarchy and establishing a republican form of government. Whoever is guilty of so atrocious an act forfeits the slightest claim for countenance or

protection from the United States. Whether this would be the case if he lent aid to upset a republic and establish a pagan throne is a matter for conjecture, though the ardent effort of Mr. Cleveland to reinstate the ex-queen of Hawaii tends to warrant the opinion that an American-born person who went about the world smashing republican institutions and setting up queens and kings, would receive the highest consideration from the present regime at Washington and the protection of a warship if necessary. Mrs. Castle seems to be far behind the times—these Democratic times. She should know that even if there were any disposition to protect or favor persons of American birth in Hawaii or elsewhere, the administration is entirely too busy borrowing money, sacrificing American interests abroad and destroying American industries to give attention to any merely sentimental matter.—Cincinnati Times-Star.

Labor Arbitration.
Whether the plan for compulsory arbitration suggested by Attorney General Olney or some other one of a similar character be adopted, it is evident that there should be legislation on the subject. The interests of the public as well as those of laboring men and corporations demand that a method of speedily settling labor disputes be adopted.

Apart from the financial question there is no problem with which statesmen have to deal which is of more importance than that which concerns the relation of employers to their employees. This is the great problem of the conflict between labor and capital. It has for years demanded solution. It cannot be ignored, and it would be unjust to all classes interested if it were to be ignored.

One of the evil effects of labor disputes is that wherein they affect the public, says the Denver Republican. It is demanded therefore in the interest of the public that a plan of some sort be devised that would prevent delays in the operation of railroads and street cars pending the settlement of a dispute between employers and employees. This could be accomplished by a system of compulsory arbitration. Under such a system the rights of both employers and employees would be protected and those of the public also. Traffic would continue, and the arbitration board would settle the dispute in the due course of time.

It always should be borne in mind, however, that there can be no satisfactory adjustment of the labor question as long as economic conditions prohibit the earning of enough money to admit of the payment of good wages. Under present conditions industries are rendered unprofitable by declining prices, and capital seeks to sustain itself by reducing the wages paid to employees. This is a result of appreciation in the monetary standard of value. Gold monetarists in their eagerness to sustain their theory of finance refuse to admit that this is true, but the facts are so well established that they cannot be successfully contradicted.

Under Mighty Heavy Bonds.
Is this here country still the land we used to call "the free"? Now, that's the leadin' question that's a-botherin' o' me! We're fond o' talkin' freedom from the ocean to the ponds, but they're puttin' of this country under mighty heavy bonds!

Is this here country sold still? Ain't some-thing goin' wrong? The people—they've stopped singin' of the hallelujah song; An' they're mournin' in the meadows for the money that absconds, For the old country, brother-in's, under mighty heavy bonds!

Is this here country goin' right? Ain't congress upside down? It's hard to hear a jingle in this country or the town. An' there's mighty little freedom from the ocean to the ponds, An' the reason is, this country's under mighty heavy bonds! —Atlanta Constitution.

At the Mercy of England.
There is a plethora of money in London and a great scarcity in this country. It is a natural result of the policy which makes the whole world pay tribute to Great Britain. England is the creditor nation of the world, and when business is stagnant and enterprises are unprofitable money accumulates in London because it is afraid to venture out. Debtors must pay, and since creditors are afraid to re-invest, the money accumulates and lies idle. It may be thought that in a short time the ability of debtors to pay will come to an end, and then the creditors will find that in the long run it is better to adopt a policy that gives the debtor classes a chance than to crush them closer and closer to the ground.

The Passing of the Solid South.
The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says truthfully that "more cotton mills in the South will insure more Republican congressmen from that section." Increasing Southern interest in manufacturing will strengthen the protection sentiment in that part of the Union, already much stronger than the free-trade Democrats like. It is through the propagation of the doctrine of protection that the solid South can most easily be broken.

"My Doxy."
Mr. Cleveland is a firm believer that orthodoxy is "my doxy." When the people appealed to his patriotism to protect their industries against the Wilson tariff bill he turned a deaf ear to their entreaties, but this does not prevent him from appealing to the patriotism of the Republicans to help him out of the financial "hole" which he has dug for himself.—New York Advertiser.

Wilson Crow Will Be Seized in 1896. England will shortly insist on President Cleveland going across and eating a Wilson dinner. We learn that he is "wise and statesmanlike"—in London town, however, you know.

Revival of the Curfew Bell.
There is to be a revival of the curfew in Canada, and if it prove successful in the cities and towns of that dominion it is not unlikely that it may be used in some parts of the United States, writes John Gilmer Speed in a short history of that historic bell in the February Ladies Home Journal. The law which has been enacted by the legislatures of Quebec and Ontario was drafted by the Society for the Protection of Women and Children, and provides that the municipal councils in cities, towns and incorporated villages shall have power to pass by-laws for the regulation of the time after which children shall not be in the streets at nightfall without proper guardianship. The law provides that these councils shall cause a bell to be rung at or near the time appointed, as a warning, to be called curfew bell, after which the children so required to be at their homes or off the streets shall be liable to be warned by any constable or police officer to go home.

The Origin of the Whigs.
It was in February, 1834, that James Watson Webb, of the New York Courier and Enquirer, hit upon the title of Whig for the national Republican party brought into existence by the administration of John Quincy Adams and led by Henry Clay. The name was suggested, as Webb avowed, writes Noah Brooks in the February Scribner's, by the fact that the party was pledged to resist arbitrary government, as the English Whigs resisted royal tyranny. It was sought, though unsuccessfully, to brand the Democratic-Republicans with the odious name of Tories. "The Tories," said Clay, "were the supporters of the executive power, of royal prerogative, of the maxim that the king can do no wrong;" the Whigs, he added, "were the champions of liberty, the friends of the people." What more appropriate distinction than this could be made between the Jackson men and the followers of the great commoner?

Small Beginnings.
Make great endings sometimes. Ailments that we are apt to consider trivial often grow, through neglect, into atrocious maladies, dangerous in themselves and productive of other ills. It is the disregard of the earlier indications of ill health which leads to the establishment of all sorts of maladies on a chronic basis. Moreover, there are certain disorders incident to the season, such as malaria and rheumatism, against which it is always desirable to fortify the system after exposure to the conditions which produce them. Cold, damp and miasmata are surely counteracted by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. After you have incurred risk from these influences, a wineglassful of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters directly afterward should be swallowed. For malaria, dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney and bladder trouble, nervousness and debility it is the most deservedly popular of remedies and preventives. A wineglassful before meals promotes appetite.

About Ferdinand Ward.
Baltimore News: Ferdinand Ward, who robbed and ruined General U. S. Grant and landed behind the bars at Sing Sing for a term of seven years, is now dragging out the remaining years of his ruined life at Geneseo, N. Y., in the home of his father and mother, long since dead. Although some people suppose that Ward has a comfortable fortune laid aside to keep the wolf away from the door, the common belief is that he is all but penniless, and that his great desire to gain possession of his son arises from the fact that the boy will be heir to considerable wealth when he becomes of age. Ward's present apparent income is \$6 a week, which he receives as assistant to the surrogate's clerk in Geneseo.

Worms in Horses.
The only sure cure for pin worms in horses known is Steketee's Hog Cholera Cure. Never fails to destroy worms in horses, hogs, sheep, dogs or cats; an excellent remedy for sick fowls. Send sixty cents in United States postage stamps and I will send by mail. Cut this out, take it to druggist and pay him fifty cents. Three packages for \$1.50 express paid. G. G. STEKETEE, Grand Rapids, Mich. Mention name of paper.

The tithes of England amount to \$30,250,000 a year.
The "Napoleon craze" will be illustrated in spring and summer fashions.

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.



KNOWLEDGE
Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Accept None of the Pretended Substitutes for

Royal Baking Powder

BECAUSE inferior and cheaper made baking preparations are bought at wholesale at a price so much lower than ROYAL, some grocers are urging consumers to use them in place of the ROYAL at the same retail price.

If you desire to try any of the pretended substitutes for ROYAL BAKING POWDER bear in mind that they are all made from cheaper and inferior ingredients, and are not so great in leavening strength nor of equal money value. Pay the price of the ROYAL BAKING POWDER for the ROYAL only.

It is still more important, however, that ROYAL BAKING POWDER is purer and more wholesome, and makes better, finer, and more healthful food than any other baking powder or preparation.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

The Typical American Face.
Century: It may be worth while to add that once when I said, "How unlike each other are our American faces, yet how quickly we recognize any one of them among European faces—wish I knew why." A foreign friend replied that she could tell me why. "The typical American mouth," she said, "is more sensitive than that of other races and the chin is slender; but the main peculiarities are the shape and setting of the cheek bones. You have high cheek bones, but they are narrow, while when they are high in other races they are broad and flat, as with the Japanese, or square, as with the Scandinavians." I am afraid she thought we all looked a little foxy; but a fox's face has beauty, and shows a keen sense of humor as well as its own sort of cleverness; and besides, every one knows that it is merely a mask.

Bozeman (Mont.) Chronicle: Rats the cause of a great deal of annoyance to those who live in the mountains, and many stories could be told of their deviltry. The latest comes to us by letter from Red Lodge. John Andrews, of Dilworth, accompanied by a cowboy, on their way to the mines of the Clark's Fork, stop at a cabin owned and formerly used by Shelby Eli Dillard, the journalistic miner. In the fireplace was a mountain rat's nest. Fire was applied to this and in a moment a terrific explosion took place. Both men were knocked down, and when assistance came soon after from a man following them they were unable to move. It seems that the rats had procured from some source or other a number of explosive caps such as are used by miners, and deposited them in the nest as they are wont to do with everything bright.

BROUGHT PROOF FIELD CORN.
Here is something new. Despite 110 days without a drop of rain, Salzer's new Yellow Dent corn yielded on a large acreage over sixty-eight bushels per acre, while the department of agriculture reports the average yield on corn but a trifle over twenty bushels per acre in the United States. Now think of the possibilities of this corn in a good corn season! It will go double this yield then or 136 bu.

If You Will Cut This Out and Send It with 14c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed company, LaCrosse, Wis., you will get free a package of this Drought Proof Corn and their mammoth catalog wdu a good price.

You cannot make a bad egg good by mixing it with good ones.

Perfectly at Home.
The irrigated lands of Idaho possess that peculiar qualification which is perfectly adapted to the raising of apples, apricots, peaches, cherries, pears, plums, grapes, prunes, hops, alfalfa, corn and potatoes, which always find a ready market and bring a good price.

You can't overstock the United States with these commodities.
We'll send our advertising matter on application. E. L. LOMAX, G. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

Billiard Table, second-hand. For sale cheap. Apply to or address, H. C. ARN, 511 S. 12th St., Omaha, Neb.

Almost five-eighths of the steamers in the world are under the British flag.

If It's a Sprain, Strain, or Bruise

St. Jacobs Oil

Will Cure It

Leaves St. Louis daily at 8:30 P. M., via Iron Mountain Route, arriving at the Springs next day at noon. Write H. C. Townsend, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, for pamphlet.

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\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.
55 CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
\$4.35 FINE CALF SKANAROOD.
\$3.85 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
\$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMEN'S, EXTRA FINE.
\$2. \$1.75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES' \$3. \$2.50 \$2. \$1.75
BEST GONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS, BRISTOL, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform.—stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$5 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT.

BEST IN MARKET. BEST IN FIT. BEST IN WEARING QUALITY.

The outer or top sole extends down to the heel, protecting the boot in digging and in other hard work.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM and don't be put off with inferior goods.

COLCHESTER RUBBER CO.

THE SCALPER

24 pages, 5c. All about making money in Grain and Stocks by "scalping" the market on margins of 50c to \$1,000. Best method yet. All scalpers make money. LAMBSON & Co., 112 Quincy St., Chicago.

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JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Specially Prepared Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adj. indicating claims, 450 suits.

Cole's New Domestic Coffee Berry.

Better Than a Gold Mine.
Raise your own coffee at less than one cent a pound. Let high tariff store coffee go. The poor man's friend and rich man's delight. Matures north or south in four months. Plant any time up to the 20th of June; 30,000 farmers supplied and every one praises it. Has produced over 60 bushels per acre. Some prefer it to store coffee. Produces two crops a year in the south. Large packet postpaid 30c; or enough to plant 300 hills, 50 cts or stamps. Will make 300 pots of most delicious coffee, good enough for a king. Is superseding store coffee as fast as its merits become known. Large catalogue of 50 new varieties of seeds and testimonials from patrons all over the Union sent free with each order by
C. E. COLE, Seedman, Buckner, Mo.

WELL MACHINERY

Illustrated catalogue showing WELL AUGERS, BUCK DRILLS, HYDRAULIC AND JETTING MACHINERY, etc. Best Prices. Have been tested and all guaranteed.

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AGENTS WANTED in every locality to handle our Alumina Notions. Cash made for \$20 to \$50 per week. Send stamp for engraved name. ALLIANCE NOTION CO., No. 214 S. 5th St., Omaha, Neb.

W. N. U. Omaha—9. 1895