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CONGRESSIONAL. ators—Chas. F. Manderson, of Omaha; Allen, of Madison, presentatives—Wm. Bryan, Lincoln; O. em. Broken Bow; Wm. McKeighan, Red

JUDICIARY. Justice Samuel Maxwell HIFTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
M. P. Kinkaid, of O'Neill
J. J. King of O'Neill
def A. L. Bartow of Chadron
ref A. L. Warrick, of O'Neill

LAND OFFICES.

O'NEILL. John A. Harmon. Elmer Williams.

COUNTY. COUNTY.

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John Skirving
O. M. Collins
If J. P. Mullen
urer. Sam Howard
If Bill Bethea
Mike McCarthy
Chas Hamilton
Chas O'Neill
Ity. W. R. Jackson
Mrs. W. R. Jackson
tant. Dr. Trueblood
ser. M. F. Norton
prof. H. E. Murphy
ney.

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Wilson Brodie
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CITY OF O'NEILL.
ervisor, John Murphy; Justices, E. H.
dict and B. Weiton; Constables, John
and Perkins Brooks. councilmen-first WARD. two years.—John McBride. For one Ben DeYarman. SECOND WARD. two years—Jake Pfund. For one year

THIRD WARD. two years—Elmer Merriman. For one S.M. Wagers.

CITY OFFICERS.
or, R. R. Dickson; Clerk, N. Martin;
urer, John McHugh; City Engineer
Horrisky; Police Judge, N. Martin;
of Police, Charlie Hall; Attorney,
Benedict; Weighmaster, Joe Miller. GRATTAN TOWNSHIP.

rvisor, John Winn; Trearurer. John ; Clerk, D. H. Cronin; Assessor, Mose bell; Justices, M. Castello and Chas, oll; Justices, Perkins Brooks and Will te: Road overseer dist. 28, Allen Brown [0,4,John Enright. HERS RELIEF COMNISSION.

lar meeting first Monday in Febru-each year, and at such other times as ned necessary. Robt. Gallagher, Page, aan. Wm. Howen, O'Neill, secretary; Cark Atkinson.

ATRICK'S CATHOLIC CHURCH. vices every Sabbath at 10:30 o'clock. lev. Cassidy, Postor. Sabbath school

PHODIST CHURCH. Sunday ervices—Preaching 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 llass No. 19:30 A. M. Class No. 2 (Ep League) 6:30 P. M. Class No. 3 (Child-50 P. M. Mind-week services—General meeting Thursday 7:30 P. M. All will ewelcome, especially strangers. E. E. HOSMAN, Pastor.

R. POST. NO. 86. The Gen. John Neill Post, No. 86, Department of Ne-G. A. R., will meet the first and third y evening of each month in Masonio Neill S. J. SMITH, Com.

HORN VALLEY LODGE, I. O. O. Meets every Wednesday evening in lows hall. Visiting brothers cordially to attend. C. L. BRIGHT, Sec.

FIELD CHAPTER, R. A. M ts on first and third Thursday of each in Masonic hall. Dobrs Sec. J. C. HARNISH, H. P

FP.—HELMET LODGE, U. D. navention every Monday at 8 o'clock p. dd Fellows' hall. Visiting brethern F. GALLAGHER, K. of R. and S.

ILI. ENCAMPMENT NO. 30. I.
0. F. meets every second and fourth
of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.
Scribe, H. M. UTTLEY.

LODGE NO. 41, DAUGHTERS REBEKAH, meets every 1st and 3d of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall. JESSIE A. ERIGHT, N. G.

FIELD LODGE, NO. 95, F.& A.M. ular communications Thursday nights fore the full of the moon. EVANS, Sec. A. L. TOWLE, W. M.

T-CAMP NO. 1710. M. W. OF A. taon the first and third Tuesday in the first and third Tuesday in CADER, V. C. A. H. COHBETT, clerk.

U. W. NO. 153. Meets second fourth Tudsday of each month is ole hall. eHugh Rec. O. F. Biglin, M. W.

POSTOFFICE DIRCETORY

Arrival of Mails

AM. V. R. R.—FROM THE EAST. FROM THE WEST.

F. Sunday included at 9:30 k in PACIFIC SHORT LINE.

Frieaves 9:35 A.M. Arrives 9:07 P.M. leaves 9:07 P.M. Arrives 7:00 P.M. cept Sunday. Arrives 7:00 P.M. Monday, Wed. and Friday at 7:00 a m Tiesday, Thurs. and Sat. at .1:00 p m O'NELLL AND PADDOCK.

Monday. Wed. and Friday at . 7:00 a m.

Puesday, Thurs. and Sat. at . 4:30 p m.

Here is a pretty little story about Carmen Sylva: A few years ago, when she was in the zenith of her popularity and health, she visited a small village school incog., and asked permission to put the children through their "paces." The children did their mistress credit, answering with great promptitude all the simple questions

the queen put to them. Just before leaving the queen no-ticed one little tot in a far corner of the room, with her tangled head of hair bent over some book. The child was so deeply engrossed in her read-ing that she took no notice whatever of anybody in the room. The queen asked the reason of her silence; was she deaf or otherwise afflicted? "Oh, no," was the answer, "but she is stupid and never attends to her lower decks, where the heat increases studies, but seizes every opportunity unbearably, only through the artifito read story books." Carmen Sylva cial ventilators. With the exwalked quietly up to the little reader, and putting her hand on the eurly head, asked gently what the child was reading, and the latter held up the book to the strange lady. It was "Fairy Stories and Poems," by Carmen Sylva. "And do you like these tales?" asked their author. "Like

them, madame? oh, I love them." her arms, kissed the little flushed ship imagines itself to be in a heavy afterward the child a week hurricane which afterward the child's sunt (for the tion at every minute. The long, narlittle maiden was an orphan) received a letter from the queen offering to educate and bring up the child. The offer was gratefully and thankfully mighty ram and the armored deck accepted, and now the little one is in

DANIEL WEBSTER'S FEES.

The Great Lawyer's Income Was Un-

usually Limited Even for His Day. One of our correspondents has been so lucky as to fall in with a little leather-covered book, like those of our bank depositors, which contains Daniel Webster's autograph record of his legal receipts. This chronicle fills twenty-eight pages, and extends a little more than from 1833 to 1836 inclusive. The first entry, dated September in the former year, is of \$50, and the second of \$20, for retainers on the New York circuit. The first fee of \$1,000 was paid in May, 1834, by a Mr. Badger. Services regarding Cilley's will commanded \$800. The total amount for the first year was \$13,140, with the remark, "Sept. 22, 1834, thus done and concluded." A similar summing up appears at the close of each other year. The second total is \$15,183.74; the third is \$21,793. The first entry of \$2,000 was in 1835, March 7; the first of \$3,000 December 7 in the same year. This last payment was in respect to Florida land. The largest single honorarium was \$7,500. In February of the fourth year \$5,000 is set down as bestowed in a case of Trinity church (New York). In turning over this record leading metropolitan and even provincial lawyers are astonished that Webster, although twenty years in Boston, so undervalued his services. He learned better at last. When Robert C. Winthrop looked at the sarliest date he said: "That's just \$200,000 apiece, the arrears of their the time that I was ending my studies mother's dower income, which was in Webster's office," and the chirogra-phy led him to add that Webster duchesse de Galliera gave about 1,500,never wrote a firm hand.

Names of Chinese War Ships.

To the Chinese there is no confusion in the names of their cruisers litical organizations. and gunboats, and if Ting Yuen and The fortune of the comtesse de King Yuen get mixed by the time Paris must be very great, but it has they arrive in New York it will not been kept "dark." seriously affect the fortunes of war in the China sea. In colloquial Chinese the distinction is preserved by the difference of tone. In the Chinese characters, or ideographs, the possibility of confusion is absolutely nil, for Ching Yuen and Chih Yuen no more resemble each other than do New York and Minneapolis, or than Bunker hill monument resembles the state house. "Ting Yuen" signifies "future security;" "Chen Yuen," "guarding the future." The characters on the other vessels are as distinct in sound, appearance and meaning as these two.

Fighting Fire in China.

When a fire starts in a certain locality in Chinese cities protested by walls extending from one end of the town to the other, s large wooden gate is swung across the street. In this way the fire is confined to definite limits. Generally the fire is uninterrupted until there is nothing left within the inclosure but ashes, and in the ashes the owner must seek his property. He has no insurance methods, and unless helped by his own family is left to start anew. The re-building is not a difficult matter, as there are no foundations or

A Fine Passage.

A very vain preacher having deivered a sermon in the hearing of the Rev. Robert Hall, pressed him to state what he thought of the sermon. Mr. Hall remained silent for some time, but this only caused the question to be pressed with greater earnestness. At length Mr. Hall admitted: "There was one very fine passage." "I am rejoiced to hear you say so. Pray, rejoiced to hear you say so. Pray, wise possible, and consists of a strong sir, what was it?" "Why, sir, it was though thin band of web, which is the passage from the pulpit to the fixed round the instep while the foot vestry."

Mr. Gilbert's I leasant Sensation. W. S. Gilbert was lunching, not ong ago, at a country hotel, when he found himself in company with three cycling clergymen, by whom he was drawn into conversation. When they discovered who he was, one of the party asked Mr. Gilbert "how he felt in such a grave and reverend company." "I feel," said Mr. Gilbert, "like a lion in a den of Daniels."

ON AN IRONCLAD AT SEA. Life on the Ocean Wave and Home on

the Relling Deep.
Admiral von Werner, a high authority in naval matters in Germany, describes in a work recently published the behavior of armor-plated men-ofwar in heavy seas. He says: "Even with a moderate gale and sea an armor plated cruiser, if going against the wind, will find herself in conditions similar to those of a storm-at least, the crew will have that impression. The movements of the stern of the ship are violent and exceedingly disagreeable. The waves pushed by the advancing prow sweep con-tinually over the ship from bow to stern. All windows and port holes must be closed, and air reaches the ception of the specially pro-tected command bridge all the uncovered portions of the ship are impassable; thus the whole of the crew must bear as well as they can the hell of the closed decks. On such a ship no one can feel comfortable; and when there is a storm in which a sailing ship would feel comparatively row forepart of the ship, which is not and the cannon and torpedoes, forces one of the best schools in Roumania. the ship in a high sea to pitchings and rollings of such an extraordinary kind that they cannot be described. The crew of such a ship is not only exposed to mortal dangers, but the voyages they make render them physically, extremely and dangerously nervous; the mental impressions they receive wear them out and make the profession hateful."

THEY ARE WELL "FIXED." What the Comte de Paris' Family Have

Become Possessed Of. The comte de Paris was not stingy. but was fond of money. His view of his children was that without heaps of money and royal husbands or wives their lot would be unenviable.

Between the dowries he could give and the importance the courts of Europe attached to him as a "legitimate" pretender, their matrimonial prospects were brilliant. The queen will altogether have about \$60,000 er more. So will each of her sisters.

The youngest son was left the reversion of Villa Mamique, which is now worth 8,009,000 francs. The comte de Paris must have been worth \$825,000 a year, independently of what he had from the duchesse de Galliera. He had a fourteenth part of the 52,-000,000 francs of appenges, and of "the Orleans debt," of 16,000,000

francs, which the Versailles assembly allowed to Louis Philippe's debt. Of the uncles' and aunts' shares he and the due de Chartres had about 000 francs. A good deal of this was sunk in improvements of the Eu and Amboise chateaux and estates, but very little of it was spent on po-

Bernhardt's Dressmaker.

There is a modiste in Paris who owes the fortune she is making to Mme. Bernhardt. Her name is on the billheads, tray-trunks and bandboxes, but she is known all over the professional and fashionable world as simply "Bernhardt's dressmaker." She picks her customers, gets her own prices, charges like a body of cavalry in combat, and makes gowns, robes, wraps and those indescribable lace things collectively known as confections that are the envy or admiration of the gay world. She has a dozen American customers, a score or so of English patronesses and a hundred or more French women, for whom she designs.

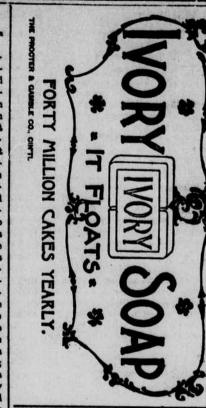
What He Wanted

One evening, at a symphony re-hearsal of the Meiningen orchestra, Bulow stopped the orchestra and ex-claimed: "Kettle-drums forte!" The drummer, who thought he had done pretty well already, redoubled his efforts; but again Bulow stopped and shouted: "Kettle-drums forte!" Once more the drummer put on extra steam; and, when Bulow stopped again, he exclaimed, "Really, Herr Kapell-meister, if I beat any harder I shall break the drum-heads!" "Who asked you to do that?" retorted Bulow quietly; "you play fortissimo, and what I want is forte only."

Corsets for the Feet.

The latest atrocity in the interest of fashion is a corset for the foot. The new instrument of torture is made so as to enable a size smaller shoe to be worn than would be otheris off the ground. When it is in place it is comparatively easy to put on a shoe which is altogether too small, and the pressure being on the corset instead of the shoe, the latter does not stretch.

New Reading of an Old Saying. "Tommy," said the teacher, "you may put in different language the expression, 'Let me write the songs of my country and I care not who makes its laws." About fifteen minutes later Tommy handed in a paper bearing the words. "Let me Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder pipe the lays of a country, and I don't care who lays the pipes."



AN APT SCHOLAR.

He Knew Philadelphia's Strongest Patriotic Point.

The class in geography was reciting and there were several visitors. The subject for the day was the state of Pennsylvania. "Now, children," said the teacher, "who can bound Pennsyl-

Half a dozen hands went up and waved wildly in the air and a little girl gave the boundaries of the state

correctly. "What is the largest city in Pennsylvania?" asked the teacher. "Philadelphia!" shouted the little

boy with the jersey suit.
"Now," continued the teacher,
"who can tell me what building there is in Philadelphia about which no true American should think without a glow of love and patriotism? What building is there which we should all revere and which is the pride of every loyal son of the United States?"

This was a poser and no one answered for a time. Finally a boy who sat on the front row raised his hand. "Well," said the teacher, "you may tell, Sammy Einstein."

"Der mint!" shouted Sammy, triumphantly.

Another View of It.

"In the slow evolution of the race," nused the elephant, looking with languid interest at the throng of curious gazers that stood on the outside of the ropes and fed him with cakes, peanuts and candy, "how many millions of years it must require to evolve from the shapeless and rudimentary projection on the face of the creature called man the full and perfect pro-

Natural Taste for Roughing It. There is not such a difference in tastes in men and women as some people suppose. Nothing is better liked by the average man in the way of diversion than a brief season of camping out, and the women, God bless them! are just as daft on house cleaning, which comes as near camp ing out as it is possible for one thing to be like another.

Etna and Vesuvius.

thrown out nine times its own bulk of cinders and lava; and that all the houses in London and New York could be built of the lava thrown out by Vesuvius since the first recorded erup tion, in A. D. 79.

Temptation.

"Huh," exclaimed the first little rirl, after she had heard the story of the fall of man, "the serpent couldn't tempt me with an apple. I don't like applea." "But," argued the second girl, "s'pose somebody told you not to eat applea?"



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Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

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for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nervine. Yours truly,

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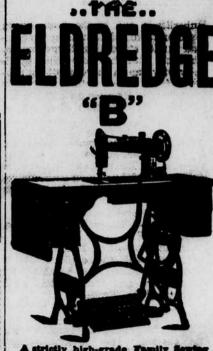
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