OVER THE STATE.

The populist daily paper at Restrice has suspended. OMAHA and Lincoln are both going to

bid high for the state fair. THE new Christian church at Blue

Hill is nearly completed.

Women of Blair have asked the city council to close up the sporting houses. ADAM McPherson, of Emerson, aged 54, died suddenly last week of heart

THERE is a good deal of kicking in many Nebraska towns these beautiful days, but it is mostly by boys at the

WAUSA schools are crowded and the board finds it necessary to employ another teacher for the remainder of the

HENRY ASTNER, a traveling salesman for the Grand Island Mercantile company, in jumping from a Union Pacific train fell and broke his leg.

REV. GEORGE HUMMELL has just closed a successful series of revival meetings in Blue Hill, receiving thirty converts into the Methodist Episcopal

A WARRANT was issued by United States Commissioner Seymour for the arrest of James Mason of Brownville, on the charge of violating the revenue

ROBERT Dow, an old resident or Sarpy county, died at his home last week after an illness of two weeks. He was 82 years of age and first settled in the county March 7, 1861.

SHERIFF HUBERLE of Otoe county took Philip Berk and W. F. Williams to the penitentiary where they will pass the next fourteen months for obtaining money under false pretenses.

JACK SMITH and Tom Stribling of Fremont were out hunting and among the game they killed and brought home with them was a gray wolf, which they found a few miles northeast of Fre-

E. BUTTERFIELD, living near Grand Rapids, shot his hand off while reloading a muzzle loading, double barreled shotgun, supposed to have been breech burned. A physician dressed the hand, leaving only the thumb.

A CAREFULLY prepared statement shows \$15,000 spent in new buildings in Wausa during 1874. Among the items is a \$4,000 creamery, just completed, which is a co-operative concern, belonging to the farmers of that vicinity.

ROBERT LYNN late editor of the Enterprise at Wausa is a candidate for sargeant-at-arms of the house when the legislature convenes. He has the backing of Senators Saunders and Stuefer, who will push his candidacy.

William Katal and Alex Irle of Cedar county, were arrested for selling liquor contrary to law. William Katal pleaded quilty and was fined \$100 and costs.

Alex Irle's case was continued for thirty days, during which time he will set up a defense.

SAMUEL R. IRVIN and his wife, Alice, of Hastings, were arrested, charged with committing an abortion on their daughter Etta, a girl about 15 years old. The girl had become enciente from too great familiarity with a livery stable employe who boarded with the family. In attempting to rid the girl of her shame they came within an acc of taking her life.

PETER O'ROURKE, a farmer living near Florence, was on his way home the other evening. When he arrived at of the Missouri Pacific railway he heard the evening express whistle and saw it coming, but thought he could cross the track before it struck him. His wagon was tossed over into the ditch, and he was picked out of the wreck with an injured side and a bad scalp wound.

REV. J. W. ROBINSON, who for several weeks past has been traveling through the east soliciting aid for the drouth sufferers of this state, says the Fremont Tribune, returned from his trip last evening and is stopping with his son, J. T. Robinson. While gone he suc ceeded in raising almost \$9,000 in cash and goods, which amount will very ma-terially aid in decreasing the suffering among the people of that district.

THE governor honored the requisition of Governor Altgeld of Illinois for one William Banks, alias Graham, under arrest at Omaha. On March 1 Banks, in company with John Dutton, William McGowan and King William, alias Black Hussar, made an assault upon Policeman Cass Smith in Chicago, and robbed him of his star, revolver and pouch for the same. The gang was indicted, tried and convicted in Cook county. Banks subsequently escaped.

FRANK WALLBRIDGE, of Nebraska City, aged about 15, together with his brother and a companion, was out hunting about three miles west of that While sitting down under a tree resting the gun in Frank's hands accidentally exploded, the charge passing through his left hand, lacerating it in a horrible manner. A number of shot lodged in his shoulder and arm. A portion of the charge passed so close to his brother's head as to render him unconscious for a time.

THE man who gave the tip which resulted in the arrest of Seeley, the New York bank cashier who did his bank for \$350,000, was formerly a resident of Lincoln, and is remembered there as a young man of bibulous propensities, which kept him in hard lines. Herman McFarland, the man in question, it is said, got into the good graces of Seeley without knowing who he was, and was helping him to spend his cash in great when the latter told him in a moment of confidence who he was.

SAYS the Fremont Tribune: Six head of horses belonging to H. E. McHenry were sold on foreclosure of a chattel mortgage. A standard bred mare brought the highest price, being sold for \$5.50, two others sold for \$1 each and one for 75 cents. Who says these are not hard times?

ABOUT 200 men and teams are now at work on the irrigation ditch between Arcadia and Loup City. A large part of the ditch is already completed, if the weather continues favorable the earthwork will be done by January 1. About 20,000 acres of as good land as can be found in Nebraska will be placed under irrigation by this ditch.

THE next meeting of the North Nebraska Teachers' association will be held at Norfolk on April 3, 4 and 5, A good program is being arranged and will be announced early. Reduced rates on all railroads and at hotels. A large attendance is expected.

In the irrigation convention at Kearney John Powers read a paper advocating a canal for irrigation and naviga-tion from North Dakota to the Mexican line, to be owned by the government. He was informed that the plan was not feasible, but believed that it was. Rev. A. K. Wright of David City, formerly of Colorado, in a talk on irrigation in Colorado, said he did not believe long irrigation ditches would prove successful, as the water would soak away and evaporate before it reached the lower end. He advocated small farms of from ten to twenty acres, and did not believe large farms could be irrigated profitably for the raising of corn, wheat

D. A. CAMPBELL, state librarian, has completed his biennial report and sub-mitted it to the governor. In this report the librarian, by means of tables, shows in detail the number of books on on hand at the present time and the number which have been acquired during the last two years. The library now contains 32,688 volumes, and of this number 4,088 have been added during the years 1893 and 1894. The manner in which the library has been growing is described in detail, and it is shown that in the law division, besides the current reports of other states and the federal courts, which have been obtained by exchange, many valuable additions have been made by purchase.

THE Norfolk sugar factory will finish working the season's crop of beets the latter part of the present month, when it will have converted about 25,000 tons into sugar, for which the total sum of \$125,000 has been paid out to the farmers who raised the beets. The factory has been in constant operation day and night since the beginning of the "campaign" and 350 tons of beets are put through every twenty-four hours, which will produce fifty-five to sixty thousand pounds of fine sugar. One hundred and ten men are working on the night shift, an equal number on the day shift with the addition of about eighty helpers, making in all some 300 men who find employment in the huge concern.

THE Fremont Tribune says that no opinion in the Carleton murder case will be handed down by the supreme court during the present month, as was anticipated. The court at its last sitting adjourned until January and there will be no opinion filed until the court meets again next month. Carleton's attorneys, Messrs. Frick & Dolezal, have raised some pretty knotty questions for the court to decide and honorable body of distinguished jurists is taking its time to sifting the legal phases of it very finely. Carleton is getting used to life in the county jail and keeps up his spirits in a remarkable manner. He expresses perfect confidence that he will get a new trial on error and a final acquittal.

MR. D. H. STEARNS, of Omaha, manager of agencies for the Stearns Fruit and Land company, received a letter dated December 14, at Portland, Ore., from Mr. F. K. Arnold, president of that company, in which Mr. Arnold says: "I brought the matter of Nebraska relief before the Chamber of Company Commerce Monday afternoon and had a committee of five appointed. We went out yesterday afternoon and in less than two hours got a carload of potatoes on Front street and ten cases of salmon from George T. Myers. 1 wired Governor Crounse that we would ship a carload Saturday and follow with other donations. All the mem-bers of the committee took hold with energy and realized fully the vast im-portance of what we have undertaken."

Nebraska Dairy Interests

The first session of the tenth annual meeting of the Nebraska Dairymen's association convened in Lincoln on the 18th. The address of welcome was delivered by Chancellor James H. Canfield. The response was by Hon. D. P. Ashburn.

In the opening of his report the secretary called attention to the fact that the passing year had witnessed the most disastrous crop failure in the history of the state, a failure so complete in many counties that on hundreds and thousands of well tilled Nebraska farms they did not raise a bushel of grain and not a ton of hay. On these farms live stock had almost ceased to have a value, the dairy cow alone remained, she being the only one who, in a crisis like the present, will pay for her keeping and something beside.

The subject of oleo was touched upon and that article vigorously denounced It was termed the greatest enemy of the dairy industry. Of the 33,894,861 pounds of butter manufactured in this state in 1891, 27,818,078, or 82 per cent were made on the farms. These farmer dairymen are met in greater numbers at farmers' institutes than at any other meetings of like nature, and there was no question that much good had been done the dairy industry in this state in localities where such in-

stitutes had been held. Right, justice and a due regard for the health of the people demanded cer-tain legislation at the hands of the incoming members of the state Nebraska has no law relating to the sale of impure or adulterated milk worthy the name. Omaha has attempted by municipal regulation to prevent the sale of impure milk, but a visit to the office of the official charged with the enforcement of the ordinance showed that over 80 per cent of the samples were from milk which had been adulterated either by a removal of a portion of the butter fat or by the addition of water. The receipts of the association for the year had been \$2,-385.09; expenditures, \$1,577.47. leaving

a balance of \$707.62. The attendance this year is the largest in the history of the association.

FREMONT LODGE No. 23, A. O. U. W. sent a large box filled with clothing, bedding, etc., to the drouth stricken peeople of western Nebraska. In a few a purse containing between \$50 and \$100 will also be sent.

It is the understanding among interested persons that the adjournment of bling. the federal grand jury at Omaha noes not end the inquiry of the Capital Na-tional bank failure, but on the contrary the matter is to be probed further with a view to indicting officials of the bank There is a rumor to the effect that funds are now available and the grand jury will probably convene again about the first of the year.

A NEW FINANCIAL SCHEME.

THE CARLISLE BILL IS TO BE WITHDRAWN.

TO BE REPLACED BY A SUBSTITUTE.

Important Changes in Regard to the Bond Matter and the Liability of Banks for One Another Agreed Upon-The Bill Being Made Ready Result of a Democratic Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The Carlisle currency bill, now before the house of representatives, will be withdrawn and a substitute presented. The decision was reached after a caucus of the Democratic members of the bank ing and currency committee quietly held last night, followed by a confer ence between Secretary Carlisle and Chairman Springer. The substitute will be offered to the house before the holiday recess, as the desire of all concerned is to get it before the coun try prior to the adjournment.

The caucus of the banking and cur rency committee Democrats, at which the decision was reached, was held at the committee room, the following members being present: Messrs. Springer, Cox, Culberson, Sperry, Warner, Cobb of Alabama and Eilis. The absentees were: Messrs. Cobb and Hall of Missouri, and Johnson of Ohio. The discussion took a wide range and the sentiment was general that the bill would have to be mater ially changed in order to meet the objections and command a support which would secure its passage. The needed amendments were formulated and it was arranged that Mr. Springer should see Secretary Carlisle to-day and submit the contemplated changes. When Secretary Carlisle and Mr.

Springer met to-day it was deter-mined that the better plan would be to frame a new measure in the shape of a substitute instead of muti'ating the bill with many amendments which went to its vital principles. Accordingly, the substitute was agreed on in full and, as soon as it can be copied and put into proper form, it will be presented to the house and will thenceforth be the bill on which the currency debate is to proceed.

TWO IMPORTANT CHANGES.

Two very important features make their appearance for the first time in the substitute. The main one will have the effect of allowing the national banking system to run along without an arbitrary provision that banks must organize under the new system. The original Carlisle bill contemplating that all national banks must reorganize under the new plan. This would have forced them to surrender the government bonds which now constitute the basis of their circulation. Under the substitute, if national banks wish to continue to hold their United States bonds and issue circulation thereon, they may do so. It is felt that they will soon discover the advantages of the new system and will therefore adopt it

The other important feature is that it does away with the unknown liability of banks to guarantee the notes of all other banks. This feature of the original bill has been much criticised. It contemplated that if a national bank falled its notes would be paid out of its assets, and the deficit made out of the "general safety fund," and if this should not be enough to pay the notes of the failed bank, then the comptroller of the currency should make a pro rata assessment on all the banks of the country. The bankers said that this plan placed before them an unknown rick. an uuknown risk. In effect it made them supply insurance on In effect it all the notes of banks in which they had no concern. In view of these criticisms the substitute will do away with the assessment plan. The "safety fund" will be the limit of joint liability of all the banks for the failure of individual banks. They will, however, be compelled to keep up this safety fund by more rigid provisions than appeared in the original bill. Besides these two main changes, there are many lesser ones.

CHINA ANXIOUS FOR PEACE.

Two Commissioners Appointed to Make Terms With Japan.

Washington, Dec. 22. - Minister Denby cabled the state department to-day that the Chinese government has appointed two peace commissioners. Chang Yin Huan and Fhao, who will proceed at once on their mission from Pekin to the Japanese capital.

SHANGHAI, Dec. 21.—It is reported this evening on good authority that direct peace negotiations are proceeding between Pekin and Tokio

Dynamiters May Be Released.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 22. - The Post says that arrangements have been concluded between the Redmondites and the government for the release of certain of the prisoners confined for participation in the dynamite outrages. It is added that among those who will be released is John Daly. The Amnesty association decided in April last to nominate Daly to stand election for parliament in Lim-

A Postmaster Short.

DURANGO, Col., Dec. 22.-Postoffice Inspector Williams has found a shortage of \$1,800 in the accounts of Postmaster Stearns of Durango, Col., and his bondsmen have taken charge of the office. Stearns admits his guilt and says he lost the money in gam-

Mardered on a Public Road. Gosnex, Ind., Dec. 22. - Jonathan

Crumbacker, an aged farmer, was last night murdered by unknown highwaymen on the public road half a mile from his residence and robbed of \$35 and a silver watch.

PRIVATE BILLS BLOCKED.

Mr. English Prevents Much Action-The Currency Debate Resumed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22. - At least twenty members crowded into the area in front of the speaker's rostrum to-day in an effort to secure the passage by congress of bills of local importance, but Mr. English of New Jersey, who has inaugurated a war of retaliation against unanimous consent legislation until a measure of his should be passed, was on guard and obdurate. He relented in two intances, however, allowing a senate bill and a joint resolution offered by Mr. Livingstone of Georgia to go through, providing for the entrance of foreign exhibits to the cotton states international exposition to be held at

Atlanta next year.

Of the latter, Mr. Wilson, of Washington said: "This bill, I understand, involves the admission of contract la-I want to remind the gentleman that but a short time ago the country was in a furore over the admission of a single coachman. Does this bill provide for the admission of an English coachman?"

"It does not," replied Mr. Livingston, amid laughter.

Mr. De Armond of Missouri, objected to a bill offered by Mr. Coombs of New York, granting a pension \$100 a month to the widow of the late

Major General Abner Dubleday.

Mr. English finally demanded the regular order and the joint resolution providing for a holiday recess from to-morrow to Thursday, January 3, was adopted.

The house then, on Mr. Springer's motion, went into committee of the whole, for the further consideration of the currency bill, and Mr. Pendleton of West Virginia was recognized by the chairman, but before he could by the chairman, but before he could proceed Mr. Johnson of Indiana arose for the purpose, as he stated, of propounding an inquiry to the chairman of the banking committee, (Mr. Springer). "I understand," said he, "that at a meeting of the Democratic members of the banking committee. members of the banking committee last night it was decided to offer a substitute to the pending measure and that consent of the secretary of the treasury was obtained. Is my information correct? If so, I suggest that the substitute be now offered in order that we can proceed intelli-

"Sometime during the afternoon," replied Mr. Springer, "I will say it is my intention to introduce a substitute for the pending bill."

Mr. Springer, however, denied that the "consent" of the secretary of the

the "consent" of the secretary of the treasury had been asked or obtained. The Democratic members of the com-mittee, he declared, were responsible

for the substitute.

Mr. Pendleton inveighed against the disposition manifested on the Republican side to oppose anything in the shape of financial legislation pro-posed from the Democratic side and appealed to his party opponents to patriotically join in perfecting a measure that would relieve the treasury and inure to the welfare of the country. He declared, with an emphasis that provoked a howl of de-rision from the Republican side, that at this time the Republican party "stood by, supinely flat upon its back," while the Democratic party was trying to save the country.

Mr. Russell of Connecticut followed

Mr. Pendleton with an argument in opposition to a measure which proposed, he said, to destroy a national banking system that had stood the test of thirty years.

ARRAIGNED AT A FUNERAL. Sensational Sermon Over the Body of

Bank Clerk Huntington. the funeral of John Huntington, the young bank clerk who killed himself after shooting two examiners of the Fidelity and Causality company on Sunday, at the First Presbyterian church yesterday. Dr. Stephen Phelps, the pastor, said: "If there is any money missing-and that it is missing has not yet been proved-the hand lying at my feet grasping that nose-gay of flowers did not take it. Huntington was sensitive to evil or imputation of evil. The shooting was planned beforehand - it was born of frenzy. Who is responsible for that frenzy God in His own good time will answer. Why is it that business has come to the point where they must hunt our young men down? Responsibility demands a suita-ble return. Where thousands of dollars pass through a young man's hands, with every temptation to crookedness held out before him, how can there be any justice in paying him \$45 a month? If the young man had not been break ing the Sabbath under compulsion of his employers this shooting would not have taken place. Employers should stand by when their men are in trouble and not leave them to merciles people who hold their positions because they are experts in the art of treading on the feelings of their fellow men.

The "l'ay Stack" Murder Cases.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22. -It is said at the department of justice that it is quite possible and even likely that indictments have been returned at the instance of the district attorney for Northern Texas in the "hay stack" murder cases of Southwestern Kansas and No Man's Land. Attorney General Olney's recent statement was meant to indicate, it is explained, simply that the department had not ordered the cases to be reopened. Crazed by the Council Bluffs Tragedy.

QUINCY, Ill., Dec. 22.-Frank Trumbull, an attorney of Council Bluffs, who was present at the recent triple shooting affair in the Council Bluffs bank, in which Clerk Huntington shot two security officers and himself, has become insane here. It is thought his mind was shattered by the scene at the bank.

Burglars i oot an Illinois Bank. CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Dec. 22.-The safe in the state bank at Mansfield, Ill., was blown open by burglars last night and completely wrecked. loss is several thousand dollars.

A Colored Methodist Bishop Dead. NEWBERG, N. Y., Dec. 22.-Bishop Joseph Thompson of the African Methodist Episcopal Zion church died here to-day, aged 76 years.

THE ALL ABSORBING QUESTION IN THE WEST.

What Was Brought Out by Some of the Speakers in the Convention at Kearney How Irrigation Interest Has Grown in the West-How the Soil Will Produce if Moisture is Present-What the Legislature Will be Asked to Do in Fostering the Interests of Irrigation-Election of Officers for the Ensuing

The Irrigation Conference.

KEARNEY, Neb., December 21 .- At he irrigation conference William Stafford of Julesburg gave his experience with irrigation by means of windmills and reservoirs. A good reservoir can be built by banking up the sod, turning in the water and allowing stock to tramp down the wet ground. It will soon hold water as well as if cemented. He did not think water could be pumped with profit if raised more than fifty feet, and he believed that pumping water was too expensive for practical farming of more than ten or twenty acres. All kinds of soil cannot be handled the same way, and each man must determine for himself how his land should be treated. In raising potatoes the water should be run by the side of and below the potato, rather

than on top of them.

Mr. Benson of McCook said he had had a great deal of experience with alfalfa, and had raised hundreds of acres with irrigation, but with only ten to thirty feet of water. He cautioned people not to sow more than an acre the first year as an experiment.
W. R. Akers of Scotts Bluffs county

said alfalfa and stock were the most profitable things a farmer could raise, and would not sow over fifteen pounds

Silas Clark of Cottonwood Springs spoke on "Construction of Canals by Farmers and Farmers' Companies." He said the farmers were digging a ditch in his neighborhood and had organized with a capital of \$100,000. Farmers had the privilege of subscribing for stock in amounts not to exceed \$500, but must work that out before getting any more. That stock represents nothing but water, and all the work is paid for in stock. Excavation is let at 10 cents per yard. The canal will irrigate

28,000 acres. W. R. Akers, senator-elect from Scotts Bluff county, showed how the subject had grown in favor in Nebraska and emphasized the fact that there was an abundant water supply to irrigate the whole state, and it could be utilized much better than in the states of Colorado or Wyoming. He also spoke strongly in favor of farmers building and owning their own ditches, instead of turning the work over to a syndicate of capitalists. Akers has been drafting a bill which he proposes to introduce in the senate this winter, and outlined it to the convention. It has some features of the Wyoming irrigation law and some of California. He said there were two kinds of irrigation necessary. One was known as flooding and the other as furrow. The first was for small grain and the last for potatoes and crops planted in rows. No general rule could be applied to irrigation, as it depended in the soil, slope of the land, and crops, but each man would have to experiment and determine what was best for his own case.

Mr. Reese of Falls City gave his ex-

perience with irrigation in the south-eastern part of the state, and said he was satisfied there was plenty of water under the surface of Nebraska to irrigate the whole state, and man has accomplished many greater difficulties than reclaiming this land. He also extended a cordial invitation from the city council of Falls City for the next meeting of the state irrigation convention with them. He hoped the next legislature would appoint a special committee to investigate and draft suitable laws. In his opinion prairie fires were great damage to the soil, and advocated turning over the buffalo sod and damming up the drains, as this would all help to moisten the atmosphere and produce rainfall. Windmills can be used successfully if allowed to run all day and night, and he had known one man to irrigate twenty acres in this manner, but the best and most satisfactory way was by means of reservoirs or ditches. A good plan would be for certain days to be set aside by a community for plowing days, or, as he called it, "damming days."

Judge Emory, national lecturer, said

that this semi-arrid region needed irrigation as much as the arrid regions farther west, as there was just rainfall enough here to bring farmers to this but not enough to make crops a sure thing, hence the suffering and failures which we are now experience ing. With irrigation and small tracts of say twenty to forty acres, more people could be accommodated and better success would result. In fact, the tenor of those most familiar with irrigation is to the fact that it is more practical for small tracts than for large

E. R. Moses of Great Bend, Kansas, related some of his experiences with irrigation and cited several instances where poor men had come out west and with irrigation and small tracts of land

had accumulated a competency.

The convention closed this evening with an address by President Fort, re-marks by D. W. Campbell of Denver, Representative John Brady, and an informal questioning of different speak-ers. President Fort spoke of the abundant and unfailing supply of water commonly called the underflow and said that it was sufficient to irrigate at least three-fourths of the entire state; that all kinds of soil, except heavy clay, and all kinds of farm crops could be irrigated with profit. The convention passed resolutions thanking Mr. Fort for the manner in which he had prepared and conducted the convention and to the citizens of Kearney for their hospitable entertainment.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, I. A. Fort, North Platte: secretary, A. G. Wolfenbarger, Lincoln: treasurer, Jas. Whitehead, Custer county, and M. Gering of Gering, C. B. Savage, Sargeant; Isaac Ledoyt, Hastings; R. B. Powell, Omaha, and E. L. King, Culbertson, executive committee. A vice president was elected from each county repre-

TALK ON IRRIGATION. STILL TALKING OF THE CAN

The Senate Passes Several Minor and Listens to Nicaragua Argune WASHINGTON, Dec. 20. -Immedi upon the convening of the senat day the vice president present letter from the secretary of the transmitting the report of Ada Walker on the subject of Ha

Both were referred without do sion, to the committee on foreign lations A senate bill was introduced passed amending the act of Mar 1894, giving permission to construction bridge over the Missouri river Jefferson City, Mo., so as to can the specifications as to the draw

of the bridge.

A resolution was introduced by
Allen of Nebraska providing for
appointment of a select commits investigate political affairs in bama. This, at his request, was on the table in order that he submit some remarks on it is He also introduced a resolution He also introduced a resoluted the appointment of a committee five senators to investigate the ate's restaurant. He was about a speak on this matter when Mr. of Maine interposed objection and it is consideration and it. immediate consideration and it

Mr. Bate of Tennessee then up the bill to establish a not military park at the battlefte Shiloh. The bill was read in full passed.

The resolution offered by Mr. La calling on the president for a spondence in the Ezeta extrada case was passed without division case was passed without division. This senate then took up they raguan canal bill and Mr. Te who had the floor yielded it is Cullom, who desired to make a remarks on the subject. It was markable, Mr. Cullom thought, the world had submitted to so long delay in the construction canal, the building of which was garded as a commercial necessit.

FRESH HORRORS IN ARMEN

Twenty-Three More Villages laid and Forty Priests Massacred BERLIN, Dec. 20 .- The G Gazette to-day publishes a letter Armenia, telling of fresh h

there, including twenty-three vill laid in ashes, eleven others pill and forty priests massacred.

Kansas Law and 1 otteries. TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 20.-Yeste afternoon the supreme court gra a preliminary writ of habeas ed in the case of Joseph Perry who is held in Wyandotte cor the charge of running a lotte violation of law. The defendant released on bail, and the hearing for January 4. It is expected the court's decision will settle the puted question whether lottery bling may be reached by law in

Poisoned by Red Stocking Boston, Ind., Dec. 20.-Both Miss Eva Dooly were amputate the knee last night. The amput

was made necessary by the post condition of her limbs resulting the wearing of red stockings. A Kailroad Up the Yungfres BERNE, Switzerland, Dec. 20-council of state has granted the cession asked for to build a mi up the Yungfrau mountain. O has been subscribed in Ameria in England.

Another Victim of Foot Rail PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20.—Geor Young, who played right guar the Frankfort foot ball elera who was injured November game with another local elers dead.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MAIL

Quotations from New York, Chica Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere OMAHA Butter-Creamery print..... Butter-Fair to good country.

Butter-Creamery print.
Butter-Fair to good country.
Eggs-Fresh.
Honey-Fer B.
Poultry-Old hens, per B.
Chickens-Spring, per B.
Turkeys-Per lb.
Geese-Per lb.
Ducks-Per lb.
Cheese-Neb. & Ia. full cream
Lemons-Choice Messinas.
Oranges-Messinos, per box.
Potatoes.
Sweet potatoes, per bbl.
Beans-Navy, hand-picked. bu
Hay-Midland and lowland
Onlons-Per bu. Hay-Midland and lowland.
Onions-Perbu.
Beets-Per bbl.
Turnips-- er bu...
Carrots-Per bbl.
Parsnips-Per bbl.
Cranberries-Cape Cod
Apples-Per bbl.
Hogs-Mixed packing.
Hogs-Heavy weights
Beeves-Prime steers.
Beeves-Stockers and feeders
Bulls.
Calves

Bulls. Calves Steers—Fair to good Steers—Fan
Cows...
Heifers
Western Cattle
Western Cattle
Sheep—Lambs
Sheep—Fair to good natives
NEW YORK Wheat, No. 2, red winter.

CHICAGO. Wheat—No. 2, spring... Corn—Per bu..... Oats—ter bu.... Pork... Lard...

Lard
Hogs—Packers and mixed
Cattle—Com. steers to extra
Sheep—Lambs.....
Sheep—Inferior to choice

Wheat—No. 2 hard. Corn—No. 2. Oats—No. 2. Cattle—Stockers and feeders. Hogs—Mixed packers sheep—Choice western

Leavenworth Military Pri WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.-Th committee on military affain favorable action upon a bill to the Leavenworth, Kan.

prison a United States penite

If the bill becomes a law is

will be to concentrate at Leave

all of the criminals convicted United States courts through country whose sentences are a States now uses the pentential the various states for the confist convicts and pays for its ilege.