DOR AMONG EUROPE-N INVESTORS.

Forth in the Report of Counal Mason-American Railway s Returned and their Proceeds in Less Remunerative Venause of the Dishonest Manof Railroad Companies in this

nited States Railways GTON, Nov. 17.-Frank H. nited States consul general fort, in a special report to e department, states that railway securities have to bad odor in Germany and s to point out the reasons and suggest measures for reing them in the financial He says that in Frankfort, as the first European money o accept United States bonds he dark days of the civil war re American investments had ular, not only are new serefused because of American ut railroad stocks and bonds years been returned to and their proceeds invested emunerative Prussian consols r standard securities backed nment credit and supervision. onsul general says: hich overshadows American securities in Germany has sed mainly by the revelations ast two years concerning the ment of several leading rail-operties. German investors vy losers and their losses call the attention of the d press more sharply than ore to the usurpation of power ions of responsibility which, med, have become so frequent can railway management. pean bond and shareholders en informed," the report con-

that the power of the presid directors in many important companies has become pracmnipotent and irresponsible. have sent over protests and to be used at elections for oose of wrestling the control orate properties from the officers who were said to be their trusts and they have se and every other effort tochange easily and hopelessly railway system may be falsiits securities sustained in rket by fictitious statements ings and concealment of reall of which is believed here veries of compratively recent

some general measure can ted and enforced, and foreign s can have the assurance asked the published statements of n railway companies are cortrue, and that such maladtion, as has been revealed in rs of certain systems, is no ossible, all such investments ed States securities will be less discredited, and county, al and industrial securities of n origin will suffer.'

CHINA AND JAPAN.

liation to Be Looked Into By Uncle Sam.

NGTON, Nov. 17.-Representalamy Storer, of the commitoreign affairs of the house of ntatives, intends presenting gress when it reassembles, a ion of inquiry as to the action etary Gresham in suggesting a and Japan that this country esent war. Mr. Storer is now a careful examination of the with a view to taking the steps. The resolutions when will request the secretary to transmit to congress all pondence on the subject, not patible with the public service. vill ask for information as to departure, if any, from the traal policy of the government as the Monroe doctrine, is aplated by the executive branch ming a factor in Asiatic enments

xamining the treaty of 1858, en China and the United States, which the government has sugits willingness to mediate, Mr. says the language does not conecutive branch alone. It recites betance that the United States xercise their good offices in case nation acts unjustly or op-ively against China. This, Mr. points out, suggests the good of the United States, but not e president; so it would r. and perhaps essential, that ongressional branch of the govongressional branch of the gov-ent should act in case such good are to be exercised. Storer says that any action he

will be on conservative lines, as sires to make his inquiry for intion rather than criticism until ts are presented.

Wronged Woman's Vengeance. CKTON, Cal., Nov. 17.-Frank a well known young man of ity, was shot and killed yesterin a lodging house by Edith who subsequently shot herself right side, but will recover. voman confessed that she shot because he had wronged her promise of marriage. She was d under arrest, but was allowed ain in the lodging house.

McKinnon Divorce Case Settled. RY, Ok., Nov. 17. - Last July an C. McKinnon, Western agent New York life insurance comformerly of Wichita, Kan., beuit for divorce against his wife, whom he had sent to Chicago their daughter to finish her coleducation. Mrs. McKinnon came at once and filed a counter suit, hich she charged her husband breaking his marriage vows. Tocomplete settlement was made he suits withdrawn. It is said husband gave the wife much erty and she to-day returned to

MR. SOVEREIGN'S ADDRESS Annual Report of the K. of L. General

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 14. - The afternoon session of the Knights of Labor convention convened at 3 o'clock and adjourned at 5:30. After some preliminary business, General Master Workman Sovereign delivered his annual address, which was an exhaustive and elaborate resume of the work of the order from its incipiency. He attributed the decreased membership of the order to the de-pression in business circles, prevalent

pression in business circles, prevalent bankruptcy, low wages and forced idleness of laboring classes.

Referring to the A. R. U. affiliations, he advised a coalition with this as well as all labor organizations. His resume of the Pullman strike terminated in severe criticism of Major General John M. Schofield and the recommendations of that officer for an increase of the ficer for an increase of the army, together with the action of "Chicago's millionaire aristocracy, who were permitted to pre-sent a stand of colors to the Fifteenth infantry," which was indication of an "uneasy desire to subjugate labor through the military powers of the nation." He urged that the assembly take strong action against an increase of the military force of the nation and that they advocate a decrease in the regular army and the abolition of the state militia.

WHAT IT MAY DO.

Short Democratic Congress Will Try to Do Many Things.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.-While prospects of legislation during the closing session of this congress are not bright, the Democrats have a very ambitious program. Not to mention silver or the pop-gun tariff bills, much important legislation will be at-tempted. It is proposed, first of all, to attempt a reorganization of the national bank system, so as to se-cure an expansion of the currency on an easier system of security. Next to amend the inter-state commerce law, to pass a free ship bill, and an carnest attempt will be made to pass a bill putting the Nicaraguan canal under the control of the United States government, the government to bear the costs of construction. Any new scheme of finance is likely to meet with strong opposition in the senate, where it is just possible the silver men may have a majority.

A HUSBAND'S VENGEANCE.

Bleaching Skeletons of Two Eloping Couples Found in Alabama. FRANCISCO, Ala., Nov. 17.-News has reached here of the finding of four

human skeleton; in a crevice on Cumberland mountain near the head of Hurricane creek. The remains were found by some negroes who were chestnut hunting. The skele-tons are believed to be those of Mrs. Sarah Bishop, her step-daughter, and two men, strangers in this county, with whom the women eloped last spring. At the time the enraged husband and father went in search of the recreants. He remained absent for a while, but finally returned and reported that his search had been fruitless. Since then nothing has been heard of the elopers. Mr. Bishop has also left this part of the country, and his whereabouts is not known. An effort will be made to develop the faces in the case.

NO GOLD BEING SBNT HERE.

A Shipment From England Intended for Canada.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17 .- It is generally believed in banking circles that £200, 000 consigned to the bank of British North America is for Canadian account and has no connection with the recent government bond issue. Foreign bankers characterize the rumors of gold imports at this time as preposterous and say that to import gold would be equivalent to selling demand exchange 3d per pound below the prevailing rate; that the purchasers of bonds for foreign account can find a ready market for their bills to the low price of exportable commodities and the excellent demand from remitters, and that there is no need of any such operation as gold imports being made unless the price of exchange shall decline materally.

MR. MAXWELL'S REPORT.

Work of the Fourth Assistant Fostmaster General—An Army of Postmasters. WASHINGTON, Nov. 17 .- The annual report of R. A. Maxwell, fourth assistant postmaster general, has been submitted to the postmaster general. There are three divisions under his charge-appointments, bonds and commissions and postoffice inspectors and mail depredations. The report covers the period for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894. The total number of postoffices in operation in the United States on that date was 69,805. Of these 66,377 were fourth class offices and 3,428 presidential; the net increase over the previous year being 1,402. During the year 3.136 post-offices were established and 1,734 dis-The total number of appointments during the year was 23, 166 and the total number of cases acted on 27,560, of which 8,966 were in cases

of removals.

A Negro Brute in Atchison. ATCHISON, Kan., Nov. 17 .- A negro made a brutal assault upon Mrs. Ben Hobson, Mrs. McHale Cain, Miss Rosa Cain and Mrs. Frank Guitzman in their homes about 6 o'clock this morning, injuring Mrs. Cain and Rosa and beating Mrs. Guitzman into insensibility. The town is aroused and a good many citizens are aiding the police in their search for the wretch.

The "Red Duchess" Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 17 .- Caroline Agnes Beresford, dowager duchess of Montrose, known in the racing world as "Mr. Manion" and also as the "red duchess," died at her London resi-45 Belgrave Square, S. W.,

early this morning. The Duke of Argyle Engaged.

LONDON, Nov. 17 .- The Realm, of which Lady Colin Campbell is the editor, made its first appearance today. It announces that the duke of Argyle is engaged to Miss Knox Little. The duke is 70 years old.

ALL IS HARMONIOUS.

NO DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN CLEVELAND AND CARLISLE.

The President Gives Denial to a Story That Has Been Set Affoat-Never Since Their Association Has There Been the Slightest Unpleasantness or Difference Concerning the Affairs of the Treasury Department or Any Other Matter-Something About the New Currency

Cleveland and Carlisle.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16. - The attention of the president was called yesterday to the statement contained in certain newspapers to the effect there had been a disagreement between him and Mr. Carlisle in regard to the issue of bonds and other matters and intimating such a disagreement might result in the secretary's retirement from the cabinet.

The president emphatically denied the entire "batch of silly misstate-ments" and said: "Never since our association together has there been the slightest unpleasantness or differ-ence concerning the affairs of the treasury department or any other matter. I have every reason to behis attachment to me as sincere and great as mine is for him. I should be much afflicted if any thing should cause him to enter-tain the thought of giving up his position where he is doing so much for his country. We have agreed ex-actly as to the issue of bonds and there has been no backwardness on there has been no backwardness on his part on that subject. I see it is said I am formulating a financial scheme. If such a scheme is pre-sented it will be the work of the secretary of the treasury and I shall indorse and support it.

"The trouble seems to be that those charged with the executive duties of the government do not appear willing at all times to take counsel with the newspapers and make public all they intend to do."

FRANCE'S TRADE DEPRESSION.

Consul Wiley Makes a Report on the

Hard Times in the Republic. WASHINGTON, Nov. 16. — United States Consul J. S. Wiley at Bordeux, France, sends to the department of state a report on trade depression in France, in which he says: "If the inhabitants of the United States have had reason to complain of hard times for a year or more past, the French, to a certain degree, have been their companions in misfortune. Not that France cannot suffer and endure as pronounced a finan-cial depression, and still thrive. On the contrary, I doubt, if, taking all things into consideration, she is not to-day better off than any of her foreign neighbors, for statistics of her foreign neighbors, for statistics show that there still remains more money per capita in circulation in the republic of France than in any other country in the world. The report recently published by the custom house, giving an itemized resume of France's exportation and importation during 1893, however, shows that there has been a diminution in her commerce amounting to 502,000,000 This represents, compared with the previous year a fall-ing off of 263,000,000 francs in exportations and 252,000,000 francs in importations. Many reasons may be ascribed for this condition of affairs. First, the prevailing business and commercial depression experienced throughout the world; second, as regards importations into France. the country little over two years ago also increased the duty on nearly all raw and manufactured articles disacross the frontier, and, as goods, apply an old aphorism, are paid for with goods, either directly or indi-rectly. France may explain the decrease of her exportations by the ap-lication of that theory. We may, in a certain measure, take it for a certain measure, take it for granted, however, that the merchandise which has heretofore gone abroad is now consumed at home, offering thereby no less employment to skilled labor or to the manufacturing inter-

STEVENSON FOR 1896.

Senator Brice Booms Him for the Democratic Nomination for President. NEW YORK, Nov. 16 .- Senator Brice,

who is in the city, said yesterday, regarding the political situation: "The next Democratic candidate to

run for the presidency will be Adlai E Stevenson, and he will have the united support of all factions of his party. He is the logical candidate and he comes from a state that can be carried by the Democrats with his name leading the presidential ticket. He is the best man we can take. I do not think the party would make a mistake. The election of last Tues-day settled the fate of several prospective candidates, and I am more than ever convinced now that Mr. Stevenson is our man. As for Cleveland running for a third term-all that kind of talk is twaddle.

Agricutural College Officials.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 .- The annual election of officers of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment stations was held today with these results: President, H. E. Alvord of Oklahoma: first vice president, A. A. Johnson of Wyoming: secretary and treasurer, F. L. Washburn of Rhode Island; biographer, S. W. Johnson of Connecticut.

No Postoffices Excepted. WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 .- Many requests are received at the postoffice department from postoffices all over the country asking that certain offices included in the recent civil service order be excepted from its operations for a short time, the postmasters appointed since the new administration came into power not yet having had time to fill the offices under them with their party friends. To each the reply is made that the president only can except any offices from the operation of the new order, and that it is not very probable that he would be rilling to do so.

CALLS FOR TROOPS. Indian Agent Wisdom Again Appeals

to Washington. Washington, Nov. 16. — Indian Agent Wisdom at Muskogee, Ind. Ter., telegraphed the Interior Department yesterday as follows: As I predicted would be the case, the Cook gang, estimated at fifteen strong, held up the north-bound train at lo o'clock last night at Blackstone switch, five miles north of this place. They robbed all the passengers, getting considerable money and other

property. Nobody was killed.

'The courts are utterly powerless to protect us in either life or property, and I see no end to the trouble unless the military intervene. I must again recommend that troops be sent here at once. Please refer this matter to the secretary of the interior, and, if need be, to the presi-The utmost consternation prevails and people lawfully residing in the Territory are at the mercy of the bandits. In the last few days this gang has committed rape, murder and every sort of robbery, and the state of affairs is a shame and reproach to civilization."

The secretary of war, upon the advice of the attorney general, stated recently that he was not authorized to send troops to the territory, and it is said by interior department officials that Secretary Smith is powerless in the matter. The telegram, however, will be referred. will be referred to secretary Lamont, so that he may understand the sit-

IS INGALLS A CANDIDATE? The Atchison Statesman May Go After John Martin's Seat.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 16.-There is some talk over the state that John J. Ingalls will be sprung as a dark horse candidate for John Martin's seat in the United States senate. Ingalls has intimated that he would wait until 1897 and then go after Mr. Peffer's seat, but the Atchison Globe, which is authority on the iridescent statesman. savs:

"John J. Ingalls said in a recent interview that he was not a candidate for the United States senate. Of course he is. If he would name the dearest wish of his heart, it would be to return to the senate. This is perfectly natural, and he would rather be elected this winter than two years hence. We have never heard Mr. Ingalls say this, but we know it. During his retirement from politics, however, Mr. Ingalls has lost his organization, and it is probable that he will have difficulty securing the indorsement of the islature. In Kansas politics it has been the rule for candidates to go in and make a fight. The success of his plan of waiting to be coaxed will be watched with interest."

MICHIGAN'S LONE DEMOCRAT. He Will Have Lots of Sport as a Mem-

ber of the Legislature. NEW YORK, Nov. 16.-United States Senator McMillan, who is here from Michigan, said of the Michigan political situation: "The situation is unique. The state senate is composed wholly of Republicans. The lower house has ninety-nine Republicans and one Democrat. That one Democrat is John Donovan of West Bay City. Mr. Donovan is a sober, thoughtful, earnest man who does not appreciate the fun which everyone in Michclate the fun which everyone in Michigan is trying to make out of the fact that he is the solitary Democrat in the legislature. I do not think anything of the sort ever happened in a Northern state. The situation is so unusual that everybody laughs. It is customary for the minority to have representation on all the committees. Probably the rule will have mittees. Probably the rule will have to be changed this year. There are two United States senators to be elected this winter. Of course Mr. Donovan may go into cancus as a minority and nominate two Democratic candidates. The power of absolutely determing two candidates for the determing United States senate, who shall re-

UNION PACIFIC CASES HEARD. The Branch Lines Matter Brought Be-

ceive the unanimous support of the

party they represent, seldom comes

to any one man.

fore Federal Judge Sanborn. Sr. Paul, Minn., Nov. 16.-Before Judge Sanborn, in the United States circuit court to-day, the application of the receivers of the Union Pacific to cut off branch lines was heard on appeal from the report of Master-in-Chancery Cornish, who made numerous recommendations concerning the matter. There was a question of a division of earnings between the Kansas City & Omaha and St. Joseph & Grand Island and the Union Pacific.

The matter was submitted with the privilege of filing briefs, should the attorney desire. Judge Cornish had recommended that the receivers of the Fort Scott and Omaha operate that road and that any deficit that might arise from such operations be borne by the St. Joseph and Grand Island and the Union Pacific, the division between them to be based or some fair ratio.

Not Guilty of Strike Interference. CHEYEJNE, Wyo., Nov. 16 .- F. J. Egan, associated editor of the Carbon County Journal, E. T. Burke, district court clerk of Carbon county, and City Marshal Healy of Raw lins have been acquitted in the United States district court of the charge of interfering with the Union Pacific receivers during the railroad strike. The prosecution broke down completely, and at the request of District Attorney Clark the judge instructed the jury to find a verdict of not guilty.

Kansas Speakership Candidates.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 16.-Members of the legislature who were in the city to attend the state ratification, and who gathered at the Copeland hotel in great numbers, were disposed to talk freely regarding candidates for speaker, and the several names mentioned in that connection found numerous supporters. The known candidates are: S. S. Benedict of Wilson, C. H. Lobdell of Lane, J. Cubbison of Wyandotte, J. V. Beekman of Cowley and Colonel Warner of Cherokee. There are other candidates, no doubt, but these constitute the most prominent list.

ANOTHER BOND CALL.

PUT FORTH BY THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

The Interest Rate to Be Five Per Cent and the Bonds Are to Run Ten Years-A Big Premium is Looked For-The President Determined to Protect the Gold Reserve of the Treasury-Denomination of the New Bonds.

Asking Bids For Bonds.

Washington, Nov. 15.-The issue of \$50,000,000 in bonds, which the president decided upon and for which Secretary Carlisle, despite his previously declared purpose not to do so until congress should act, issued a circular inviting bids last night, will ease present treasury conditions, but will not afford permanent relief, and there is reason to believe that the president and the secretary will submit most important suggestions on this need to congress in December. Legislation will be asked designed to prevent the recurrence of these conditions or empowering the government to meet them promptly and ef-fectively and the subject of currency will receive exhaustive treatment. It is altogether probable that the labor Mr. Cleveland is now expending on the subject will make his December message one of the most notable ever addressed to congress. It is said that he will favor many of the suggestions made by the bankers' national convention at Baltimore in September. vention at Baltimore in September. What is known as the Baltimore

plan, adopted at that convention, appealed to the president as having features of merit. He obtained a copy of the plan and since that time he has been studying and working on the subject. Briefly stated the Balti-more plan provides for a guarantee fund, obtained by levying a small tax upon all of the banks. This fund is to be used to pay the notes of the banks which become insolvent.

Since it became whispered among financiers that the president was pre paring to address congress upon the currency system, so many suggestions have reached him that he thought it well to gather some expert opinion among bankers, whom he could not personally consult. The present visit of William E. Curtis, assistant secretary of the treasury, to New York city, is understood to be for purpose of sounding public opinion there upon the general subject. While Mr. Curtis is in New York, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Conrad N. Jordan is in Washington, urging upon the president to recommend to congress the appointment of a currency commis-sion, non-partisan in its character, and composed of representative men of all sections, who shall consider the currency question in its various bear-ings and report a system of reform to

congress.

There is no great confidence in administration circles that a bill for currency reform can be passed during the short session, but the president is willing to meet the issue and begin a campaign of education, whether he achieve immediate success or not.

NOT FOR GERMANY.

She Must Pay the Old Rate of Duty on Her Salt Sent Here.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15. - Attorney General Olney has rendered an important opinion involving the interpretation of the "most favored nation" clause in the treaty between the United States and Prussia. The question propounded by the secretary of the treasury was whether salt imported from the empire of Germany was dutiable under paragraph 608 of the new tariff act, which provided that if salt should be imported from any country, whether independent or a dependency, which should impose a duty on salt exported from the United States, then there should be levied upon such salt the rate of duty existing prior to the passage of the act. As at present ad-vised the attorney general holds that salt imported from Germany is le gally dutiable. So far as the favored nation clause is concerned, the same argument will apply to beet sugar as

HEADQUARTERS FOR OUTLAWS.

Desperadoes Rendezvous in the Blue

Hills of Osborne County, Kan. SALINA, Kan., Nov. 15 .- A man arrested at Leavenworth two weeks ago for carrying concealed weapons has given valuable information as to the history and whereabouts of the gang of robbers operating throughout state. It is supposed he a member of the band that raided the bank at Tascott, fifteen miles northwest of here, in September, securing about \$1,000. Detectives employed by the express companies and have discovered that the gang numthirty desperate men. have headquarters in the Blue hills of Osborne county, a thinly settled and rough country. From there they operate along the line down into the territory.

The Simpson Story Not Credited.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 15 .- Governor Lewelling regards as a fake the story telegraphed from Indiana that Jerry Simpson proposed to remove to that state and become the Populist candidate for governor in 1896. lists who are intimate with Simpson take a like view of the story. They say Simpson is a very sick man and that he will be an invalid the remainder of his life.

MASSACRED BY TURKS.

The Report of a Terrible Tragedy in Armenia Seemingly Confimed.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 15 .- The re port received by the London Daily News from Constantinople Monday that 3,000 Armenians, including women and children, had been massacred in the Sassoun region near Moosh, Turkish Armenia, during a recent attack by Kurds, is seemingly confirmed by a story which has reached Varna that a force of Bashi Bazouks raided a number of Armenian villages and killed and wounded 6,000 persons.

NEW FINANCIAL POLICY.

President Cleteland Has One and Will

Submit It to Congress.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Secretary
Carlisle, late yesterday afternoou, issued his call for bids for \$50,000,000 5 per cent ten year bonds, interest to be paid in coin, which is interpreted to mean gold. It is confidently expected at the treasury department that an amount will be realized considerably in excess of that received on the February issue.

The following is the secretary's cir-

the February issue.

The following is the secretary's circular calling for bids:

"Treasury Department.
"Washington, Nov. 13, 1894.
"By virtue of the authority contained in the act of convress entitled. An Act to Provide for the Resumption of Specie Payments," approved January 11, 1873, the secretary of the treasury hereby gives public notice that scaled proposals will be received at the treasury department, office of the secretary, until 12 o'clock noon, on the 24th day of November, 1891, for United States 5 per cent bonds, in either registered or coupon form, dated February 1, 1894, redeemable inscoln at the pleasure of the rovernmant, after ten years from the date of their issue, and bearing interest payable quarterly, in coin, at the rate of 5 per cent per annum.

Budders, whose proposals are accepted will be required to pay 10 per cent in gold coin, or gold certificates, upon the amounts of their bids as soon as they receive notice of the acceptance of such bids, and to pay in like coin or certificates, upon the amounts of their bids as soon as they receive notice of the acceptance of such bids, and to pay in like coin or certificates, upon the amounts of their bids when notified of acceptance, or at any time when an installment is payable. The first payment, however, on less than 20 per cent, must be made when the bidder receives notices of the acceptance of his proposal.

The denomination of the bonds will be \$50 and upwards, and bidders will, in their proposals state the denominations desired, whether resistered or coupon, the price which the bidder proposes to pay, the place where it is desired the bonds shail be delivered and the office, whether that of the treasurer of the United States or an assistant treasurer where it is desired the bonds from November 1, 1894, and bidders will be most convenient for the bidder to deposit the amounts of his payments.

"The bonds will be dated February 1, 1894, for order to make the proposals and the conce, whether that of the treasurer where it will be most conven

sum of \$50,0.0.0...

"The secretary hereby expressly reserves the right to reject any or all bids."
All proposals should be addressed to the secretary of the treasury, Washington D C, and should be distinctly marked 'Proposals for the purchase of 5 per cent bonds'
"Blank forms for proposals may be had on application to the secretary of the treasury."

"Secretary of the Treasury."

THE DAWES COMMISSION.

Will Recommend a Territorial Govern-

ment for the Five Civilized Tribes. ARDMORE, I. T., Nov. 15.—The Dawes commission, which has been in the Indian Territory for several months negotiating with Indians and getting data to lay before congress with a view of opening up the coun-try to white settlement, has com-pleted its labors and took their departure for the East Sunday. The report of the commission, which be submitted to the secretary of the interior not later than the 21st inst., will recommend a territorial form of government for the civilized tribes, cutting off about four-fifths of the Chickasaw nation and the Kiowa and Comanche country to be annexed to the state of Oklahoma. The west line of the Seminole nation will ex-tend south to Red river and form the boundary between Oklahoma and the Indian Territory. This will make Oklahoma safely Democratic. It is generally believed that some action will be taken in regard to the exist-ing condition in the Indian Territory by the next congress.

After Grave Robbers.

St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 15.—The grand jury now in session here is engaged in the investigation of what is claimed will prove that a wholesale system of grave-robbing has been going on here for some time. Evidence brought before the grand jury dis-closes that bodies of all classes have been stolen from the various cometeries and shipped out of the city, and it is claimed that some of them have found their way to dissecting tables in this city.

Englishmen Want the Bonds.

LONDON, Nov. 15. - The United States loan of \$50,000,000 is hunted after everywhere here by financiers who are desirous of taking a portion of it. The stock market will be only too pleased to take any amount of it. Many in-quiries have been made during the day at the Morgan's banking house. The Rothschilds informed the Asso-

ciated Press that they are most cordially supporting the issues and have cabled to the Belmont banking house to subscribe for the new loan promptly in their name.

Appropriations to Stave Off Chaffing. WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 .- Chairman Sayers of the house committee on appropriations has telegraphed to the clerk of that committee that he will arrive here next Tuesday with a view of getting appropriation bills under way as far as possible before congress convenes December 3. The Demo-erats expect a good deal of chaffing from Republicans, and desire to be able to forestall it with business as far as they are able to do so.

Duel With Ax and Winchester.

PERRY, Ok., Nov. 15 .- Marion S. Gardner shot A. R. Youree, postmaster at Sumner, seven miles east of here on Mule creek last evening. Gardner and Youree were claimants for the same quarter section of land Gardner attempted to move a house on the tract of land. Yource attacked Gardner with an axe. Gardner went for his Winchester and Yource left for his home, when Gardner shot him through the body from which he is dying. Both men are well known.

Flames in Bellamy, Mo.

NEVADA, Mo., Nov. 15 .- At Bellamy, a namlet fifteen miles southeast of here, yesterday morning three business houses belonging to Thomas Bellamy were destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at several thousand dollars.

Hippolyte Shuts Out a Rival.

PORT AU PRINCE, Nov. 15 .- President Hippolyte has formed a treaty with President Hueraux of San Domingo, in accordance with which President Hueraux will not allow General Manigat to set foot on San Domingo soil,