BURNED. eighborhood of Half Two Firemen Lose ed Under Red Hot illing of the Walls-

Confiagration Not

v. 3. -Just as the work in the big Tammond packing Dmaha at 7 o'clock were discovered and before anye they had spread fourth floors. The ment of the Hamght the flames, but was so light that to accomplish any-s sent to Omaha and pparatus was hur-for as a high wind fire threatened to of Swift & Co.,

the firemen were ing the fire from the was no possible big beef house, a ture, 200x200 feet, pat \$200,000, and was e machinery and a eef, worth at least

firemen proved ly at the cost of building fell and ing to the private packing company, tons of burning brick.

John Steele, Henry ly after the wall vering the bodies begun but it was their bodies were taken from the vered that both ping the hose nozding when their out. Steele was ednesday.

the property de-\$220,000. fire is supposed to left lighted in a Three hundred out of employ-

ANDS FIRM. Prohibitive Order

ban Beef. L-There is litet the German x its new order tation of cattle is probable the n to a question tween German beef. Our am-Mr. Runyon, has Gresham's vigor-German foreign panied it with the resident will recthe amendment ules of the tariff noving the differthe cause of the of discrimination. epresentation has ession, for he has partment that the and had assured of our cattle was tary reasons that cted: that there ence to show that of cattle coned cases of Texas the prohibition oved. Of course claimer of retaliaregard the prontent itself the diagnosis of ry surgeons and a waiting policy. be interesting to ent treats the sub to conpress and

Y FOR JAPAN. val Key to Pekin.

Germany's main-

ition, he will re-

recommending to ment to the sugar

3.-An official disd here this afterthat the Japanese been besieging Port red that seaport of he most important for the place is h China naval oper-the keys to Pekin. a portion of Field ama's force will at-oya, which is occu-ese troops. In the al Nodzu's advance hing Fung Whang, u and Moukden, to ing their positions river. The Japan-feat the Chinese at then unite their walls of Moukden. 3.—The native paken Kiulen Cheng ting, the Japanese out of that place

out of that place 000 men. of that the Japanese arthur and its vicin-ceding to join the anese troops march-

iving Proclamation Nov. 3. -Governor ed the following lamation: "I heret Thursday of this ving day. 'In the be joyful, but in sity consider.'—Ec-

Record Lowered ov. 3. -Talbot Clifrday lowered the rotting record for-ends, making it in FIRST I ROCLAMA'I'ION.

Russia's New Ruler to His Faithful Sub-

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3 .- The Official Messenger this morning publishes the first proclamation of Emperor Nicholas II, of Russia in which, after formally communicating to the na-tion the news of the death of his father, Alexander III., he says:

"May the knowledge console you that our grief is the grief of our entire beloved nation and may the nation not forget that the strength and firmness of holy Russia lies in its unity and unbounded devotion to us. In this sad and solemn hour in which we ascend our ancestral throne of the Russian empire and czardom of Poland and grand duchy of Finland indissolubly linked with it, we, however, remember the legacy left us by our lamented father and, imbued with it, we, in the presence of the Most High, take a vow to make our sole aim the development of the power and glory of our beloved Russia and the happiness of all our faithful subjects."

The manifesto concludes with com-manding that the oath of allegiance be taken to him, Emperor Nicholas II, and to his heir apparent, Grand Duke George Alexandrovitch, his brother, who is to be entited czarowitz until "God may bless with a son the union which his majesty is about to enter into with Princess Alix of Hesse-

At 11 o'clock this morning the imperial heralds in brilliant uniforms, attended by a troop of trumpeters, announced on all the principal streets the death of Alexander III, and the accession to the throne of Nicholas II. After the trumpeters had delivered ringing blasts from their trumpets they made public the pro-clamation of Emperor Nicholas II. Throughout St. Petersburg the ac-cession of the new czar is being cele-

crated as a festival, for this event takes precedence of the mourning onies. The Russian newspapers

therefore appear without black borders and all signs of public mourning will be withheld until to-morrow.

At 10 o'clock last evening the first requiem mass for the repose of the soul of Alexander III was celebrated in St. Petersburg and all the ministers and members of the council of the empire were present. When the service was over all those in attendance took the oath of allegiance to Czar Nicholas II and to the heir pre-sumptive, the czarowitz, Grand Duke

George, brother of the czar.

This morning the senate met in plenary session and all its members took the oath of allegiance. At the same time all the troops forming the garrison of St. Petersburg were par-aded in full uniform, with their colors and were sworn with the customary formality. Later the same ceremony was observed in the case of the civil

was observed in the case of the civil servants of the empire.

The body was embalmed last night and, attired in the uniform of the Preobrajensky regiment of the guard, it was conveyed this morning to the small private chapel of the palace. The bier is surrounded by lighted candles and is watched by relays of priests and officers of the army. At the religious ceremonies which were held in the chapel all the members of held in the chapel all the members of the imperial family and the imperial household were present. The officiating priest, after censing the remains, began chanting an impressive liturgy. The body will probably be taken next week to Odessa on the yacht Polar Star, escorted by the whole Black sea fleet. There it will be placed on a funeral train and be conveyed to St. Petersburg, stopping at all important towns on the way to enable citizens and troops to pay the last honors to the dead. Official mourning will begin to-morrow, but the funeral will probably not be held

WILLIAM'S GREETING.

The German Emperor Extends Sympathy to the New Czar.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.-The emperor of Germany was dining with the officers of the king's regiment of grenadiers at Stettin when the news of the czar's death arrived. He arose and referred to the review held by his grandfather. He said that at that time the shadow of death had lain for a whole year upon his father's head. He then announced that he had received news of far-reaching gravity-the death of the czar. "He was mindful of our traditions," he added, "which in times bound us in brotherhood to the Russian imperial household, and in recent times again brought us together. With our sympathy for the new emperor we couple the desire that heaven may give him the strength for his difficult office. Long live Emperor Nicholas II. Hurrah." The band then played the Russian

anthem. Condition of the National Banks Washington, Nov. 3.—An abstract of the resources and liabilities of the national banks of the United States on October 2, 1894, as shown by their reports to the comptroller of the currency, shows that the aggregate amount of individual deposits on that date was \$1,728,418,819, against \$1,451,124,330 on October 2, 1893. The loans and discounts have increased during that time over \$161,000,000. The amount of specie in national banks on October 2, 1894, was \$237,-

250,654, and legal tenders \$120,544,058. The President's Hunt but Brief. WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 .- The president returned to the White house last evening from his trip to Woodley and his shooting expedition. He was closeted with Private Secretary Thurber through the evening, discharging

WILL THEY AVOID THE LAW? The Old Guarantee Investment Mana-

official business.

gers Start a New Enterprise. NEVADA, Mo., Nov. 3.-The Equitable Life Maturity association, with headquarters here, has been organ-ized, with J. G. Talbot as president and T. C. Hambrough as secretary and treasurer. These are the two men who organized the old Guarantee Investment company, which was de-clared a lottery by the federal gov-ernment. The present company is said to avoid those features which were objectionable to the government. AMERICAN CATTLE EXPORTS.

lecretary Morton Gives Out Interesting Figures.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2. - Secretary of Agriculture Morton furnished yesterday the number of cattle exported to the United Kingdom of Great Britain during each year since 1874, together with the value of the cattle in dollars, each. The statement shows that the United States sent into the United Kingdom of Great Britain only 123 head of cattle in 1874, while up to the present date in 1804, the United States has already furnished Great Britain 345,734 head. The United States sent no fresh beef into England states sent no fresh beef into England until 1877, when 49,210,990 pounds were sent and returned to the farmers of this country \$4,552,523. This year we have already shipped into the United Kingdom 193,331,292 pounds of fresh beef, which brought \$16,659,814. Germany took no live cattle from the United States until 1878, when that empire received 1,171 head from the United States, valued at \$87,048. During the year 189I Germany received from the United States its largest number of cattle, 5,223 head, valued at \$427,565. In 1893, Germany received only 419 head, valued at \$41,800. Thus far in 1894 she has received 3.069 head, valued at \$285,792. Germany took no fresh beef from the United States until 1887, when it took 9,398 pounds, and in 1894 all Germany took of fresh beef from the United States was only 1,066 pounds, valued In view of the above facts, Secre-

KANSAS BETTING LIVELIER. Twenty-Thousand Dollars Said to Be

tary Morton said he did not think it

worth while to exploit or magnify as

a matter of any importance the loss of the German market to American

cattle and meat producers.

Ready for Populists. TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 2.-J. A. Simpson last night wired \$1,000 to Smith Center, to be put up even on governor against that much Populist money. This makes \$2,000 the Republicans have put up in Smith Center. At Republican headquerters it is claimed that Simpson has been authorized to draw on Republicans throughout the state in various sums, aggregating \$22,000, which has been posted for Populist takers.

A stranger who gave his name as J. A. Roberts, and his residence as Denver, this morning deposited \$10,000 with E. V. Small, a Topeka banker, to bet on Lewelling even. He afterto bet on Lewelling even. He afterward went to Republican headquarters and challenged B. N. Simpson or any other syndicate of Republicans, to cover the amount. The man was so plainly dressed and so mysterious about his inentity that the Republicans doubted his sincerity until they learned from Small that he had the money. The Republicans began to scrape around to raise the money to meet the propoto raise the money to meet the proposition. Secretary Bristow said the Republicans would surely raise the money, and that unless Roberts should back out the bet will be taken

before morning.

Roberts also offers to bet \$10,000 or \$20,000 more, a forfeit of \$1,000 to be deposited at once, and the whole amount by Saturday. Asked if he would bet anything less than \$10,000, he said that he had come to cover the big sums the Republicans had

THE DRAYTON DIVORCE.

Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton Denies all the Allegations Made by Her Husband. TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 2.—The anwer in the James Coleman Drayton divorce suit was filed vesterday afternoon. Mrs. Drayton denies the charge of marital infidelity by her husband and accuses him of having deserted her without cause. She makes specific denial to each every allegation in her husband's bill charging her with criminal intimacy with Hallett Alsop Borrowe, and says that she was never guilty of such with Borrowe or any other person whatsoever, either in New York, London, Barnardsville or any other place. "The charges," she says, "are wholly untrue and a most cruel and unfounded imputation." On the contrary, she says, she has always faithfully regarded her marriage vows, and has been true and faithful to her vows as

SKELETON OF A MASTODON. Work of Unearthing It Is Progressing Slowly at Huntington, P

Huntington, Pa., Nov. 2.—The work of unearthing the skeleton of a mastodon, recently discovered in a bog on the farm of George W. Swayne near Shirleysburg, this county, is progressing as rapidly as the dangerous condition of the soil will permit. One tusk, 4 feet 7 inches long, and the base of which is 16 inches in circumference and hollow to the depth of eight inches, besides two molars, weighing five pounds each, several ribs and a portion of the vertebrae have been uncovered. All the bones are in an excellent state of preservation. It is believed the entire skeleton will be found. Scientists from all parts of the country are making bids for the valuable fini, but Farmer Swayne is holding off until the work of excavation has been finished.

No More Free Passes.

St. Louis, Ma., Nov. 2. - Traffic managers of Missouri lines yesterday agreed to discontinue the issuance of passes to shippers, or to others, with a view to influencing traffic, and to maintain the rates fixed at a similar meeting held some time ago. It is said that these rates have been fairly well adhered to since the agreement

Germany's New Imperial Policy. BERLIN, Nov. 2.-It is stated that Prince Hohenlohe has come to an agreement with Emperor William which will change the imperial policy in several important respects. The first visible sign of this is the issu-ance of an order to establish agricultural bureaus in connection with the German embassies at London, Washington, Paris, Vienna and St. Petersburg. This step is looked upon as evidence of a stricter protective agrarian policy which is known to have been contemplated for some time past. THE CZAR IS DEAD.

ALEXANDER III PEACEFULLY PASSES AWAY,

Surrounded by His Family When the End Came-Nicholas II Now Czar of All the Russians-The Czarina Faints Upon the Death Bed-Career of the Dead Monarch-A Reign of Thirteen Years-Sketch of the New Emperor.

Russia's Ruler Dead. LIVADIA, Nov. 2.-Alexander III., ezar of all the Russias, died at a o'clock this afternoon, surrounded by all the members of the imperial fam ily and with the five eminent physicians who had done all that science could do to save his life.

As soon as the physicians an-nounced that the end had come, the ezarina, who had broken down her health by constant attendance, fell in

a faint on the deathbed and was with much difficulty resuscitated. The czar was un-

conscious during his last hours and death came without the least struggle.
All night the physicians and members of the imperial

ALEXANDER III. family remained in the death chamber, for the end was expected at any moment. It did not come, however, and at 10 o'clock this come, however, and at 10 o'clock this morning the following bulletin was posted by the physicians in attendence: "The czar passed the night without sleep. The activity of his heart is diminishing rapidly. His majesty's condition is very dangerous. His respiration is very difficult." ous. His respiration is very difficult."

Ceremonies For the Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 2.-Immediately after the body of the czar has been prepared it will be laid upon an inclined table preliminary to being placed in a temporary coffin. The priests will then enter the bedroom and chant a requiem. This will be repeated three times daily until the burial takes place. All the members of the imperial family will be present at the ceremonies.

It is expected that the body of the czar will be removed to-morrow to the private chapel, where special prayers for the repose of his soul will be of-fered and where every day the litany will be sung in addition to the re-

When the priests enter the death room they will first cense the body and then commence the service.

It is understood that the czarowitz will immediately issue a proclama-tion declaring himself czar and all the Russian officials throughout the world will take the oath of allegiance as soon as possible.

In consequence of the death of the czar the kaiser of Germany abandoned the annual hunt on the day of the feast of St. Hubert, which falls this year upon Saturday.

The death of the czar was announced at St. Petersburg at 6 o'clock this evening and created profound

The Berlin foreign office and the Russian embassy here did not receive the news of the czar's death until 6

o'clock this evening. DIED FOR HIS FRIEND.

Eddy Martin Lynched Recause He Would Not Peach on Bill Goods.

PRINCETON, Ky., Nev. 2.—News has reached here of the lynching of Eddy Martin in Crittenden county, yesterday morning, by a mob variously estimated at from fifty to 100 men. The scene of the lynching is in a remote part of the county, and the details are hard to get. The best obtainable nformation is that Martin was called upon at his home after midnight and asked to get up and help put out a fire that was raging in the neighborhood. Opening the door he was seized by a dozen or more men who asked for information of Bill Goode. the lawless pauper commissioner of Crittenden county. He was also asked about the latter's crimes, especially that of horse stealing. The mob told him they had come to hang him, but if he would turn state's evidence upon Bill Goode he would be spared.

"If these are the only terms, gentlemen," said he, "let the hanging proceed. Bill Goode has been my friend and I will shield him."

The mob quickly did its work and left the body swaying from a limb upon a lone county road. The hanging is the result of the Goode-Rich gang in Crittenden county and their lawlessness committed here.

three times by mobs but escaped each time. Berry Rich was hanged about two weeks ago, and the mob made a raid again last week, but failed to find their men.

Nihilists and Police Active.

LONDON, Nov. 2.-According to a special dispatch received here from St. Petersburg a conspiracy against the life of the former czarowitz, now the czar of Russia, has been discovered there. It is added that for several days past, the police have been ac. tively engaged in arresting Nihilists-Among those arrested are several students. The police have also obtained possession of incriminating documents, and a large quantity of literature, consisting of pamphlets entitled "The Fundamental Statute of the Russian Empire." The aim of the brochures is to unite all the parties opposed to the government and enlist the sympathy of the Liberal public officials.

CHINA'S EMPEROR INCENSED. High Officials Called to Account for Not

Having Annihilated Little Japan. LONDON, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to the Central News from Tien Tsin says that the Pekin Mercury learns that the emperor is intensely angry at the existing condition of things and is determined to investigate affairs personally. Accordingly he is summoning viceroys, governors and other of-ficials before him. It is asserted that he intends to learn why a small coun-try like Japan cannot be extermin-

THE NEW CZAR OF RUSSIA. Life and Characteristics of the Young Nicholas II.

Alexander III of Russia, protector of the peace of Europe, has laid down the imperial burden. Its weight has now passed to Nicholas II, over whose now passed to Nicholas II, over whose 26 years its imposing shadow has always brooded. The dead czar never prized the imperial power; he felt only its exactions, its duties. It is not probable that his eldest son can look lightly or happily on the life that is before him as czar of Russis, absolute ruler of 115,000,000 souls, for not only is he the earthly monageh. not only is he the earthly monarch, he is the head of the Greek Orthodox church—responsible for the earthly well-being and the spiritual salvation of 115,000,000 subjects of Russia.

That great continental organ, the Cologne Gazette, seems alone to speak

Cologne Gazette, seems alone to speak with authority of this young man, so little known even in the diplomatic world. That journal offers this sketch of the new ruler of Russia:

"The scientific training of the young prince was superintended by his governor and tutor, General Danilovitch, a man keenly alive to a sense of duty, highly educated and Danilovitch, a man keenly alive to a sense of duty, highly educated, and with a habit of looking at all things in a strictly gentlemanly manner, although of a somewhat dry temperment. He brought up his pupil free from prejudices of all kinds, and this was greatly to his credit, since this early education had to be carried out at a time when the hatred of Germans and Germans was at its helest many and Germans was at its height in Russia. The scientific education was excellent, but not after the fash-

ion of a German gymnasium.
"At the wish of the czar more attention was given to modern sciences than to the classical work. Dead languages were not taught at all, and ancient history only up to a certain point, whilst on the other hand, the records of recent centuries, especially so far as they bore upon Russia, were carefully read. At the same time a good deal of Muscovite history and much that pertained to the rise of his own family was kept back from the prince. The necessary amount of mathematics and a thorough knowledge of geography was instilled into him, and particular attention was given to the language and literature of his own country and of Germany, France and England. All these languages the czarowitz speaks and writes flu-

the czarowitz speaks and writes fluently.

"He entered the army at 18, and was little more than a child as regards his way of looking upon life at that time. He abhorred the homage of court and official life, and was only really happy when he could frolic in an innocent fashion with his younger fellow officers, when the elder ones, especially his tutor—for whom he has always entertained the greatest estem—were out of the way. In this way his character became more independent. He became a good officer and, although anything but a passionate soldier, he is in a position to recognize mistakes and to appreciate efficiency. He is devoted to duty, and does everything that he undertakes thoroughly.

thoroughly.
"In many ways he resembles his father, but is, in scientific knowledge, in advance of him, and has this advantage over Alexander III that, from his earliest years, he has been brought up as an heir apparent, whereas the latter was 20 years of age before he came into that position. He has also, like his father, a certain shyness, which, in his case also, has been mistaken for haughtiness. At home he was brought up in the most loving manner, like all the other children of the imperial family, but the consciousness of the dignity of the position of the czar was more deeply impressed upon him than upon his brothers. To him the czar was higher than the father.

The boy was only 12 when his grandfather, the Czar Alexander II, was assassinated. Now Alexander III lies dead from a malady caused road accident cleverly planned by the same ever active Nihilists.

Of pleasant events in the life of Nicholas the only ones publicly recorded are his partly accomplished tour of the world in 1891 and his bethrothal to the Princess Alix of Hesse in April last.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

The President Issues His Proclamation for Thursday, Nov. 29.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The president has issued the following: By the president of the United

States of America. A Proclamation: The American people should gratefully render thanksgiving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the universe who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also with humility and faith suppli-cate the father of all mercies for continued blessings according to thei. needs and they should by deeds of charity seek the favor of the giver of every good and perfect gift.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, November 29, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed by all the people of the land.

A Chicago Policeman Shot Dead.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2. -Officer George Krum, at 1:30 o'clock this morning entered 161 West Twentieth street, a place which had long borne a hard name, to stop a row between inmates, and was greeted by a pistol shot. He returned the fire, badly wounding Thomas Burns. The latter continued to fire at the officer, who fell dead, his body pierced with three bullets. Burns was removed to the hospital and the balance of the inmates arrested and locked up.

Ezeta Not Yet Tired of Plotting.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—Genera Cienfugos, General Antonio Ezeta's young lieutenant, who was released from jail a few days ago, received a telegram summoning him to the City of Mexico and he started thither at once. Ezeta expects to take an active part in the Central American disturbpart in the Central American disturb-ances, with the backing of President Diaz of Mexico. Through Cienfugos Ezeta purchased from Captain E. N. Jennings, the broad-sword fighter and trainer, a handsome six-year-old chestnut sorrel horse, known as Dio-tator Jr., to be presented to President Diaz.

How to Repair Mirrors. How to Repair Mirrors.

For repairing mirrors accidently scratched clean the bare portion of the glass by rubbing it gently with fine cotton, taking care to remove any traces of dust and grease. If this cleaning is not done very carefully, defects will appear around the place repaired. With a point of a knife cut upon the back of another looking glass a portion of the silvering of the required form, but a little learger. Upon it place a of the silvering of the required form, but a little learger. Upon it place a drop of mercury—a drop the size of a pin's head will be sufficient for a surface equal to the size of a nail. The mercury spreads immediately, penetrates the amalgam to where it was cut eff with the knife, and the required place may now be lifted and removed to the place to be repaired. This is the most difficult part of the operation. Then press lightly the renewed portions with cotton and the glass presents the same appearance as when new.

The Burlington's New Short Line.

The Burlington Route is a notable exception to the general run of western railroads. During a period when railroad building in this country has been almost at a standstill, it has been steadily pushing forward its northwest extension and now takes much pleasure in announcing its completion to Billings, Mont., 803 miles from Omaha.

At Billings, connection is made with the Northern Pacific Railroad and, under a traffic agreement with that company, business of all classes is exchanged there, or, more properly speaking, routed through that point to and from every station on or reached via the Northern Pacific and Burlington Systems.

This New Short Line—for that is exactly what it is—reduces the distance between Omaha, Kansas City, St Louis and the territory south and southeast of those cities, on the one hand, and Montana, Northern Idaho and Puget Sound points, on the other, all the way from 50 to 473 miles. It thus becomes an important factor in bringing the vast scope of country served by the Northern Pacific into closer relationship with the Missouri and Mississippi Valleys.

Just to illustrate things: The New Short Line saves

294 miles between Omaha and Helena The Burlington's New Short Line

294 miles between Omaha and Helena

204 miles between Omaha and Helena
224 miles between Omaha and Butte
371 miles between Omaha and Spokane
54 miles between Omaha and Tacoma
49 miles between Omaha and Seattle.
The New Line has been constructed in a
most substantial manner. Excellently ballasted, laid with the heaviest steel upon
more than usual number of ties, it equals
the best and oldest portions of the Burlington System.

the lest and oldest portions of the Burlington System.

People whose opinion is worth having, pronounce it superior to any new track ever tuit in the western states.

The train-service will consist of Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Reclining Chair Cars (seats free), and Standard Burlington Route Day Coaches, Omaha and Lincoln to Billings dady.

daily.
As a Scenic Route, the New Line takes high rank.
The rich farms of eastern and central Ne-The rich farms of eastern and central Nebraska; the more sparsely settled country that lies botween Ravenna and the boundary line separating Nebraska and South Dakota; the canons. peaks and swelling meadow-lands of the Black Hills, the wonderful "Devil's Tower" the irrigated districts of northern Wyoming; Custer Battlefie d; the picturesque windings of the Little Big Horn; the glorious valleys of the great Crow Indian Reservation—all these are seen from the car window.

Charmed by a Snake.

are seen from the car window.

Snakes travel a good deal on their reputation. They scare birds and small animals so they become helpless. We all know this to be a fact. And then when they get in a tight place with a man they try to run a bluff on him. A lawyer in our town once met a rattle parks of the control of the Con snake down in the Ozarks and began to experiment, or rather to let the snake experiment, to see if there was anything in the snake charming theory. He said that the snake's eyes got brighter and brighter, and his scales became glistening, and his body seemed to swell up a little thicker, and the whole outfit became so engrossing that he finally ran away from the snake in a dead scare and didn't get over it for a good while after. He told me that it was his belief that if he had kept company with that snake much longer he would have lost his wits.—Forest and Stream.

Look Out for Cold Weather

Look Out for Cold Weather
But ride inside of the electric lighted,
steam heated, vestibule a artment trains
of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and you will be as warm, comfortable
and cheerful as in your own library or
boudoir. To travel between Chicago, St.
Paul and Minneapolis, or between Chicago,
Omaha and Sioux City in these luxuriously
appointed trains is a supreme satisfaction;
and, as the somewhat ancient advertisement used to read, "for further particulars,
see small bills." Small bills (and large
ones also) will be accepted for passage and
sleeping car tickets by all coupon ticket
agents. For detailed information address
Geo. H. Hesfford, general passenger and
ticket agent, Chicago, Ill.

Nickel Steel the Coming Metal. Though nickel was used for coin two

centuries before Christ, it is only re-cently that the discovery of its alloy with steel has brought it into general commercial prominence. The tensil strength of this alloy-nearly one-fifth greater than that of ordinary steel, while its difficulty remains the samewill doubtless cause it to supplant common steel in many places where great strength is required. For instance, the American Atlantic liner Paris has been american Atlantic liner Paris has been supplied with a spare length of shafting of this alloy. It is said that this casting has a tensil strength of about 90,000 pounds, thus leaving existing British or German steel shafts quite a respectable distance in the rear. The production of nickel has been specified as the state of the specific of the state of th production of nickel has increased within 10 years from 1,000 tons per annum-to over 5,000 tons, while before 1876 not more than 600 tons were produced in any one year. The most noticable increase has been in the manufacture of nickel steel, ostensibly for armor plates and guns, but it is not likely that its use will stop here, especially as the price tends steadily downward.—Age

OMAHA Business Houses.

OLD HATS Made new, no matter what condition they are in. NEB. HAT MFG. CO., 207 North 17th 55.

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TOYS Dolls. Games, Books. Notions, Fancy Go.ds. &c., Wholesale and retail. We tay expenses to Omaha. Write arous it.

Cameras \$2.50 "PHOTORET,"
liera Photo Supply Co. Exclusive. Cartalog from
Parama Bt., Chalas. Everything in Profession. Int.