OVER THE STATE.

Lowson Shelbon of Nehawka fell from a load of hay and broke his collar

FALL plowing is progressing, but the for most part is not in good condition.

MARK WHEELER, arrested in Geneva for selling liquor without a license, was fined \$100 and costs.

LARGE quantities of apples are being shipped every day from Nebraska City. The quality is very fair.

THE pontoon bridge across the Missouri river at South Sioux City has been reopened for traffic.

Miss HUBBER of Calhoun, aged 26, was taken to Blair. She is a raving maniac and will be taken to the Norfolk asylum.

THE Nebraska City canning company has purchased additional machinery and will add canned apples, preserves and jellies to its output.

N. Pasco, of Dodge county, lost 1,200 bushels of corn by fire last week. About \$500 worth of agricultural implements were also burned.

A SOUTH-BOUND Santa Fe train ran into a team a few stations south of Superior. One horse was killed outright and the other so seriously injured that it was afterward shot. The driver, named Sullivan, is in a critical condi-

THE 2-year-old girl of William Thorp, the commissioner of Loup county, seven miles west of Burwell, fell into a barrel of water and was drowned. Not one of the family saw the accident, as all were at a melon patch except the

Borrs Bros.' store at Admah was robbed of \$100 in cash and a check for \$102 drawn in favor of John Anderson. Sheriff Meneke of Washington county was notified and left for Admah. He thinks he has a clue and will run the thief down.

FIFTEEN horses which had just been landed from the new gasoline ferry at Brownville became frightened and all them rushed back into the ferry boat, upsetting it. The horses were all saved, but the boat sank in eighteen feet of water.

WHILE unloading a bull from a stock car to the stock yards at Superior, the animal became uncontrollable, and threw G. Jacobs to the ground with terrible violence, cutting a gash in his forehead. Before the man could raise, the animal made a second assault, but owing to the dust missed its little state. owing to the dust missed its victim. Friends came to the rescue and prevented a third onslaught.

Dr. T. B. Tibherry of Liberty died suddenly last week. He had enjoyed breakfast with his family as usual, but shortly afterwards complained of not feeling well. Twenty minutes later he was dead. Heart failure was the cause of his death. Dr. Tibbetts re-aided at Liberty about thirty-five years, in fact, having spent nearly all his life on Nebraska soil and in Gage county.

Conn is reported to have sold at Neprasks City yesterday for 60 cents reroushel. A man who would pay that price for feed, says the Plattsmouth News, when he can get wheat for 40 ents, has a weak spot in his head. Careeeders say thatone bushel of wheat eed for stock is equal to one and a half bushels of corn. Farmers in this county will soon be feeding wheat as they are over in Indiana.

As a faint evidence, says the Fair-bury Gazette, of the depreciation in live stock since the hot winds burned up our prospects for corn, we give the result of an auction sale on the streets last Saturday. There were four horses disposed of under the hammer, and they brought respectively \$1, \$1.50, \$2 and \$6. While, of course, they were not first-class horses, yet they would have readily brought \$30 or \$40 apiece

GRANDFATHER STEPHENS of Adams county was overcome with the heat last week and died in a few minutes after reaching home. He and his wife live selves a mile east of Juniata nd he was in town until after 3 o'clock, hen he started home. He was too sick to attend to his team when he arrived home, and he went into the house. His wife went to a neighbor's for help and when she returned found him on the floor dead.

—The most prosperous educational institution in the west is the Omaha (Neb.) Business College and Institute of Penmanship, Shorthand and Typewriting. It has a large attendance and its students are doing first-class work. It is not only the oldest college but is the largest and finest in this part of the country. Profs. Lillibridge & Roose, the well known business college men, have been engaged in educational work in this state for ten years and have a large number of ex-students holding tive positions or in successful business for themselves. Their beautiful catalogue will be sent free on appli-

LABOR COMMISSIONER J. B. ERION has entered upon the preliminaries to prove that Nebraska is able to care for her own drouth sufferers, and he and Gov-ernor Crounse have both interested themselves in the work of bringing relief to the southwestern counties.

There have been wild stories telegraphed out of Nebraska to newspapers eager to publish just that kind of mat-ter, relating to the presumed general sweep of the drouth, but these two offi-cials have looked well into the matter ad despite the fictitious sympathy of eastern papers which have suggested outside help, they are impressed with the ability of the state to care for her

championship of Cedar county. Martin brothers of that city won the honor from McCormack and Gray at Coleridge. The match between the two pairs was played on the home grounds of the losers, and the score was 2-6, 6-3, 7-3.

ANDREW WARNER, son of a farmer ring near Cedar Bluffs, left a pony in the pasture field of H. P. Thompson and rode away to parts unknown a val-nable horse belonging to Mr. Thomp-

HALL county will probably do some rigating, taking water from Wood in South Loup and Platte rivers.

SNEAK thieves continue to operate in the vicinity of Beatrice.

THE South Omaha strike is about A majority of the old men have made application to be taken back. Many of them have been taken, while have been refused. It was estimated when the most men were out that in all there were 1,800 strikers. It is now estimated that at least 1,200 of these men have asked for their old places and that 1,000 of them were put to work. Not as many persons from the outside had been put to work as was first reported.

Pupils who have completed the work of the common district schools should remember that they can enter the first preparatory class at the state university this fall. To such pupils the oppor-tunity is offered by the state for six years' braining and education entirely free. After this year, beginning with September, 1895, the requirements for admission will be advanced. It is well, therefore, for the largest possible number to take advantage of the present terms of admission.

MR KESTERSON discovered the large est fish pond on his farm west of Fair-bury covered with dead fish. An in-vestigation convinced him that some one had been using dynamite to get the fish more expeditionally than could be done with a hook and line. Mr. Kes-terson has spent several years in getting his ponds stocked with fish and some of them have grown to a fair size and the killing of thousands of them of all sizes, nearly all too small to be of any use, is a crime.

A LETTER from Logan county tells of needy farmer who carried a sack of flour away from a grocery store after he had been refused credit by the merchant. An officer of the law went after the man, but did not overtake him un-til he had reached his home. The constable looked in the door and saw a child eagerly eating raw flour from the sack, while the father looked on with tears streaming from his eyes. The flour was left in the cabin and the officer went back to town alone.

RECENTLY there was a day of accidents around Fairmont. John Jen-kins, living with his parents in Fairmont, struck his hand with a corn knife and cut one of the bones in the fleshy part of the member off smooth. otto Cooper, living three miles south-east of that place, while cutting corn with a machine, slipped off on one of the knives and cut his heel nearly off. George Dennis, a farm hand working on the Oldrich farm, while cutting corn, stepped on one of the knives and cut a bad gash in his foot.

THE dreaded Russian thistle is making its appearance in Nebraska. Yard-master Hewitt of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha has been spending several days past in efforts to ex-terminate this weed, which for the first time has begun spreading through the Omaha yards, and demanding atten-tion. Superintendent Jaynes of the road has sent out circulars all over its line directing every overseer to root out all specimens without delay. Reports come in that it is, with a most unfortunate energy, pushing out over the various counties of Nebraska.

THE last Nebraska weather crop bulletin says: Light showers have fallen over most of the state on several different days, and in the northeastern corner of the state the rainfall amounted to nearly an inch, while in the south-ern border of the southeastern portion there was none or only a trace. is very little that is new to report as to the condition of corn. A few fields are reported in favored localities in the stern portion of the state that may, with rain soon, make a fair crop, but generally the prospect for corn is so unpromising that the stalks are generally being cut for fodder. Pastures have become so short that feeding of stock has become general, and much k is being sold and ship of the scarcity of feed.

THE presence of mind of Mrs. W. W. Bell saved the Methodist Episcopal church of Syracuse from destruction the other evening. There was a meeting at the church, but at the time of the accident there were but three ladies present. While Mrs. Bell was trying to extinguish one of the large Roches-ter lamps with which the church is lighted, a defective fastening caused the lamp to fall from the frame. In its fall the chimney came off and struck her on the wrist, cutting two gashes to bone; the burner of the lamp came off and the oil ran out and caught fire Notwithstanding the severe cuts, which were bleeding profusely, and knowing the fact that the oil was running out of the lamp and saturating her dress, she caught the blazing lamp, ran to the door and threw it out.

FLETCHER ROBBINS, the pugilist, died at Plattsmouth. The physicians pro-nounced that death was the result of Lindsay's blows with his shoulder and elbow upon Robbins' stomach and bow-ells. When it was known that Robbins had died, County Attorney H. B. Trrvis filed the following complaints against James Lindsay: One for murder in the first degree and one for prize fighting. Against Arthur Rothery and Fred O'Neill, one for aiding and abetting a prize fight Against S. V. G. Griswold, one for aiding and abetting a prize fight. Against O'Neil, Rothery, Griswold and others, one for aiding and abetting Lindsay in committing murder.

THE Sherman County Irrigation, Water Power and Improvement company has elected permanent officers for the ensuing year. The company has already secured deeds to the Arcadia mill race, at which point they tap the middle Loup river. The ditch will be middle Loup river. The ditch will be sixty feet on the bottom to start with and is to be about thirty-five miles in length, running clear through Sher-man county. About 20,000 acres will lie under this ditch and the citizens of Sherman county expect the middle Loup valley through said county soon to be one of the garden spots of Ne-braska. A great deal of the stock is being taken locally and bonds are to be voted to aid the enterprise.

B. C. CHASE, of Californir, temporarily staying at the Windsor hotel in Kearney, committed suicide there the other day by cutting his throat. The deed was performed while his wife was absent taking a walk. No cause for the deed is assigned.

THE democratic state convention will be held in Omaha September 26th. HENRY HEGE, a farmer of Otoe coun ty, has 4,000 bushels of corn in his cribs,

and thinks he can get along with a shortage in his crop this year.

The Dixon county teachers' institute will meet at Ponca August 21, and continue two weeks, under the supervision of County Superintendent Mary Schroer.

THE SENATORS CALL QUITS.

MR. MURPHY'S RESOLUTION PASSED.

WAS AGAINST MORE TARIFF WORK.

Iwenty-Seven Go on Record as in Favor of Ceasing From Labor to Sixteen Against-White on the Finance Committee--Sherman Indulges in Some Plain Talk-Reviews the Tariff Work.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.-By the vote of 27 to 16, without a word of debate, the senate to-day adopted the Murphy resolution declaring that it was the sense of the senate that no further tariff legislation should be considered at this session and that it was advisable to adjourn at the earliest possible moment. The vote in detail was as follows:

Yeas-Aldrich, Allen, Blanchard, Caffery, Carey, Chandler, Cullom. Davis, Dolph, Gallinger, Gibson, Gorman, Jones of Nevada, Kyle, Manderson, Mitchell of Oregon, Murphy, Patton, Peffer, Pettigrew, Platt, Pugh, Quay, Roach, Shoup, Smith, Stewart. Total 27.

-Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Cockrell, Coke, Faulkner, George, Harris, Hunton, Jarvis, Lindsay, Ransom, Turple, Vest, Vilas and White. To-

This vote bears out the general ex-pression of the belief that despite Senator Harris' emphatic declarations, made with much reddening of the face and bristling of gray mustache, that he would never consent to adjournment until the senate should act on the free raw materials bills of the house, no one now here believes that a single one of these measures will be passed.

The vote on the Murphy resolution was the more significant because when Mr. Harris' resolution for the appointment of Mr. White of California to the vacancy on the finance committee was laid before the senate Mr. Manderson of Nebraska said that there would be no objection to the resolution to-day and explained that the opposition yesterday contained no reflection on the senator from California, and Mr. Hill concurred with Mr. Manderson and expressed the hope that the resolution would be passed and it was then adopted without division, and because it followed a warm fight over the resolution of Mr. Gray of Delaware, instructing the finance committee to report back the free sugar bill with an amendment to strike out the one-eighth differential on refined sugar and Mr. Manderson's amendment, instructing the com-mittee to report an amendment providing for the sugar bounty of the existing law. On the latter some debate occurred on the parlia-mentary situation at the end of which Vice President Stevenson held that the vote should be first taken on Mr. Manderson's amendment to instruct the committee to report back an amendment to the free sugar bill providing for the McKinley bounty on raw domestic sugars. Great interest was manifested in the result of the roll call. The two Louisiana senators and the three Populists voted in favor of the Manderson amendment. The Manderson amendment providing for the McKinley bounty in the free sugar bill was carried, 21 to 20, but the point the presence of fifty-four senators, eleven more than a quorum, and at the request of Mr. Gorman the resolution was temporarily laid aside, Mr. Aldrich stating that he thought a voting quorum would appear in two

During the confusion which followed the announcement of the on Mr. Murphy's resolution Mr. Lindsay offered a resolution expressing it to be the sense of the senate that congress should not adjourn until a bill should have been passed relieving and discontinuing any duty on refined suwhich would operate for the benefit of the sugar trust. Mr. Mander-son moved to amend the resolution so as to instruct the finance committee to report back the amount of profit to the tariff bill now in the hands of the

Mr. Sherman then took the floor to indulge, as he said, in some "plain talk." He reviewed the blunders made by the Democrats in the general conduct of the long tariff fight. The result of these, he said, was that from fifty to 100 very important errors would be found in the bill as it would be signed by the President. Already several of great importance had been discovered. discovered. One of them, that providing for the free entry of alcohol used in the arts, would, if uncorrected, cost the government \$20,-000,000 or \$30,000,000 of revenue annually. Mr. Hoar, the author of amendment, had not expected that it would be accepted. He had simply offered it as a tentative proposition. He quoted from the record in support of this statement.

Mr. Sherman deprecated the interference of the president with con-gress but he justified Mr. Carlisle's letter as to the effect of the tariff bill on the revenues. He stated that he would, if opportunity offered, vote for a straight duty on raw and refined sugar without the differential. As far as the other free list bills were concerned, he was opposed to placing iron ore, coal and barbed wire on the

Mr. Gray followed Mr. Sherman and thought that no matter what the re-sult of the coming election might be there would not be another McKinley law. The people were tired of the scenes of the past winter which re-sulted from the McKinley law.

The resolution went over. Mr. Harris then called up the house bill to repeal the tax on alcohol used in the arts. He asked unanimous consent to consider it, but Mr. Chandler objected and moved to refer it to the finance committee. The motion was lost, 14 to 25, no quorum voting. The clerk then called the roll. This showed only two more than a quorum and, on Mr. Harris' motion, the senate went into executive session.

HARRISON ON LIVE TOPICS.

The Ex-President Discusses the Tariff and Indiana and New York Politics. NEW YORK, Aug. 20.-The Commercial-Advertiser to-day prints the following interview with ex-President Harrison at the house of Captain Bargnolt, at Spring Lake, N. J.

"My position is a peculiar one. It is hard for people to understand how I am situated. My lips are necessarily sealed so far as criticism of this administration goes. It would be in very bad taste or form to draw comparisons between my own and Mr. Cleveland's administration. It would be highly dis-courteous for me to state wherein I believe this administration errs Therefore I have uniformly refused to express my opinion, to draw any comparisons, or to criticise and I shall continue that policy.
"Shall you not have something to say about the new tariff bill?"

That is a different matter. That measure is not fathered by the ad-ministration as I understand it and is legitimate matter for discussion. But I am not yet ready. I do not wish to speak hastily of a mat-ter that so intimately concerns ter that so intimately concerns the welfare of the party and country and goes to the very root of the prosperity of the nation. Later I shall prepare a careful analysis of the situation and shall speak to the people during the Indiana campaign. shall speak two or three times, and will let the people know my views on the tariff question. Some things that I say may be worth printing.
"When will the campaign open in

Indiana? "Locally it opens very soon now. But the great battle will not begin until the fall is well advanced."

"Do you confidently expect Republican success there?"

"It would be premature to predict." "What do you think of the situation

in New York state?"
"I think the situation in New York think the situation in New York state demands that every man outside the state keep his hands off, that is what I think. Let outsiders keep their hands off and attend to their own business. I don't see how anything that I or any other outsider can say in the way of encouragement can help restore harmony. All that I know about the situation I read in the papers and I know that the harmony of which you speak has not yet been secured, and that the two wings of the party still maintain separate organizations and are as far apart as ever. Suggestions, advice or talk of any kind from outsiders would be impertinent and ill-advised. Of course the result in New York this fall will have a mighty influence upon national affairs."

SUNDAY PRACTICE ALLOWED.

Major William Worth Vindicated by the Omaha Court Martial.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 20.-Major William Worth, Second infantry, who was ordered court martialed by President Cleveland for ordering Private Cedarquist to participate in target practice on Sunday, was acquitted today and released from custody.

The findings of the court were that the orders to Cedarquist were warranted by the exigencies of the occa-sion and that the proclamation of President Lincoln was not in force at present, not being part of the army regulations.

Major Worth was in command of a battalion of the Second infantry at the Bellevue rifle range and required his men to engage in target practice on Sunday. Private Cedarquist dis-obeyed the order, was courtmartialed, convicted and sentenced to three months' imprisonment. The matter was taken up by gress and President Cleveland concom muted the term of imprisonment and ordered Major Worth courtmartialed for disobeying the order of President Lincoln issued November, 15, 1862. prohibiting unnecessary work on Sun-

The exigencies of the case to which the finding refers were the disturbances on the railroads and the commonweal movements, which led many army officers to believe that the troops would shortly be called out.

In reviewing the finding of the court General Brooke says the court evidently based its findings on the ground that President Lincoln's order was not in force. He then mildly criticises the board for not eliminating in its findings all reference to the charges disobedience of orders and for failing to convict Major Worth on "the remaining alllegations and of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline."

JOHN ARKINS AT REST.

The Manager of the "Hocky Mountain News" Sucumbs to Gastritis.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 20.—Colonel John Arkins, manager of the Rocky Mountain News, died this afternoon of gastritis. He had only re-cently returned from Excelsior Springs, Mo., where he had been taking the waters. Mr. Arkins was 52 years old and Pennsylvanian of Irish parents.

A Wichita Merchant Dies Suddenly, WICHITA, Kan., Aug. 20.-J. T. Campbell, president of the grocery house of that name, was found in an outbilding near his house this morning. He had bright's disease and heart disease for some time, but was improving. He ate a hearty breakfast to day and half an hour later he

Shot Dead by His Brother. SAWYER, Kas., Aug. 20.-About 1 clock this morning two brothers,

Clay and Emmet Sparks, living three miles south of here, while engaged in a game of cards, had some disagreement which resulted in Clay shooting Emmet, killing him almost instantly. Emmet leaves a young wife and one

Regulars in a Sham Battle.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.-The 1,800 United States troops in camp at Evanston engaged in a sham battle this afternoon under the command of General Nelson A. Miles. The spectacle was a brillant one and witnessed by more than 30,000 people.

A DETROIT BUILDER.

HE TELLS A REMARKABLE STORY OF HIS LIFE.

CAME TO DETROIT ABOUT FORTY YEARS AGO.

Levi Elsey's Experience Worthy Seriou Attention.

From the Detroit Evening News.

Away out Gratiot Avenue, far from the din and turmoil of the business centre, there are many attractive homes. The intersecting streets are wide, clean and shaded by large leaf-covered trees, and the people you meet are typical of industry, economy and honest toil. There are many pretty residences, but none more inviting in its neatness home-like comfort than that of Mr. Levi Elsey, the well-known builder and contractor, at 74 Moran street just off Gratiot. Mr. Elsey is an old resident of Detroit, having moved here about forty years ago. He has erected hundreds of houses in different parts of the city, and points with pride to such buildings as the Newberry & McMullan and Campaw blocks in which he displayed his ability as a superintendent. "I have seen Detroit grow from a village to a city," he observed yesterday in conversation with the writer, "and I don't think there are many towns in America to-day equal to it in point of beauty. I know almost everybody in the city, and an incident which re-

cently happened in my life has interested all my friends.
"It is now about eight years ago since I was stricken down with my first case of illness. One cold, blustering day I was down town and through my nat ural carelessness at that time I permitted myself to get chilled right through. When I arrived home that through. When I arrived home that evening I felt a serious pain in my left leg. I bathed it that night, but by morning I found it had grown worse. In fact it was so serious that I sent for my family physician, and he informed me that I was suffering from varicose veins. My leg swelled up to double its natural size and the pain increased in volume. The agony was simply awful. I was laid up and never left my bed for eight weeks. At times I felt as though I would grow frantic with pain. My leg was bandaged and was propped up in the bed at an angle of 30 degrees in order to keep the blood from flowing to my extremeties.

'I had several doctors attending me, but I believe my own judgment helped me better than theirs. After a seige of two months I could move around, still I was on the sick list and had to doctor myself for years. I was never really cured and suffered any amount of an-

"About two years ago I noticed an article in the Evening News about my friend, Mr. Northrup, the Woodward Avenue merchant. In an interview with him he stated that he had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale Peo ple and that they cured him. I knew him very well, having built his house out Woodward Ave., and I thought I would follow his suggestion. I must confess I did so with marvelous success. confess I did so with marvelous success. From the time I began to take the Pink Pills I felt myself growing to be a new man. They acted on me like a magical stimulant. The pain departed and I soon was as strong and healthy as ever. Before trying the Pink Pills I had used any amount of other medicine without any noticeable benefit. But the Pills cured me and I was myself again. self again.

"When a person finds himself relieved and enjoying health he is apt to expose himself again to another attack stopped taking the Pink Pills, and from the day I did so, I noticed a change in my condition. A short time since I renewed my habit of taking them with the same beneficial results which met me formerly. I am again nearly as strong as ever, although I am a man about 56 years of age. I tell you, sir, the Pink Pills are a most wonderful medicine and if they do as well in other cases as they did in mine they are the best in the world. I freely recommend them to any sufferer.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give nwe life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, pal-pitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50-they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Is This Libelous?

The editor of Natural Science (Eng. land) in its last issue makes this little fling at the United States: "Strange the ways of the American place hunter, and strange, as we have noted before, is the system under which scientific appointments are made in the United States. One of our transatlantic correspondents complains that he has no time for scientific work. present,' he writes, 'I am very busy, being engaged in politics, as I am a candidate before the republican convention for the nomination of state geologist and have the most flattering prospects. My only opponent is a local collector.' As our friend might possibly obtain the appointment, we sufficient regard for his reputation to suppress his name."

"Come Outers" is the name of a new religious sect in Georgia.

There is one divorce to every 479 marria ges in the United States.

Affraid of the Women. Captain Joe Waters says in a letter

declining to engage in a debate with the Populist Women's club of Topeka: "No power on earth is strong enough to compel me to dispute with a woman. If any of them desire to fight me, I at once display a flag of truce and unconditionally surrender. As a lawyer I carry this further. Under no stress, no compulsion, no apparently mag-nificent opportunity for me to air my art, will I ever cross examine a woman is a witness against me, and in this I think I have a wisdom beyond Mr. Butterworth."—Chiqago Herald. THE FREE LIST BILLS.

Mr. Vest Defends the Action of the Senate in Its Tariff Course

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 .- In the senate to-day Mr. Harris asked for the second reading of the house revenue bills. No one objecting, the bills to place coal, iron ore and barbed wire on the free list were read. Mr. Harris then had read a letter from Secre. tary Carlisle concerning the effect of the proposed bills upon the revenue of the government. This declared in brief that the present tariff bill would produce a surplus of \$15,000,000, but the house bills would cause a deficit of \$29,000,000.

of \$29,000,000.

Mr. Berry called up the free sugar bill. Mr. Harris, while favoring free sugar, thought this and the other bills should be referred to the finance committee. The senate could not adjourn without providing for the threatened deficiency of \$28,000,000 or \$30,000,000 which might result from

the passage of this bill.

Mr. Berry insisted that the senate should decide the matter and not bury it in committee. He said the senate had been charged with being a friend of the sugar trust. He wanted the bill passed exactly as it came from the house. came from the house.

Mr. Harris said an early report would be made by the committee. After conference reports on appropriation bills had been presented, Mr. Vest, referring to Mr. Harris' motion to refer the free sugar and other bills to the finance committee, said that it meant the death of the bills, as the committee was now politically a tie with the prospect of the disappearance of a quorum within the next few days. He declared the position of the senate on the tariff had been vindicated by the letter of Secretary Carlisle which proved conclusively that if the house bill had been enacted it would have caused a deficiency of \$30, He showed that the power acquired by the sugar trust was the result of its fosterings by the McKin-

ley bill.

Mr. Vest proceeded with his description of the difficulties in connection with the adjustment of the sugar schedule. Under the Wilson bill as reported to the house from the comwhen it was in the house free sugar was inserted. The finance committee prepared a bill which gave no differentials in favor of the trust. "And yet," said he with bitterness, "they call us creatures of the sugar trust. Liars, slanderers, infamous libellers." Mr. Vest said he would not enter into the charges that the senate was a party to the fight between the

president and the senator from Mary-land (Gorman). He (Vest) had his strong differences with that senator on the tariff and he had written a letter long ago to the Greystone club stating his objections to the policy of Mr. Gorman and supporting Mr. Cleveland for his position on revenue reform. "But," continued he, "I belong to no man. I belong to no fac-tion. I am neither Montague nor Capulet, York nor Lancaster. I can never follow one who does violence to the principles of the Democratic

Mr. Mills followed Mr. Vest, claiming that the senate bill did not reflect the sentiments of 1,000 people in the United States. No Republican wanted it, no Democrat wanted it and no Populist wanted it. The great mass of the people condemned it.

Mr. Mills was followed by Mr. Vilas

of Wisconsin. Mr. Jones of Arkansas, who had taken the lead so far as the senate was concerned in the recent tariff conference, offered an amendment to the free sugar bill imposing a flat 30 per cent duty on all sugars, raw and refined.

Little Boy Hanged.

MEDICINE LODGE, Kan., Aug. 16.-Little Roy Van Buskirk, the 8-yearold son of Louis Van Buskirk, residing four miles east of this place, was found dead in his home yesterday. With his 4-year-old sister he was playing in the kitchen and the little boy placed one end of a roller towel about his neck and twisted himself so as to produce suffocation.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere. OMAHA Butter-Creamery print..... 18
Butter-Choice country...... 14

Eggs-Fresh	11	0	11%
Honey—Ler to	12	W	15
POULTRY-Old hens nor th	4	(4)	414
Chickens-Spring, per m.	614	0	7
Cheese - Neb. & 18. Iuli cream	10	0	11
Lemons	00	60 7	
Potatoes	65	ø.	70
Deans-Navv. per bu	00	W 2	25
Hav - Unland, per ton 10	00	@10	
	14		2
Apples -Per bbl 3		4 3	50
Hogs-Mixed packing 5			30
HOUS-HORVY Weldte		6 5	45
			75
Beeves - Stockers and feeders. 1			
	75		50
		60 2	00
Steers—Fair to good	50		25
		w 4	
	85		90
Sheep Fainte good 2		4 3	50
	25	03	25
NEW YORK.			
Wheat, No. 2, red winter	58	0	5814
Corn—No. 2	64	60	6434
Uais-White Western	97	w	46
POPK 14	60	15	60
Lard 7	90	07	
CHICAGO.	-		
Wheat No 9			Lucy
Wheat-No. 2, spring	50	0	50%
Corn-Per bu	56	144	56%
Oats er bu	30	0	30%
TOPK		@13	75
Lard		@ 7	
HUKN-I BUKEFS AND MIYOU	25	4 5	4C
Cattle Com. steers to extra 3	50	4 4	40
Eneep-Lambs 2	00	44 4	65
ST. LOUIS.			
Wheat-No 2 red cash			5214
Corn—Per hn	51%		
Cats—Fer Du		0	5734
Hogs-Mixed packing 5	34	0	3414
Cattle-Native steers 3	00	6 5	25
Cattle-Native steers 3	15	@ 3	25

Corn—No. 2 red, cash ... 52 6 53
Corn—No. 2 ... 52½ 4 53
Oats—No. 2 ... 30 @ 30
Cattle—Stockers and feeders ... 2 20 @ 3 50
liogs—Mixed packers ... 4 90 @ 5 1) Kansas Woman Suffrage Amendment TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 16.—In a letter addressed to Laura M. Johns, chairman of the suffrage campaign committee, Attorney General Little gives a lengthy opinion sustaining the validity of the suffrage amendment as adopted by the legislature.

KANSAS CITY.

Wheat-No. 2 red, cash...

CARROLLTON, Mo., Aug. 16. — Last night about 12 o'clock Oliver Godsey met William Robinson, a married man, in a pasture one mile south of Tina, with Miss Godsey, and shot him dead. Godsey came here and surrendered to the authorities about 1 o'lock this morning