## THE FRONTIER.

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O'NEILL, -:- NEBRASKA

## OVER THE STATE.

THERE were fourteen graduates from the Osceola high school.

THE Salem Chautauqua will not be held until some time in August THE loss of the Street Car company

of Nebraska City by firs was about \$6,000. THE city council of Tecumseh has

declared war on nickel-in-the-slot machines.

THE boycott inaugurated against some of the Omaha breweries has been declared off.

CITIZENS of Plattsmouth have raised a good sum for celebration of the Fourth of July.

J. W. BUCK of Holdrege shipped 10,-000 pounds of butter designed for the English market.

NEBRASKA CITY reports her cherry crop much larger than anticipated and prices very good.

C. H. WALKER, living one mile north of Surprise, lost a horse, it having been bitten by a rattlesnake.

JAMES Fox, an old citizen of Omaha, was run over and killed last week. His head was entirely severed from his body.

CRAIG claims to have done a better freight business this year for the month of May than it did last year by over \$1,500.

THE Ainsworth Lumber company has secured the government contract for furnishing its milling products to the Indians.

THE Lancaster county teachers' institute will be held at the state university, beginning Monday, June 18, and closing June 30.

THE Star says that hay is a very scarce article in. Dorchester, and from present indications it may be more so in the future.

THE Ancient Order of Hibernians will hold a state convention at Tecum-seh, June 29th. State officers will be elected at the meeting.

SALINE county land is assessed at an average price of \$3.19 per acre. No one can complain that the assessment is unreasonably high.

For the month of April the total amount of milk received at the Lyons creamery was 248,143 pounds, and total gross receipts \$1,973.67.

DIERS & DAY, general merchants of Surprise, closed their store preparatory to moving their stock to Fullerton, Day having sold his interest to Diers Bros.

MRS. RUDIGER, on trial at Omaha the cond time for the killing of Henry Reiser some months ago, was declared not guilty. The former jury disagreed.

THE Round Grove postoffice in Cus-ter county has been discontinued after having been established fourteen years. Mail for that place now goes to Mason City.

An effort is being made to locate a business college in Nebraska City. It is understood that the promoters have fair assurance of success in their undertaking. GONERNOR CROUNSE and Congressman

Bryan have been chosen as orators for the Fourth of July celebration at Ne-braska city, and each has accepted the invitation

THE county supervisors of Antelope county met and declared the election a court house tax carried. The board is now considering plans and specifica-tions for a \$15,000 building.

THE special attraction at Humboldt for the Fourth of July will be bicycle, trotting, pacing and running races, for which purses are offered aggregating SCO.

> FIRE destroyed the Moffit livery barn in O'Neill, The building was unoccu-pied at the time. The residence of E. M. Moflitt, which was adjacent to the barn, was destroyed.

THE house of S. Doty of Grafton was entered by burglars and \$82 in cash taken, besides valuable papers. The family had all retired except Mr. and Mrs. Doty. They were in the kitchen. The burglars entered a distant room by removing the screens and waising the window.

FRANK BOWER was arrested at Scrib ner by Sheriff Ackerman of Stanton county on the charge of larceny. He is charged with the theft of 225 bushels of corn in the southern part of Stanton county of which Henry Pelli-tier was the owner. He pleaded

guilty. THE people of Falls City are working had to have the Missouri Pacific division headquarters removed from

Hiawatha, Kas., to their town. A committee has been appointed to confer with the officials and they are now in St. Louis endeavoring to persuade them to make the change.

S. K. SUTHERLAND, a farmer nearly 60 years of age, was coming to Elmwood with a load of hogs. His team became frightened and ran away, upsetting the wagon and load of hogs on him, breaking his arm and bruising him up severely. A large hog weighing about 600 pounds was killed.

The committee appointed at a recent meeting of the Arington school board to check up the accounts of the treas-urer found a shortage of \$401.29. The town treasurer's books show the money to have been turned over to District Freasurer W. D. Badger, but no credit appears on the district books.

LARS CHNISTIANSON, a well-to-do farmer living six miles south and two miles west from Holdrege, shot his wife twice and then turned the revol-ver on himself and pulled the trigger. He died almost instantly. The woman was living at last reports. Domestic troubles seemed to be the cause of the dead deed.

THE annual meeting of the Richard-son County Farmers' Mutual Fire and Lightning insurance company was held last week. About 150 farmers were present. The company was organized in 1887, and now has 445 members, with risks in force amounting to \$650,000. The total loss of the company in these even years has only been \$55.25.

L. H. AMHERST was arrested in the postoffice at Omaha by Deputy Marshal Boehme, charged with using the mails for iraudulent purposes. He advertised in several papers for papers for help and requested the enclosure of a 75cent postal note to insure answer. It is estimated that he made a neat sum in this manner.

THE general merchandise store of E. S. Sears at North Loup was entered by thieves last week and the safe blown open and \$30 or \$40 in cash obtained, and the books and valuable papers taken. The books were found in a

THE Shelton Clipper tells of a farmer living near Wood river who raised two acres of peanuts last year, harvesting a yield of forty-five bushels per acre. He sold the crop at \$1.50 per bushel. The expense was \$30 per acre, leaving a net

profit of \$37.50 per acre. In addition to this he found that the vines of the crop were worth fully as much as the best hay for feeding.

In reporting the number of pounds of butter turned out of the creamery last week, says the Falls City Journal, we stated that 4,500 pounds were turn-ed out in the month of May, when it should have been 4,500 pounds a week, as 17,300 pounds were turned out dur-

QUAY SPECULATED IN SUGAR

BOLDLY OWNS UP TO HAVING BOUGHT TRUST STOCK.

HE SAYS HE WOULD DO SO AGAIN.

Stock-A Large Number of Senators Called Before the Investigating Committee\_Other Late Washington News of General

Quay was before the sugar trust com-

mittee just before 3 o'clock. He boldly told the committee that he had bought sugar stock for speculation and that he would do so again.

When Senator Ransom appeared before the senate sugar trust investigation committee to-day, he was asked, as were other senators who had been before the committee, the following question by Senator Lodge: "Has any member of your family or any person in your employ or any clerk employed under the laws of the United States in your service, been to your knowledge, interested in any of the ways indicated in any of the preceding questions in any transactions in sugar stocks or certificates during the period mentioned?"

Mr. Ransom said that Thursday night he had been visited at his home by Mr. Howland, correspondent of the New York Press, who asked him substantially the same question as had been put to him by the commit-tee. He had made an explicit denial, whereupon Mr. Howland informed him that a brokerage firm in this city —Silsbee & Co.—had an entry in their books which indicated that the sena-tor had generalized in the senator had speculated in sugar stocks during the period of the tariff debate. "Mr. Howland," continued Mr. Ransom, "asked me if I knew any other person by the name of Ransom in the city. I told him I knew of but one person in the city by the name of Ransom and that was my son George who was my clerk. He asked me where he was and I said he was in the parlor and I would step in and bring him in. I was perhaps more cautious than the occasion required and I said to Mr. Howland that I would thank him to come with me to the door so that he could see no com-10 munication should take place between me and my son. I went to the parlor door where George was and beckoned him to come in. I did not speak to him or see him between the parlor and my room, and when he got in my room I asked the gentlemen to state their business to him, and told my son whatever the matter was to tell the truth about it.'

"My son," Mr. Ransom went on, "stated that he had bought some sugar stock on the 17th or 18th of April. He put up a margin of \$10 which he paid the broker on sugar stock. He said on the same day he put up a margin of \$25 on cotton. said he lost on cotton and made \$10 on the sugar and that after that he repeated the same bet on sugar, but not on cotton, and I think he lost the He then stated that he and second. Captain Barnes, a messenger here at the commerce committee room, after that on two occasions bought \$10 worth of sugar stock. They went in together. I asked the correspondent to examine my son as fully as he pleased and examine Captain Barnes, as he

# urging private measures. Owing to delays and objections of various kinds only two private pension bills have got through the hous: and become laws. As a rule the private pension

acts are so numerous that the total of private bills is very large. The house calendar up to date is

clear of all appropriation bills except the deficiency, but there are 130 important general bills awaiting a hearing and eighty-six bills of a general character not carrying an appropria-tion. Among these are bills to admit New Mexico and Oklahoma to statehood, to send a congressional commiscanal route, to finally adjudicate swamp land grafits, to permit pento non-residents, to establish sions consular inspection of immigrants, to investigate the effect of machinery on labor, to investigate the wages of women and children, to construct canals from Lake Superior to the Mississippi river and from Lake Erie to the Ohio river, to prohibit dealings in options, to promote the efficiency of the naval militia to establish a uniform bankruptcy system and to aid the Southern Cotton exposition. Quite a number of these will get a hearing, but the number to be interrupted by adjournment will be exceptionally large.

WORKING ON WOOL CLAUSES.

The Senate Begins Active Consideration of the Schedule-Vest on Shoddy.

WASHINGTON, June 18.-After the close vote in the senate yesterday afternoon on the Peffer amendment to put low duties on wool, Mr. Sherman offered an amendment, which was defeated, 29 to 34, and Mr. Peffer one to place all woolen manufactures on the free list. This was taken up when the senate met to-day and at once voted upon. It was defeated-3 to 46. The three Populists, Allen, Kyle and Peffer, alone voting in favor of it. Mr. Hansbrough an-nounced that he would have voted "aye" had he not been paired. The senate then plunged into the actual consideration of the woolen

schedule. The first paragraph (278) placed a duty of 15 per cent on wool and hair in the form of stubbing, waste, mungo shoddy, corded waste, carbonized noils and wool in the form of roving, roping or tops in the follow-ing paragraphs dutiable at 15 per cent. Mr. Vest explained that the finance committee had been moved to place a duty on shoddy and waste in order to exclude them from the country. One of the purposes of placing wool on the free list was to discourage the manu-facture of shouldy. Under the McKinley act the manufacture of shoddy had doubled. Last year it had reached \$90,000,000.

#### THE NEW EIGHTH CIRCUIT. Martin of Kansas Scheming but Philips

or Thayer More Likely. WASHINGTON, June 18.-The bill providing for an additional United States circuit judge in the Eighth circuit has already passed the senate and the favorable report made on it yesterday by Mr. Terry of the house judiciary mmittee is accepted as conclusively indicative of its unopposed passage to the statute books.

The eighth judicial circuit is made up of the districts of Minnesota, Northern and Southern Iowa, Eastern and Western Missouri, Eastern and Western Arkansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, North and South Da-kota, Wyoming, New Mexico, Okla-homa and Utah. Circuit Judge Caldwell was appointed from Arkansas and Circuit Judge Sanborn from Minnesota, so these two states are thrown out by the gossipers to start with. Senator Martin of Kansas is ambitious to fill the new bench, but it is beileved that Judges Phillips and Thayer stand a better show than he does of getting there.

## SENSATIONAL EXPOSE.

THE CORRUPTION OF THE NEV YORK POLITICIANS.

> Blackmail of the Police Shown Up-Three Thousand Six Hundred Men Divide Over \$18,000,000 Each Year-Disreputables Forced to Pay Enormously for "Protection" - Merchants and Others Levied Upon for Special Privileges.

> > New York's Corruption.

NEW YORK, June 15.- A New York paper, which has heretofore been regarded as friendly to Tammany, printed to-day over a column under the head of "Police Revenue," showing the amount of illegitimate revenue received by the police of New York annually, based upon the testimony thus far taken before the Lexow senatorial investigation committee.

The number of men employed on the police force, which is 3,600, and the amount appropriated by the board of estimates in the budget of 1894 was \$5,139,147. This amount is en-tered up as the legitimate sum re-ceived by the police force for its maintenance. The paper then continues: "The

testimony brought out by the Lexow investigating committee shows that the police, in addition to their sala ries from the city, have had an addi-tional income contributed by the keepers of disorderly houses, saloons, gambling houses, merchants and push cart peddlers. This extra income is called 'paying for protection' by those who pay. By the public it is sometimes called blackmail. The police probably call it 'perquisites.' If the testimony is true the police were very vigilant in lo-cating all persons who could be forced to contribute to this extra fund for their be...efit. While an extra estimate of the income of the police from these sources is impossible at this stage of the investigation, enough facts have been made public to show that it was enormous, and approximately correct figures can be

made. The fact is cited that there are 7,000 saloons in the city of New York, and the paper reckons that the alleged police charges for protection for side doors open on Sunday is \$10 a week for each saloon. Allowing that only half of the saloons paid these charges, the total of one year is \$1,820,000.

The paper quotes an official of the police department who estimates the number of degraded women in the city to be 45,000. Upon the basis of the last census an estimate of five persons to a house is made, and upon this basis it is stated that the 45,000 immoral women in New York are quartered in 9,000 disorderly houses. Ac-cording to the alleged police schedule of prices for opening disorderly houses, the income of the police from this one source is estimated by the paper to be \$3,600,000. After the opening of these immoral houses, according to the evidence before the Lexow committee, the keepers of the houses are required to pay from \$50 to \$100 per month and the paper reckons that from this source the police re-ceive an annual income of \$8,100,000. Four hundred and fifty thousand dollars a year is estimated as the amount of the alleged extra charges for special favors and protection from

the police. The estimated income from gambling houses and policy shops is \$165,000 a year. There are reckoned to be other receipt rates locked when merchants cial rates levied upon merchants

IS BRECKENRIDGE CRAZY?

## Many Public Men in Washington Oping that He Is.

WASHINGTON. June 15.-Some weeks ago the influential Democrats of the house appropriations committee informally agreed that when the deficiency appropriations bill should be brought in, W. C. P. Breckinridge of Kentucky, should be relieved of its management on the floor. As chairman of the sub-committee to which deficiency items were referred, Breckinridge would, if parliamentary usage were followed, control the bill when under consideration, and be in conse-quence for the time the leader of the Democratic side. Chairman Sayers was informally selected to discharge

the duty. For some reason Breckinridge con-For some reason Breckinridge con-cluded to make a fight to try to coerce the committee on appropriations into giving the deficiency bill into his charge. All day yesterday he fought for this distinction with a persistency and acute determination that seemed at times to turn the balance in his favor. He coaxed, cajoled, threatened and bullied with some success. It is said to-day that the committee is un-decided, but that Breckinridge's chances for carrying his point are exchances for carrying his point are ex-cellent. If he succeeds the house and the country will be afforded as sensational a scene as any that congress has presented in many years.

The issue of the present conditions The issue of the present conditions must soon be agreed upon. The rule brought in to-day by the rules com-mittee, fixing a limit to debate on the Indian bill, is a determining element for the deficiency bill, the last of the

for the deficiency bill, the last of the appropriation series, is next in order. It is said upon the most excellent authority that in the event that Breckinridge does assume charge of this measure, directly before the bill is laid before the house a resolute Democratic member will move to re-commit to the committee on appres commit to the committee on appro-priations with instructions that the measure be again reported to the

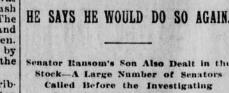
measure be again reported to the house by some one else. The Republicans, with partisan ap-preciation of the situation, would ask nothing better than that one of their own number should apply the repute but the sneaker will confine rebuke, but the speaker will confine his recognition to the Democrat agreed upon to make this motion. There is absolutely no question but that if Breckinridge persists in his purpose this course will be taken and such a motion would be carried by perhaps a unanimous vote. perhaps a unanimous vote. Breckinridge does not seem to real-

ize that such a humiliating result would be the only reward of his assur-ance. He is quoted as saying that he will take charge of the deficiency bill if he lives and possibly it may be his bullying purpose to hold to personal account any member thrusting the proposed rebuke upon him.

House Democrats hope the appropri-ation committee will be able to dispose of Breckinridge in the committee room without publicity, and to-day are urging the necessity of such a course upon the committee, to the end that a possible disgraceful sensation

may be averted. There are public men in plenty who are building the conclusion day by day that Breckinridge is irresponsible. They say that he must be crazy and sustain their opinions by many state-ments of fact as well as of deduction ments of fact as well as of deduction. Nevertheless, if the appropriation committee does not at once nerve itself to withstand Colonel Breckinridge's mingled prayers, entreaties, demands and threats, most sensation-al consequences will follow.

BOYCOTT AGAINST BREWERS.



Interest. WASHINGTON, June 18.-Senator

NORFOLK's new hotel and opera hour is assured. L. J. Reno has secured the necessary capital to put up a \$50,000 building. Citizens will be invited to make up \$5,000 of the amount.

LOU CARROLL was convicted at Hastings of larceny of \$36 from the person of T. C. Archer, a farmer, while both were upon a spree. The amount is sufficient to send him to the penitentiary.

WILL CARPER's barn at Petersburg, together with his team and two horses belonging to other parties, were burn-ed while he was eating breakfast. The origin of the fire is not known. Carper had his team insured.

MR. AND MRS. EDWARD PHEASANT. highly estcemed residents of western Gage county, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary last week. A large number of Beatrize friends were county, celebrated their golden ent on the occasion.

MANLY HOPPER, the 12-year-old son of M. D. Hopper of Petersburg, was thrown out of a wagon by a runaway team, and when picked up was uncon ious. No serious damage was done to either the boy or team.

E. WERNER came to Nebraska City some time ago and has been employed as an agent for the Singer Sewing Machine company. He left town suddenly the other day, and several creditors are anxiously awaiting his return.

FIRE destroyed the Nebraska City Street Car company house, together with eighteen head of horses and one car. The barn of John Walker, adjoining southwest, was also totally de stroyed. The loss is not given.

MICHAEL REDDINGTON, a well-to-do property owner and a pioneer citizen of Omaha, aged 65 years, suicided last week by shooting himself in the head while in a fit of despondency. He was troubled over financial matters.

THE contest over the county seat stion which has existed between Oakdale and Neligh for some time, has virtually been settled by the voting of 10 mill tax for the building of a court house at Neligh, the present county seat.

FRANK A. LUNDA, who deserted from the Sixth United States cavalry at Fort Niobrara in March last, was arrested by Chief of Police Reed at Beatrice and is being held, awaiting instruc-tions from the regular army authori-

THE county seat election for Deuel county has been called for Saturday. June 23, with three towns in the race for honors, viz: Chappell, Big Springs and Froid. At the election held in that county some five years ago Big Springs polled over 5,000 votes for county seat.

ing the month. There are thirty-two cream routes and cream comes from a

RELIABLE information has reached incoln that of the thirteen Duffers that abandoned the Industrial army in that city to accept work with that railroad conporation in Montana, only two reached the scene of operations and actually began work. One of these quit after holding down his job a little more than two weeks. Nobody knows where the deserters went.

THE Missouri Pacific depot at Elmwood was broken into by burglars recently. An entrance was effected by cutting out a pane of glass in the north window. All of the express matter and some of the freight was opened up, but nothing of value taken. Charles Kroft, the station agent, is the greatest loser, as his trunk was opened and his watch and an \$8 revolver taken.

A JURY in the district court of Hall county, found A. J. McGee guilty of bastardy. The complainant is Miss Emma Gideon, a prominent young lady of Doniphan, in which city the defendant also resides. The trial occupied two days, and thirty witnesses were summoned for the parties in the bas-tardy case. Miss Gideon is the daugh-ter of Doniphan's former postmaster.

CARL REAM of Dakota City went uninvited to a park in the wildwood where a few people were holding a private wake over numerous kegs of the He returned a half hour foaming." later with his countenance horribly disfigured, and played even the next day by smashing a man who proved to be entirely innocent of having helped to bring him to grief. The court will adjudicate the matter.

F. E. CARGER, an old and prominent citizen of Edgar, died last week. He had been ailing for several years past with chronic inflammation of the stom ch and had become greatly emaciated before taking to his bed nine weeks The interesting and wonderful ago. feature of this case is that notwithstanding his great emaciation he lived forty days without food, being unable to retain anything on his stomach except a little water.

THE latest crop bulletin says: "The reports, while much more encour-aging than those of the preceding two weeks, are not quite as favorable as it was hoped they would be. This is due, no doubt, to the fact that most of our polled over 5,000 ..... GEORGE CARPENTER, aged 59, and Mrs. Catherine E. Nelson, aged 48, were mar-ried last week in Nebraska City by County Judge Eaton. The fact is worthy of mention because this makes the groom's fourth and the bride's third enture upon the uncertain sea of mat-

Mr. Rasom proceeded to relate that bout two weeks ago Captain Barnes had come to him to tell him that a friend had informed him that he (the senator) had been speculating in sugar. The senator denied the story sent Barnes to investigate it. The latter returned with the assurance that there was no basis for the assertion.

The senator had told the correspondent Howland about this incident withholding the name of Barnes' in-formant which had been communicated to him in confidence.

Senator Ransom advised the committee to examine Mr. Barnes and see if his story did not correspond with what had just been stated to the committee.

The senators examined up to this morning were Messrs. Lodge, Gray, Allen, Lindsay and Davis, members of the investigating committee, and Al-drich, Allison, Bate, Berry, Black-burn, Blanchard, Brice, Call, Camden, Carey, Chandler, Cockrell, Coke, Cullom, Daniel, Davis, Dixon, Dolph, Du-bois, Faulkner, Frye, Gallinger, George, Gibson, Hale, Hansbrough, Harris, Hawley, Higgins, Hill, Hoar and Hunton. All denied having had any dealings

in sugar stocks or any knowledge of such deals.

#### A NEW RECORD BY CONGRESS.

Only Eighty-Five Public and Eighteen Private Bills So Far Passed.

WASHINGTON, June 18.-Up to to-day only eighty-five public measures have been enacted into law and the private laws are limited to the unprecedentedly small number of eighteen.

The whole number of bills intro-duced in the house is 7,453-far below the average. Of these 1,086 have been reported-also far below the usual number at this date. The falling off of bills, reports, etc., has been so great that it has been one of the main causes of the recent wholesale reduction of force in the government print-ing office. It is said that the former public printer, Mr. Palmer, estab-lished his force with the expectation that the amount of work to be done by this congress would keep pace with that of former congresses, and that this in part accounts for the large surplus of help Public Printer Benedict found when he recently as-

sumed charge. The large falling off in general legislation is attributed to the centering of interest in the tariff and to the depleted condition of the treasury. Senators and members have known that it was useless to press bills for public buildings and other appropria-tions in view of the stringency at the treasury and have refrained from

PROBABLY A MURDER. The Body of Henry Uhlinger of St.

Joseph Found in the River. Sr. JOSEPH, Mo., June 18.-The body of Henry Uhlinger, who disappeared from this city several weeks ago, was dragged from the Missouri river at Atchison this morning. The body had a wound presum-ably made by a bullet, and Uhlinger was probably murdered and his body thrown in the river. When he dissappeared he had \$600 in his possession, none of which was found on the body

#### OVERPOWERED BY COXEVITES.

North Dakota Officers Attacked and Relieved of Weapons-Four Wounded. JAMESTOWN, N. D., June 18.-The Coxeyites who stole a train at Dawson and who were surrounded the marshal's posse by 8 short distance west of here are again headed for this city afoot, having at-tacked the deputies at a given signal, relieved them of their weapons and departed. In the skirmish four deputies were shot, how seriously is not known.

A Brave Young Farmer.

RICHMOND, Ky., June 18 .- Six young ladies were capsized at Flint in the Kentucky river last night. Jack Sewell, a young farmer, saw the mishap and leaping into the river rescued one. Then he returned and swam to shore with two and finally he saved two more. The sixth sank before he could reach her, but he recovered the body.

No Indian Variation for Chicago. WASHINGTON, June 18.-Chicago lost the Indian supply house in the house to-day. Mr. O'Neill of Massachusetts. in the chair, on motion of Mr. Strauss of New York ruling that the proposed removal of the warehouse from New York to Chicago was new legislation and on its face did not reduce appropriations.

#### The Anti-Options Bill Next.

WASHINGTON, June 18 .- Mr. Hatch of Missouri announced to-day that he of Missouri announced to day that he would call up the anti-options bill Monday. He expressed confidence that it would receive prompt atten-tion and that it would pass by a large majority.

#### Wealers Imprisoned at a Fort.

Омана, Neb., June 18.-Judge Dundy has decided that the 250 commonwealers captured at Ogalla shall be taken to Fort Sidney, recently abondoned, and kept until tried and, if convicted, compelled to serve sentence there.

for the privilege of putting boxes upon their sidewalks, merchants who want to keep open on Sunday, and push cart peddlers who want to evade the city ordinance that prohibits them from standing more than five minutes in one place.

The paper states that 200 new policemen are placed upon the force each year and estimates upon the basis of the alleged rate of \$300 to get on the force, that the income from this source is \$60,000 a year.

The grand total, made upon the basis of the testimony presented before the Lexow committee, includ-ing the legitimate appropriation made by the state to maintain the police and the other items above referred to. aggregate \$15,354,147. The following are the items which enter into this total: From the city, \$5,139,147.64; disorderly houses, \$8,120,000; saloons, \$1,820,000; gambling houses, \$165,000; merchant and readlance \$70,000 merchants and peddlers, \$50,000; new members of the force, \$60,000; grand total income. \$15,354,147.64.

TO MARK A FAMOUS SPOT.

The Foundation of the Dobbs Ferry Monument Laid With Ceremonies.

NEW YORK, June 15.-The New York society of the Sons of the American Revolution laid the foundation stone to-day of a monument at Dobbs Ferry, designed to mark the spot where Washington had his headquarters in 1771 and planned the decisive cam-paign against Cornwallis. The monument will stand in front of the old Livingstone house. It will be of gray granite and will stand in the center of a semi-circular wall. A statue of Count de Rochambeau will ultimately surmount it. June 14 was chosen for the celebra-

tion of the laying of the base stone, because it is the anniversary of the date when the stars and stripes were first selected as the official standard of the United States. The steamboat Howard Carroll left West Forty-fourth street at 10 o'clock this morning for Dobbs' Ferry with about 1,000 per rsons on board, members of the Sons of the Revolution and their guests. Among the latter were Vice president Stevenson and family, Secretary Herbert, Assisstant Secretary McAdoo, Ad-miral Gherardi, Admiral Benham, General W. A. Stryker, Postmaster Dayton, General Fitz John Porter and many other well known men. President Cleveland, Sir Julian Pauncefote the British ambassador, and M. Patrenotre the French ambassador, sent their regrets, as did also Governor Flower and Mayor Gilrov.

### Santa Fe Shop Hands' Time Cut.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 15.-The Santa Fe shop hands in Topeka, commencing to-morrow, will hereafter work only thirty-two hours a week instead of forty as heretofore. Lack of business necessitates the reduction.

#### General Executive Board K. of L. Considering the Subject.

Sr. Louis, Mo., June 15 .- The general executive board of the Knights. of Labor met here yesterday to consider the boycott of that organization against the breweries here controlled the English syndicate. The determination was reached to send out a circular to all Knights of Labor and Federation of Labor men, as well as other union men, calling upon them to become temporate, in fact, total abstainers from bear consumption in abstainers from beer consumption, in every large city or town and at all times and places where union beer cannot be obtained. A number of other minor local troubles also engaged the attention of the board.

Oregon Village Swept Away by Floods. PORTLAND, Ore., June 15 .- A telephone message from the Dalles states that almost the entire village of Grant, in Sherman county, has been swept away by the flood. Only the elevator and a few buildings on the

Grant is a place of about 200 inhab-itants, located on the Columbia river on the Union Pacific railroad, 111 miles east of Portland. No lives were lost.

## LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

OMAHA.			
Butter-Creamery print	17	0	19
Butter-Choice country	13	6	14
Eggs-Fresh	9	0	.9%
Honey-Per D	11	0	16
Poultry-Old hens per D	51	200 -	6
Chickens - Spring per doz	50	40 3	00
	3 75		75
Oranges-Florida	\$ 50	63	
Ineanples-Per doz	75	aĩ	20
Potatoes-New		62	
Beans-Navy	2 00	w1	60
Doos Per hu	50	in 1	
Roone-Wax ner DU	00	@ 3	50
		@ 4	65
Hogs-Mixed Dacking	65	63 4	70
Hogs-Heavy weights	25	@4	70
Beeves-Prime steers	80	@ 3	40
Beeves-Stockers and Feeders Steers-Fair to good	00	60 4	
Steers-Westerns	: 90	60 4	00
shown I amba		64	30
shoop Choice natives	00	60 4	15
		-	63%
Wheat-No. 2 red winter	63	0	46 2
Corn-No. 2.	46	8	45%
One Mixed western.	48	G13	75
Pork	50 15	67	
lard	13		
CHICAGO,	58	0	5814
Wheat-No. 2 spring	40	60	40%
Corn-Per bu	40	0	41
Oats-Per bu1 Pork1	10	(012	12
Lard	65		67%
Deckors and mixed	65	@4	70
		@ 4	
Sheep-Lambe	90	@ 4	60
ST. LOUIS	1		5514
Wheat-No. 2 red. cash	55	0	38%
Lorn-Per Du.	38	8	39
Onto Por hu	38	64	
Loge_Mixed nacking	00	60 4	50
fattle_Native steers	00	a 4	40
Sheep Natives KANSAS CITY.		•	1401110
KANSASCITT.	54	0	54%
Wheat-No. 2 red, cash	38	10	38%
Corn-No. 2	59	0.	39%
Cattle-Stockers and feeders.	75	63	
hogs-Mixed packers	50	64	65
Hogs-Mixed packers.			
The second s			

to-day.