OVER THE STATE.

LINCOLN has an organization of Spir-CITIZENS of Fremont are after a \$30,

EXETER will get along without any

saloons this year. THREE buildings were destroyed by fire in Geneva last week.

GRAND ISLAND'S new postmaster has entered upon his his duties.

IT HAS been decreed in Omaha that the slot machines must go.

THOS, J. MAHONEY, one of Gibbons prominent citizens, died last week. MAY BENNETT, a young woman of Lincoln, attempted suicide, but was

GOSPEL meetings under the auspices of a noted evangelist are in progress at Tecumsch.

THE newly appointed postmaster of Norfolk is putting in new boxes with keyless locks.

NELSON'S new democratic postmaster has received his commission and entered upon his duties.

GAMBLING will be a thing of the past at Loup City if the orders of the village board are carried out.

SNEAK thieves broke into the store of George Scheidel at Platte Center and carried away \$200 worth of goods. THE managers of the Crete Chautau-

qua are expecting a large attendance this year, and preparations have been accordingly. As THE result of being thrown from

a wagon by a runaway team, Alexander McMillan of Ainsworth, a prominent stockman, is laid up with a broken THE women of Lawrence have organ-

ized a Franchise club of twenty members, their purpose being self-instruc-tion in legal matters, with a view to future voting.

THE 2-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. John Mattes, four miles west of Lincoln, was burned to death. Her clothing caught from a bonfire around which she was standing. THE trial of James Willis for the mur-

der of Amberry Bates was completed at Dakota City last week the jury re-turning a verdict of manslaughter. The trial lasted four days. WHILE John Marsh was engaged in cutting fencing with a circular saw on Ed Bell's farm, west of Tecumseh, a alab was caught in the machinery and

flying around, broke his right leg above the knee, The village board of Loup City has taken measures to suppress all gambling in the town, and the keeper of a poker joint on receiving notice expressed a perfect willingness to quit

nis meanness. A MEETING of taxpayers of Oakdale and vicinity was called to take steps to defeat the bonds for a court house at Neligh. There is a special election called for April 17 to vote \$16,000 bonds for a court house.

J. N. NEWELL of North Bend has received word, it is said, that Cal Dob-bins, who was supposed to have been drowned in the Platte river last winter, is still alive, and it is believed by some that he is in Canada.

HENRY RENKIN was bound over to the district court at Nebraska City in the sum of \$600 on the charge of embezzle-ment. He was cushier of the defunct Farmers bank of Talmage, and is ac-cused of embezzling \$15,000.

THE stockholders of the York Gas and Electric Light company have amended their articles of incorporation so that the indebtedness of the company cannot at any time exceed two-thirds of the amount of the capital stock.

GOVERNOR CROUNSE has issued an ex-tradition warrant for H. C. Thompson, who is wanted in Colorado on arge of rape. Thompson was arrested in Saunders county. David S. Camp is the agent of Governor Waite to effect

A FIRE started on Bartus Johnson's farm in Sarpy county and burnt through his fine orchard before it could be checked, which will probably de-stroy all the trees. By hard work his house, barn and other out buildings were saved.

A DELEGATION of the Omish Mennonite people have started for Indiana to negotiate there with more members of negotiate there with more members of the same church for the purpose of or-ganizing a colony to come to Gosper county, A large immigration is ex-pected this spring.

Surr was begun in the district court of Gage county by Receiver Fogg of the suspended Nebruska National bank against H. L. Ewing for \$6,400, J. Ellis for \$15,200, and W. F. King for \$2,400, representing 80 per cent of their respective stock in said bank, and collection of which has been ordered by the comptroller of the currency. REPRESENTATIVES of the Nebraska

Free Methodist conference were in Central City last week negotiating for the purchase of the old Nebraska Central college building, now owned by James Stephens. The building and grounds Methodist conference were in Cen-Stephens. The building and grounds are valued at \$15,000, and if the purchase is made a Free Methodist school will be established in the building.

MRS. DAVID BUCK, who resides three miles east of Gibbon and who has for several years been insane, and at intervals an inmate of the asylum at Lincoln. returned with her husband last week.

A little before daylight she got out of bed without awakening her husband and took from a shelf a box of concentrated lye and swallowed a portion of its contents, then called Mr. Buck and told what she had done. Antidotes were at once administered but there is no hope of her recovery.

THE Lawrence, Sweeney & Horn Live tock and Commission company filed mended articles of incorporation with

the secretary of state.

E. B. BERGGREEN, who kept a feed and sale stable in Fremont, fell through the elevator shaft last week into the cellar and broke his neck.

THE board of insanity of Gage county examined Mrs. Catherine Epp. a well chown woman of Beatrice, and ad indged her insane. The woman is about 45 years old and the mother of a family. Her insanity appears to be upon religious subjects and is believed to have been primarily the result of an ajury received some time ago.

been run over by the night train and was mutilated in a shocking manner. Fragments of the body were found scattered along the track for eighty rods. A coroner sinquest was held upon the

remains. The name of the deceased was Lou Raymot of Cheno, Cal. JAMES TELLER of Union county, South Dakota, who in 1890 received from Dakota county, \$82 bounty on what he claimed as wolf scalps, but which were those of ground squirrels, was last week found guilty in the district court of obtaining money under false pretenses. Teller is a farmer about sixty years of

age and an old resident of that locality. TUESDAY has been decided upon as Tuesday has been decided upon us the big day of the state fair. It is to be known as "State Day," when all the various state institutions will be rep-resented by an exhibit with some one in charge. The old soldiers will also in charge. The old soldiers will also claim this day as their own, and special attractions will be procured with a view to making this day a little ahead of the others.

THE state board of transportation met last week for the purpose of passing upon the findings of the secretaries n regard to the Schuyler and O'Neill switch cases. The board approved the findings by a unanimous vote despite the arguments of the attorneys for the road, that the law under which they are compelled to build them is unconstitutional.

A MAN by the name of Miller, living on the farm formerly owned by J. Ster-ling Morton, three miles northeast of Syracuse, lost a horse in a peculiar manner last Tuesday. He was work-ing with his team in the field, when one of the horses ran against a sunflower stalk, which penetrated to a sufficient depth to cause its death in a short time.

Adolph Leise, George Smith and George Gray, who robbed L. Goodman's clothing store in Nebraska City, were arranged for trial, pleaded guily and were sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. John Vulgamon, alias John Martin, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a horse and buggy near Palmyra, and received a sentence of fourteen months.

Three of the thieves who robbed Castle's hardware store at Clarks were ar-rested by Sheriff Porter at Central City. They were identified by a button found in the store, which had been torn off while crawling in at the window. The buttons on one of the thieves's coat matched the one found, one of which is missing from the coat. A partion of the goods have been found.

A serious fire was narrowly averted at Garvey's opera house in Hartington during the production of a play by the local dramatic club. A large lamp fell in the audience, the oil took fire and a general stampede for the stairway oc-curred. R. G. Mason and S. G. Roberts smothered the fire with their coats. Cooler heads succeeded in calming the people and the performance was con-

THE state board of agriculture board has decided to have a special Nebraska exhibit at Pittsburg at the national Grand Army of the Republic encamp-ment which is to be held there September 10. It is thought 500,000 people will be there from all parts of the country and the advertisement for Nebraska. the members of the board say, will fully repay the amount of the appropriation, which has not yet been decided upon.

CHARLES McAndrews, young Hoys and Carl Porter, three of Ainsworth's most promising young men, started for a day's hunt on the lakes south of that city and camped over night at the lakes. They started home next morning and while yet fifteen miles out their carriage in some way was over-turned, throwing them out. McAn-drews' gun was discharged, the full charge of heavy shot entering his right side just abrve the thigh. He died soon after from the effects of the

Word has has been received at Mason City of a whitecap raid between that place and Litchfield. An alleged stranger called at the house of one Davis and told him he was a former resident of the place and was desirous of finding his friends, but had lost his way in the darkness, and asked Davis to go nd show him the way. Davis complied, and when they were a short disance from the house a crowd of eight masked men met them and proceeded to give Davis a horse-whipping, and threatened to hang him if he remained in the country another night.

LEN, the 3-year-old son of J. T. Wood, a Spencer hotel keeper, awoke at midnight to find that his father and mother had gone out to a party some distance from home, and, although there was a nurse in charge of him, he succeeded in stealing out of the house unseen for the purpose of finding his mother. It was a bitter cold night, and the child only had on a night gown. A man who was awake heard a child's cry on the street and investigation showed it to emanate from poor little Len, who had wandered three blocks from home and was nearly frozen to death.

CUYLER SHULTZ, the twice convicted murderer of J. P. Farr, was brought to Grand Island from St. Paul, the scene of his late trial. Since Shultz's incar-ceration his wife has moved to Grand Island and she tried to obtain permission to have her husband see her new home before they took him to Lincoln to do sentence for twenty years. Those whom she queried in regard to the matter told her the granting of the request depended upon the sheriff. A few min-utes after the old man had stepped off the coach Mrs. Shultz approached, and those who had gathered about him immediately fell back. There was an af-fecting scene. Mrs. Shultz kissed him. and for a moment there was the suspicion of affection in his actions. The sheriff and Mr. and Mrs. Shultz then walked to the county jail. The sheriff took his prisoner to Lincoln the next

THE Ainsworth Star says: Tuesday morning last week was perhaps the largest shipment of stock ever sent out of Ainsworth in one day. A train load of twenty cars was made up consisting of thirteen cars of cattle, five cars o hogs and two cars of horses. The latter were loaded in Keystone palace horse cars, sent here from Chicago, con-taining eighteen stalls each. The horses were bought up around Ainsworth, ranging in price from \$40 to \$100 per head and consigned to New York. The cattle and hogs were also Brown county's products. The value of the twenty cars is estimated at \$18,-000 to \$20,000.

THE mutilated body of a strange man was found on the railroad track at Hyannis last week. The man had

GIVEN A VERDICT FOR FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

JURY OUT AN HOUR AND A HALF.

The Closing Day Marked by Heated Pass ages Between Attorneys Wilson and Stoll- A Duel Threatened - A Scathing Arraignment of Congressmon Breckinridge by Attorney Wilson.

Washington, April 16. - The Pollard-Breckinridge \$50,000 breach of promise case went to the jury at 3:11 o'clock this afternoon and at 4:45 o'clock returned a verdict in favor of Miss Pollard, awarding her \$15,000.

The closing day was marked by heated passages between ex-Congress-man Jere M. Wilson, leading counsel for Miss Pollard and Attorney Stoll for the defense, in regard to the famous black bordered letter; Mr. Wilson declared in the course of his speech that the letter was forged and that Mr. Stoll had the letter from which it was prepared in his pocket. Mr. Stoll regarded this as an insinuation of forgery or knowledge of forgery and resented it.

For a time there was much talk of a duel or hostile encounter, but after the noon recess Mr. Wilson made explanations which were declared satisfactory by Mr. Stoll and thus the storm clouds were dissipated without any serious trouble.

Judge Wilson started his speech with great earnestness. All of the specific charges against the character of his client had been disposed of, he said, except that resting solely on the word of the defendant, that Miss Pollard had been intimate with Rhodes. According to the law, as it would be laid down by the court, however, that matter cut no figure at all, even if it was worthy of belief, because Breckinridge had admitted that he knew of it long before the year of the first

talk of marriage.
Then, turning to another point of the testimony as showing the credibility of the defendant, Judge Wilson incited to an angry passage of words. "This was not the first time he had been seduced," he said, leveling that bony forefinger of his at the Kentucky "for he tells you that he knew the house of Sarah Goss. He had been there with some other siren before my client had seduced him.

Breckinridge interposed a remon-strance. "Now, your honor," he said, leaning forward, "there is not the slightest statement of that before the leaning forward, jury, not the slightest evidence of that. I merely said that I had been there before.'

"I believe you are correct," said Judge Bradley. "That is all you said." "You had better have evidenced it on the stand if you had wanted to," said Mr. Wilson. "I was not asked to," replied Breckinridge.

"Well you can't testify now."
"This is the last chance, and I want
the testimony quoted correctly. I

want to set your errors right." "I am merely arguing on the probabilities of the case," declared Mr. Wilson. "drawing the natural deductions from the evidence. If I had went with to Sarah Goss' before, there would have been half a dozen lawyers on their feet."

"But you did not ask it," retorted Breckinridge. "But he knew Mrs. Rose in Louis-

ville," said Mr. Wilson.
Attorney Stoll broke in: "There is no evidence that she kept an improper house then."

Wilson retorted: "Ah, but he met her on the street. She gave him her card, indicating her business. He knew her so well that he knew how to take my client there."

TWO COMMANDMENTS VIOLATED. "Gentlemen, there were written on

stone commandments," said Mr. Wilson, picking up the thread of his argument, "one of which was 'Thou shalt not commit adultery.' This defendant admits over and over again he has violated that one. On the same stone is written: 'Thou shalt not bear false witness' and if a man shall violate one of these commandments and be caught in the toils of the law is it not possible that under such straits he may violate the other?"

Every other point of the defense having been disposed of, Mr. Wilson said, there remained but the statement of the defendant that there was a mutual understanding that the car-tract to marry should not be car-ried out and that he characterized picturesquely as "a clean shaven, bald headed, obese false-hood" manufactured to state hood" manufactured to fit the ex-igencies of the case. He discussed the probability of a woman about to become a mother consenting to such an arrangement, and reviewed the testimony of Mrs. Blackburn to show that Breckinridge had taken the aggressive in proclaiming to Mrs. Blackburn the engagement and declaring that he never intended to marry any one but Madeline Pollard, and that her jealousy of Mrs. Wing was absurd.

ATTORNEY STOLL STIBBED UN Mr. Wilson, having made a point upon the jury as to the expert testimony, declared that experts were paid according to the strain upon their consciences. There would be a scandal from expert testimony until legislators stipulated that unbiased experts should be appointed by the courts. He cited the Morey letter as an evidence of the fallibility of expert testimony and then stirred up the fiercest passage of the trial by stating that the Wessie Brown letter, from which this had been forged, had been procured by the defense and carried in Mr. Stoll's pocket.

"Mr. Wilson," demanded Attorney Stoll, "do you mean to insinuate that I committed that forgery?

"I do not," replied Mr. Wilson. "I say some skilled penman committed that forgery."

"Do you mean to say that I was a party to it?"

"I say you had the Wessie Brown letter—didn't you?" demanded Judge Wilson fiercely, "didn't you?"
"I did," replied Mr. Stoll, belligerently and for a moment the crowd

surged with belligerency.
'I do not propose," urged Mr. Wilson, "that you shall stand here and traduce my client by the hour and intimidate me in the discharge of my duty. I know some things."

The disputed letter he declared to

be of no consequence, but he would brand it as a fogery, manufactured for the purposes of the third plea, adding: "And this is not the only adding: "And this is not the only piece of rascality manufactured for this defense. It was a common thing for the papers to be forged for the purposes of the case. Expert evidence was balderdash, sham and pretense and it was most remarkable that of all the years of correspondence this was the only letter produced."

The Wessie Brown letter and the al-

eged forgery were submitted to the jurors for comparison, while Mr. Wilson rested in the chair of the witness box and the Breckinridge forces con-ferred. Attorney Stoll dashed off a note and handed it to the official stenographer, who began to look over his notes. There was intense silence in the room, and when the jury had finished their examination, Mr. Wilson leaning against the witness box re-sumed his argument in his usual deliberate tone and one of the jurors asked to be shown another of Miss Pollard's letters. THREATS BUT THINLY VEILED.

Major Butterworth entered and Breckinridge said to him in an undertone, laughing, "Wilson says that Charlie Stoll forged that letter."

"He will hear from that again," remarked Mr. Stoll in a louder tone. The remark reached Judge Wilson and he stepped forward from his chair. "What was it?" he asked.

"There is another court than this one," answered a tall, thin, smooth faced spectacled Kentuckian.
"What do you mean?" asked the tall, gray-haired Indianian.

"I mean," responded Stoll, more de-liberately, "that you state that I forged a letter, which I denounce as vile and infamous." "What do you mean by another

court?" demanded Mr. Wilson fiercely. What do you mean by the other

Here Judge Bradley interposed: "Now, gentlemen," he said, "I think you had better not proceed with this." There was a moment's pause, no one had more to say and Mr. Wilson prohad more to say and Mr. Wilson proceeded, perfectly cool, with his argument. He handed to the jury the tin type of Madeline taken with Wessie Brown in the summer of 1884. "There is a girl he met that day," he said. "Now look on this picture and then on that," and for the second picture he raised his arm toward Breckinridge. "What an opportunity" he ridge. "What an opportunity," he said, "that carriage ride offered for seduction! Colonel Breckinridge seemed to think that to seduce a girl it was not necessary to stand under her window with a lute and sing love songs to her. Did not his selection of closed carriage for that warm August night indicate a purpose beyond the ordinary purposes of a drive?" Judge Bradley evidently wanted the

atmosphere to cool, for he let the usual time for the noon recess pass by several minutes. The stenograph-er brought to Mr. Stoll a transcript of Mr. Wilson's remarks and the at-torneys for the defense read it. TALK OF THE CODE DISPELLED.

There was much talk of a duel during the noon recess. Mr. Stoll went out of court on the arm of Major Butterworth, who seemed to be giving him pacific counsel. Afterwards Mr. Stoll said: "Major Butterworth is senior counsel in the case and has con-trol of it until it is finished. Under his advice I shall do nothing. After the case I am my own master. Then the case I am my own master. Then I will have my innings. I don't care to say what I shall do."

As the officers of the court entered by the rear door for the afternoon session they saw Mr. Wilson and Ma jor Butterworth seated together in the vestibule. Major Butterworth had in his hand the stenographer's report of Mr. Wilson's remarks concern-ing Mr. Stoll and was talking ear-

nestly.
It had been reported that Desha Breckinridge, son of the defendant, had carried a challenge from Mr. Stoll to Mr. Wilson, but the young man, when asked about it said: "The code provides that a gentleman may carry a challenge from one gentleman to another, but I cannot do that for Mr. Wilson is no gentleman.'

Everyone who knew Mr. Butterworth knew that he would not be the bearer of a challenge for a duel, and the natural inference was that he was

acting the part of a peacemaker.
"In the heat of this discussion in the presentation of facts," said Judge Wilson, when the afternoon session began, "counsel may have conveyed impressions that they did not intend. I had no thought of insinuating that Mr. Stoll had forged the letter or had procured it. I had no intention to charge it upon him or to convey such an insinuation. I wished merely to show him how easy it is for such things to appear. In the part of the case I now come to I shall have occasion to mention Mr. Stoll's name again. I shall mention it because it is a part of the case. When we become connected with a case we cannot be very well disassociated from it in argument. What more can I do as a lawyer and what less would Mr. Stoll as a lawyer have me do?"

Mr. Stoll expressed himself as being satisfied with Mr. Wilson's explanation, and thus the incident closed. Mr. Wilson closed with a brilliant perroration for a verdict for his client and then the judge charged the jury. The charge was rather in Miss Pol-

No Hope For Them.

glucose works for the bodies of the twelve or thirteen missing laborers was begun to-day and will proceed without cessation until the bodies are found. It is thought that the corpses will be unrecognizable. The firemen say that on account of the heat of the fire it will be next to impossible to distinguish the fragments of human

bodies from the other debris.

GOLD EXPORTATIONS.

THE USUAL SPRING SHIPMENTS BEGIN.

The First Call for \$2,000,000 is Made Treasury Department Officials Think It Will Continue for Some Time-They Declare Positively that a Second Bond Issue is not Contemplated.

Exportation of Gold. WASHINGTON, April 14.-The secre-

tary of the treasury yesterday received notice that about \$2,000,000 in gold coin would be required for export next Saturday, about half of which would be drawn from the treasury and an equal amount from the New York banks. It is the opinion of treasury officials that this shipment is the beginning of the usual spring exportation and that they are likely to continue for some time. This fact, however, is not regarded as a cause for alarm. The net gold in the treasury at the close of business yesterday was \$105,963,539. Last year at this time the gold gold exportations were abnormally heavy, reaching \$19,148,964 during April and \$16,914,317 in May. In June they had dropped to \$2,711,226 and in July to \$174,212. The financial and business conditions in Europe, as well as in the United States, have materially changed for the better this year, and in consequence the prediction is conin consequence the prediction is confidently made that the exportations will reach only a fraction of what they were one year ago. The distrust that then everywhere prevailed has disappeared to a great extent, and the money market, both at home and abroad, is much easier.

The first serious loss to our gold supply occurred early in the present month when about \$700,000 in gold was paid out in San Francisco, principally on account of pensions. Since that time there has been a gradual The first serious loss to our gold recovery, so that our net loss, since the recent sale of bonds had restored the \$100,000,000 gold reserve, is only about \$300,000. Treasury officials state in positive terms that a second bond issue is not in contemplationindeed it is believed to be extremely doubtful whether an issue of any considerable size could now be placed upon the same terms as the recent

THE COAL OF AMERICA.

One Hundred and Seventy-Nine Million Tons Produced Last Year.

WASHINGTON, April 14.-A report on the production of coal in 1893 has been completed by E. W. Parker of the United States geological survey. It shows that the total production was 179,326,612 short tons worth \$205,256,479, as follows: Alabama 5,126,693 tons, \$5,083,583 value; Arkansas 568,763 tons, \$761,347; California 72,603, \$167,555; Colorado 3,667,426, \$4,605,939; Georgia 372,740, \$365,972; Illinois, 19,494,564, \$17,827,595; Indiana, 3,681,751, \$3,937,-425; Indian territory 1,252,110, \$2,148,-637; Iowa 3,791,026, \$4.932,763; Kansas 2,453,641, \$3,024,651; Kentucky 2,855,-010, \$2,460,973; Maryland 3,651,731, \$3,209,719; Michigan 45,979, \$82,462; Missouri 2,747,428, \$6,385,599; Montana 913,460, \$1,836,073; New Mexico 601,415, \$948,248; North Carolina 17,000, \$25,500; North Dakota 49,580, \$56,150; Ohio 12,-540,770, \$11,553,794; Oregon 41,683, \$164,500; Pennsylvania, bituminous 43,298,053, \$34,408,473; anthracite 59,-950,400, \$85,684,465; Tennessee 1,904, 974. \$2,053,977; Texas 302,136, \$688,267 Utah 423,205, \$611,092; Virginia 813,-568, \$684,623; Washington 1,264,877, \$2,920,876; West Virginia 10,529,985-,115,432; Wyoming, 2,439,311, \$3,290,,

NO QUORUM AGAIN.

The House Holds Only a Brief Session The Test Expected Tuesday.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The struggle over the adoption of the new rule to secure a voting quorum, was resumed when the house met to-day. The Republicans made a preliminary stand against the approval of the journal. As soon as it had been read Mr. Boutelle jumped to his feet and objected, and when Mr. Dockery moved its approval the Republicans sat silent in their seats. Upon the announcement of the vote-105 to 0-Mr. Boutelle made the point of no quorum and the roll was called. The Republicans refrained from voting and the result-155-to 1-showed the Democrats were twenty-three short of a quorum. Mr. Dockery then moved a call of

the house instructing his side to vote down the motion in the hope of developing a Democratic quorum. But again the Democrats failed to get a quorum, the motion for a call being defeated 5-154.

Mr. Dockery then moved an adjournment and at 1 o'clock the house adjourned. The Democrats expect to have a quorum of their own by Tuesday

ALL U. P. WAGES RESTORED. The Pay of the Men Reduced Last Fall

to Be Put Back to the Old Figure. OMAHA, Neb., April 14. - United States District Judge Dundy has ordered the wages of all Union Pacific employes restored to the old rate. This applies to all the employes whose

salaries were cut last September. The opinion rendered in connection with the order is very lengthy, covering the entire history of the wage troubles on the Union Pacific road and the hearing before Judge Caldwell. It declares that Judge Caldwell, in his famous order, misstated facts and took malicious pleasure in passing strictures on him.

Foreign Labor for Taxes.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 14 .- The Law-BUFFALO, N. Y., April 16 .- The work renceville district of this city has of excavating among the ruins of the made another importation of Hungarians, Italians and Slavs, to-day, to the cotton plantations of Texas. The crowd numbered 200, which makes 700 already sent from the one district alone and the third exportation from Lawrenceville in three months. They are shipped to all parts of Texas and are fast taking the place of the negro, as their labor is so cheap and the cotton growers find them better workers.

THE TARIFF DEBATE.

The Republican Steering Committee in Conference on the Matter.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Republican steering committee of the senate met to-day for conference concerning the program to be pursued on the tarthe program to be pursued on the tariff bill. No decision was reached except to allow the debate to go on under the present arrangement as long
as possible. The opinion seemed quite
general that the present truce would
continue for at least another week.

The opinion was expressed by some

continue for at least another week.

The opinion was expressed by some of the senators present that two weeks more of uninterrupted debate would be sufficient to exhaust the speeches in general debate. If the Democrats agree to this proposition the Republicans will make the present order of speech mediag run along order of speech making run along smoothly for ten dzys when the bill will be taken up paragraph by para-graph and the real contest will begin.

GOLD "SWEATERS" CAUGHT.

Baltimore and Chicago Officers Run Down a Bold Band of Counterfeiters. WASHINGTON, April 12.—Detectives

Frourger and Reilly of Baltimore reported at the treasury department yesterday to Chief Hazen of the secret service, the arrest of a man and woman in Baltimore on charge woman in Baltimore on charge of mutilating gold coin by lightening them. From their de-scription Chief Hazen recognized James L. Wilcox and wife, for whom the secret service officers had been in search for some months. They are members of a gang which have been search for some months. They are members of a gang which have been operating extensively in Chicago and to some extent in Denver, Omaha, Sioux City and St. Louis. Their specialty was aweating \$20 gold pieces and so successful have they been that it is estimated that from \$50,000 to \$75,000 in gold coin have been artistically shaved, remilled and passed again into circulation. The leader of the gang, W. F. Shaw, is still at large.

NO GARNISHEEING WAGES. Employes on Railroads in Court Control in an Enviable Positio

TOPEKA, April 12.—United States Judge Riner, who on Saturday at Cheyenne, decided that the wages of the employes of the Union Pacific, which is now in the hands of receivers, could not be garnished said this morning that the same rule would apply to the Santa Fe and other roads in the hands of receivers. He explained that the federal courts could not afford to bother with petty actions of this character and said that so soon as a transcript of garnishment is soon as a transcript of garnishment is received from a justice court by his court he would make some ruling for the Santa Fe as he has done for the

Huntington Gives \$500 for the Army. OGDEN, Utah. April 12.—Governor West has received a dispatch from C. P. Huntington saying that the "in-dustrial army" was carried free by the Southern Pacific or were loaded into the cars by the officers of California and adding that "our company can do nothing as it is not organized for charity but for business, but I personally will contribute \$500 toward helping them."

Public Buildings Under Way. WASHINGTON, April 12. - Senator Vest has presented in the senate a list

of buildings now on the books of the supervising architect of public buildings in course of construction, giving the limit of cost under existing legislation and the total amount appropriated. The list includes 104 buildings, the limit of aggregate cost of which is \$32,827,664 and the amount appropriated \$22,802,317

Stage Robbery in Oklahoma

HENNESSEY, Ok., April 12.-The stage running between O'Keene and Watonga was held up by three men armed with Winchesters. Two pas-sengers, named Silas Coogen and Dwight Gillespie, were relieved of over \$300 and two gold watches. The United States mail was not disturbed. After doing the work the robbers rode rapidly away. Vigilantes are in pur-

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere. OMAHA.

OMAHA.

Butter—Creamery print.

Butter—Choice country...

Eggs—Fresh.

Honey—Per b.

Chickens—Dressed, per b.

Chickens—Live, per b.

Geese—Per b.

Turkeys—Per b.

Oysters

Lemons... ranges—Florida

tatoes

ppns—Navy

py—Per ton

"eet Potatoes—Jersey per bbl

nions—Per bbl.

ogs—Mixed packing

ogs—Heavy weights

eeves—Shipping steers

eeves—Stockers and Feeders

eers—Fair to good

eers—Westerns. Jersey per bbl 3 25 275 acking 5 00 yeights 5 05

Oats—Per bu. 12
Pork 12
Lard 16
Hogs—Packers and mixed 17
Lard 17
Hogs—Packers and mixed 17
Sheep—Lambs 17
ST. LOUIS 17
Wheat—No. 2 red. cash 17
Corn—Per bu 17
Cott—Per bu 17
Cattle—Native steers 18
Sheep Natives 18
Sheep Natives 18
KANSAS CITY 18
Wheat—No. 2 red, cash 18
Corn—No. 2
Cattle—Stockers and feeders 18
Hogs—Mixed packers 18 51 Ø 51¼ 31¼@ 31¼ 30 Ø 30¼ 2 75 Ø 3 65 4 85 Ø 5 05

Oklahoma Editors Aroused. ORLAHOMA CITY, Ok., April 12.—The McMasters contempt case was before the supreme court yesterday and the recommitment of the defendant was ordered. The order was subsequently suspended to permit application for hearing on a habeas corpus petition. This is virtually a test case in which the whole newspaper free ruity of the territory is arrayed against the judiciary. The fee ling against Judge Scott is bitter in the extreme, and his against judge against Judge against Judge Scott is bitter in the extreme, and his against judge against Judge against Judge Scott is decoupled and condemned action is denounced and condemned irrespective of party. McMasters has been offered bond for over \$1,000,000.