## OVER THE STATE.

AT Plainview a K. of P. lodge was recently instituted.

THE office of the Plattsmouth Herald was destroyed by fire last week. Loss

TEN baptisms were the fruits of a revival in the Christian church at Clay Center.

REVIVAL meetings in North Bend have resulted in many additions to the

THE State university of Nebraska will celebrate its silver anniversary on February 15.

A NINE-YEAR-OLD Bloomington boy kicked on the head by a colt and severely injured.

SIx million pounds of freight was handled at North Bend during the month of December.

BERTRAND shipped a total of 831 cars during 1893, consisting of 692 cars of grain, 119 of stock and twenty of broom J. A. PAYNE lost \$100 in cold cash on

the streets of Ansley and whoever found it has kept the matter a profound

WILLIE SNYDER, the Tecumseh boy who was so badly burned by falling into scalding water, died from the effects of his injuries. A NORFOLK company has received the contract for furnishing 200,000 brick to be used in building the industrial school

at Pine Ridge agency. FURNAS county expects a building boom as soon as spring comes, and work in the quarries around Beaver City is even now being vigorously pushed.

Some Omaha street railway conductors have been let out for neglecting to ring cash fares. They were reported by spotters who are kept constantly employed.

VALENTINE wants a city hall and opera house. It is suggested that twenty of her citizens contribute \$100 to the enterprise and form themselves into a company.

THE police department of Grand Island is arranging for a grand ball, the proceeds to be used in entertaining the Chiefs of Police union convention to be held there in May. Charley Miller, living near Steinaur,

Otoe county, caught his hand in the chain of a corn sheller and was so severely injured that amputation of three fingers was necessary.

THERE is a case of measles at the institute for the blind in Nebraska City. It is not thought, however, that the disease will become epidemic, as the room was promptly quarantined.

HARRY DEMERRITT, who lives on a farm near Broken Bow, was fined for using abusive language to a lady who chanced to set foot upon his land in taking the shortest route to her school in the country.

CEDAR county teachers are about to publish an educational journal, to be called the Cedar County Teacher and Pupil, with County Superintendent A. E. Ward as editor and Prof. F. E. Strain as business manager.

Simon W. Adams, who was taken to Nebraska City from Council Bluffs me time since on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, waived examination and was bound over to the district court in the sum of

miraculously escaped without broken

THE annual report of the steward of the Dodge county poor farm shows expenses for the last year of \$516.66 and receipts of \$5,666.80, there being now on the farm 2,550 bushels of corn, thirty ead of cattle, sixty hogs and five

REV. FATHER EMANUEL HARTIG of Nebraska City met with a painful accident. While on his way to visit a sick parishioner he fell, breaking both bones of his left leg, below the knee. Father Hartig is one of the most widely known Catholic clergymen in the state.

THE fears that scarlet fever and diphvould get a foothold in Minden have abated, as no new cases are reported. The schools, which were clos for two weeks on account of fear of spreading the diseases, have reopened and the danger seems to be over.

ALLIANCE children have outgrown the accommodations of their public schools. The enrollment so far this year has reached 340 pupils. Every week, save one, since the school opened in September new names have been added to the roll. Another teacher has been engaged to aid in the grammar

GOVERNOR CROUNSE last week listened to arguments on the application of David Cook, sentenced from Butler county to the state penitentiary for five years for the crime of rape. Attorney Sheisley of David City appeared for the prisoner, while Judge Matt Miller op-posed the pardon. The governor's deposed the pardon. 'cision was withheld.

THE wife of Rev. John Powers of Chadron met with a serious accident, which will probably confine her to her room for several weeks. She slipped on the icy sidewalk and fell, striking on her back and hips. She will probably not be able to walk for five or six bly not be able to walk for five or six ks. Coming just after a severe sick ness of two or three months makes it doubly unfortunate.

A MEETING of settlers on the Otoe res ervation is called to meet at Barneston to devise ways and means to carry into execution a law passed by the last congress providing that the buyers of the lands were to receive the same at the appraised value, instead of what it was bid in for. If the plan can be made to bid in for. If the plan can be made to work, it will save the settlers of the reservation over \$200,000.

OTTO BERGHMAN, a young man living near Eagle, was accidentally shot. Berghman is in the habit of carrying a revolver in his overcoat pocket. His overcoat struck a hitching post in such a manner as to cause the revolver to fire off, the bullet entering Bergman's side just above the hip and circulating around to the small of the back. The

THERE was borne in Table Rock last week to Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Caselton, a boy baby weighing only two and three fourths pounds. The parents are of ordinary size and stature as well as their other three children. In spite of the lack of muscle the boy is to bear the name of James Corbett Casetton, so it is said.

AT the January meeting of the board of supervisors of Franklin county, says a Franklin journal, the board pur-chased the creamery building for a county jail. This building is a fine large brick structure and when repaired and refitted will make the evil doers of Franklin county a suitable and pleasant abode.

CHIEF CLERK TOWNLEY and Examiner McGrew of the state banking board have completed their work of revising the constitution and by laws of the building and loan associations of the state. In a number of instances they found that the companies are doing business contrary to the laws of the state. In each case the banking board has noted the dereliction and has notified the companies that they must promptly comply with the law or suffer the loss of their certificate.

ELLA DWORAK of Schuyler, aged 7, with her two youger sisters was left at home, as was customary, while her mother was out working for a neigh-The isinglass being destroyed, fire ignited the back of her dress. She ran into the street. Her screams attracted the attention of a man passing, who rolled her in the snow and put out the flames, but not until her body was terribly burned. She is in a critical condition, but there are hopes for her

SYLVESTER BEACH, an employe in the railroad shops at Grand Island, died suddenly Saturday night. He was playing cards and about 9 o'clock he said he felt ill and when a friend was about to felt ill and when a friend was about to leave he told him to remain. "I'm going to die," he said. The remark had often been repeated by Beach whenever he had any complaint. A physician was called and found the man severely ill. He died before a second physician could be called. The cause of his death is announced as Bright's disease. Bright's disease.

THE "Roster of Soldiers, Sailors and Marines of the War of 1812, Mexican War and the War of the Rebellion, Residing in Nebraska June 1, 1893," issued from the press last week and is ready for distribution. It is compiled annually by the secretary of state in compliance with section 4451 of the Consolidated Statutes of Nebraska. The new volume makes a work of 528 pages, exclusive of the index. The roster is preceded by 156 pages of "gen-eral information," including statistics relating to the United States supreme court, circuit court of appeals, circuit courts of United States, United States court of claims, etc.

ARTICLES of incorporation were filed in Secretary Allen's office for a new railroad, to be known as the Eastern Nebraska & Gulf Railway company. The road is to run from Sioux City, Ia. and the principal place of business is to be South Sioux City, Neb. It will pass through Woodbury county, Iowa, and cross the Missouri river at that point, and run through the following counties in Nebraska: Dakota, Thurston, the Winnebago and Omaha Indian reservations, the counties of Cuming, Burt, Dodge, Washington, Saunders, Lancaster, Cass, Otoe, Gage, Johnson, Pawnee, Nemaha, Douglas, Sarpy and Richardson.

SAMUEL ROBERTS, one of the members of the Paige theatrical company, says the Hartington Leader, met with a slight accident at Wakefield Monday, st as the train was about to start for Hartington. He was standing in the doorway of the coach when the engine WHILE putting up ice at the packing house at Nebraska City R. F. Anderson fell from the top of the chute to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. He was unconscious when picked up, but missenleusly assented without broken the unfortunate man \$50. Now the the unfortunate man \$50. Now boys are trying to figure how much Mr. Roberts is worth, taking as a basis one half inch of little finger at \$50.

#### State University-The Short Course in Agriculture.

This course has been arranged this ear with reference to the accommodation of a greater number of persons for a shorter period of time. Many noted speakers are secured from outside the University, and comprise such wellknown and thoroughly informed men in their specialties as Ex-Governor Furnas and Hon. J. B. Dinsmore, from the state board of agriculture; Prof. Taylor, secretary of the State Horticultural society; Secretary S. C. Bassett of the State Dairymen's association; Secretary L. D. Stilson of the State Bee Keepers association; Hon. Chas. G. Steele, a representative of the Oxnard sugar factories, and the Hon. J. B. Erion, commissioner of the bureau of labor and

Twelve lectures are given by nine members of the faculty of the State

The largest hall in the State University ought to be tested 'to its fullest capacity by people from all parts of the state anxious to hear the lectures of the full course. How many will lay aside their work and listen to this interesting series of twenty lectures in this grand institute course?

PROGRAMME.

Monday, February 19th.—2 p. m., Hon. L. D. Stilson, York, "Bee-Keeping;" 3 p. m., Hon. J. B. Dinsmore, Sutton, "Cattle at the Columbian Exposition;" 7:30 p. m., Prof. L. Bruner, "Nebraska Insects;" 8:30 p. m., Prof. F. W. Taylor, "Agriculture in Europe,"

Taylor, "Agriculture in Europe."

Tuesday, February 20th.—2 p. m.,
Prof. C. E. Bessey, "Plant Life:" 3 p.
m., Prof. C. L. Ingersoll, "Live Stock;"
7:30 p. m., Prof. Fred W. Card, "Horticulture;" 8:30 p. m., Prof. E. H. Bar-bour, "Nebraska Soils."

Wednesday, February 21st.—2 p. m., Prof. L. Bruner, "Nebraska Insects;" 3 p. m., Prof. H. A. Ward, "Animal Parisites;" 7:30 p. m., Hon. J. B. Erion, "Importance of Labor Statistics;" 8:30 p. m., Prof. W. A. Taylor, "Prices and

Thursday, February 22d.—2 p. m., Fred. W. Card, "Horticulture;" 3 p. m., Fred. W. Card, "Horticulture;" 3 p. m., Hon. Chas. G. Steele, "The Sugar Industry;" 7:30 p. m., Prof. D. W. Brace, "The U. S. Weather Service;" 8:30 p. m. Prof. C. E. Bessey, "Plant Life." Friday, Febuary 23d.—2 p. m., Chancellor J. H. Canfield, "Education for the Farmer;" 3 p. m., Ex-Gov. R. W. Furnas, "Forestry;" 7:30 p. m., Hon. S. C. Bassett, "Dairying;" 8:30 p. m., Dr. A. T. Peters, "Diseases of Animals."

HAWAIIAN CORRESPONDENCE. President Dole Makes Specific Charges

Against This Country. Washington, Feb. 3.—The president to-day transmitted to congress the dispatch received from Minister Willis last Saturday in which he sent the letter of President Dole in reply to his repeated and urgent requests for a specific statement of grievances and charges against President Cleveland. It is as follows:

(Confidential.)

LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES. HONOLULU, Hawaiian Islands, Jan. 12. Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, Jan. 12, 1894.—The Hon. W. Q. Gresham, Secretary of State, Sir: On yesterday, at 2:30 p. m., I received the Hon. S. B. Dole's answer to my letter of January 1, requesting him "at his earliest convenience" to give me the specifications contained in a prior letter. His answer is about fifty pages of closely written official paper and has been delivered too late to either copy or reply to it in time for the steamer leaving at 2 p. m. to-day.

ing at 2 p. m. to-day.

There is one extract, however, to which I think your attention should which I think your attention should be called, wherein it is stated "this government has been and now is subjected to the necessity of increased watchfulness and a large additional expense, which but for such attitude would have been unnecessary." The emphasis above is mine. In a previous letter of December 27 Minister Dole had stated "the government offices have been placed and still continue in a condition of defense and preparation a condition of defense and preparation for siege, and the community has been put into a state of mind bordering on terrorism."

Some portions of the letters from which these extracts are made con-firm the above statements, while others seem to negative them. With this explanation I submit them to your consideration. The next steamer leaves here February 3, which would place you in possession of Mr. Dole's letter and my reply thereto on February 18. Very respectfully.

ALBERT S. WILLIS.

COX'S BANKING BILL KILLED. The House Banking Committee Refuses

to Report the Measure.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The effort to epeal the tax on state bank circulation was beaten in the committee on banking to-day by a vote of eight yeas to nine nays. The vote was taken on the bill of Representative Cox, Democrat of Tennessee, which relieves state banks from any tax on their circulation, but does not extend the relief to circulation issued by private individ-uals or corporations, and was in detail as follows:
For the bill—Cox of Tennessee, Cobb

of Alabama, Hall of Missouri, Ellis of

of Alabama, Hall of Missouri, Ellis of Kentucky, Johnson of Ohio, Cobb of Missouri, Black of Georgia and Cul-berson of Texas—all Democrats. Against the bill—Springer of Illi-nois, Sperry of Connecticut, Warner of New York, Democrats, and Johnson of Indiana, Brosius of Pennsylvania, Walker of Massachusetts, Russell of Connecticut, Henderson of Illinois Connecticut, Henderson of Illinois and Haugen of Wisconsin, Republicans.

### THE TREASURY ROBBED.

Young Indiana Clerk Confesses Having Stolen Many Silver Dollars.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.-The officials of the United States treasurer's office have discovered that James Anderson, of Indiana, trusted messenger in the office, has been pilfering silver dollars from the bags in the vaults.

It was thought at first that Anderson's peculations were very small. He admitted taking \$35, but a thorough search has up to this time shown that \$784 have been taken. The investigation is not completed.

Anderson is but 19 years of age and had just secured a leave of absence preparatory to taking an examination for the West Point military academy to which he had recently received an appointment.

A Kansan to Study Grain Rusts. WASHINGTON, Feb. . 3- Secretary Morton has appointed M. A. Carlton of the Kansas agricultural college a special agent of the department of agriculture under Professor B. T. Galloway to study rusts in cereals. The importance of the inquiry is shown by the fact that careful estimates of the losses inflicted on American grain growers by rusts amount to \$40,000,000 annually. No Verdict Yet in the Case of "Bishop"

McNamara.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 3 .- No verdict has been reached by the jury which heard the evidence in the case before Justice C. G. Nichols at Inde pendence, where James V. McNamara. the anti-Catholic lecturer, was charged with slandering Father Thomas F. Lillis. The jury stands 5 to 1 for conviction.

TOBACCO WAS THE CAUSE.

Notobac Cures the Tobacco Habit an Consumptive Gets Well.

Two RIVERS, Wis., Feb. 5. - [Special.] Great excitement and interest has been manifested in the recovery of an old-time resident of this town, Mr. Joseph Bunker, who has for several years been considered by all his friends a hopeless consumptive. Investigation shows that for over thirty-two years he used three and a half pounds of tobacco a week. A short time ago he was induced to try a tobacco-habit cure called "Notobac." Talking about his miraculous recovery to-day he said: "Yes, I used Notobac, and two boxes completely cured me. I thought and so did all my friends, that I had consumption. Now they say as you say, 'how healthy and strong you look, Joe,' and whenever they ask me what cured my con-sumption, I tell them Notobac. The last week I used tobacco I lost four pounds. The morning I began the use last of Notobac I weighed 127% pounds; to-day I weigh 169, a gain of 41% pounds. I eat heartly and sleep well. Before I used Notobac I was so nervous that when I went to drink had to hold the glass in both ands. To-day my nerves are per-ectly steady. Where did I get Notohands. To-day my nerves are perfectly steady. Where did I get Notobac? At the drug store. It is made by the Sterling Remedy company, general western office, 45 Randolph street, Chicago but I see by the printed matter that it is sold by all druggists—I know all the druggists in this town keep it. I have recom-mended it to over a hundred people and do not know of a single failure to

# MR. RAYNOR ON HAWÂII.

EX-MINISTER STEVENS VERELY CENSURED.

THE PRESIDENT HIGHLY PRAISED.

The Member of Congress to Whom Sec retary Gresham Confided the Task of Setting Forth the Administration's Hawaiian Position, Holds the Attention of the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.-When the house met to-day Mr. Raynor of Maryland, who is generally regarded as the member to whom Secretary Gresham confided the task of setting forth his position on the Hawaiian matter, began his address. In opening he said that he desired to be absolutely fair to everyone. He continued:

In the first place I am convinced be-yond all manner of reasonable doubt that Mr. Stevens, the minister of the United States, was an active participant in the overthrow of the monarchy in the Kingdom of Hawaii; and in the second place, the president having submitted the matter to congress, I am satisfied that, according to the usages and principles of international law, we have no right by the use of arms or force, to remedy the wrong that has been committed, and that all efforts for a peaceable solution of the matter having terminated, we have no further right to intervene, and that it is our duty for the present to recognize such form of government as may be determined upon by the wishes of the people of the island.

Now as to the proof that the monarchical form of government was overthrown by the armed forces of the United States and that the said government would not have been overthrown but for such intervention upon our part. There is no difficulty about this branch of the investigation whatever. No one can come to an honest conclusion upon it until he reads the testimony and analyzes the facts that have been submitted. could not select a stronger case before any impartial tribunal of the country in favor of the proposition that is now asserted that the abduction of the queen was not due to those who conbut was made by the forces of the United States and by no one else.

Mr. Raynor at some length quoted from the Hawaiian evidence submit-

ted to congress concerning the landing of troops and the establish-ment of the provisional government, claiming that the queen would not have been overthrown except by the interference of the American marines. Referring to Minister Stevens, he

We will convict him by his own letters written before these troubles began; by his own admissions and confessions-evidence that is recognized as the very strongest evidence in law His is a defense that is utterly falsified by every fact that glitters through the whole of the testimony and the correspondence that has been submitted

You talk about taking down the flag of the United States. I want to know what right had the government of the United States to raise its flag over the capital islands? I charge that the flag of the United Sta no more right to wave over the government buildings at Honolulu than the minister of the United States would have a right to-day to araise it over the government buildings in Brazil, or in any other territory where the people were powerless to resist

Mr. Raynor dwelt upon the abdication of the queen, quoting her letter to Minister Stevens and his reply. He pointed out that the word "declined" vas written in Mr. Stevens' handwriting on the back of the queen's communication and asked what right the American minister had to refuse it. Again, speaking of Mr. Stevens,

Mr. Stevens has undertaken to defame and malign almost every one who has appeared against him in this case. I have nothing to charge against him personally. He may be a man of the most honorable motives and of the most devoted standard of moral con-The only trouble about him is that he is entirely too good. He be-longs to a race of beings who appear to have dropped down upon this earth through sheer mistake. He is compelled I have no doubt, to carry around with him a heavy pair of weights to keep himself from being suddenly translated into heaven.

Let me come to the second branch of this discussion, what shall we do now? Nothing, Mr. Speaker, absolutely nothing. A great wrong has been committed; a crime has been perpetrated that cannot be justified before the nations of the world. The president in the exercise of his power nd authority has offered to reduce this wrong. It was his duty to do this. If he was right in the premises then he was right in the conclusion, and such will be the intelligent verdict of his countrymen. He have stood by with folded hands and sanctioned by his silence the concealment of this iniquity. It was a grave and delicate question to deal with and he has treated it with the unflinching integrity and courage that has characterized all of his official acts. He has as-sumed the whole of the responsibility, and, when his conduct is calmly considered, he will be fully justified at the bar of public opinion. If you once admit that our minister was at the head of this conspiracy, then it became the duty of the president under every dictate of justice to attempt to make restoration of the rights that had been plundered.

We have nothing to do with the

character of the queen or her form of government. She may be as great a tyrant as ever wielded the scepter of oppression; she may be possessed of the most savage and ferocious in-That is not the issue. question is, was she robbed of her in-heritance? Was she dethroned? Was Was she despoiled of her kingdom and

her crown by the infamous inter-ference of a minister of the United States? If so it was right, it was honorable in the highest degree. it was in accordance with our traditions and with every impulse of the national conscience to make an hones and peacable attempt to redress the grievance which she had suffered and to restore the title of which she had been robbed. This attempt has been made and the provisional government has refused to accede to the demand, and the president has submitted the whole matter to corgress for our action and determination.

As far as I am concerned I would

make no further effort whatever in behalf of the fallen sovereign of these islands. In my opinion she has passed into history and I would let her re-main there. When she refused to accept the conditions of amnesty that were proposed and insisted upon exercising the rights of a savage, and was willing in this enlightened age to stain her soil with the blood of some of her best citizens, though she claims to have had the technical right by law to do so, she placed herself beyond the pale of civilization, and however much I condemn the crime of which she has been the victim and detest the policy that made that crime possible, I would, in view of her conduct, permit her to depart from the scene of her former glory and I would make no further effort whatever to reconstruct her throne or to restore the monarchy that she represented.

I tell you, Mr. Speaker, that deeply as I love my country, with all the consecrated devotion that I would lay upon her altars, with a fervid reverence for her flag wherever its colors greet the eye, I would rather see that flag lowered and trampled upon than raised as a pirate's ensign and placed in the hands of every bucaneering demagogue to use, not as an emblem of honor, but as an instrument of terror and oppression to the helpless and enfeebled races of mankind.

SUNDRY CIVIL APPROPRIATION BILL. Before Mr. Raynor spoke, Mr. Bland presented the report on the bill to coin the silver bullion seigniorage in the treasury and gave notice that he would call it up at the first opportuni-

Mr. Money, one of the Democratic members of the foreign affairs committee, then asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a joint resolution approving the conduct of Admiral Benham in the harbor of Rio. connection with the resolution he had read copies of dispatches from Admiral Benham and Minister Thompson. Mr. Simpson of Kansas, how ever, objected. The sundry civil appropriation bill

was then reported to the house. It appropriates a total of \$32,291,382 for the fiscal year 1895. The bill for this year carried \$41,716,311. Estimates for 1895 submitted to the appropriations committee were for \$38,381,002. The greatest saving is in the item of river and harbor work, for carrying on of which \$8,300,000 is recommended while for 1894 the amount was \$14,166,152. For public buildings and grounds the appropria-tion drops to \$647,000 from \$1,077,550, although the estimates for 1895 were \$1,455,135. Other important reduc-tions are: Artificial limbs for soldiers from \$647,000 to \$196,000; claims, back pay and bounties for soldiers from \$750,000 to \$440,000; lighthouses from \$389,500 to \$286,600. The principal new appropriation is \$150,000 for new vessels for the revenue service, Of the river and harbor items \$3,415,000 is to meet contracts for improving the Mississippi and Missouri rivers,\$750,000 being provided for the Missouri. In connection with the appropriations for public buildings, the assistant treasurer is given authority for constructing the part of the whole postoffice and court house at Kansas City. Mo., for which plans have been drawn.

#### ALL THE BONDS WANTED.

Secretary Carlisle Announces That the Full Amount Has Been Subscribed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5. - Secretary Carlisle has authorized the following statement regarding the allotment of the bonds: The secretary of the treasury has

considered the proposals submitted for the new five per cent loan and has accepted all bids naming a higher price than 117.223. The proposals mitted at the upset price have been scaled down 5.331 per cent and the amount of bonds allotted under this reduction, together with the subscriptions accepted in full, is \$50,000,-

A notice will be sent to each subscriber advising him of the acceptance of his subscription, informing him when the bonds will be ready and stating the amount to be deposited in payment of the principal and pre-mium. The accrued interest to date of deposit at the rate of interest re-alized by the subscriber will be added by the assistant treasurer, with whom the deposits are to be made. bonds will be delivered by the department, after payment is made, to the address given by the subscriber, or they may be sent to the assistant treasurer with whom the deposit is A WRETCH WITHOUT PITY.

to His Awful Record.

sextuple Murderer Stone of Indiana Adds WASHINGTON, Ind., Feb. 5.—It seems that the sextuple murderer, Stone, who is now awaiting the day of hanging in Jeffersonville prison, is a deeper villain than was at first supposed if such a thing could be. His wife and children and aged father visited him one day last week for the last time and to his father, it is learned.he went over the details of his fearful crime. He also coolly confessed that he had smothered the little daughter. Ethel, who survived the slaughter, and was taken to a neighbor's house and several days wavered between life and death. It was on her evidence that the authorities expected to locate the fiend but suddenly she died. Stone said that one day he went to his neighbor's house and while they were at dinner in another room smothered Ethel, thus clearing himself of the last living witness to his fearful crime.

Experiments are being made by the French department of agriculture to transform tree twigs and leaves into food for horses and cattle.

BENHAM'S ACTS APPROVED. Secretary Herbert Cables Good Word to the Admiral.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Secretar Herbert to-day sent the following di patch to Admiral Benham:

patch to Admiral Benham:

Washington, Feb 1 — Benham Rio
Further information received from United
States ministsr. We are satisfied entirely
with the prudence and judgment with which
you have carried out instructions and pro
tected American commerce. Rely upon
for continued exercise of wise discretion.

Secretary Herbert gave out the fo lowing cablegram received from Admiral Benham Tuesday:

miral Benham Tuesday:

Rio, Jan. 29, 1894.—To Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.: Two American merchant vessels Saturday were prevented from going alongside the wharf. To-day merchant was self to take position to protect vessels going alongside the wharf. and if fired upon to return the fire. My vessel underway and cleared fired on. After the Detroit took position, boat from one vesse running the line preparatory to hading it was fired upon with muskets from a insurgent ship. Detroit returned fire with one pounder, shot striking under her bow in our pounder, shot striking under her bow in surgents fired broadside gun leeward. Late insurgents fired broadside gun leeward. Late insurgents fired broadside gun very American merchant vessel. Detroit returned fire with muskets, striking insurgent stailed, saying: "I you fire again I will return your fire, and, it necessary, will sink you."

Detroit anchored to command both vessels one merchant vessel having been carried in these vessel would discharge from the present position but my determination was not changed—to give American merchant vessels full protection to the wharf if they desire to go.

BENHAM.

Secretary Gresham has received dispatch from Minister Thompson at Rio

Secretary Gresham has received di patch from Minister Thompson at Ride Janoiro confirming the details of

Admiral Benham's encounter wit the insurgents. Germany Follows the Lead.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 2.-A launch loaded with coal and flying the Ger man flag was fired on by the rebe vessel Guanabara Tuesday in the har bor. Captain Hofmeyer of the Germa man of war Arcoms at once wen aboard the rebel warship and told he abound the rebel warship and told he commander that if he fired again upon anything flying the German flag the German warships would sink his vessel. The rebel commander replied that he could only be sunk once and he would fight the thing out. He however, ceased firing.

he would night the thing out. he however, ceased firing.
Captain Hofmeyer then cabled to Berlin, stating that he would co-oper ate with the American admiral in defending commerce from rebel molesu

It is expected that the British nava commander here will soon receive in structions to the same effect.

#### Deadly End of an Old Feud.

BECKER, Mo., Feb. 2 .- Henry Frie and his father-in-law, John Schultz living near here, had been foes fo several years. Tuesday night Fries dared Shultz to shoot him and Shult killed him. He then surrendered to the nearest justice of the peace, who refused to hold him. He then returned home, slept all night and while feeding stock in the morning blew his brains out.

Shot by a Crazy Son. PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 2.—Robert Jones 10 years old, last night sent three bul lets into his father because he refuse to buy him a pair of shoes. The in jured man was removed to the hosp tal and is in a critical condition. The boy gave himself up, saying that he had killed his father and was glad of it. He is believed to be crazy.

#### Excursion to South Texas.

Remember that all lines of railroad run an excursion at about half fare good for thirty days, to Houston Texas, starting on the 13th of Feb

The land of everlasting spring, ever blooming flowers and delicious fres fruits invites you.

The only real estate activity in the United States is in and around House ton, Texas. Better lands than you own can be bought for \$10 an acre, within few miles of Houston. Better lots that you live on, with every modern con venience (electric cars, electric lights city water, complete drainage, beauti ful location) can be bought in Houston for \$2 per front foot (and some ar

being given away). Write Daily Post for information you can not join the excursion. How ton Heights will send you free beauti

fully illustrated book. Houston, Texas, has between forty and fifty thousand population, four teen railroads, more factories that any other city in the state, and doe more business than any city twice a large in the United States Look " its clearing house reports.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKET

Quotations from New York, Chicago. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere. OMAHA.

OMAHA.

Butter—Creamery print...

Butter—Fair to good country.

Eggs—Fresh...

Honev—Fer B...

Chickens—Dressed, per B.

Geese—Per B...

Turkeys—Per B...

Oysters...

Lemons...

Apples—Per box.

Oranges—Florida...

Potatoes... Potatoes 190
Beans—Navy 190
Cranberries—Cape Cod,per bbl 510 Wheat-No. 2, red winter..... 

CHICAGO.