

THE FRONTIER.

ESTABLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY THE FRONTIER PRINTING CO.

O'NEILL, NEBRASKA.

OVER THE STATE.

BEATRICE last week suffered a \$3,500 fire.

PATRICK RYAN of South Omaha was struck by the cars and killed.

The foreign grocery sharks are working Fillmore county. Wornly peaches 1/2 price.

FRANK COIL'S residence, two miles west of Lyons, was burned. Nearly all the household goods were destroyed.

RICHARDSON county farmers assert that sorghum makes valuable food for stock. Two crops can be harvested from one sowing and it is proof against dry weather.

J. F. NEWCOMB of Lincoln has become violently insane and will be taken to the asylum. Newcomb tried to cut his wife's throat and subsequently made an effort to take his own life.

The barn of George Hurst, who lives twelve miles south of Cozad, was destroyed by fire last week, together with eight head of horses belonging to him. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is covered by insurance.

LESTER RYAN, aged fourteen, living three miles north of Exeter, fell twenty feet from a windmill tower, striking on his head on the frozen ground. The doctor cannot tell the extent of his injuries, but thinks he will recover.

AS MR. AND MRS. JOHN EVANS, living two miles west of Beaver Crossing, were returning home from church one of the harness rings broke, causing the team to run away, throwing Mr. and Mrs. Evans out, severely injuring both of them.

JAMES PITCHARD, wife and children of Kearney were taken from their home by the officials and lodged in the county hospital because of their desperate poverty. Two of them were unconscious when removed, but they are now recovering.

THERE came near being a tragedy on the streets of Neligh the other day. A man and his wife and a third party came together unexpectedly and the two men drew revolvers. They didn't shoot, though, but warrants have been issued for their arrest.

Mrs. T. H. BENNETT, who resides above Rice's hall in Harvard, fell down the long outside stairs leading to her rooms. At first she supposed herself not much hurt, but now it is feared she has sustained severe injuries from which she may never recover.

A BARN, two head of fine horses, a carriage, a lot of feed, etc., belonging to John G. Rockafellow at Grand Island, was destroyed by fire. The origin of the fire is a mystery, but probably resulted from tramps sleeping in the hay. Loss about \$800, no insurance.

THERE has been considerable sickness from grip and kindred complaints at O'Neill and vicinity the past two weeks, owing to cold and inclement weather. One case of scarlet fever in O'Neill is reported, and a second of scarletina, on account of which school was closed temporarily.

Mrs. CARL MORTON of Nebraska City, daughter-in-law of the secretary of agriculture, had a narrow escape from death. While driving across the Missouri Pacific railway tracks a freight engine backed down upon the buggy. Prompt action of bystanders, who seized the horse by the bridle and backed him from the track, alone saved her life.

The Thanksgiving feast given by Warden Beemer of the state penitentiary to his guests has never been surpassed. The fare consisted of roast turkey, dressing and cranberry sauce, mashed potatoes, pickles, brown gravy, wheat, rye and graham bread, creamery butter, French drip coffee with sugar and cream, cranberry pie, cake, apples, oranges and cigars.

The new Evangelical Lutheran Christ church at Norfolk was dedicated last Sunday. There was a large attendance at the various services held during the day. Rev. J. Hilgendorf of Arlington preached the dedicatory sermon. The building is a neat and most substantial brick structure of large seating capacity, a gallery extending around three sides. The cost was about \$12,000.

A FATAL accident happened about three miles southeast of Calhoun. E. B. Bart and a friend by the name of William Woods of Omaha went there for a hunt. Woods was trying to chase a rabbit out of an old tree stump, and while doing so laid his cocked gun against the stump. His dog was with him and, in its excitement to get at the rabbit, knocked the gun from the stump. It exploded and the contents were emptied in Mr. Wood's thigh. He died in a short time.

CENTRAL CITY has, for several years, suffered from the petty stealings of a gang of thieves. Lately cars have been broken into and flour, groceries and coal taken in large quantities. No arrests were made until last week, when Detectives Ransom and Miller of Omaha, assisted by Sheriff Porter, arrested A. L. Young in a car. Young, to save himself, gave the names of Malon Flint, Lester Flint, Fred Persons, Bob Nance and Hugh Miller, as the gang who did the stealing. They have been arrested and the stolen property found in their possession.

At a regular meeting of the officers and executive board of the North Platte Irrigation association, held on November 23, 1893, it was unanimously decided that there be a convention called to meet in North Platte, Tuesday, December 19, 1893. All persons interested in the welfare and prosperity of the state are earnestly requested to be present, as business of great and vital importance to the state will come before the association for discussion and action, namely, the formation of a state irrigation association.

MONEY will never be very plenty in Nebraska as long as people send all their money outside the state for their supplies. Factories are employing labor and put money in circulation. Farrell & Co.'s brand of syrups, jellies, preserves and mince meat; Morse-Coe boots and shoes for men, women and children; Consolidated Coffee Co.'s brand of coffee, extracts and yeast; Page Soap Co.'s Silver Leaf and Borax soap; Preston's self-raising buckwheat and pancake flour; American Biscuit & Manufacturing Co., Omaha crackers; Omaha Silicon Co.'s hard wall plaster; Union Life Insurance Co. of Omaha.

A MEETING of business men of Beatrice was held to discuss the question of inaugurating a series of excursions to that city from adjoining points.

PROFESSOR H. H. WHITE of Gates college died last week. His mother and brother took the body home to Connecticut for burial. Professor White was a graduate of Yale and was professor of languages at Neligh. Gates thus loses one of the strongest members of her faculty.

JOHN PETERSON, a grader of Omaha, was charged with cruelty to animals. He had packed nine mules away in a basement which is hardly large enough to hold four. The mules were allowed to go from two to three days at a time without food or water. Some of the mules were so poor and weak that they could scarcely stand.

THE Citizens National bank of Grand Island, the oldest banking institution in that city, closed its doors last week. Liabilities, deposits, \$183,906; redemptions, \$26,000; assets, notes discounted, \$276,326.18; cash on hand, \$13,391. This, if it all were available, would leave, after the payment of deposits, a surplus of \$79,811.37. But there is some doubt that a part of the assets are collectable. How large this portion is no one can tell now and during the present depression of business and of the money market it will undoubtedly take a good while to realize on outstanding notes which are collectable. It is confidently asserted that depositors will all get their money in time.

Nebraska Manufacturers' and Consumers' Association.

This association was formed three years ago and at that time the most enthusiastic worker never dreamed that the movement would attain its present proportions. It has become not only the strongest commercial organization in the west, but one that commands the respect and has the best wishes of every citizen in the state. This fact was attested at the banquet given by the association in Lincoln, which was attended by all the state officials, the managers and stewards of the public institutions of Nebraska, the officers of the city government of Lincoln and the most prominent business men and manufacturers from all parts of the state.

Mayor Weir of Lincoln welcomed the delegates, urging that "if there is any one thing which the people of this state should foster and encourage, it is the industries and local enterprises of the state." Lieutenant Governor Majors responded to the toast, "Nebraska and Her Resources," saying he was proud of the manufacturers' organization. Its members represent the grit, the upbuilding and the development of this great commonwealth, of which we are so proud. He believed in Nebraska products, in Nebraska children, in Nebraska women, in Nebraska men, the grandest people ever raised in a state of this union. He was the head of a family of eight—all strictly of Nebraska production. He believed in the manufactures of Nebraska. If proper encouragement was given Nebraska alone could produce all the sugar used by the people of the entire nation.

Hon. George P. Bemis, mayor of Omaha, responded to the toast in honor of his city. He gave the following statistics regarding Omaha and South Omaha industries:

Table with 2 columns: Category and Value. Includes 'NUMBER OF FACTORIES', 'PEOPLE EMPLOYED', 'CAPITAL EMPLOYED', 'VALUE OF OUTPUT', 'WAGES PAID'.

Tot \$1,500,000. Attorney General Hastings, responded to the toast of "Benefits to the People of Nebraska in Patronizing Home Industry," and was frequently interrupted by the applause which followed some of his most telling remarks.

He said that Nebraska, commencing with only a few hundred at the time of the first census, her numbers had swelled to 1,163,110 in 1890, and at the present time a close estimate puts the population at 1,500,000. Show me a contented people and I will show you an industrious people. It takes no prophetic eye to see that the sugar of the United States will soon come from Nebraska. Hundreds of other manufactures, which I might name, are rapidly coming to the front. It has been our duty and pleasure to place the products of our manufactures in state institutions. I am frank to say that since this has been done the result has more than justified our expectations.

Hon. I. M. Raymond of Lincoln responded to the toast, "The Manufacturing Industries of Nebraska," and spoke in a few well chosen words. He said that we have resources in this state sufficient to build many large and prosperous cities, if we will only employ labor and turn the raw material into manufactured products. By developing all the interests we will be able to make the greatest and grandest state in the union."

John S. Knox, traffic manager of the Cudahy Packing company, responded to the toast, "The Packing Industries of Nebraska." The speaker asked the question, "What has the packing industries done for Nebraska?" and answered it as follows:

"About \$50,000,000 in live stock has been marketed in the last year alone. The employes probably number 25,000, or 6,000. They no doubt support 25,000, so that we may count 50,000 people as the direct outgrowth of the packing industries of Nebraska. We claim that in making a market for Nebraska hogs and cattle we draw large supplies of stock from adjoining and distant states. In consequence, we have made a market for what is known as feeders. With the growth of that character of trade there can be no limit. The farmers of Nebraska can expect this growth to continue. I endorse most heartily the building up of a brotherhood of Nebraska."

AGAIN THE BOMB.

HURLED INTO THE FRENCH CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

IT IS THROWN FROM A GALLERY.

A Deputy and a Messenger Fatally Hurt and Many Others Seriously Wounded—The Mischance a French Anarchist—Immediately Captured by the Police—Intense Excitement.

PARIS, Dec. 11.—In the midst of the session of the chamber of deputies at 4 o'clock this afternoon, but at a time when the proceedings were not interesting and the floor and galleries were not so crowded as usual, though there was a fair attendance, an Anarchist, who had secured admission to the right gallery, threw a bomb down into the midst of the assembled deputies.

The deadly missile exploded with a loud report, scattering pieces of iron and leaden slugs in every direction. Socialist Deputy Le Meyers de Villiers and a messenger, who were close to the spot were fatally mangled.

M. Burton Traubin, a newspaper man, who was on the floor of the chamber, was badly wounded in the forehead, and several deputies were wounded, among them M. Dumas, deputy from Allier.

It is said that the bomb seemed to be filled with shot or slugs and that when it exploded these missiles were thrown with the greatest force in all directions, reaching even as high as the galleries.

The police, immediately after the explosion, closed all the doors of the chamber of deputies and refused to allow anybody to pass in or out, until an investigation should be concluded.

The explosion and the conflicting reports in circulation caused the greatest excitement throughout Paris. There are people who insist, in spite of the announcement of the police that nobody was killed outright, that two deputies were killed on the spot and many wounded.

It is announced that the police have made several arrests from among the people in the galleries of the chamber of deputies at the time of the explosion. One of the persons arrested is said to have been the one who threw the bomb.

The president of the chamber of deputies, Mr. Dupuy, behaved with the most admirable coolness and courage and did everything possible to restore order and to prevent a spread of the panic which seized upon everybody present when the explosion took place.

When quiet was somewhat restored, it was discovered that nobody was killed outright and M. Dupuy rang the bell of the president of the chamber calling the deputies to resume their seats. About one-third of the number of deputies present at the time of the explosion obeyed the summons and when they were seated M. Dupuy rose and said as calmly as if nothing had happened: "Such attempts should not disconcert the chamber. I invite you to continue your discussions with calmness, where the order of the day has been dealt with. The proper officials will do their duty." [Loud and prolonged cheers.]

In the midst of indescribable commotion, the discussion of the verification of the deputies was resumed.

As the discussion was resumed the frightened spectators gradually resumed their places in the galleries. Soon after Premier Casimir-Perier mounted the tribune and congratulated the chamber of deputies upon having adopted the advice of M. Dupuy, adding: "The chamber had done its duty and the government will do the same." [Loud cheering.]

The rooms where the wounded persons were treated presented a sanguinary appearance. The wound from which Deputy Le Myre is suffering is very dangerous. He has a severe wound in the neck, but it is expected that he will recover.

At least a score of spectators from the tribunes and galleries traversed the Salle des Paserdues in order to get medical assistance. All had bloody shirts and cravats and wounds could be seen about their faces.

The explosion occurred the moment the bomb left the Anarchist's hand, which explains the number of people wounded in the gallery. Had the bomb fallen among the deputies a number of them would have been killed. A number of strangers and journalists, all more or less wounded, were picked up even on the second floor. Scattered about the chamber were pieces of iron larger, but of the same shape as nailheads.

MURDER IN THE SECOND DEGREE.

NOBNO, Mo., Dec. 11.—The jury in the case of W. G. Simmons, charged with the sensational murder of Lulu Noel in McDonald county last December, to-day returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced him to ten years in the penitentiary.

To Try the Hillman Case Again.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 11.—Judge Riner of the United States circuit court sitting in Topeka announces that Judge Thomas of North Dakota has been appointed by Judge Caldwell to try the famous Hillman insurance case, the trial to be held in this city during the January term.

The Cherokee Commission Organized. WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The commission consisting of ex-Senator Dawes of Massachusetts, chairman; R. F. McKenney of Arkansas and Major M. H. King of Indiana, which was appointed by the president on November 1, to confer with the five civilized tribes of India, have effected an organization by the appointment of Andrew F. Wright of Grant county, Ind., as secretary; H. M. Jacow of Arkansas as stenographer, and Miss Dawes as assistant. The first meeting of the commission will be held in Muskogee, Ind. Ter., in about ten days.

CHARGES OF BLACKMAIL.

George Gould Makes a Statement Regarding Mrs. Nicolau's Suit—Her Record.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—In reference to the recovery of \$40,000, filed against George J. Gould by Mrs. Zella Nicolau, through her guardian, Mr. Gould has authorized the following statement:

"I never gave the woman a check for \$40,000 or any other amount. It is evidently a scheme to extort money from me. The woman first came to my office nearly a year ago and claimed to know several prominent persons in Chicago with whom I am acquainted. According to her representations she was here without money, and being desirous of returning home she said she had come to me for a pass. I never give passes to women, but out of sympathy for the girl's position I did decide to help her and gave her money enough to take her back to Chicago comfortably. Within a week she came to my office again and said her departure for Chicago had been delayed and confessed that she had been obliged to spend part of the money which I had given her, and therefore did not have enough to enable her to return home, as she had intended. Thereupon I gave her some more money, but when she came back again a week later, I refused to see her, because I had then decided that she was not telling the truth. That is all I know about the woman."

The young woman, now 18 years old, is the daughter of David Lytle, a man in poor circumstances, who lives in Wabash, Ind. When a mere girl she secured a situation in a dry goods store and soon after left Wabash for Logansport, Ind., where she made a claim against a man by the name of Christman. From Logansport Rozella Lytle is said to have gone to Kansas City and thence to other Western points. She entered Chicago over a year ago and there met William A. Nicolau, a rich widower, to whom she was married. They went to Joliet to live, but life proved too humdrum for the bride after six weeks and she deserted her husband and returned to Chicago, where she lived for some time without visible means of support. Among those whom she met at this period was Albert Ruhman, who figures in the suit as guardian. Last winter she came to New York, pending an action for a divorce from Nicolau. At one time she thought some of making her debut as an actress and received instruction from a well known actor.

MR. BAYARD TALKS.

The Ex-Secretary of State on the Hawaiian Imbroglio. LONDON, Dec. 11.—Neither the foreign office nor the Hawaiian charge d'affaires have any advice concerning Hawaii from Auckland to-day.

United States Ambassador Bayard read the special dispatch to the Associated Press, and then said: "President Cleveland will deal with the weak Hawaiians in the most magnanimous manner and will not force upon them a government which they have not had a full chance to discuss."

Regarding dispatches published in the Times and Standard, to-day, indicating that President Cleveland is about to reverse his Hawaiian policy and that new instructions to this effect have been sent to Hawaii, adding that the whole question would be sent to congress, Mr. Bayard said: "There can be no reversal of a policy based simply upon justice and magnanimity. President Cleveland's policy is one of non-interference. He had no intention of entering the islands and depositing the government. The policy of the United States toward Hawaii is not a selfish one. On the contrary the president's intention is that no advantage shall be taken of the weakness of the queen's party and that the queen shall have a full and fair chance to get on her feet, if possible. The Hawaiian native autonomy has been so enfeebled by late events that I hardly know whether the Hawaiians can avail themselves of the offer of the president to restore the queen to the throne."

Mr. T. H. Davis, the guardian of the Princess Kaiulani, is now in Hawaii and the princess is on the continent. The latest news received by a representative of Mr. Davis in this country confirms the special dispatch to the Associated Press from Auckland, New Zealand.

A SWINDLER OF RENOWN.

Howard of Jackson, Tenn., Identified by Noted Men as a New York Fraud.

JACKSON, Tenn., Dec. 11.—In the Howard trial yesterday John C. New, secretary of the treasury under President Arthur, and consul general at Liverpool under President Harrison, and Robert T. Lincoln, late American minister to the court of St. James, with London Detective Forest testified, forming a chain of identification of Dr. G. F. B. Howard as "William Lord Moore," the fraudulent inheritance claim agent whom Forest forced to stop swindling. Sergeants Heidelberg and McCloskey of Superintendent Byrne's staff of New York city are in the city to identify the defendant as "Leger" and "Boss" of the European claims agency. Insall Balmer of New York also identified the defendant as Ross, head of the European claims agency. This seems to make William Lord Moore of London, E. Ross and Joseph Leger of New York and G. F. B. Howard of Jackson, one and the same man.

KANSAS MORTGAGES.

Decision by the Supreme Court on the New Law. TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 11.—Judge Bailey of Rice county held that the equity of redemption of eighteen months provided in the new mortgage law applied to judgments of foreclosure, and refused to confirm a sheriff's sale. To-day the supreme court by Justice Allen, the Populist member, reversed Judge Bailey, saying the law "does not have the effect to change or nullify any of the terms of a judgment duly rendered before the passage of the act."

Judge Allen refused to pass upon the constitutionality of the act, leaving that point to be settled in the cases yet to be decided in which the right to apply the equity of the redemption to existing contracts is involved.

DAWES' INDIAN COMMISSION.

Little Faith Expressed in Its Being Able to Accomplish Anything.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Very little confidence is expressed here that the Dawes commission which is preparing to treat with the Five Civilized tribes of the Indian territory will be able to achieve any results of value. The opposition on the part of the Indians to the proposed surrender of tribal sovereignty so far as it has been manifested by their representatives and spokesmen in Washington has continuously been unbroken and is said to be especially strong among the Cherokees.

Ex-Senator Dawes has had much experience with Indian affairs from a legislative standpoint, but none, even among his admirers, conversant with conditions, venture a prophecy of success. All that is looked for is a series of protracted negotiations and the ultimate submission of a fruitless report.

Meanwhile the interior department evidences no haste as to the opening of the reservations in the Indian territory, to which title has either extinguished or soon will be. Chairman McRae of the public lands committee said to-day that it was even possible that settlement would be delayed until such time as the law under which the Cherokee strip was opened should be amended in accordance with the expressed desires of the interior department.

MONEY FOR THE NAVY.

Strong Efforts Will Be Made to Prevent Cutting of Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 9.—Chairman Cummings of the committee on naval affairs thinks that the appropriations for the naval establishment will not be cut down by this congress, though he thinks that a fight will be made on the bill. The fact that Chairman Sayers of the appropriations committee has not obtained information about the expenditures for the navy for the past few years indicates that it is intended to make a fight on the naval expenditures, but Mr. Cummings feels sure that it would not be successful as the demands for the navy are greater than they were last year. When the last appropriations were made there were many contracts that had not been completed. Now that these contracts had been filled the appropriations must be made.

OPTION DEALING IN GRAIN.

An Important Opinion of the Missouri Supreme Court.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Dec. 9.—Judge Burgess of division No. 2 of the supreme court filed an important opinion yesterday in a case involving a construction of the law involving option dealings in grain. There was a cross-appeal in two cases, one by the brokerage firm of Connor & Connor of St. Louis to recover commission and \$4,400 of margins from one Black, and the other by Black to recover \$5,000 put up with the firm to hold a deal on 100,000 bushels of oats. The court finds that the dealings were purely fictitious, so far as actual delivery of grain was concerned, and the court holds that such contracts under the existing law are gambling, and consequently void. It is held to be the duty of both parties to be apprised of each other's intentions. If even one of the parties is dealing in fictitious property the contract is also void.

KANSAS FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

The Omaha Platform Indorsed—Change Made in Membership.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 9.—At the session of the State Farmers' Alliance yesterday a new constitution was adopted which practically converts the organization into an adjunct of the People's party and transforms it into a political association on the basis of the Omaha platform, which was formally and completely indorsed. A change was made in the membership qualification by which workingmen as well as farmers may hereafter be identified with the Alliance. The educational campaign plans suggested by State Lecturer S. M. Scott were adopted, and the work of instruction is to be commenced at once and prosecuted zealously during the coming year.

Wants to Separate from Oklahoma.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 9.—G. W. Hoskins of Beaver City, Ok., who is here, says that the people of Beaver City are not satisfied with the status of their county in the territory of Oklahoma, and that a committee has been appointed to communicate with the governors of Kansas, Texas, Colorado and New Mexico, with a view to arranging some means of attaching No Man's land to one of these commonwealths. Secession from Oklahoma, is, it is said, loudly demanded.

Gold by the Sackful Found.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 9.—Joseph Deitch, an aged Hebrew, died Monday. Yesterday \$91,000 in gold was found concealed in his bedroom. Money by the sackful was carted off to the bank. The Union Trust company took charge of the estate and gave bond for \$200,000 for personal property alone. Deitch gave largely to benevolent institutions after providing in his will for a \$50,000 monument in the Hebrew cemetery.

Mad Panic in a School.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Dec. 9.—In one of the suburban public school buildings yesterday afternoon a child fainted, and when the teacher stepped out for some water the scholars began screaming and ran for the door. The panic spread through all the rooms and the scholars trampled over each other and their teachers in wild rush. Many were severely bruised, but none seriously hurt.

Mr. George Du Maurier's novel, "Trilby," which will begin in the January Harper's, is said to surpass in interest his "Peter Ibbetson." It deals with the fortunes of three English art students in Paris, and the setting is the Latin Quarter of the 'Fifties. The heroine is a model of mingled Irish and Scotch extraction, whose name gives the title to the story.

STATE BANK TAX REPEAL.

The Matter to Be Voted by the House and Not the Currency Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—It is now known definitely that the house committee on banking and currency will report the bill to repeal the ten percent tax on state banks as soon as a vote in the committee can be reached. Of the seventeen members of the committee the six Republicans and Representative Springer of Illinois and Sperry of Connecticut will vote against reporting the bill. Representative Johnson of Ohio, who was supposed to be doubtful, says that he will report it favorably for the committee in order to get it before the house. He thinks that with a matter of this importance, in which so many members are interested, the question should be brought before the house for consideration, but he will reserve the right to vote against the bill on the floor of the house.

Mr. Johnson believes that because there was no mention of the bill in the president's message it has no considerable support. Several members who were for repeal before the message have expressed themselves since as being indifferent or believing it would not be wise to pass the measure now.

NOTICES OF SPEECHES GIVEN.

Mr. Morrill Will Discuss the Tariff and Mr. Hill Federal Election Law.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—The senate met to-day with a very light attendance. A motion by Mr. Gorman, Maryland, that when the senate adjourned to-day it be to meet on Monday next, was agreed to.

Mr. Morrill, Republican of Vermont, offered a resolution declaring that all parts of the president's message relating to the tariff, internal revenue and income tax be referred to the committee on finance. He asked that the resolution lie on the table and give notice that next Wednesday he would address the senate thereon.

Mr. Hill gave notice that Monday immediately after the conclusion of the morning business, he would move to take up for consideration the bill to repeal the federal election laws reported from the committee on the judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Manderson of Nebraska, the senate bill to reimburse the state of Nebraska for expenses incurred for repelling a threatened invasion and raid by the Sioux in 1890 and 1891 was passed.

CHOCTAW MURDERS.

Three Have Occurred Within the Past Week But No One Has Been Arrested.

CADDO, Ind. Ter., Dec. 8.—A full blood Choctaw by the name of Moses was found dead near the mouth of Blue Creek, where it empties into Red river, last Sunday morning. Two balls passed through his head and one through his breast.

Two other Choctaws were found dead on Boggy creek near here last week. There have been no arrests for either of the murders, and none of the Choctaw officials have made any effort to find out who the murderers are.

Republican Senatorial Adviser.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Senator Sherman as chairman of the senate Republican caucus has announced as members of the Republican advisory committee, Messrs. Allison, Hale, Aldrich, Callom, Dolph, Manderson, Washburn, Quay and Dubois. The duties of the committee are indicated by its name. They are to be the same as the duties of the Democratic steering committee, though the Republican members object to that designation.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

A bill has passed the house providing for two additional judges for the supreme court of Oklahoma.

Congressman Boatner of Louisiana, may succeed the late Judge Billings of that state, on the bench.

Fire at East Dallas, Texas, destroyed property valued at nearly \$100,000.

Safe blowers robbed an Indianola, Iowa, jewelry store of over \$3,000 worth of jewelry.

The Chatahoocie, one of the finest lower Mississippi steamers, burned at Vicksburg, causing a loss of \$45,000.

In court at Dexter, Mo., Marion Hooey pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree and was sentenced for life.

Riley Hughes, a miner at Taylor Mines, Ky., threw a wet lump of blasting powder on the fire at his home. An explosion followed, killing his wife and child.

LIVESTOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Quotations from New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

Table with multiple columns showing market prices for various commodities like Butter, Eggs, Chickens, etc., in different locations like Omaha, Chicago, St. Louis, and Kansas City.