

THE FRONTIER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
THE FRONTIER PRINTING COMPANY

THERE is always danger of overdoing a thing. For instance the change the democrats are making the country.

DR. NORVALL, of Chambers, is mentioned as a candidate for county superintendent on the independent ticket.

THE O'Neill Sun says it "is the best and strongest paper in the vicinity," but we don't hear anyone else saying so.

THE pensions of Secretary Gresham, Congressman Black and other prominent democrats have not been suspended as yet.

CARE should be taken that some of the new members of congress do not mistake the sound of the Washinton garbage man's horn for Gabriel's last toot.

THE safe deposit companies are making money out of the present public distrust of banks, but the general public is losing a thousand times more from the same cause.

WONDER if the old soldiers are endorsing the administration of the pension department under Hoke Smith? Guess not. But then Hoke follows Grover's instructions.

THE O'NEILL FRONTIER has just completed its thirteenth year, and did not find it an unlucky year. It is like some other things good to take—it improves with age.—Wisner Chronicle.

"In the good old days when we had a republican president and congress" is the burden of the song heard in industrial circles. Never mind, boys, keep a stiff upper lip, those days will come again, and come to stay.

THOSE who believe with Mr. Cleveland that dropping a congress in the slot will bring immediate relief will know better before they are many months older. The people of the nation pray that their action will be wise and bring relief.

THE subject of irrigation is a question that is being agitated a good deal in some portions of this state and should be agitated here. Holt county could be easily irrigated and the benefit derived therefrom cannot be estimated. Let us agitate the subject.

WITH its last issue the O'Neill Frontier was thirteen years old, and a lusty youngster it is. THE FRONTIER has always been one of the best papers in the northwest, and under the management of King & Cronin it has grown better and brighter.—Butte Gazette.

IN one county in Kansas the democrats and populists are running the same ticket on two platforms, one populist and the other Clevelandite. The democrats are accustomed to using platforms upon which two or more constructions might easily be put, but two platforms is a new idea.

THE next treasurer of Holt county must be a democrat.—Sun.

By all means. It has been less than two weeks since the county settled a \$13,000 shortage with the last democratic treasurer for a very few cents on the dollar. This record certainly entitles them to another whack.

THE independent party of Holt county would have shown greater judgment than it has yet displayed if it had elected M. F. Harrington county attorney in the first place. In that case they would have an able official and then the county would be saved the expense of hiring additional counsel every time any little legal question arises.

THE lowest criminal when taken into court is assumed to be innocent until his guilt is proven, but every republican who draws a pension is assumed to be a fraud by this administration until he proves his innocence. It is the government, too, which has to prove the guilt of the criminal, while the pensioner is now to be made to prove his innocence.

OVER 5,000 pensioners have been dropped from the pension roll since March 4. After their suspension they are given sixty days in which to furnish the department with additional evidence as to their disability and if the evidence is not furnished their names are dropped from the roll. The present administration loves the old soldier—at the ballot-box.

It appears strange to us that a foreigner like the Wandering Jew could have the intrepidity to settle in our midst and attack the good names of one-third of our oldest and most highly respected citizens in defiance of truth and honor. The majority of our readers may not be aware of it, but it is a fact that the journal over which he is supposed to preside is controlled by a large body of stockholders, in the aggregate a mass of nonentities. We have a list of these nondescripts, furnished us some two months ago, that we are thinking of giving to the public that it may see who is doing the talking through that tarnished mouthpiece, Kautzman. There are men on the list who would much rather not be caught in the crowd, but if they are willing to sit idly by and witness this wholesale libeling, we must, perforce, do our duty and let the galled jades win.

HE who dances must pay the piper. The democrats and the populists did much dancing last November. They voted for a change, and they have it. Closing mills and mines answer a free-trade victory. Closing banks answer the votes of those who declared that money lenders were robbers. Wall Street democrats also know what their victory has cost. To such of them as hold stocks the year has brought the change for which they voted.—New York Tribune.

THE people of Atelope county will this fall vote upon the proposition of changing from the supervisor system to that of five commissioners. It is said that the supervisors themselves are strongly in favor of the change. It is only a question of time until Holt county voters will awake to a realization of the fact that THE FRONTIER has been talking truth. There is no argument in favor of the supervisors that will not apply to seven commissioners and then the cost to the county will be reduced over two-thirds.

SPEAKING of the very large growth of our milling industry, as shown by our heavy exports of flour, which formed 45 per cent. of all the wheat exported during the year ending June 30, 1893, the Evening Post, of New York, says: "Being of necessity unprotected by tariff duties, the growth and success of flour manufacturing and the steady increase in foreign sales form the most encouraging sign of what American industries in other lands will be able to accomplish when the removal of the absurd tariff restrictions shall enable them generally to compete with the trade of the world." It is surprising to see such dense ignorance quoted in the Evening Post, a paper that is generally supposed to be well informed on commercial matters. A reference to schedule G of the McKinley tariff will show that wheat flour is equally protected with wheat. The duty on wheat is 25 cents per bushel and on wheat flour it is 25 per cent. ad valorem. Our increased exports of flour therefore show not what "the removal of the absurd tariff restrictions" has enabled them to do, but how the flour industry has been enabled "to compete with the trade of the world" under a very proper form of protection.—American Economist.

SENATOR JOHN SHERMAN, of Ohio, in a letter recently to another member of the committee of three which framed the Sherman law, says:

I never for a moment have regretted the passage of the act of 1890, commonly called the Sherman act, though as you know I had no more to do with it than the other conferees. There is but one provision in it that I would change, and that is to strike out the compulsory purchase of a given quantity of silver and give authority to the secretary of the treasury to buy silver bullion at its market price when needed for subsidiary coinage. Other provisions should be made for full legal tender United States notes, supported by reserves of both gold and silver, and backed by the credit and wealth of the United States, but these are grave subjects for separate consideration. What we want now is relief from further compulsory purchase of silver. We would have gladly reduced the amount to be purchased, and at a fixed time suspended the purchase, but this was refused by our conferees. What is needed to restore prosperity is one fixed standard of value and the use of both metals maintained at par with each other on a ratio as near as possible to their market value. Such a policy, I believe, is right. With reserves both of gold and silver in these proportions we can maintain the entire body of our paper money, including coin, at par with each other. For one, I will never agree to the revival of the state bank paper money, which cannot be made a legal tender, and which, on the first sign of alarm, will disappear or be lost in the hand of the holder.

THE iron-workers of Pittsburg, who have prepared a wage scale similar to that which has been in operation during the past year, and have presented it as expressing their notion of the fitness of things, may be much disappointed. The manufacturers have a very decided notion that wages this year should be much less than wages last year, and their view is likely to prevail. The workmen of this country are about to learn a lesson from experience, which we trust may be profitable to them. They listened a year ago to the democratic demagogues, Mr. Cleveland among them, who declared that the protective tariff oppressed and wronged the working people and conferred benefit solely upon the manufacturers. At that time the country was in great prosperity, and the highest wages in the world were paid here. The democratic party won in the contest in November, and it is now in full control of the government. The result is that the nation has entered upon such a period of depression as it has not observed since 1857 (when the same party was in power), and industry of every kind is in a condition of extreme prostration. The price of everything but labor is down, and now wages will have to come down or the mills will be compelled to stop operations. It will be low wages or no wages. Particularly is this true of iron manufacture, which has suffered more than other industries because the McKinley tariff reduced the duties upon many of its products. American workmen must fully grasp the fact that we have had a political revolution away from the policy and the theories under which the highest of high wages have prevailed, and that we are now entering upon a period in which European ideas are to be dominant in the United States with the inevitable result that the man who toils must surrender a part of his earnings. They may now clearly perceive what the assurances of the democratic journals and orators, made last fall, are worth.—The Manufacturer.

Supervisors' Proceedings.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

several districts January, 1890, in order to apportion whatever shortage may occur, proportionately to the several districts; I therefore move that Mr. Stitt be employed to make the apportionment of said money.

Seconded and carried.

The settlement committee then made the following report:

Mr. Chairman—We, your committee, would respectfully report that in compliance with your instructions they demanded of County Treasurer Scott to permit them to count what cash he has on hand and that he show to them duplicate receipts, statements or deposit slips which he may have, showing in what bank or banks said county money is deposited in, if any under the law, and that he positively refused to allow us to count anything; also refused to make any explanation to this board at this time.

L. A. JILLSON,
W. B. HAIGH,
Committee.

It was moved, seconded and carried that the report of this committee be adopted.

Mr. Chairman—I move the adoption of the following:

Whereas, Barrett Scott, acting county treasurer of this county, has since the month of January, 1893, failed, neglected and refused, and still fails, neglects and refuses, to make any legal settlement with this board, or to obey the instructions of this board in regard to the redemption of bonds and various other matters; and

Whereas, This board in the month of March, 1892, on the hearing and trial of charges duly filed against said treasurer found him guilty as charged of willful malfeasance in his said office, and made and entered its judgments removing him from said office; and

Whereas, Said action is now and has been for more than one year last past pending in the supreme court of this state on proceedings in error being fully and finally submitted in said court several months ago; and

Whereas, The conduct of said treasurer in so refusing to account to or make settlement with this board or comply with its lawful orders to him, and this board by reason thereof being wholly unable to learn what public money, if any, said treasurer has in his possession, greatly obstructs the public business of this county; therefore be it

Resolved, That we respectfully ask and demand that said supreme court, in the interest of the tax payers of this county, give without delay its decision and judgment in said action.

Resolved, That the clerk and chairman of this board transmit to the honorable chief justice and to each of the associate justices of said court a copy of these resolutions.

L. A. JILLSON.

Seconded and yeas and nays being called for resulted as follows:

Yeas—Alfs, Bethea, Bradley, Crawford, Dutton, Donohoe, Haigh, Hayes, Hodge, Jillson, Jones, Kelly H. B., Kelly Peter, Kennedy Geo., Long, M. D., Cooper, McCarthy, White, Waring and Wynn, (20).

Nays—Calkins, Moore, Phillips, Wilson, (5).

Not voting—Clevish, Dutton and Mills, (3).

Motion carried.

The petition of Willie Calkins to lay out a certain road between sections 2 and 3, township 25, range 12, was upon motion laid over.

Petition of P. C. Corrigan to refund to him taxes to the amount of \$26, erroneously assessed, was upon motion granted.

Moved, seconded and carried to reconsider the action taken in regard to the petition of T. Connolly to refund taxes.

Moved, seconded and carried that the prayer of the petitioner be granted and taxes be refunded to him in the amount of \$42.95 on W½ NW¼ NW¼ SW¼ sec. 12 and NE¼ SE¼ sec. 11-32-12, for the years 1885, 1886, 1887.

Moved by Crawford, seconded and carried that the clerk of the district court be permitted to have the binding of his complete records done at the State Journal office.

Moved, seconded and carried that the petition for a 40-ft. bridge on section line between sections 8 and 9, 26-9, be granted and paid out of 1893 general fund.

Moved by Phillips, seconded and carried that the court-house committee be directed to make no more improvements on the court-house and grounds this year unless the same be absolutely necessary.

Moved, seconded and carried that W. R. Stitt be employed to assist in making the final settlement with the county officers at the end of this fiscal year.

The following claims were then allowed from the general fund of 1893:

W C Townsend—bridge	\$488 00	
Geo W Blake	10 00	
W C Townsend	200 00	
L. Ross	27 00	
W C Townsend	231 46	
W Krotter & Co—lumber	30 37	
	19 20	
M D Long—supervisor	64 00	
W D Bradstreet—assor	71 69	
W W Page—surveyor	8 50	
E W Saagent—D. C. c'ty	39 69	
Hund & Wager—supplies	4 50	
Morris & Co	5 75	
J F O'Donnell—justice fees, etc., claim	\$36.30, allowed	9 00

The following claims were allowed in accordance with sections 892-1893, statutes of 1891:

John Skirving—C. D. C.—\$119.88, to be applied on delinquent taxes.	
John Lappan—constable—\$18.50, less \$3.35 delinquent tax.	
Ed F. Gallagher—cor. jury—\$3.10, to be applied on delinquent tax.	
Geo. Austin—work—\$5.50, to be applied on delinquent tax.	
C. D. B. Eisman—insane—\$24, less delinquent tax of \$10.70.	
Alex. Boyd—supplies—\$31.50, less delinquent tax of \$7.91.	
P. J. McManus—supplies—\$17.85, \$15.40, less delinquent tax of \$25.25.	
John J. McCafferty—supplies \$24.55, \$2.55, 23,	

32.26, to be applied on delinquent tax.

Wm Bowen—county judge—\$16.40, less delinquent tax \$8.69.

John Carr—D. C. c'ts.—\$39.60, less delinquent tax \$16.69.

D. O'Donnell—D. C. c'ts.—\$4, to be applied on Sam Seaman—D. C. c'ts.—\$8, less delinquent tax \$7.55.

Arthur Mullen—D. C. c'ts. \$3.10, cor. jury \$2—to be applied on taxes.

B. E. Sturdevant—D. C. c'ts.—\$38, less delinquent tax \$9.18.

Charles Hitchcock—D. C. c'ts.—\$8, less delinquent tax \$3.33.

Chas. Thompson—D. C. c'ts.—\$39.80, less delinquent tax \$13.03.

D. H. Cronin—D. C. c'ts.—\$4.10, less delinquent tax.

J. L. Mack—D. C. c'ts.—\$24.10, to be applied on delinquent taxes.

Eugene Cress—D. C. c'ts.—\$4.10, to be applied on delinquent tax.

V. Shellhart—board of jury—\$0.10, less delinquent tax \$5.18.

W. F. Eisele—election—\$11, less delinquent tax \$4.20.

Frank Tenborg—election—\$4, to apply on tax.

R. G. Johnston—election—\$4, to apply on tax of 1890.

Harry Spindler—election—\$4 to apply on tax of 1890.

Wm Lell—assessor—\$53.40, to apply on tax of 1888-91.

Geo. A. Raymer—assessor—\$46, less delinquent tax \$3.55.

H. E. Murphy—county attorney—\$239, less delinquent tax \$7.50.

I. R. Smith—road appl. cl.—\$9.29, allowed \$5.20.

C. W. Walrath—lumber—\$38.29, less delinquent tax \$29.58.

A. J. Roberts—bridge—\$9.37, to be applied on taxes of '88 and '89.

Geo. W. Trigg—bridge—\$18; less delinquent tax \$17.45.

Jno. Boshart—bridge—\$9.25, less delinquent tax \$5.72.

A. J. Roberts—\$2.50 to be applied on taxes of '88 and '89.

Ben Sherwood—bridge—\$17.39, to be applied on taxes of '88 and '89.

Ed Heraldiser—bridge—\$18, less delinquent tax \$14.10.

Upon motion the following claims were rejected:

Wm Bowen—county court—\$2, by his request

O. E. Davidson—county court—\$2.

G. A. McCutcheon—county court—\$2.10.

J. P. O'Donnell—serv. paupers—\$60.

C. E. Ferrier—tree bounty—\$6.66.

Mike Nekolczak—road damages—\$50.

Upon motion board adjourned until December 19, 1893.

C. E. BUTLER,
County Clerk.



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