

ECUMENICAL CONFERENCE

Some Able Papers Read at Today's Session.

The Conference Will Adjourn Tuesday Night—The Growth of Methodism 20 Per Cent. in Ten Years—Notes of the Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The eleventh day's session of the Ecumenical Methodist conference was presided over by a layman, Wm. Marsden, of Doncaster, England, Wesleyan Reform union. The topic of the day was "The Church and Public Morality." Reports from the business committee were made and a memorial presented to the conference. It was adopted to set aside a week, commencing November 15, as a week of prayer. The committee on statistics made a report to the conference on statistics of Methodism, which shows an increase of adherents of 20 per cent. since 1881. In giving the increase in each country there was some discussion as to whether the percentages of increase was overestimated, but Rev. Wm. Morley, of Australia, read a table of statistics which showed the percentages were under rather than overestimated. Dr. Stevenson moved there not be appended to the statistics explaining the basis of the calculation of statistics. This was adopted, as was the report on statistics. At the evening session on Tuesday was set the time for the final adjournment of the conference by an executive committee appointed by the business committee, consisting of fifty members from the western section and thirty members of the eastern section selected from different bodies was appointed to act on matters relative to the next ecumenical conference, these sections being subject to the approval of their respective churches. Strong arguments were made against the appointment of this commission by some delegates who thought it is presumptuous on the committee when churches themselves should appoint their representatives. This morning was a paper on the legal restraint on the vices of society, which was read by B. W. H. Hill of Macon, Ga. M. E. church south. Two invited addresses followed the essay. The first on lotteries, betting, gambling and kindred vices, delivered by Rev. Joseph Posnett, of the Hull, England, Wesleyan Methodist church. The second address was made by Hon. Hiram L. Sibley, of the Marietta, Ohio, Methodist Episcopal church, on marriage and divorce laws. Rev. W. V. Tudor, of the Richmond, Va. M. E. church, south, read an essay on the legal restraint on vices to society. Hon. B. W. Hill, of Georgia, was to have read this paper, but was absent. Mr. Tudor said that men could not be made moral by law but could be made immoral by its acts, and he cited the case of Louisiana granting license to lottery company in that state which was an immoral business and undoubtedly made men immoral. Granting of licenses to gambling saloons for the sake of party patronage was immoral. Hon. H. M. Sibley, of the Marietta, O., Methodist Episcopal church, spoke on the marriage and divorce laws. He said Roman Catholics assert that there can be no divorce except by death, while protestants believe that desertion and adultery are grounds for divorce. Rev. J. H. A. Johnson spoke against church enterprises which permitted games of chance as they might have a bad effect upon the young. Rev. J. S. Sims, of the Kent, England, Wesleyan Methodist church said that English delegates coming over to this country were surprised at the gambling on ocean steamers. The way to prevent this evil, he said, was for this conference to express its opinion against the companies who permitted this gambling. The secretary announced that the Thirteenth street M. E. church, Philadelphia, had presented each delegate with a picture of John Wesleyan. The Philadelphia committee invited the delegates to attend the reception in their honor at the academy of music in Philadelphia; also that Bishop Simpson would receive the delegates and their families at his home in Philadelphia on the 21st inst. A recess was taken until this afternoon.

ARGENTINE REBELLIOUS. Matters in That Republic Not Quiet by Any Means. BUENOS AYRES, Oct. 19.—The political situation here is critical. It is caused principally by the withdrawal of Generals Mitre and Roca as candidates for the presidency of the republic. The general opinion seems to be to the effect that these withdrawals will be far-reaching and perhaps momentous in the history of the republic. Following closely upon these retirements was the announcement that Ministers Costa and Carbillidos had resigned from the cabinet. This action, it would seem, is to be followed by further withdrawals from the cabinet. Of course, these desertions of the administration has added to the excitement. There is so much public discontent that it has given rise to many ugly rumors. Some of these assert that the Argentine Republic is already entering upon another period of rebellion. The temper of the populace is such that a riot may break forth at any moment. The government, however, is well aware of the dangers and has taken precautions to stamp out any revolution at the first sign it shows. The president has been in consultation with prominent politicians of both parties with a view of coming to some agreement for the sake of their common country. The senate has increased the feeling of unrest by holding a secret session.

DIED BEFORE HANGING. Omaha Lynchers Have an Ingenious Defense to Present. OMAHA, Oct. 19.—The examination of the lynchers of Smith has been postponed to allow new affidavits to be filed declaring that he was frightened to death. The post mortem, it is said, disclosed the fact that Smith had died of fright before he was hanged by the mob.

BETRAYING WALES' SECRETS

The Prince Has a False Friend Who Parveys Unpleasant News.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—During the baccarat scandal and since that date there have continuously appeared in the sensational papers comments upon the private life and domestic affairs of the prince of Wales which are known to have caused his royal highness great annoyance. These articles betray a knowledge of the subject treated of. It is evident that they are written or inspired by some one having access to the inner circle. It is now recalled that about two years ago it was notorious in Fleet street that the dissipated son of a noble family, a gentleman related to one of the chief officers of the prince's household, regularly peddled "prince of Wales news" wherever he could find a safe and lucrative market for it. The peddler of royal gossip was given a post in a distant colony, whereupon the trouble ceased for the time being. It is believed that something of the same kind has been going on lately, but until the guilty person is detected all the members of the prince's official family are under an unpleasant espionage.

SUPREME COURT MATTERS.

Chicago Anarchists and Three New York Murderers to Have an Early Hearing. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—In the supreme court of the United States today Justice Field announced decisions of the court advancing the cases of the New York murderers, Nicola, Trezza and James McElvane, for argument on the first Monday in December, and also advancing for argument immediately following these cases the cases of Fielden and Schwab, the Chicago anarchists undergoing sentence of life imprisonment in the Joliet penitentiary. The cases of Trezza and McElvane involve the constitutionality of electrocution. The cases of the anarchists come to the supreme court on technical grounds. There was only one opinion rendered by the supreme court today and that was not of general interest.

MRS. THURMAN DEAD.

The Grand Old Roman Loses the Partner of His Life. COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 19.—Mrs. Allen G. Thurman died at the home of the "Old Roman" late Saturday evening, after a lingering illness. Her maiden name was Mary Dun and she was born in Chillicothe, O., in 1811. She was a victim of the grippe last winter and never recovered from the shock. In her young days she was considered one of the most beautiful ladies in the west. She was married to Judge Thurman in November, 1844, and has been his constant companion and helpmate since, during his long professional and public career. Judge Thurman is much enfeebled and it is feared by his friends that he will not long survive his wife.

HOME FOR THE NEGRO.

Bishop Turner Thinks Africa the Only Fit Place for Colored People. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 19.—Bishop H. H. Turner, of the African M. E. church, and who believes that Africa is the future home for the colored man has left for that continent to make an investigation of the possibility of colonizing colored people from the United States. He thinks that both Mexico and the west are undesirable locations for his race that Africa is the only hope and salvation of the colored man and that the government should establish a steamship line and take anywhere from 100,000 to 500,000 colored people to Africa where they might be afforded an opportunity of working out their destiny.

The Commercial Congress. OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 19.—The commercial congress of the western states interested in a deep water harbor on the gulf is in session in the Grand opera house. More than 100 delegates are present; all states west of the Missouri river and the entire southwest of the Mississippi are represented. The meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock by President Perry, of Salt Lake.

Hurricanes in Ire and Dub. DUBLIN, Oct. 19.—The hurricane prevails in western Ireland. The Shannon has overflowed, submerging much land, destroying buildings and drowning cattle. The storm is the worst for twenty years. The gale also rages on the channel and the mail boats last night arrived at Kingstown badly injured.

Injured in a Collision. BERLIN, Oct. 19.—Five people were killed and many injured by a collision of an express train with a freight train at Kohlfurt today.

A Good Deal to Say. Judge—Have you anything to say why sentence of death should not be pronounced? Prisoner—Kin I say wot I please, Judge—Certainly. Judge—And won't you pronounce sentence until I get through? Prisoner—No. Judge—Can I talk as long as I want to? Judge—Certainly. Prisoner—Well, judge, you can just settle y'rself down for a twenty year chat.

The Latest Fashion. Young Lady (familiar with museum collections)—What are those South Sea Island slaughter clubs for? Dealer (blandly)—Those are parasol handles.

A Dangerous Occupation. Mrs. Spinks—The papers say that in Denver the ice wagon drivers are paid \$100 a month. Mr. Spinks—Um—I presume those far western housekeepers know how to shoot.

Rough Weather. Youth—We want a row-boat and a bottle of whisky. Boat-renter—The water's very rough today, gent. Youth—Then put in two bottles.

Charles Hamlin, a grandson of the late Hannibal Hamlin, is doing newspaper work on the New York Advertiser.

NEWS OF FOREIGN LANDS

The French Do Not Take Kindly to Morocco's Claim.

Paris, Oct. 17.—The claim of Morocco to Teuat Oases, in Central Africa, is utterly repudiated by the French government. France declares that these places are entirely within her sphere of influence, according to a recent agreement between her and other European powers, to settle the question of interland of Africa. The claim of Morocco is making a great stir in Paris. In an interview on the subject yesterday, M. Ribot, French foreign minister, said that the government was determined to maintain its position. It could not permit the commercial route of such importance as this to the French colony of Algeria to fall into the hands of Morocco, nor could it allow the peace to be disturbed there. He concluded with the significant phrase that he was determined to bring Morocco to reason.

Canadian Politics. OTTAWA, Oct. 17.—It was reported last night that J. J. Curran, M. P., is to enter Premier Abbott's cabinet without a portfolio. Curran is a leading Irish Catholic, and his admission to the council board will add great strength to the representation of that element of the population in the cabinet. It is understood that Costigan, minister of inland revenue, will shortly retire, when Curran will be placed in control of one of the departments.

The Irish Secretaryship. LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Times today says that while Balfour has received no definite offers, it is in the highest degree probable that he will wait to receive his orders. Balfour might reasonably prefer remaining in his present position, but his sense of public duty insures his acceptance. The Standard takes it for granted that Balfour will be the new leader, and says that besides Mr. Jackson, present secretary to the treasury, Sir John E. Gorst, member for Chatham and Mr. Ritchie, member for Tower Hamlets, are mentioned for the Irish secretaryship.

Time to Stop. LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Standard publishes a despatch from Odessa which says: "Orders have been received here for suspension of operation of anti-Jewish measures. Emigration from South Russia is diminishing."

A Rapid Change. PARIS, Oct. 17.—News of wholesale change in religious views comes from Cahors. It seems that the bishop of Cahors refused to celebrate second mass in the church of the village of Murat on Sunday and that in consequence of such refusal the people of Murat became alienated from Catholicism and all embraced Protestantism.

Ample Protection Assured. LONDON, Oct. 17.—A Paris dispatch to the Chronicle says that after the recent interview at Monza, Count Nigra, the Italian ambassador at Vienna, was instructed to inform Emperor Francis Joseph that Italy would afford ample protection to the papal conclave, this assurance being in response to an inquiry from the Australian emperor.

Italy Wants Our Meats. ROME, Oct. 17.—The announcement is semi-officially made that Italy has decided to remove the prohibition now existing against the importation of American salted meats into Italy, and that the decree officially announcing this determination will shortly be published.

Jerry Denies the Meat News. WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Secretary Rusk said this afternoon that there was no truth in the semi-official announcement cabled from Rome that Italy had decided to remove the prohibition now existing against the importation of American salted meats into Italy.

WOMEN ORGANIZE.

A Constitution Adopted and a Strong Central Organization Effected. CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—The International Woman's Christian Association yesterday adopted a new constitution which gives the association a strong central organization, with power to transact business. Heretofore each local association has acted independently. Mrs. C. R. Springer, of St. Louis, was elected president; Mrs. Fannie Duncan, of Louisville, secretary, and Mrs. John J. Underwood, of Lincoln, treasurer. Fraternal delegates were elected to the coming convention of the world's W. C. T. U.

A Patched Up Peace. NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A special cable dispatch to the Herald from Tegucigalpa, Honduras, says a formal treaty of peace and amnesty between Honduras and San Salvador has been signed. This action makes sure for the time being at all events the peace of Central American states.

A Warehouse Burned. MANSFIELD, O., Oct. 17.—The warehouse of the Union foundry with its contents, consisting of valuable patterns and finished work, was completely destroyed by fire last night. Loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$3,000. incendiary the origin.

Killed by a stove Exploding. NYACK, N. Y., Oct. 17.—Thos. Green, aged 17, was instantly killed last night by the explosion of a stove in St. Agnes convent at Spark Hill. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

A STRANGE SUICIDE.

A Young Man Takes Morphine, and Ends a Clouded Career.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 17.—A. L. Goodrich, who lived with his parents at 719 East Fifth street, died yesterday morning at 11:15 o'clock from the effects of an overdose of morphine, administered by his own hand in his rooms at the Goldstone hotel. A week ago he went to the hotel with a young woman and registered as A. L. Goode and wife, of Sioux City. He came and went irregularly, as if stopping in the city for a short time, and nothing unusual was observed about the couple. Thursday night about 11 o'clock the night clerk aroused the proprietor of the hotel on account of the illness of the occupant of the room taken by the couple. Physicians were summoned and everything was done to save the man's life, but in vain. A capsule of morphine had done the deadly work. The woman affirmed that she had gone to the room at 5 o'clock in the afternoon partly drunk and had slept until late in the evening. Feeling very bad he took a capsule of morphine, despite the protestations of the woman, who feared that he, not being used to the drug, would take an overdose. She admits being a confirmed user of morphine and that it was some of her own that the man took. The parents of Goodrich assert that he was not to their knowledge married. He was 32 years of age and has four brothers and four sisters living, among them Dr. Alice Goodrich, of the East Side.

ELECTION IN CHILE.

A General Election Occurs There on Sunday—What Officers They Elect.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A dispatch from Valparaiso, Chile, says in accordance with the decision of the junta, announced immediately upon the fall of Balmaceda, a general election will take place tomorrow throughout this country. Senators, deputies, municipal officers and presidential electors will be voted for, and the balloting will be conducted in accordance with the laws of the country already established. There will be but very few contests throughout the country, as the friends of the late president are afraid to show their hands, and it is already certain that a congress will be elected that will approve the actions of the previous congress up to December last, repudiate all the acts of Balmaceda's congress and rectify all that has been done by the Junta de Gobierno since the commencement of the revolution. Without an exception every candidate for senatorial and deputy honors have proclaimed themselves as in favor of such a radical revision of the constitution as will materially curtail the powers of coming presidents. The electors chosen tomorrow will on Monday be summoned by the junta to assemble in Santiago on the third Wednesday of November next for the purpose of electing a new president.

SOJOURNS IN MEXICO.

A Black Hills Man Elopses With a Large Amount of Other People's Money.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Oct. 17.—The latest news from the Black Hills regarding the sudden departure of Fred Sammis, with a large amount of money that belonged to other parties, is that he is now safely across the line in Old Mexico.

The absconding confidential agent was seen in Custer a day or two before his sudden departure for the south, having gone there for the purpose of buying the Picher Bros. and William Poe, owners of the Dansey group of mines, \$6,000, on which was bonded by W. H. Dent, the LeMars, Ia., banker. He, however, got on the train for Edgemont, stating that he was unexpectedly called there to see about some personal matter.

When next heard from he was in Omaha, from which place he telegraphed Custer parties that he would return in a short time. He did not arrive, of course, and from Mexico telegraphed Banker Dent in Iowa that he had lost the money on horse races, and being unable to replace it concluded to migrate to Mexico.

From the best information that can be obtained Sammis must have absconded with between \$7,000 and \$8,000; \$5,000 of which was sent him by the LeMars people for whom he was acting, and about \$3,000 belonging to Nye & Schneider, grain merchants, whose agent he had been for some time.

MAY CLOSE ITS DOORS.

Kennett, Hopkins & Co.'s Bank Said to be in Trouble.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The Sun this morning says there were startling rumors afloat yesterday in Wall street concerning the affairs of the banking house of Kennett, Hopkins & Co. One of the rumors was to the effect that matters were serious and that that firm would probably close its doors today or Monday. At the office of the firm yesterday the reports were denied. However this may be, it is certain that \$43,000 belonging to Thos. J. Briggs, a customer of the firm, which was obtained from them by their late employee, T. H. Stout, by means of forged checks and other fraudulent practices, has not been returned in full, and unless the firm makes such settlement by today or Monday it is understood that attachments and orders of arrest will be asked for.

Crimes and Casualties.

PARIS, Tex., Oct. 17.—Yesterday H. C. Colston, a farmer living six miles east of here, was awakened by screams from a room occupied by his daughter. He rushed to the room and encountered a burly negro. A terrific struggle ensued. Colston was rapidly getting the worst of it when the daughter came to the father's assistance with an axe. The farmer grasped the weapon and almost cut the negro to pieces. Colston surrendered to the authorities, but nothing can be done with him. The negro was a resident of Paris. He was slightly demented.

A Woman Not Wanted.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—Protests from live stock men all over the country against the appointment of a woman for chief of the department of live stock at the world's fair are pouring in on Director General Davis from all parts of the country. This is due to the candidacy for the position of Mrs. Virginia C. Merdith, of Indiana, who is making an active canvass for the appointment.

Earthquake at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Oct. 16.—A slight east: quake shock was felt yesterday in east Nashville. It lasted about seven seconds and moved up in a southeasterly direction. No damage resulted.

O'BRIEN'S MANIFEST.

He Says He Had Nothing to Do With Parnell's Downfall and Death.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—William O'Brien today made public his statement. In it he says the charges circulated by the Parnellite organs that Dillon and himself had fomented Parnell to his death are the foulest, most ungrateful and iniquitous ever leveled at an Irish nationalist. The basis of all communication with Parnell at Boulogne was first and last his retirement from leadership. We kept three points always in view: first, that it was impossible that Parnell could continue as chairman of the parliamentary committee; second, to soften the memory of Parnell's fault by every possible palliative and evidence of good will that his devoted colleagues could suggest; third, to avert calamities which we keenly felt to be irreparable from any disruption of the forces. We were fully persuaded that these objects had been covered. Had the terms we suggested been loyally accepted the party would have been reunited under the leadership of Mr. McCarthy, leaving Mr. Parnell an honorable place in Irish public life. Mr. Parnell's foremost trusted lieutenants professed themselves to be as eager as ourselves to secure Mr. Parnell's withdrawal, either on these terms or by union under the leadership of Dillon. These same men are now silent, whilst their organ charges me with plotting to get rid of Parnell.

COLONIZATION SCHEME.

Both Parties in New York Charged With Corruption.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The Herald this morning exposes the colonization scheme in the Seventh assembly district which it says is being carried out by Elmer H. Brown, member of both the general county and organization committee and of Tammany hall, in the interests of the democratic candidates. Bernard F. Martin, commissioner of jurors, and well known as a Tammany leader, is said to be mixed up in the scheme. The Herald has clearly established the fact that two lodging houses in the districts are colonized and further says that plenty of evidence is at hand to show that at least two other houses in the same district are being similarly used. Similar charges of colonization are freely made by the democratic journals against republican campaign managers.

CATHOLIC GENEROSITY.

They Contribute Liberally to a Church at Rome.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 16.—The Catholic citizens of this city have been contributing liberally during the present week towards the building fund of the new church of St. Patrick at Rome. In behalf of this enterprise a special delegation from the Vatican, consisting of Rev. Dr. Kenna, O. S. A., and Rev. Alphonsus Walsh, O. S. A., arrived in this country a few weeks ago, and with the support and countenance of Cardinal Gibbons, have secured large contributions from the faithful of New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia. They say that the new church is especially designed to bring into greater prominence the importance of the Irish Catholic people in the world, and thereby derive such benefits as can be had by a proper representation in the Holy City. At the conclusion of their mission here the reverend delegates will visit the northwest and the southwest.

A BRUTAL EXECUTION.

A Minnesota Murderer Meets a Horrible Death Today.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 16.—A special to the Journal from Redwood Falls says: William Rose was hanged at daylight this morning. At 4:56 the trap was sprung, but the rope broke with a snap. Without a moment's delay the limp body was picked up and placed face downwards on the scaffold, the second noose was pulled down and adjusted. The trap was sprung again at 5 o'clock without attempting to place the body on its feet and the process of slow strangulation ensued.

BLAINE WILL GO TO WORK.

He Will Begin About November 1—His Health Improving.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—A private letter received here from Augusta, Me., says Secretary Blaine will return to Washington between October 25 and November 1. The letters say his health is sufficiently improved to enable him to assume the duties of the state department immediately on his arrival.

Panic in a Collision.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—A Toulon dispatch says two small steamers, each crowded with 200 passengers, collided in the harbor of that port this morning. A panic ensued, the passengers rushing frantically about in search of boats and life saving apparatuses. Many of the half crazed people made a rush for boats, while others attempted to pass from one steamer to the other steamer in the belief that the spot of great danger was the particular one they happened to stand upon. Several passengers on the colliding vessels were flung into the sea by the violence of the shock and were with extreme difficulty rescued from drowning. Both steamers were badly damaged and were kept afloat barely long enough to enable the passengers to reach the shore. Many women became prostrated by terror and some of them became hysterical as they were being conveyed to land.

Produce and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19. Flour—Spring patents, \$4.70@5.00; winter patents, \$4.00@4.70. Wheat—Cash, 96½@97½c; December, 98½@99½c; May, \$1.04½@1.04½c. Corn—Cash, 53½c; May, 42c. Oats—Cash, 27½c; May, 30c. Rye—38½c. Barley—69@71c. Flax—99½c. Timothy—\$1.14. Whisky—\$1.18. Pork—Cash, \$8.69@8.75; January, \$1.70. Lard—Cash, \$5.40; January, \$5.52@5.55. Short ribs—\$5.30@6.00; January, \$7.55. Shoulders—\$5.10@6.20; short clear, \$7.05@7.10. Butter—Creamery, 27@31c; dairy, 24@30c. Cheese—Full cream cheddars, 9@9½c; flats, 9@9½c; Young Americas, 9@10½c. Eggs—Fresh 19@20c. Hides—Heavy and light green salted, 43@45c; salted bull, 4½@4½c; green salted calf, 6@6½c; dry hind, 8c; salted hides, 25@27c; dry calf, 8@9c; deacons, each, 25c. Tallow—No. 1 solid packed, 4½c; No. 2, 3½c; cake, 4½c.

THE MARKETS.

Live Stock. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19. Hogs—Light, \$3.80@4.00; mixed, \$4.00@4.15; heavy, 4.05@4.25. Cattle—Steers, 1,100 to 1,300 pounds, \$3.00@3.50; feeders, \$2.30@3.00; stockers, \$2.00@2.50; cows, common to good, \$1.00@2.00; yearlings, \$2.00@2.25; bulls, \$1.50@2.00; veal calves, \$2.50@3.00.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19. Hogs—Light, \$3.70@4.00; mixed, \$4.00@4.50; heavy, \$4.00@4.55. Cattle—Shippers, natives and extra beefs, \$5.30@6.40; stockers and feeders, \$1.75@3.50; mixed cows and bulls, \$1.00@3.00; Texans, \$2.00@3.75. Sheep—Natives, \$4.30@5.25; westerns, \$4.30@4.80; Texans, \$4.40@4.55.

SOUTH OMAHA, Oct. 19. Cattle—Choice beefs, \$4.40@4.60; cows, \$1.40@2.15; feeders, \$2.90@3.25; bulls, \$1.20@2.00. Hogs—Light, \$4.00@4.25; mixed, \$4.15@4.25; heavy, \$4.25@4.35.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 19. Cattle—Steers, \$3.25@5.75; cows, \$1.25@1.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.00@3.65. Hogs—All grades, \$3.25@4.55.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 19. Flour—Spring patents, \$4.70@5.00; winter patents, \$4.00@4.70. Wheat—Cash, 96½@97½c; December, 98½@99½c; May, \$1.04½@1.04½c. Corn—Cash, 53½c; May, 42c. Oats—Cash, 27½c; May, 30c. Rye—38½c. Barley—69@71c. Flax—99½c. Timothy—\$1.14. Whisky—\$1.18. Pork—Cash, \$8.69@8.75; January, \$1.70. Lard—Cash, \$5.40; January, \$5.52@5.55. Short ribs—\$5.30@6.00; January, \$7.55. Shoulders—\$5.10@6.20; short clear, \$7.05@7.10. Butter—Creamery, 27@31c; dairy, 24@30c. Cheese—Full cream cheddars, 9@9½c; flats, 9@9½c; Young Americas, 9@10½c. Eggs—Fresh 19@20c. Hides—Heavy and light green salted, 43@45c; salted bull, 4½@4½c; green salted calf, 6@6½c; dry hind, 8c; salted hides, 25@27c; dry calf, 8@9c; deacons, each, 25c. Tallow—No. 1 solid packed, 4½c; No. 2, 3½c; cake, 4½c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 19. Wheat—Close: No. 1 hard, on track, 85c; No. 1 northern, October, 92c; December, 94c; May, \$1.01; on track, 91c; No. 2 northern, on track, 90c.

REVIEW OF THE ARMY.

General Miles Has Something to Say on the Indian Question.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The annual report of Major General Nelson Miles, commanding the department of the Missouri, is mainly an historical review of the Sioux war of last winter, its causes, episodes and its results. Viewed from this distance of time the general finds a good deal to say in a general way, and his report is an interesting record of events. Among the causes that resulted in the Sioux outbreak he mentions the gradually increasing poverty of the Cheyennes and Sioux, the insufficiency of rations by the government and failure of crops in 1889 and 1890 and inability of the Indians to immigrate to other parts of the country. He quotes at some lengths from the report made by General Rucker, commanding the department of Dakota, to show the dissatisfaction of the Indians at Standing Rock was to be attributed to the following failure of the government. 1. To establish equitable southern boundaries for the reservations. 2. To expend a just proportion of the money received from the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad company for the benefit of the Indians of that agency. 3. To issue certificates of title to allotments, as required by the treaty of 1868. 4. To provide full allowance of seeds and agricultural implements to Indians engaged in farming, as required by the same treaty. 5. To issue the full number of cows and oxen, under the same treaty. 6. To provide comfortable dwellings for Indians, by treaty of 1874. 7. To issue full rations stipulated in the treaty of 1876. 8. To issue full amount of annuity supplies, by treaty of 1868. 9. To have clothing and other annuity supplies ready for issue August 1 of each year, by same treaty. 10. To appropriate money for the payment of ponies taken from the Indians by the authorities of the government in 1876.

LOOKING FOR LAND.

Eastern Capitalists Are Buying South Dakota Real Estate.

MITCHELL, S. D., Oct. 17.—The immense profits from a speculative standpoint to be derived from the purchase and improvement of lands irrigated by artesian wells has attracted the attention of capitalists to a considerable extent, as denoted by the number of agents of eastern capitalists who have been in this section of the state late investigating the irrigation prospects of the state. The latest comers to investigate this feature are Messrs. E. S. Mishrod, D. E. Dainett and E. Forsythe, of Philadelphia, who are here in the interests of a wealthy syndicate from that city.

HOEY IS RETICENT.

He Will Say Nothing Until He Gets Into Court.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—John Hoey, ex-president of the Adams Express company, was interviewed last night by a reporter of the Herald. He refused to talk of the charges made against him, acting, he said, under the advice of his counsel. He added, however, that the charges are so serious that he must answer them, but that would come at the proper time. Hoey said he would appear to defend the suit when wanted and that he had notified the sheriff to that effect. The public, he said, should realize that they have heard but one side of the story as yet. In a few days they would hear the other.

Vigorously Denied.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—"There is not a word of truth in the statement that our firm is in financial distress," said F. J. Kennett, of the firm of Kennett, Hopkins & Co. today. "A client of ours lost some money and claims to hold us responsible. If it is shown that we are responsible we will pay up, but until then we do not intend to make good the amount by any means. The rumor telegraphed from New York is libelous and I propose to investigate the source."

THE MARKETS.

Live Stock. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19. Hogs—Light, \$3.80@4.00; mixed, \$4.00@4.15; heavy, 4.05@4.25. Cattle—Steers, 1,100 to 1,300 pounds, \$3.00@3.50; feeders, \$2.30@3.00; stockers, \$2.00@2.50; cows, common to good, \$1.00@2.00; yearlings, \$2.00@2.25; bulls, \$1.50@2.00; veal calves, \$2.50@3.00.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19. Hogs—Light, \$3.70@4.00; mixed, \$4.00@4.50; heavy, \$4.00@4.55. Cattle—Shippers, natives and extra beefs, \$5.30@6.40; stockers and feeders, \$1.75@3.50; mixed cows and bulls, \$1.00@3.00; Texans, \$2.00@3.75. Sheep—Natives, \$4.30@5.25; westerns, \$4.30@4.80; Texans, \$4.40@4.55.

SOUTH OMAHA, Oct. 19. Cattle—Choice beefs, \$4.40@4.60; cows, \$1.40@2.15; feeders, \$2.90@3.25; bulls, \$1.20@2.00. Hogs—Light, \$4.00@4.25; mixed, \$4.15@4.25; heavy, \$4.25@4.35.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 19. Cattle—Steers, \$3.25@5.75; cows, \$1.25@1.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.00@3.65. Hogs—All grades, \$3.25@4.55.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 19. Flour—Spring patents, \$4.70@5.00; winter patents, \$4.00@4.70. Wheat—Cash, 96½@97½c; December, 98½@99½c; May, \$1.04½@1.04½c. Corn—Cash, 53½c; May, 42c. Oats—Cash, 27½c; May, 30c. Rye—38½c. Barley—69@71c. Flax—99½c. Timothy—\$1.14. Whisky—\$1.18. Pork—Cash, \$8.69@8.75; January, \$1.70. Lard—Cash, \$5.40; January, \$5.52@5.55. Short ribs—\$5.30@6.00; January, \$7.55. Shoulders—\$5.10@6.20; short clear, \$7.05@7.10. Butter—Creamery, 27@31c; dairy, 24@30c. Cheese—Full cream cheddars, 9@9½c; flats, 9@9½c; Young Americas, 9@1