

SELFISH UNSELFISHNESS.

Younger Sister's Heart Was All Right When It Was Reached.

"Hallie, are those your best shoes?" The tired woman at the sewing machine stopped in the middle of a long seam to ask the question, and there was an anxious note in her voice.

"Yes, they are," admitted the girl, who was impatiently flinging on her coat and hat. "I'm wearing them because I hate the others so—clumsy old things! Oh, I wish I could have enamel pumps, and hats to match the color of my dresses! All the girls do. You've no idea how much they dress at high school, sister. Silk peticottes and lovely hats—and then the girls make excuses to each other if they happen to wear the same dress to school two days in succession. I hate being poor."

"You look very sweet and trim, anyway," smiled the patient older sister, who had worked until midnight a few evenings earlier trying to make Hallie's winter hat as pretty as anybody's. "I need some new gloves shockingly. Laura," was the answer, made while Hallie studied herself in the mirror. "All the girls are wearing two-dollar gauntlets, and I'm just crazy over them."

Then the door closed, and Hallie was off to school.

When she came home that afternoon, she saw her Aunt Elizabeth's carriage in front of the house, and not being in the mood for visiting with rich relatives, she slipped into the side door unobserved. Aunt Elizabeth was just leaving, and from the sitting room the listening girl heard her say, distinctly:

"You're selfish with Hallie, Laura. You keep the best for yourself. The thing she really needs is a chance to do some of the giving up. You grow sweet or all the time by doing it, of course, but I'm sorry for Hallie!"

The surprised exclamation Laura had given when Aunt Elizabeth began turned into a happy little laugh at the end.

"Oh, but, aunty," she protested. "I sympathize with the way she feels about pretty things because I love them so myself. Why, even at my age I've been just hungry for something rich and bright this winter. One gets so tired of wearing black. And as for shoes, I used to be dreadfully vain of my small feet when papa was here to spoil me with pretty shoes. Besides, you know, Aunt Elizabeth,"—and Laura's voice trembled a little,— "I'm all she has now. I have to be father and mother both. That's why I'm so thankful for this money just now."

There were more farewell words, but Hallie did not hear them. She stood with burning cheeks and wet eyes thinking hard, and when Laura Wilbur turned back into the sitting-room she suddenly found herself caught and held fast in a pair of impetuous young arms.

"O Hallie, you're here!" she cried. "The loveliest thing! Uncle Seymour has sent us a present of \$50, not for a birthday or anything, just for love. Now you can have—"

"I can have a beautiful, rich, wine-colored suit for you, you darling, darling angel!" interrupted a choking voice. "And a pair of nice shoes, and gauntlet gloves—for you, Laura! Oh, why didn't I think of it before? No, you needn't say a word, you precious. You're not going to be selfish with me any longer. I won't have it!"—Youth's Companion.

A Valuable Setting.

Queen Victoria was always a kindly and a home-loving body, and it is possible that if it had been left to her to decide she would have hesitated to sacrifice a setting of eggs for the sake of a birthday salute. It was on the twenty-third of a May, says the author of "My South Sea Log," as an Englishman-of-war lay in Apia harbor, in the Samoan Islands, that a native came aboard with a note for the captain. It was from one of the district chiefs.

"To the Captain of the English Man-of-War," it read. "I, Tutu-le-tau, send you my greetings and love, and the love of my family, and send also my love to Queen Victoria. We Samoans have much love for England."

"Most noble sir, to-morrow will be the day of the Queen's birth, and I have learned that at the hour of noon all the great cannon on your ship will be fired, and the earth will quake with the noise thereof."

"Great sir, I cast myself at your feet. I have much love to you, but I beseech you not to fire great guns to-morrow. Do not fire them for two days more, and my heart will be big with gratitude, because my wife has a hen sitting on nine duck eggs, and to-morrow is the day for them to break their shells."

"Noble sir, if the great guns are fired they will all perish and grief enter my house. But in three days if will not matter if they hear the guns. I beseech you to do me this favor."

Do You Think For Yourself?

Or do you open your mouth like a young bird and gulp down whatever food or medicine may be offered you?

Here an intelligent thinking woman, in need of relief from weakness, nervousness, pain and suffering, then it means much to you that there is one tried and true honest medicine of known composition, sold by druggists for the cure of woman's ills.

The makers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, for the cure of weak, nervous, run-down, over-worked, debilitated, pain-racked women, knowing this medicine to be made up of ingredients, every one of which has the strongest possible indorsement of the leading and standard authorities of the several schools of practice, are perfectly willing, and in fact, are only too glad to print, as they do, the formula, or list of ingredients, of which it is composed, in plain English, on every bottle-wrapper.

The formula of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will bear the most critical examination of medical experts, for it contains no alcohol, narcotics, harmful, or habit-forming drugs, and no agent enters into it that is not highly recommended by the most advanced and leading medical teachers and authorities of their several schools of practice. These authorities recommend the ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for the cure of exactly the same ailments for which this world-famed medicine is advised.

No other medicine for woman's ills has any such professional indorsement as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has received, in the unqualified recommendation of each of its several ingredients by scores of leading medical men of all the schools of practice. Is such an indorsement not worthy of your consideration?

A booklet of ingredients, with numerous authoritative professional indorsements by the leading medical authorities of this country, will be mailed free to any one sending name and address with request for same. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

It is difficult to retain the services of female servants in New Zealand, as they are soon won in marriage if they are fair looking and efficient. The following advertisement, in a local paper, contains an inducement in the closing sentence: "Wanted, a capable girl for a dairy farm, able to milk. Four good looking sons in the family."

A German statistician asserts that males are becoming scarcer year after year; while females are growing more numerous. Three thousand years hence, he predicts, there will be only one man to two hundred and twenty women. Heaven help him if he has to buy their clothes.

TRYING EXPERIENCE.

Spent Over \$100 in a Vain Search for Health.

Miss Frances Gardner, of 369 Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"Gentlemen: I heartily indorse Doan's Kidney Pills, as I have found by personal experience that they are an ideal kidney remedy. I suffered with complications of kidney complaint for nearly five years, spent over \$100 on useless remedies, while five boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me in a few short weeks. I am now enjoying the best of health, have a fine appetite, the best of digestion, and restful sleep, all due to your splendid pills."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

When knives have to be stored where there is danger of their becoming rusty rub the blades with a little sweet oil and wrap them in tissue paper.

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The standard of the Federal and state courts? The Standard of the Government Printing Office? The Basis of nearly all the Schoolbooks in the country? Indorsed by every State School Superintendent? Universally recommended by College Presidents and Educators? Adhered to as Standard by over 99 per cent of the Newspapers? Reliable, Indispensable, Complete, Scientific, Practical, Popular, The Safe Guide for a Professional Man, Business Man, Teacher and Student?

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Many men think that because their wives have never had any experience in business that it would be foolish for them to talk business matters over with them. But, no matter how much experience you may have had, no matter what a great brain you may have, you need the swiftness and the accuracy of woman's instinct to keep you from making foolish investments, from making alliances with bad men, and from foolish things generally.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

WIFE GETS DECREE

JUDGE FRAZIER GRANTS DIVORCE TO MRS. HARTJE

Husband to Take Appeal

DECLARES HE WILL FIGHT CASE TO THE END

Court Says Evidence Does Not Prove Mrs. Hartje Wrote Letters to Her Negro Coachman—Other Suits

PITTSBURG—Judge Robert S. Frazier handed down his decision in the famous Hartje divorce case. The petition of Augustus Hartje, the millionaire paper manufacturer for a divorce from his wife, Mrs. Mary Scott Hartje, whom he charged with intimacy with Thomas Madine, a former coachman, is inconclusive, the decision says, and in substantiation of this conclusiveness, Judge Frazier cites the following points: The servants' stories of Mrs. Hartje's wrongdoings are quite different from those based on Mr. Hartje's petition. The story of Susie Wagner, a maid, was grossly exaggerated and built up; she was prejudiced and under the influence of Hartje's family. Mrs. Hartje perhaps visited the stable too often, but her fondness for horses sufficiently explains what might be considered an indiscretion.

The letters introduced are open to suspicion and are conclusive of nothing. Expert testimony is of little value.

The stealing of the said letters from Madine's rooms, as testified to, shows those who produced them to be law breakers.

Shot by Daughter

PHILADELPHIA—Miss Mary McAntee shot and probably fatally wounded her father, the Rev. John Quincy McAntee, at their home here. The shooting, according to police officials, followed a quarrel between Rev. Mr. McAntee and his wife, in which the minister, it is asserted, was trying to throw Mrs. McAntee down the cellar stairs. The daughter, who was in the upper portion of the house, rushed down stairs with a small revolver in her hand and fired three shots at her father, one of the bullets penetrating the brain. Mrs. McAntee and the daughter told the police that the husband and father had been drinking lately and had been quarrelsome and caused them much trouble. A short time ago, the daughter said, he had choked her and tried to throw her over a stair rail. Mother, daughter and a colored servant, who was in the house, were arrested.

The McAntee family is widely known. Rev. Mr. McAntee was a member of the Lutheran synod. He was formerly pastor of the Lutheran church of the Holy Communion in this city, but is now on the retired list. He was for five years in Nova Scotia and returned a short time ago from Palestine and the holy land where he went in the interest of the church. The daughter who did the shooting is twenty-three years old.

Worse Than the Chinese

NEW YORK—Japanese immigration was bitterly denounced in a speech by Representative Julius Kahn of San Francisco. Mr. Kahn was one of the speakers at a dinner of the New York credit men's association, held at the Hotel St. Denis. His subject was "The Japanese Question as affecting San Francisco."

The people of the Pacific coast, he said were satisfied that the Japanese would always remain loyal to the mikado, and the oath of naturalization would be to them a hollow mockery. Californians did not want that kind of citizenship and did not intend to have it if they could prevent it. The people of the Pacific coast, he said had had their experience with the Chinese coolies, and were now threatened with another invasion, still more serious, for the Japanese had all the vices of the Chinese with none of their virtues. The treaty between this country and Japan giving free entry to each country to the citizens of the other, he declared, to be one sided, as labor conditions were so different in American and Japan that only the Japanese could be benefited by the international agreement. He defended the policy of segregation of Japanese in the public schools of California and said that the people of his state would never permit their children to be thrown in contact with Japanese.

NO SALARY GRAFTERS

HOUSE MEMBERS REFUSE TO GIVE THEMSELVES ADVANCE.

Proposition Defeated by 188 Nays to 106 Yeas.

WASHINGTON—By a vote of 106 to 188 the house of representatives refused to increase from \$5,000 to \$7,000 the salaries of senators, members and delegates. The house, however, by an overwhelming vote, increased the salaries of vice president, the speaker of the house and members of the president's cabinet to \$12,000 each. In anticipation of the question of increasing salaries coming before the house, there was an exceedingly large membership present, and the debate on the several amendments for increase, which were offered by Mr. Littauer of New York to the legislative appropriation bill, was followed with marked interest.

After disposing of the salary question the house passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. The house adjourned at 3:45 p. m.

The house was brought face to face with the proposition to increase the salaries of its own members, senators and vice president, the speaker of the house and members of the president's cabinet while the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was under consideration and while it passed favorably on the proposition as applied to other officials, refused to make the order for members of either house of congress.

Mr. Littauer of New York, who had given notice that he would offer the amendments to the legislative bill necessary to accomplish the proposed increase, immediately secured the floor after the previous question had been ordered on the bill and presented an amendment raising the salaries of the vice president and the speaker of the house to \$12,000 per annum each. He spoke of the dignity of the position of the speaker of the house and said everybody recognized that the duties were arduous and the pay unequal to the position.

Mr. Underwood of Alabama said he was opposed to any further increase of salaries along the line of legislation, and legislative officers. He further said he believed the salaries of the minor clerks of the government should be increased on account of the increased cost of living. His contention was that salaries are paid to members of congress so that a poor man might come to congress and represent his constituents. He said he would not contend that a congressman could live in Washington and keep pace with modern society.

Mr. Fitzgerald of New York said he would vote for the increase, ever if the price he paid was political oblivion. He called attention to the salary paid the mayor of New York and also to the pay of the comptroller of that city and insisted that the vice president and the speaker should be paid salaries commensurate with the dignity of their offices.

After other speeches the amendment was adopted by a vote of 51, the opposition failing to secure votes enough to call the yeas and noes.

Mr. Littauer then introduced another amendment fixing the salaries of cabinet officers at \$12,000 per annum after March 4, 1907.

During the course of his remarks on this amendment Mr. Littauer held up a large picture of a baseball association manager whose salary had been increased from \$10,000 to \$15,000 a year, and contrasted it with the salaries paid members of the cabinet. The amendment was opposed by Mr. Mann of Illinois, but was adopted by a vote of 204 to 60. Mr. Littauer, who retires to private life with the close of the present congress, then offered a provision raising the salaries of senators and members of congress, delegates and residents commissioners of Porto Rico to \$7,500, and an agreement the time for the increase to begin was fixed on March 4, 1909.

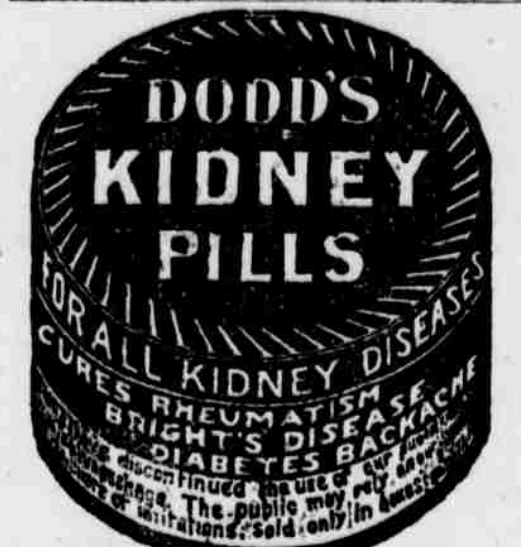
Mr. Bourtell of Illinois said he was opposed to the proposition to increase salaries of members, but was glad to vote to increase the compensation of the speaker, vice president and members of the cabinet.

Representative Clark of Florida was recorded an ovation when he announced that he desired to discuss the question from the standpoint of a poor man.

When you're in a big hurry yourself it's rather provoking to see your man leisurely taking his time. Snap and dash are qualities that count on the farm, especially when an important piece of work needs doing in the quickest possible time.

A freak of nature is reported in Jacksonwa'd, Pennsylvania. From the side of an old apple tree grows a big red apple. The fruit springs directly from the bark without branch or twig. Last spring the tenants noticed a small bud, which he did not disturb. Presently a small apple formed, and today it is perfect in shape and very large.

When burning a kerosene lamp place it in front of a mirror (not near enough to heat the glass) and there will be practically twice as much light, the mirror acting as a reflector.



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