ADVERTISER.

W. SANDERS, Publisher

- - - NEBRASKA

HUMOR OF THE WEEK

STORIES TOLD BY FUNNY MEN. OF THE PRESS.

odd, Carious and Laughable Phases of Human Nature Graphically Portrayed by Eminent Word Artists of Our Own Day-A Budget of Fuu.

Mrs. Higgins-I was too ill to attend the DeSwell-Upperton wedding. Were pon there?

Mrs. Diggsby-Yes, indeed. Mrs. Higgins-And what did you

raised them very highly.

of what firm they rented them.

Professional Courtesy.

I manage to keep my boarders "Oh, I don't know," rejoined the

other. "You keep them so thin that they look longer than they really are."

The Finish.



Miss Screech puts an artistic finish es every song she sings, doesn't she?" "Yes, that's what I enjoy the most."

"The finish."-Chicago Chronicle.

The S. G. Graduate. "Can't she cook?" But she says she can." "M's all fudge."-Houston Post.

Demestic Bliss Wife-According to this paper, bot er will prevent wrinkles. Husband-So? Then how do you ac

Wife-How do I account for them!

Husband-Yes; you keep me in hot water nearly all the time, you know.

Difference. Curner-So she has refused you on secont of your poverty? Suger She has, indeed, Gunner-Perhaps there is another Bichmond in the field."

Cayer-No, there is another rich man in the field. Good for a Press Notice.

The Soubrette—The leading lady ms to have been married to one as for seven consecutive years. Low Comedian-Huh! Some women on almost anything to gain a little terle ty!

An Appropriate Name. Thow me some Rip Van Winkle regs, please," said the lady shopper. "Pardon me," said the puzzled salesman, "but I don't think I exactly unerstand."

"Rip Van Winkle," replied the lady, slept for twenty years." "Yes, I know," asented the salesman,

bek at some rugs with an unusually ong nap."



Editor-How much de you want for se stetches?

Artist-O, I want ten gainess. Balter-Pon't siam the Sour as you re ont The Tattler.

NEBRASKA NOTES

中心中心中心中心中心中心中心中心中心中心中心中心。 ther institutions next summ r. could not be located.

Most of the product will be shipped to the Ames factory.

Morris Rentivo a stranger who Although Norfolk has lost the was found warnering around aimugar factory, the farmers in that lessly in the western part of Sarpy eighborhood will continue to rated wonly, has been taken to the Linugar bests. They are now making coin Insane asylum. It is said that ontracts for furnishing beets to be bad relatives in Kinsas, but they

of the residence lights are not yet able report. ready, there being a delay in the shipment of some of the supplies

the house of representatives visited clated as marshai.

On Sunday night the electric cur- the Insane hospital at Norfolk. The rent at Geneva was turned on for the members agreed that \$30,000 to \$40,first time and the new electric light | 000 repairs were necessary, and replant was successfully tested. Some turned to Lincoln to make a favor-

The new officers of Royal Neighbors at Table Rock were installed A committee of ten members of by Mrs. Ailce Beck. Mrs. Fink offi-

Result of Boycott.

hat guarantees freedom from strikes. ockouts and labor warfare is Battle Breek, Mich.

The story? The work people, mermank of the presents? The papers thants, lawyers, doctors and other citiens became aroused and indignant at Mrs. Diggsby-Oh, they were just he efforts of the labor unions throughbo levely for anything. I do wonder out the country to destroy the business of one of our largest industries—the Postum Cereal Co., Lt'd, and at the pen threats in the official union pabers, that the entire power of the Nager than you do," said the first lional and State Federations of Labor was being brought to bear to "punish" the industries of Battle Creek, and sarticularly the Postum Co.

> This sprung from the refusal of C. W. Post to obey the "orders of the mions to take the Postum advertising way from various papers that refused to purchase labor of the labor trustthe unions.

Mr. Post was ordered to join the mions in their conspiracy to "ruin" ind "put out of business' these pubishers who had worked faithfully for bim for years, and helped to build up als business. They had done no wrong. but had found it inconvenient and against their best judgment to buy labor of the labor trust. It seems a rule of the unions to conspire to ruin anyone who does not purchase from them upon their own terms.

An ink maker or paper maker who falled to sell ink or paper would have the same reason to order Post to help ruin these publishers. So the peddler in the street might stone you if you refused to buy his apples; the cabman to run over you if you refused to ride with him; the grocer order the manufacturer to discharge certain people because they did not patronize him, and so on to the ridiculous and villainous limit of all this boycott nonsense, in trying to force people to buy what they do not want.

If a man has labor to sell let him sell it at the best price he can get just as he would sell wheat, but he has no right to even intimate that he will obstruct the business, or attempt its ruin because the owner will not purchase of

The unions have become so tyrannous and arrogant with their despotism that a common citizen who has some time to spare and innocently went for the numerous wrinkles I thinks he has a right to put a little paint on his own house finds he must have that paint taken off and put on again by "the union" or all sorts of dire things happen to him, his employer is ordered to discharge him, his grocer is boycotted if he furnishes him supplies, his family followed and insuited and his life made more miserable than that of a black slave before the war. If he drives a nail to repair the house or barn the carpenter's "union" hounds him. He takes a pipe wrench to stop a leaking pipe and prevent damage to his property and the plumbers "union" does things to him. He cannot put a little mortar to a loose brick on his chimney or the bricklayers, plasterers or hod carriers "union" is up in arms and if he carelessly eats a loaf of bread that has no "union" label on it the bakers "union" proceeds to make life miserable for him.

So the white slave is tied hand and foot unable to lift a hand to better himself or do the needful things, without first obtaining permission from some haughty, ignorant and abusive tyrant of some labor union.

It would all seem rather like a comic opera, if it did not rob people of their freedom; that kind of work will not be permitted long in America.

Some smooth managers have built up the labor trust in the last few "Well," she interrupted, "I want to years, to bring themselves money and power and by managing workmen, have succeeded in making it possible for them to lay down the law in some cities and force workmen and eitizens to "obey" implicitly, stripping, them right and left of their liberties.

They have used boycotting, picket ing, assaults, dynamiting of property and murder to enforce their orders and rule the people. They have gone far enough to order the President to remove certain citizens from office because the "Unions" wern't pleased.

That means they propose to make the law of the nemns replace the law of this government and the union leaders dominate even the Chief Execu-

This is a government of and for the people and no organization or trust shall displace it. But the unions try it every now and then, led by desperate men as shown in their defiance of law and support of law breakers.

The "union" record of assaults, crippling of men and even women and children, destruction of property and murder of American citizens during the past two years is perhaps ten times the volume of crime and abuse peace and prosperity in Battle Creek perpetrated by slave owners during any two years previous to the Civil work of outside interference avoided War. We are in a horrible period of under the combined effort and action lettergy, which permits as to stand of all our people, by the formation of

The only place in the United States | are abused, crippled and murdered in dozens and hundreds by an organization or trust, having for its purpose, thrusting what it has to sell (labor) upon us whether or no.

Suppose an American in a foreign city should be chased by a mob, caught and beaten unconscious, then his mouth pried open and carbolic acid poured down his throat, then his ribs kicked in and his face well stamped with iron nailed shoes, murdered because he tried to earn bread for his children. By the Eternal, sir, a fleet of American Men of War would assemble there, clear for action and blow something off the face of the earth, if reparation were not made for the blood of one of our citizens.

And what answer do we make to the appeals of the hundreds of widows and orphans of those Americans murdered by labor unions? How do we try to protect the thousands of intelligent citizens who, with reason, prefer not to join any labor union and be subject to the tyranny of the heavily paid rulers of the labor trusts?

Upon a firm refusal by Mr. Post to join this criminal conspiracy a general boycott was ordered on Grape-Nuts and Postum all over the country, which set the good red blood of our ancestors in motion, bringing forth the reply that has now passed into history: "We refuse to join any conspiracy of organized labor to ruin publishers, nor will we discharge any of our trusted employes upon the orders of any labor union. If they can make their boycott effective and sink our ship, we will go down with the captain on the bridge and in command.'

This set the writers in labor papers crazy and they redoubled their abuse. Finally one of their official organs came out with a large double column denunciation of Battle Creek, calling it "a running sore on the face of Michigan," because it would not become "organized" and pay is dues to their labor leaders. The usual coarse, villaluous epithets common to labor union writers were indulged in.

The result was to weld public sentiment in Battle Creek for protection. A citizen's association was started and mass meetings held. Good citizens who happened to be members of local unions, in some cases quit the unions entirely, for there is small need of them there.

The working people of Battle Creek are of the highest order of American mechanics. The majority are not union members, for practically all of the manufacturers have for years declined to employ union men because of disturbances about eleven years ago, and the union men now in the city are among the best citizens.

No city in the State of Michigan pays as high average wages as Battle Creek, no city of its size is as prosperous, and no city has so large a proportion of the best grade of mechanics who own their own homes.

So the work people massed together with the other citizens in the organization of the Criticen's Association with the following preamble and constitution:

Whereas, From 1891 to 1894 the strikes instigated by Labor Unions in Battle Creek resulted in the destruction of property and loss of large sums of money in wages that would have been expended here; and,

Where is, These acts caused serious damage to the city and in a marked way delayed its progress at that time;

Whereas, Since the year 1894 the citizens have been enabled, by public sentiment, to prevent the recurrence of strikes and Labor Union disturbances which have been prevalent elsewhere; and,

Whereas, The employers of this city have steadfastly refused to place the management of their business under the control of Labor Unions, but have maintained the highest standard of wages paid under like conditions anywhere in the United States, and hereby unanimously declared their intent to continue such policy; and the employes of this city, a large percentage of whom own homes and have families reared and educated under conditions of peace and the well-earned prosperity of steady employment, have steadfastly maintained their right as free American citizens to work without the dictation and tyranny of Labor Union leaders, the bitter experience of the past offering sufficient reason for a determined stand for freedom; and,

Whereas, The attitude of the citizens on this subject has been the means of preserving peaceful conditions and continuous prosperity in marked contrast to the condition existing in other cities suffering from the dictation of Trades Unionism; it is therefore

Resolved, That the continuance of can be maintained, and the destructive by while our American citizens a Citizens' Assentation

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1 .- NAME. ARTICLE 2 .- OBJECTS.

First-To insure, so far as possible, a permanent condition of peace, prosperity and steady employment to the people of Battle Creek.

Second-To energetically assist in maintaining law and order at all times and under all conditions.

Third-To protect its members in their rights to manage their property and to dispose of their labor in a legal, lawful manner without restraint or interference.

Fourth-To insure and permanently maintain fair, just treatment, one with another in all the relations of life.

Fifth-To preserve the existing right of any capable person to obtain employment and sell his labor, without being obliged to join any particular church, secret society, labor union or any other organization, and to support all such persons in their efforts to resist compulsory methods on the part of any organized body whatsoever.

Sixth-To promote among employers a spirit of fairness, friendship and desire for the best interests of their employes, and to promote among workmen the spirit of industry, thrift, faithfulness to their employers and good citizenship.

Seventh-To so amalgamate the public sentiment of all of the best citizens of Battle Creek, that a guarantee can be given to the world of a continuance of peaceful conditions, and that under such guarantee and protection manufacturers and capitalists can be induced to locate their business enterprises in Battle Creek.

Then follows articles relating to membership, officers, duties, etc., etc., etc., This constitution has been signed by the great majority of representative citizens, including our work people.

A number of manufacturers from other cities, where they have been suffering all sorts of indignities, inconvenience and losses from the general hell of labor union strikes, picketing, assaults and other interference, proposed to move, providing they could be guaranteed protection.

the subject grew in importance un til it has reached a place where absolute protection can be guaranteed by the citizens of Battle Creek on the following broad and evenly balanced terms which guarantees to the workman and to the manufacturer, fairness, justice, steady work and regularity of output.

The new-coming manufacturer agrees to maintain the standard rate of wage paid elsewhere for like service, under similar conditions, the rate to be determined from time to time from well authenticated reports from competing cities. The tabulated wage reports issued by the Government Department of Commerce and Labor can also be used to show the standard rate. and it is expected later on that this government bureau will fumish weekly reports of the labor market from different centers, so that the workman when he is ready to sell his labor and the employer when he is ready to buy, may each have reliable information as to the market or ruling price.

The new-coming manufacturer also agrees to maintain the sanitary and hygienic conditions provided for by the State laws and to refrain from any lockouts to reduce wages below the standard; reserving to himself the right to discharge any employe for

The Citizens' Association on its part agrees to furnish, in such numbers as it is possible to obtain, first-class workmen who will contract to sell their labor at the standard price for such period as may be fixed upon, agreeing not to strike, picket, assault other workmen, destroy property, or do any the criminal acts common to labor unionism. Each workman reserving to himself the right to quit work for cause, and the Citizens' Association further pledges its members to use its associated power to enforce the contracts between employer and employe and to act en masse to uphold the law at all times. The new industries locating in Bat-

tle Creek will not start under any sort of labor union domination whatsoever, but will make individual contracts with each employe, those contracts being fair and equitable and guaranteed on both sides.

Thus from the abuses of labor unions and their insane efforts to ruin everyone who does not "obey" has evolved this plan which replaces the old conditions of injustice, lockouts, strikes, violence, loss of money and property, and general industrial warfare; and inaugurates an era of perfect balance and fairness between employer and employe, a steady continuance of industry and consequent prosperity. The cutire community pledged by public sentiment and private act to restore to each man his ancient right to "peace, freedom and the pursuit of happiness."

Other cities will be driven to proeir work people, merekants and citi

zens as well as their industries from the blight of strikes, violence and the losses brought on by labor unionism run amuck, by adopting the "Battle Creek plan," but this city offers industrial peace now with cheap coal and good water, first-class railroad facilities and the best grade of fair, capable and peaceable mechanics known. Details given upon inquiry of the "Secy. of the Citizens' Association."

The public should remember that

Identification.

there are a few Labor Unions conducted on peaceful lines and in proportion as they are worthy, they have won esteem, for we, as a people, are strongly in sympathy with any right act that has for its purpose better conditions for wage workers. But we do not forget that we seek the good of all and not those alone who belong to some organization, whereas even the law abiding unions show undenlable evidences of tyranny and oppression when they are strong enough, while many of the unions harbor and encourage criminals in their efforts to force a yoke of slavery upon the American people. As a public speaker lately said: "The arrogance of the English King that roused the flery eloquence of Otis, that inspired the immortal declaration of Jefferson, that left Warren dying on the slopes of Bunker Hill was not more outrageous than the conditions that a closed shop would force upon the community. These men burst into rebellion 'when the king did but touch their pockets.' Imagine if you can their indignant protest had he sought to prohibit or restrict their occupation or determine the conditions under which they should earn their livelihood," and to assault, beat and murder them, blow up their house and poison their food if they did not submit.

The public should also remember that good true American citisens can be found in the unions and that they deprecate the criminal acts of their fellow members, but they are often in be company.

of it only hurts sore spots. So, the bonest, law abiding union man is not hurt when the nounced, but when you hear a unlos man "holler" because the facts are made public, he has branded himself as either one of the law breakers or a sympathizer, and therefore with the mind of the law breaker, and likely to become one when opportunity offers. That is one reason employers decline to hire such men.

A short time ago inquiry came from the union forces to know if Mr. Post would "keep still" if they could call off the boycott on Postum and Grape Nuts.

This is the reply: "The labor trust has seen fit to try to ruin our business because we would not join its criminal conspiracy. We are plain American citizens and differ from the labor union plan in that we do not force people to strike, picket, boycott, assault, blow up property or commit murder.

We do not pay thugs \$20 to break in the ribs of any man who tries to support his family nor \$30 for an eye knocked out.

We try to show our plain, honest regard for sturdy and independent workmen by paying the highest wages in the State.

We have a steady, unvarying respect for the law abiding peaceable union man and a most earnest desire to see him gain power enough to purge the unions of their criminal practices that have brought down upon them the righteous denunciation of a long-suffering and outraged public, but we will not fawn, truckle, bend the knee wear the hated collar of white slavery, the union label, nor prostitute que American citizenship under "orders of any fabor trust,

You offer to remove the restriction on our business and with "union" gold choke the throat and still the voice raised in stern denunciation of the despotism which tramples beneath an iron shod heel, the freedom of our brothers.

You would gag us with a silver bas and muffle the appeal to the American people to harken to the cries for bread of the little children whose faithful fathers were beaten to death while striving to earn food for them.

Your boycott may perhaps succeed in throwing our people out of work and driving us from business, but you cannot wrench from us that priceless jewel our fathers fought for and which every true son guards with his life. Therefore, speaking for our work people and ourselves the infamous offer is declined."

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD.

Note by Publisher:

The Postum Company have a yearly contract for space is this paper which they have a right to use for announcements of facts and principles. Such se does not necessarily carry with it my editorial opinion