

OPINIONS OF GREAT PAPERS ON IMPORTANT SUBJECTS

The Sense of Gratitude.

IVING and taking makes up such a large part of life that the art of thanks is well worth a little consideration. . . . The sensation of grafitude is, generally speaking, a double sensation. It consists in pleasure produced by a gift or favor for its own sake, and in a renewed sense of affection or regard toward the giver. The latter should always be the uppermost feeling in the mind, though there are circumstances in which it is not possible that it should be the strongest. A wellexpressed gratitude conveys both feelings, and every gratitude which does so is well expressed, however badly it may be worded. Occasionally only one of these two feelings is present in the mind, and it is a nice question of morals how far the other may rightly be simulated, * * The amount of thanks a man receives during his life depends very largely upon his accomplishment as a giver. There are those who give with so much simplicity that they conciliate the proud, set the shy at their ease, and dull the selfish sharpness of critical perceptions; but the obligation of returning thanks remains the same, however awkwardly it may be laid upon us. No man has any right to consider his creditor's circumstances before he pays his debt, or to keep his creditor waiting because of his bad manners. Gratitude is a debt which only the worst men repudiate. The things for which we feel most warmly grateful we can at least often repay in kind, but the treasury of words is freely open to the poorest, and it is surely worth some pains to learn how best to count them .- London Spectator.

The Decay of "Faithfulness."

E seldom hear the word "faithfulness" used now in the old-fashioned Evangelical sense, when it had reference, according to the definition in Murray's Dictionary, "to the duty of telling unwelcome counsel." Very few people now pride themselves upon being "faithful" with their friends-1, e., never allowing affection or a proper regard for the liberty of the individual to stand between them and a true expression of unasited opinion. No one boasts that he or she has been "faithful." Such severity may be at times necessary, and often excusable, but it is no longer admired. A tendency to rigorous dealing, whether verbal or otherwise, has lost its place among the virtues, and takes rank among minor defects of character. Of course, we all tell unpleasant truths and give unwelcome advice at times, but not often of set purpose. We do it, so to speak, by accidentbecause we have lost our tempers, or are otherwise carried away by our feelings. Those who suffer from the faithful wounds of a friend, or painfully reject his gratuitous guidance, do not try, as their grandfathers tried-after the first moment of inevitable irritation was over-to feel gratitude towards him on the ground of his faithfulness; at best nowadays they do but try to forgive him for his interference.

All this, of course, is merely a part of the modern softeping of manners, the modern respect for the individual, nd the modern worship of liberty. For the decay of faithfulness" within the circle of intimacy comes of the same advance in civilization which has killed verbal personal violence in the wider circle of cultivated society. Friends no longer dave to play with sharp-edged personalities. Acquaintances no longer search in conversation, as Theodore iflook's contemporaries appear to have searched, for something to hit with. Unless a man wishes to be hated, he must use his knowledge of the weaknesses of these around him in order to spare not to chastise them .-London Spectator.

HOW WOMAN ACTS IN DANGER.

Can Be Depended On for Something Un-

usual When Frightened.

other evening in his automobile with

a feminine companion, Sidney Godbam.

secretary of the Automobile Club, sud-

enemostly begged him to dealst. "No!

This is only one of the many incl-

lents in which the "eternal feminine"

will do an unusual or unguarded thing

if the presence of sudden fright. Not

that women are any more susceptible

women hold equal rank with men-in

eases of fires, runaways, in burglar

trights, and in automobile scares, in

wife keeps ber head just as wen as I

spite of the exception given.

road, staring at his headlight.

Speeding down Michigan avenue the

Is Mental Vigor on the Wane?

DISTINGUISHED British physician, Dr. Hyslop, is quoted as saying that "with the apparent advance of civilization there is in reality a diminution in intellectual vigor, mainly due to faulty management in economy of brain power." The assertion that there has been no increase in intellectual power since the

earliest period of recorded history is quite familiar, but one does not often hear from an authoritative source the statement that the mental vigor of the most progressive races is actually declining.

Is this a fact? Do we find evidence therefor in the activities of the generation now holding the world's stage or in the work of the generation fitting itself in school, field and workshop for future control? Hardly. In the sciences, in the arts, in every line of research and invention, there is steady if not remarkable progress. The patent offices of the various countries do not indicate any diminution of mental fertility or ingenuity. The fiction, the poetry, the periodical literature and journalism of the day, with all the excrescences we deplore in them, do not afford proof of mental deterioration.

The standards of our secondary schools, colleges, universities and professional institutions are higher than ever, yet we do not get the impression from educators' reports that boys and girls are unequal to the task of meeting the tests imposed before admission or of following the courses

No, there seems to be no evidence of the waning of intelligence alleged by the eminent physician. Nevertheless, there is "food for thought" in his remarks, to this extent at least-that such phenomena as the rapid increase of lunacy demand serious inquiry into our systems of education. Facts are useful when they readily fall into classes presided over by large ideas. An ill-assorted collection of barren facts is of little value, and tends to "diffuse consciousness's and lack of continuity of thought. The world was never richer than it is to-day in the raw material knowledge, but the chief function of education is to develop capacity for deep and sustained thought. Given concentration, discipline and method, and the accumulation of knowledge is relatively easy in our time.-Chicago Record-Herald.

"Catching Cold" and llow to Avoid It.

F people could only get the superstition out of their heads that pneumonia and its invariable precursor, a "cold," are due to cold air and draughts, the death rate from pneumonia and the discomfort rate from "colds" could be cut down in a week to almost nothing. Never was there a more destructive misnomer than calling the fever which does so much harm a "cold."

As a matter of fact, a "cold" is not due to cold at all, but to overheating the skin and a lack of fresh air in the lungs. People put on heavy woolen underclothing sit in a room heated to the temperature of midsummer. perspire freely, thus opening their pores; the moisture is prevented by the wool from evaporating and leaving the skin cool and dry and remains on the surface thus rendered sensitive. Then they go suddenly out into the cold air, which instantly chills the moist and open pores, drives the blood away from the surface, creates an internal congestion that deranges all the organs, and a fever follows. This, of course, affects the mucous membrane from within. and the membrane, which has been dried and baked in he overheated room, and thus made a lodging for the dangerous microbes bred in foul and oxygen-exhausted air. cannot resist the attack through the blood and becomes an easy prey to the microbes from without. Then there is suffering and, too often, pneumonia and death,

A European once asked a Canadian Indian who wore nothing but a leosely wrapped blanket in the northern winter, whether he would not take cold. "Cold?" replied the Indian, scornfully. "White man not cover his facewhite man's face not cold? No? Indian all face!"

That is the secret of immunity from colds and pneumonia. Be all face-that is, do not wear heavy under clothing but heavy outerclothing which you can remove in a warm room, breathe plenty of fresh oxygenated air and you can laugh the draughts to scorn, will find the outdoor cold much more easily bearable, and can grad nally reduce the temperature of your home and your office to the European standard. So shall you escape pneumonia and premature death .- Chicago Journal

course, we don't have much to mught case of sudden danger. "In five scares," en us. Accidents are really much more rare than people generally suppose. With confidence in their operator- as brave as a man any time. I pretty when they are not seared out of it, as nearly lost my life once, and would in the case I have just related-women have had it not been for a woman. I

it comes.

dealy spied a cat in the middle of the "The narrowest escape I ever had occurred when there were three women "Now, I'm going to get that cat." in my auto. I was running down a he remarked to his companion, who small hill over a narrow road with high banks on either side and only be persisted, "there were too many four feet away w_en I spied a broken stray cats prowling about in the world bottle in the middle of the track. I already," and he speeded his automoturned to the side, seeking to save my bile straight ahead. Within five feet tire, when I suddenly found the wheels out of a burning building with her of the bewildered animal, which for sliding down the bank. I called insome strange reason had not budged. stantly to the women to jump. Then the girl leaned forward in her intense I sat and waited. At that moment I sympathy for the poor cat about to be would have taken a hundred dollars crushed. Mr. Gorham, running his for that machine which I paid \$2500 unachine at the rate of twenty-five for. It looked as if it still might go miles an hour, suddenly veered to the over any moment, and land at the botside. He saved the cat, but pretty tom of the bank upside down. I mannearly lost his companion, who, unable aged to save it, but would you believe. to preserve her poise, went pitching when I asked those women to get out out of the vehicle, he catching her by they simply giggled. I knew, of course, the coat just in time to save a catasthe switch was thrown and that we

ment." will act differently from a sympathetic carry walking sticks with sliver or or well poised woman. A case is relat- gold knobs. These opened with a lid. ed of one girl out in an automobile to loss of presence of mind than men. for the first time. The operator, who generally. On the contrary, from the was likewise inexperienced, had the testimony of those who have had wide lever reversed and did not know it. experience in dealing with both sexes Suddenly the machine began backing. in the presence of scares of any kind driving straight for a curb. The energetic girl rose up and called "Whoa! whoa!" much to the amusement of the crowd watching the performance. Her lack of reserve and loss of presence "In fact," continues Mr. Gorham, of mind manifested itself in the pres-

might be hurled into eternity any mo-

speaking of automobiling, "I find my ence of sudden fright. Another energetic woman, perfectly him closely, is as free as a bird comdo, and the same thing is true of pret able to keep cool on all occasions, may pared with the bachelor who lives with ty nearly all the women I kno.. or perform a deed of real heroism in the an old maid sister.

says Marshal Campion of engine house No. 5, "I can't see but a woman is just do not always realize real danger when was down in the basement of an old dance hall on the West Side, which was in a mass of flames, and I had simply lost my way. I called up in my dilemma, and it was a woman who stood at the head of the stairs and directed me out with flames sweeping

about like mad. "Still, women do lose their heads. Just a short time ago one woman came hat and bandbox and left five bundred dollars' worth of jewels on her dresser. As luck would have it, though. they were buried in the plastering and she recovered them later."-Chicago

Perfumes as Disinfectants.

It is a well-known fact that workers among lavender beds seldom take infectious ailments and those engaged in the perfumery trade are singularly free from them. A good perfume in the old days was considered an excellent An energetic but inexperienced girl disinfectant. The doctors then used to disclosing a tiny vinalgrette box, which the physician held to his nose when entering rooms containing patients ill with any infectious disease.

> Doing and feiling to Order. "Henpeck tells his wife everything that he does."

"Yes, and he does everything that she tells him."-Illustrated Bits.

The widower whose children watch

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~~~~~~ Ont Had We Some Isle. O! had we some bright little isle of our

In a blue summer ocean, far off and alone, Where a leaf never dies in the still

blooming bowers, And the bee banquets on through a whole rear of flowers; Where the sun loves to pause With so fond a delay

That the night only draws A thin veil o'er the day; Where simply to feel that we breathe, that we live, Is worth the best joy that life elsewhere can give.

There, with souls ever ardent and pure as the clime, We should love as they loved in the first

golden time; The glow of the sunshine, the balm of the nir, Would stead to our hearts and make all summer there.

With affection as free From decline as the bowers, And with hope, like the bee Living always on flowers, Our life should resemble a long day light.

And our death come on holy and calm as the night. -Moore.

Mary of Argyle. I have heard the mavis singing His love song to the morn; I have seen the dew-drop clinging To the rose just newly born. But a sweeter song has cheered me, At the evening's gentle close, And I've seen an eye still brighter, Than the dew-drop on the rose; Twas thy voice, my gentle Mary, And thine artless, winning smile,

Bonnie Mary of Argyle. The' thy voice may lose its sweetness And thine eye its brightness, too, Tho' thy step may lack its fleetness,

That made the world an Eden,

And thy hair its sunny hue; Still to me wilt thou be dearer, Than all the world shall own, I have loved thee for thy beauty, but Not for that alone;

I have watched thy heart, dear Mary, And its goodness was the wile, That has made thee mine forever, Bonnie Mary of Argyle. -Charles Jeffreys.

GUIDE MAY START RUSH. .

How to Care for and Manage the Most Facinating of Domestic Pets.

Marriage license clerks should prepare for the rush, for the chief marriage handicap has been removed. As soon as sufficient time has elapsed for the study of a book just published in London called "Wives and How to Manage Them," they may expect a tidal wave of young men with the license fee and the courage of their convictions.

The author hides his fame under the name of "One Who Knows," but that will not prevent him receiving a monument from the male portion of the English speaking race after he has been lynched by their better halves.

He starts off by drawing attention to the fact that "there are numerous handbooks published which deal with the management of the horse, the dog, the canary, and other domestic animals, and yet there is no good and useful text book upon the 'Choice and Management of the Wife,' who is by far the most important, most expensive and most universal of the domestic pets."

The course of management must begin with the honeymoon, and the great thing the husband has to beware is allowing his wife to think for herself.

If you speak a foreign language and she does not, spend your honeymoon in that country, then you must do the thinking for both. "If you do not your wife may begin to think for you. To allow this is the most fatal error you can possibly commit, it is a habit you may find it difficult to break her of afterwards. Let her talk-that does no manner of harm and comes to most women much more easily than thinking-but, if possible, prevent her from thinking at all; in a wife it is a most pernicious habit, only one degree less terrible than that of reasoning, which is a deadly sin. If once your wife begins to reason about things in general, and contracts the habit, before long she is sure to reason about you. Now you know quite well that you will not bear reasoning about.

One of the few things for which a man may be naturally thankful is woman's changeability. "Some unthinking male creatures have reproached women for this changeability; they do not realize that no sane man would care to eat boiled mutton at every meal, year in and year out."

He strongly advises moderation in the management of a wife by means of violence, and cites a good reason from the police court. "The magistrate asked the wife: 'And you mean to say that that miserable wreck of a man gave you a black eye? 'Lor, sir,' she answered, 'he wasn't a miserable | ment, or just claim to?

wreck afore he struck me." The argument is convincing.

One thing you must do in maunging a wife is to insist on her doing as you say, and then shutting your eyes, so that you may not see when she does the opposite. So, and only so, can you manage her with bappiness for both.

This needs the co-operation of the wife, however, and the power to tell a good, convincing lie.

The final advice is: "Be careful, whatever you do, to keep up your subscription to your club. A man's house is his castle; but a married man's castle is his club."

Here is a sop of consolation: "After; all, marriage has its consolations as tong as your wife lives you cannot marry any other woman. You know the worst."-Chicago Tribune.

## PATHFINDER OF SAN JUAN.

Episode in the Life of Otto Mears at Marshall Pass.

Otto Mears of Saguache is known in Colorado as the "Pathfinder of the San Juan" because of stage and toll roads he built through the mountains. One of his stage lines was over Marshall pass. He was constantly censuring his drivers for being slow. The result was that every man was envious toget him alone in a stage and demonstrate that they could go fast enough to please him.

One morning he waited at the summit of Marshall pass for the stage driven by Henry Burns, -n reckless driver, to leave for the foot. He was dressed in a black suit that was molded to him and on his head was a new silk hat and his linen was spotlessly white. He was the only passenger.

"I'll give him the ride of his life," remarked Burns to the station men.

Four of the best horses on the line were hooked up. Mears stepped intothe stage with a fresh clear in his mouth and Burns clamered on the box. He cracked his whip with a volley of curses and the leaders nearly jumped out of the harness. He sent the four down the serpentine road in record time, the stage banging agains the side of the mountain, grazing the edges of precipices, whirling around sharp curves on two wheels and bounding over rocks with jars that raised the heavy vehicle three fact and plunged it forward with a bump that started every bolt and nail. The horses were white with lather, but still Burns urged them on,

At the foot of the pass Burns pulled up his feaming and west-nigh spent horses and Mears climbed out. His silk hat was a battered wreck, his clothes were torn in dozen of places and his hands and face were scratched and bleeding, for he had been tossed about in the stage like a pea in a can; but less clear was still gripped in his teeth. He said nothing, however, until the stage was driven up to continue on its way, when he ramarked to Enthe:

"Henery, I tink I vill ride on te outside mit you. I vas so lopesome in side I conidn't keep avake."-Chicago Chroniele.

True Riches.

A writer in the Outlook describes a ride he once took with an old farmer in a New England village, during which some of the men of the neighborhood came under criticism.

Speaking of a prominent man in the neighborhood, I asked: "Is be a man of means?"

"Well, sir," the fanmer replied, "he basn't got much money, but he's mighty rich."

"Has he a great deal of land, then?" I asked. "No, sir, he hasn't got much land,

either, but he's mighty rich."

The old farmer, with a pleased smile, observed my puzzled look for a moment, and then coplained:

"You see, he hasn't get much money, and he hasn't got much land, but still he is rich, because he never went to hed owing a man a cont in his life. He lives as well as he wants to live, and he pays as he goes; he doesn't owe anything, and he isn't afraid of, anybody; he tells every man the truth, and does his duty by himself, his family, and his neighbors; his word is as good as his bond, and every man, weenan and child in town looks up to him, and respects him. No, sir, he hasn't got much land, but be's a mighty rich man, because he's got all he wants."

A Camel Striue.

Probably the only statue in which a camel figures is that of General Gordon, who perished in the Soudan, mounted on the "ship of the desert," which was the work of the late Onslow Ford. After having been set up in London it was transported to Khartoum, where it marks the spot where 'Chinese" Gordon so tragically perish-

The "Hello Lady.": Society's pet may be first in the whirt Of receptions and balls, But she'll have to admit it's the Tele

phone Girl Who receives the most calls. Philadelphia Public Ledger.

De you always keep an appoint

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