

JAPS STILL ON THE MOVE

ARMY REPORTED AS HANGING ON RUSSIAN FLANK

Surprising to St. Petersburg, Which Cannot Regard New Fight Imminent—Conditions at Port Arthur.

ST. PETERSBURG.—General Kuropatkin reports that reconnaissances have established the fact that the Japanese are massing near Yental and Bensiaputze. Bands of Japanese are also moving in the Liao river valley.

News from the front is exceedingly meagre and the present lull in the operations in Manchuria is expected to continue for several weeks. Ever since General Kuropatkin's retreat definitely accomplished the best informed military circles were convinced that Field Marshal Oyama could not immediately renew his aggressive tactics. All the information since received regarding the condition of the Japanese armies has strengthened the conviction that Oyama will require a considerable time to organize a new advance, and it is now believed that he probably will wait reinforcements of men and guns to make good his losses at Liao Yang. These, it is reported will be ready to leave Japan at the end of the month. Moreover, it would create no surprise here if a Japan diversion is attempted in the direction of Vladivostok to prepare the way for a renewal of aggressive operations against Mukden. In the meantime Kuropatkin is also obtaining reinforcements. A large number of guns and some independent troops are on their way to the front and the first detachment of the Odessa corps is expected to be on its way east by train soon.

There is considerable mystery about Kuropatkin's plans. Although all the information obtainable indicates that the bulk of his army is still around Mukden and the official intimations are that Kuropatkin does not contemplate retiring further at present, there is considerable skepticism on these points. About all that is definitely known is that a considerable number of his troops have already gone north; that the heights near the Liao river at the pass have been fortified; that the pass has been secured and that cavalry is scouting wide on the Russian flanks to signal the first indication of a new turning movement on the part of the Japanese. Only outpost skirmishes of little importance have been reported.

The Japanese are not expected to redouble their efforts before Port Arthur, hence the news received is not encouraging. In spite of the success which hitherto has attended the defense, the Russian lines are being drawn closer, the garrison is undergoing severe privations, and its resisting power is weakening under the strain. A final sortie of the Russian squadron at Port Arthur may be expected at any time. When the command of the squadron was turned over to Rear Admiral Wren he received strict instructions that if the fortress falls not one of the Russian ships must fall into the hands of the Japanese.

A telegram from Harbin says the following report has been received from Port Arthur:

"Our garrison is in good spirits and there is no prospect of provisions failing. Port Arthur is prepared to make a long, obstinate defense. The Japanese are strongly fortifying their positions near Kin Chou isthmus, and are entrenching before Port Arthur."

The Russian military critics, analyzing General Kuropatkin's extended report of the battle of Liao Yang, seem to unite in considering that Field Marshal Oyama's purpose having failed, the honors belong rather to Kuropatkin than to the Japanese commander-in-chief. The Novoe Vremya draws a parallel between Liao Yang and Borodino, where General Kutusoff's abandonment of Moscow to Napoleon was followed by the disastrous retreat of the French.

A Serious Storm

NEW YORK.—A number of lives were lost, much property damaged and several ships were wrecked in the storm which ravaged the Atlantic coast. It was one of the fiercest September storms on record.

HIS NAME SAVED

LONG REPORT BY KUROPATKIN DISARMS THE CRITICS.

FUTURE PLAN NOT STATED

ARMY, HOWEVER, ENTRENCHED, AND MAY HOLD ITS OWN.

Most Likely Plan is to Fall Back to Harbin for Winter Quarters—Report Source of Relief to St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG.—General Kuropatkin's official report, which was given out comes as a considerable relief as setting at rest alarmist stories of the loss of guns, the cutting off of divisions and the death or capture of prominent commanders, which have been freely circulated here. The report, which is a very long one, enters at considerable length into the various phases of the battle of Liao Lang and entirely bars out the declaration of the Associated press at the time that General Orloff's failure to hold the vast position at the Yental mines was responsible for the breaking down of the whole of General Kuropatkin's plan of battle and turned a potential victory in to defeat. The manner in which the retreat was carried out in the face of the terrible condition of the country and the determined pressure of the Japanese armies does much to restore General Kuropatkin's prestige in military circles.

The war office is extremely reticent regarding the present situation and future plans at the front. There has been no rain the last two days, and it is probable the country will now dry up and leave two months of good weather for the fall campaign.

Many things may happen during this period, but the Associated press is informed by a high authority that preparations are being steadily pushed looking to the wintering of the Russian army at Harbin.

The long expected detailed report of the battle of Liao Yang has been received from General Kuropatkin. The war office says it will fill several columns. The report covers the operations from August 28 to September 5. According to the advance summary communicated to the press by the general staff it is very satisfactory, showing that the retreat was effected with much precision that not a single field or fortress gun was left behind.

Lena Must Lie Idle.

WASHINGTON.—Acting Secretary of State Adee today gave out the following statement regarding the Russian ship Lena, now at San Francisco:

"The president has issued an order, through the acting secretary of state, directing that the Russian armed transport Lena, now at San Francisco, be taken into custody by the naval authorities of the United States and disarmed. The main features of the conditions prescribed are that the Lena be taken to the Mare island navy yard, and there disarmed by removal of small guns, preblocks of large guns small arms, ammunition and ordnance stores and such other dismantlement as may be prescribed by the commandant of the navy yards; that the captain give a written guarantee that the Lena shall not leave San Francisco until peace shall have been concluded; that the officers and crew shall be paroled not to leave San Francisco until some other understanding as to their disposal may be reached between the United States government and between the belligerents.

No Menace to Foreigners.

SHANGHAI.—It is not probable that the mission of the southern provinces of China for the purpose of raising money upon which Tse Hang, a Peking official, is now engaged, is in any way connected with hostilities toward foreigners in China or are new of the boxers, troubles. The urgent need of Peking for money for army reform and improvements is due firstly to her desire to possess a sufficient force to garrison and defend Manchuria should Japan restore this territory to her and secondly to the desire to be prepared to resist a possible proposal for the partition of China when the present war is over

FOR PROTECTION OF JEWS

RUSSIA OPPOSES ANY AMERICAN INTERFERENCE.

An Effort Being Made to Protect Naturalized Jew.—Laws Are Declared Barbarous.

ST. PETERSBURG.—The fact that the government of the United States, through Ambassador McCormick, had opened negotiations with the Russian government with the object of obtaining recognition of Jewish passports in Russia is not generally known here. Even the Journal de St. Petersburg, the semi-official organ of the foreign office receives the reports drifting back through the foreign press with incredulity. The Journal refers editorially to what it calls a "stupefying" article in the Paris Siecle representing President Roosevelt as a new Moses seeking to impose on Russia liberal treatment of Russian Jews naturalized in the United States and Pobedontseff (procureur general of the holy synod) as Russia's evil genius, and says:

"Have those who have written or inspired the article weighed the temerity of the chimera, a realization of which would be an insult to Russia."

After arguing at length the reasons for the Russian Jewish laws, the Journal proceeds:

"Washington says, 'Your restrictive laws are barbarous. We condemn them. We will break them.' Washington claims that Russian Jews naturalized in the United States are entitled to escape the laws of the empire, or the dignity of the United States would be surrendered. No, a thousand times no. The prestige of the United States will not suffer. We deny, and always will deny, that a foreign country has the right to make overtures for the classification of population under the fiction of rights acquired by naturalization in America. A simple statement of the case demonstrates its enormity. American citizens are always welcome and will always enjoy treatment similar to the citizens of other countries. But that does not prevent our specifying conditions under which foreign subjects can enter the empire. If we wished to limit immigration as America does; if we wished to stop Chinese immigration, as America does, who would deny our right to do so? Even if we reserved to ourselves the right of limiting the domiciliary privileges of native born Americans, who were not Christians, we would have the right to do so. Consequently with greater reason, we have the right to stop refuge Russian Israelites who might go to the United States and mislay exchange papers to come back afterwards, swept away the territorial dykes and upon the slightest provocation appeal to the ever-vigilant protection of the consulates of the land, with which, as a matter of fact, they have no title. Under artificial protection they thus create a sore body politic. Once more we refuse to believe that President Roosevelt, who has given so many evidences of political tact has entrusted the American ambassador at St. Petersburg with such a mission."

Further answer has been given to Mr. McCormick in the matter, but all hope that Russia will even undertake to entertain the American proposals is practically abandoned.

British Ship Will Patrol

VICTORIA, B. C.—H. M. S. Grafton, flagship of the Pacific squadron which left here some days ago to do her annual heavy gun practice at Comox, returned unexpectedly to Esquimalt making the trip under forced draught and in record time. She is now in Esquimalt harbor making ready for sea and will not finish her gun practice at present.

The cause of the Grafton's return from the trip from Comox is connected with the sudden appearance of the Russian armed auxiliary cruiser Lena in San Francisco. It is understood the Grafton is under cable orders from the British admiralty to protect British shipping on the American side of the Pacific at all costs. It depends upon the decision of the United States government regarding the Lena whether the Grafton will proceed south to watch her, and if any British merchantment be molested capture and sink her.

ATTACKED BY MOB

NON-UNIONISTS MAKE THE ATTACK.

EIGHT PEOPLE INJURED

SAVAGE FIGHT IN THE CHICAGO STOCK YARDS.

Four Hurt So Badly Hospital Attention is Necessary—Two Young Women Victims of the Assaults.

CHICAGO.—Two savage attacks were made upon non-union workers at the stock yards and in the fights that followed eight people were injured, four of them so severely that it was necessary to take them to hospitals. The first disturbance occurred at the intersection of Halstead and Root streets.

Two young women, Annie Cook and Mamie Jasper were on an east bound Root street car, and when it reached Halstead street, several men and boys with the aid of two or three women, boarded the car and dragged the young women to the street. Both were badly beaten before the police arrived. They were taken to the hospitals. Mamie Jasper was struck with a brick, and her face and forehead were badly cut.

The mob remained at a short distance from the car track, and continued to throw stones. A west bound car which happened to pass during the trouble was struck by several of the stones. Fremont Sloan and Annie Crodore were injured. Anton Asburia, a brewery driver, tried to drive through the crowd and was hit in the back of the head with a brick and knocked from his wagon. His scalp was badly cut.

A call for help brought Lieutenant Prim and six policemen who charged the crowd, which scattered. Policeman Christ Lyons was knocked down by a stone, but was not badly hurt.

A second riot took place in Root street near Princeton avenue, where seven colored men employed in the stock yards were attacked by a large crowd of sympathizers with the stock yards strikers.

John Sims, one of the colored men was knocked down and kicked nearly to death. Several arrests were made.

Hold-Up On Rock Island.

DES MOINES, Ia.—Five bandits perpetuated a successful holdup of a passenger train on the Rock Island near Letts shortly after midnight. The statement of express officials are that they secured no money, though the safe was blown open and the contents taken, the official averring that the safe contained merchandise of some value, company papers in transit, etc., but no money.

Three special trains, on which are posess of railroad and express company employes, and a number of officers, were rushed to the scene of the robbery immediately upon the receipt of the news, going from Muscatine, West Liberty and Davenport. Horses were procured in the country surrounding Columbus Junction and in that town, near which point the robbers left the railroad. Mounted men with bloodhounds are now scouring the country for miles in every direction in an effort to apprehend the robbers, while all trains that passed through Columbus Junction or nearby are being held by the officers and carefully inspected by them to ascertain if the bandits are undertaking to escape in this way. The engineer and fireman of the train of the train furnished pretty accurate descriptions of three of the men.

Wheat Finds Higher Level.

CHICAGO.—Blighting frosts over the Canadian northwest added fresh zest to the bull campaign in wheat forcing prices up to a new high record mark.

The wildest excitement prevailed on the board. As evidence of the scarcity of offerings initial quotations on all deliveries were up 2 cents compared with the recent closing prices. May option jumped to \$1.18 1/2 to 1.18 3/4, nearly 2 cents higher than the record price made on August 20. December advanced to \$1.16 1/2. The close was extremely strong with May up to 3 1/4 to 3 1/2 cents at \$1.17 1/2 to 1.18. December closed with a gain of 1/2 cents at \$1.15 1/4.

NEBRASKA NOTES

After an illness of a month Mrs. P. H. Refiners died at Stella. She was 70 years of age.

Several stacks of wheat, rye and oats were burned on the farm of John Wiese near Grand Island.

Nathan Cord, aged 82 years, died at the residence of his daughter Mrs. William Hunter, at Fremont.

Andy Murray of Sprague was accidentally shot in the left leg by Walter McLain. The ball was removed.

The corner stone of the new Sheridan county court house will be laid by Charles Buroham, grand master of the Masons.

Pearl Olson who was assaulted at Fremont by Howard Bailey, is recovering. Her physicians consider the vitality she has displayed as remarkable.

The public schools of West Point opened for the fall term on the 12th inst with a very large enrollment. The school population of the city is increasing very rapidly.

The silver wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Griffing was celebrated at Table Rock at their residence by a dinner, which their relatives and friends were present.

Mrs. Billingsley of Lincoln, wife of L. W. Billingsley, died on Tuesday having suffered from cancer. The body will be taken to Davenport, Ia., where it will be cremated.

District court convened at Beatrice September 19. The docket for the September term consists of 146 civil suits and five criminal cases. Twenty-five of the civil suits are divorce cases.

The first annual picnic of the Cut Off Lake fishing association is being held at Table Rock. A basket dinner is to be served at which fish in all styles are to be served.

John Wichman and Daniel Penrod were quite badly hurt at Beatrice in a runaway accident by being thrown onto the pavement. The buggy in which they were riding was smashed into kindling wood.

Charles Larkins sentenced to the penitentiary from Thayer county for one year, and Joseph Sparks, sentenced from Douglas county for life were adjudged insane and will be removed to the asylum.

Mrs. Mark Woods of Lincoln was robbed of \$700 worth of jewelry while on her way home from a trip east. She had placed the jewels in a chamols bag and pinned it to her gown before retiring to her berth. The articles were missed in the morning.

September, the 28, the first day of the carnival in Humboldt is to be devoted to the old soldiers, who will hold a regular reunion and reproduction of camp life in the city park. The veterans cordially invite all soldiers of the state to be present and participate.

Mayor Shultz of Beatrice issued an order to the chief of police of that city to the effect that he must enforce the ordinances relating to minors visiting billiard halls and those remaining on the street in violation of the curfew ordinance. He also insists that the ordinances with reference to the sale of cigars, cigarettes or tobacco to minor must be rigidly enforced.

W. H. Brunting of Cedar Bluffs, a well known forestry expert, met with a serious accident recently caused by a hay sweep falling over onto him. He was at work on his farm near Fremont putting up hay when the sweep fell over, one of the forks striking him on the head, cutting a bad gash, but not fracturing the skull. He also suffered considerable from the shock.

The jury at the coroner's inquest held at Sidney to investigate the cause of the death of Union Pacific Night Watchman Frank Wiser, returned a verdict charging three tramps, Paddy Miles, Tom McIntyre and Dennis McLean with his murder. The accused parties were arrested between Sidney and Cheyenne and some very strong evidence of their guilt has been secured. Two other tramps who saw the assault identified the accused from among thirty other tramps who had been gathered in. Another tramp testified that he had rode out of Sidney with the accused on a west bound train a short time after the assault and that one of the accused carried Night Watchman Wiser's cane and that he threw it off near Postville. The cane was found near that place.