

1902 JANUARY 1902						
SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
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TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Where Hazing is Prohibited.
Hazing has been made a criminal offense by the Illinois legislature, and offenders may be fined \$500 and sent to jail for six months.

Beats Wireless Telegraphy.
A Kentucky inventor asserts he has discovered a system by which not only telegraph signals can be transmitted without wires, but the sound of the human voice can be intelligibly conveyed in the same manner.

Room for More Learners.
Capt. Leary married one of the natives of Guam, spanked the clerical cranks, introduced hens, made the sailors learn the "Star Spangled Banner," and never demanded an investigation or called his fellow officers by ill names. There might be more Capt. Learys to the national advantage.

Smallest, Quietest Senator.
By all odds the quietest man in the United States senate is Mr. Simon, of Oregon, who never makes a speech or enters into debate. He is the smallest man physically in that august body, is always found in his seat, spends his time reading or writing and always votes with the republican leaders.

New Fields for Exploiters.
The human body of average weight contains 3 pounds 13 ounces of calcium. Calcium, at present market rates, is worth \$300 an ounce, so that the amount of it contained in one human body has a money value of \$18,300. Few of our fellow-citizens realize that they are worth so much intrinsically.

Blow to Fire Insurance.
Fire losses during 1901 were unusual and the blow to the fire insurance companies was severe, as for some years past. In fact, fire insurance has been as unprofitable as life insurance has been prosperous and growing. In the last three years fire insurance losses have aggregated over \$400,000,000, \$152,000,000 of it in the last year alone.

Many Women Buy Insurance.
Women are more and more patronizing life insurance, and many of the companies maintain a woman's department, presided over by a female superintendent. The statistics indicate that business women and women of great wealth are the principal patrons. Of course, this does not have reference to "industrial" insurance, in which the poorer families are so extensively interested.

Immense Dealing in Stocks.
Five years ago a man could have bought a seat on the New York Stock exchange for \$15,000. In 1898 a sale was made at \$27,500, which was the highest that had been given in ten years. Several weeks ago two or three sales were made at \$73,000 and now the record price of \$80,000 has been made. This indicates the immense expansion in the buying and selling of stocks and the money there is in it for the brokers.

Cuba's New Railroad.
A new railroad under construction in Cuba by American and Canadian capitalists has been graded for 74 miles out of Santiago. The right-of-way has to be purchased, as no concession can be obtained by corporations in Cuba at present. Five thousand men are engaged on the work. Thus far the road has penetrated a sugar-raising country, with rich black "gumbo" soil. Ties are obtained in the United States and shipped by way of New Orleans and Mobile.

A Baby Boy's Chances.
The Indianapolis Sentinel has been doing some figuring in averages on the baby boy's chances in life. It says that the chances are 30,000,000 to 1 that he will not be president of the United States. Yet it holds true that any baby boy may reach that place. The chances are 410,000 to 1 that he will not be a United States senator, 103,330 to 1 that he will not be a member of the house of representatives and 280,000 to 1 that he will never be governor of a state.

REPLIES TO CRITICS.

Secretary Long Says Comments on Prize Bounty Are Unjust.

The Sampson-Schley Award Was Made by the Court of Claims and Was Outside the Navy Department's Power.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Secretary Long has addressed to Senator Knute Nelson, of Minnesota, a long letter defending the navy department against what is declared to be unfriendly criticism in connection with the distribution of prize money and bounty.

Touching the claim of Rear Admiral Sampson for bounty at Santiago, the secretary says that the distribution was made under a decree of the court of claims which he cites and from which no appeal was taken. He further points out that, under the prize laws, the commander-in-chief of the fleet is entitled to his "one-twentieth of bounty by virtue of his position as commander-in-chief, whether he is personally present during the engagement or not." Says the secretary: "As commander-in-chief Rear Admiral Sampson would therefore under the law have been entitled to his share of the bounty for the destruction of the Spanish ships at Santiago if he had been on the north shore of Cuba at the time. This was the law, for which the navy department is no wise responsible." On this point, the secretary says that the department itself was the first to realize the inequalities of this law and to make the recommendation which led to its repeal, so that "a rather amusing feature of the attacks made upon the navy department," as the secretary puts it, "is that the administration is blamed more than two years after it had cured the evil."

WOULD REMOVE STUEFER.

Extra Session of Nebraska Legislature May Be Convened to Deal with the State Treasury Matter.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 7.—It develops that the delay of Gov. Savage in starting on his trip to New Orleans was caused by the receipt of a letter from W. G. Sears, speaker of the house in the last legislature, advising him to remove State Treasurer Stuefer. The request of Speaker Sears is based on the alleged irregularities of Treasurer Stuefer in bond purchases which formed the basis of sensational charges and a demand in some quarters for his impeachment. Speaker Sears' letter, it is asserted, suggested in the event the governor did not see fit to remove Stuefer that he call a special session of the legislature to take action. Gov. Savage and the state officers generally stoutly defend Stuefer. No action towards removal will be taken until Gov. Savage's return from the south.

PLACE FOR COL. D. P. DYER.

He Will Succeed Edward Kozier as United States Attorney at St. Louis—Westhus Revenue Collector.

Washington, Jan. 7.—President Roosevelt has notified Representative Bartholdt, of Missouri, that he has decided to appoint Ben. Westhus internal revenue collector of the Eastern district of Missouri to succeed H. C. Grenner, resigned, and Col. D. P. Dyer United States district attorney to succeed Edward Kozier upon the expiration of the latter's term. Mr. Westhus will take the place to which C. F. Wenecker was appointed and from which he withdrew before his appointment was confirmed. The above appointments are considered victories for the anti-Kerens faction in Missouri.

A MILLION-DOLLAR GIFT.

Harold McCormick and Wife, of Chicago, Endow a Medical Institution for Infectious Diseases.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—An endowment of \$1,000,000 has been given by Mr. and Mrs. Harold McCormick to found a medical institution which will be known as the memorial institute for infectious diseases as a tribute to the memory of their little son, John Rockefeller McCormick, who died of scarlet fever a year ago.

INFANT'S RIGHT TO DAMAGES

Court of Appeals Holds That 16-Month-Old Child Can Recover, Though Parents Were Careless.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 7.—The Kansas City court of appeals decided Monday that a child 16 months' old can recover damages for personal injuries received in a railroad accident, although the father and mother, in whose charge it was, were guilty of contributory negligence.

To Stamp Out Blackmail.

New York, Jan. 7.—Mayor Low sent his first message to the board of aldermen yesterday. It was brief, and the only subject treated of was blackmail in the civil administration, in the stamping out of which he said he desired the co-operation of the people of the city.

SUNK HER IN THE RIVER

A Cook on a Steamer Knocked His Female Assistant Senseless and Then Threw Her Overboard.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—A body which had a weight around its neck was taken from the river here yesterday. Louis Thomas, cook of the steamer Oscar, and Robert Rieseck, who also worked on the boat, were placed under arrest following the discovery. The body was identified as that of Carrie Larson, a girl 23 years of age, whom Thomas is alleged to have secured from an employment agency New Year's day to assist him in the cook's galley. According to Rieseck, Thomas and the woman quarreled and the latter was knocked unconscious. Rieseck says the cook compelled him to assist in fastening a weight to the woman and in throwing her overboard.

THE CLAUSE NOT BINDING.

Kansas City Court of Appeals Renders Interesting Opinion Involving Accident Insurance Policy.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 7.—In many accident insurance policies the stipulation is made that in case the insured is injured while hunting or while in any way handling fire arms, the policy is reduced to one-fifth of its face; that if the policy is for \$5,000, and the insured is killed through the accidental discharge of a firearm the face of the policy is reduced to \$1,000. In an opinion handed down by the Kansas City court of appeals it is held that, under the laws of Missouri, this clause is not binding. It is also held that, even if a person settles for a less amount than the face of the policy, the company is still liable for the difference, face value and the amount settled for.

THE RICHARDSON MURDER.

Stewart Fife, Who Is Wanted at Savannah, Mo., Arrested in North Yakima as a Fugitive from Justice.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 7.—A special to the Gazette-Herald from North Yakima, Wash., says: Stewart Fife was arrested here last night by Constable A. H. Short, charged with being a fugitive from justice. He is wanted at Savannah, Mo., for the murder of Frank W. Richardson, who was shot in his home December 25, 1900.

Against Holding Large Tracts of Land.

Guthrie, Ok., Jan. 7.—The majority of the Cherokee Indians have joyously received the news that their bill has been introduced into congress to compel the rich members of the tribe to relinquish the large tracts of land. Some of them are holding from 5,000 to 10,000 acres each, on which they pasture large herds of cattle. But the intent is to confine them to 160 acres each on an equality with all Cherokees.

Contract Marriages Legalized.

New York, Jan. 7.—The first contract marriage under the new Weeks law was filed yesterday with the city clerk. This contract certificate is an agreement between a man and a woman to live together as man and wife. Under the law any contract signed by the contracting parties, witnessed by a commissioner of deeds and filed with the city clerk within a month thereof, legalizes the marriage and the progeny also.

A Love Affair Caused Her Suicide.

Coffeyville, Kan., Jan. 7.—Miss Mattie Anderson, the 19-year-old daughter of M. N. Anderson, of this city, took carbolic acid Sunday evening with suicidal intent and died at night. Miss Anderson's death is the result of an unhappy love affair. Her parents objected to her going with the young man of her choice because they did not consider him suitable.

Coburn Tells About Hereford Cattle.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 7.—"Hereford Cattle" is the title of Secretary F. D. Coburn's quarterly, which made its appearance yesterday. It is devoted to an exposition of the merits and history of Hereford cattle as beef makers and their adaptability as such, estimated by those who know them best.

Woolley Sees Temperance Growth.

Chicago, Jan. 7.—John G. Woolley, the prohibition leader, who has just returned from a seven months' trip around the globe, says the world is advancing toward temperance. His trip was taken for the purpose of studying the conditions of the liquor traffic in foreign lands.

No Flirting on the Street Wanted.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 7.—Among the bills introduced in the lower house of the legislature yesterday was one by Assemblyman William S. Bennett, of New York, making it a misdemeanor to flirt on a public thoroughfare.

The Deweys Go South.

Washington, Jan. 7.—Admiral and Mrs. Dewey left here Monday for Palm Beach, Fla. The length of their stay there is indefinite, as the trip is undertaken for the benefit of Mrs. Dewey's health.

CANNOT FIND THEM.

Filipino Rebels in Samar Hide in Fastnesses of the Mountains.

Peace Advocates in Manila Deprecate Harsh Measures in Batanga., But Gen. Bell Tells Them That Mild Measures Have Proven Inadequate.

Manila, Jan. 6.—Gen. J. Franklin Bell is conducting a vigorous campaign in Batanga province. Every available soldier is in the field. The columns under the command of Cols. Wint and Dougherty are doing excellent work and driving the Filipinos in all directions. A number of the latter are fleeing to Tayabas province, where the native constabulary are rendering valuable assistance in capturing men and rifles.

The advocates of peace at Manila deprecate the stern measures employed by Gen. Bell. In reply Gen. Bell says that these peace advocates have had numerous opportunities to use their influence, as they have been given passes through the American lines almost for the asking, and that it has been afterwards proved that they often only went through the lines for the purpose of assisting the insurrection. Gen. Bell says that the best peace method now is a rigorous warfare until the insurrection is completely subdued.

The arrest of members of the wealthy Lopez family and the confiscation of their steamers and rice, as well as the arrest of three members of the religious corporations, who were known to be instigators of the insurrection, has had an excellent effect upon the natives.

Conditions in the island of Samar are still unsatisfactory, owing to the difficulty of finding the insurgents. The civil authorities say that the island of Leyte is now perfectly peaceful. On the other hand the military authorities consider Leyte to be dangerous on account of its proximity to Samar, if for no other reason. Last Friday Maj. Albert L. Meyer, of the Eleventh infantry, captured quite an extensive arsenal and plant for the making of cartridges at Ormoc, on the northwest coast of Leyte. Maj. Meyer also captured another powder factory, large quantities of ammunition, four cannon and several rifles.

A PRO-BOER MEETING.

William J. Bryan and Mayor Johnson Address a Gathering at Cleveland, O.—A Resolution Passed.

Cleveland, O., Jan. 6.—Four thousand people attended a pro-Boer meeting in Gray's armory yesterday afternoon. There was enthusiastic applause for every expression of sympathy and encouragement for the struggling Boers. An unexpected event in the meeting was the appearance of Hon. W. J. Bryan, who is in this city for the day as the guest of Mayor Johnson. When the committee in charge of the meeting learned that the democratic leader was in the city an invitation was sent to him and the mayor to attend and address the gathering. The meeting continued for four hours, the principal address being by Hon. John J. Lentz.

A resolution was passed and will be sent to the president of the United States. He is asked to continue the efforts of his predecessor to bring to an end the horrors of concentration camps and a warfare which, by "its unexampled ferocity and enormous cost of life and treasure, has astounded the civilized world."

EVEN SPLIT IN OHIO.

Senator Hanna's Men Secured the House Officers and Friends of Senator Foraker Win in the Upper Branch.

Columbus, O., Jan. 6.—The fight between the Hanna and Foraker forces in the Ohio legislative caucus Saturday evening resulted in an even split. The Hanna men secured control of the house and the Foraker men of the senate. Some of the nominations for officials of the senate were made without opposition, but there was "a fight to a finish" for those of the house, especially for the speakership.

Wants to Crush the Plaster Trust.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 6.—Sam Lazarus, the St. Louis millionaire capitalist, ranchman, turfman and railway builder, arrived here Saturday night to open headquarters to fight the plaster trust recently organized by Kansas capitalists. Mr. Lazarus owns six plaster and cement mills and will attempt to crush the United States Plaster company, a concern controlling 23 plants.

Order to Confederate Veterans.

New Orleans, Jan. 6.—Gen. J. B. Gordon, commanding the United Confederate Veterans' association, has issued a general order announcing that the next reunion of the veterans will be held at Dallas, Tex., April 22 to 25. The order states that the association numbers 1,300 camps and urges confederate veterans to form camps and join the association.

A NOTED PHYSICIAN

Makes an Important Statement of Interest to All Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—The honest, intelligent physician is above the 'School.' Whatever is best in each case should be used, no matter to what school a physician belongs, I, as a matter of conscience, can only pre-



DR. W. W. PINKHAM, of Lansing, Mich.

scribe the best, and as I know and have proven that there is nothing in Materia Medica which equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in severe cases of female disorders, I unhesitatingly prescribe it, and have never yet been sorry. I know of nothing better for ovarian troubles and for falling of the womb or ulcerations; it absolutely restores the affected parts to their normal condition quicker and better than anything else. I have known it to cure barrenness in women, who to-day are happy mothers of children, and while the medical profession looks down upon 'patents,' I have learned, instead, to look-up to the healing potion, by whatever name it be known. If my fellow physicians dared tell the truth, hundreds of them would voice my sentiments."—DR. WANATA, Lansing, Mich.

\$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

The record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cannot be equalled. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address Lynn, Mass.

A Scholar But No Horseman.

Chief Game Warden Reutinger was telling a story a few days ago about a man whose judgment was exceedingly bad, despite the fact that he was a scholar of many years' thorough training. This man and his wife had determined on a visit to relatives in a nearby city and expected to be gone for three days. The man and wife had bought a horse not long since, but only knew in a general way how it should be cared for. The question that presented itself to them was what to do with the horse. On the morning that they departed the husband put nine feeds, which included hay, oats and corn in the manger. Then the scholar placed three buckets of water in the stall. He figured that the horse would regulate his eating, but he didn't. He ate it all as fast as he could. Any horseman can tell the reader the result.—Columbus Dispatch.

Quandary of a Mayor.

Love of display induced a certain mayor, who was also an admiral, to write to the admiralty to ask whether, on the occasion of some local function, it would be the right thing for him to wear his municipal robes over his uniform. "My lords," said his royal highness the duke of Coburg, who told me the story, entered into the humor of the situation by replying gravely that: "My lords, after giving the most careful consideration to the most important question submitted to my lords by the right worshipful, the mayor of —, Admiral P., have unanimously arrived at the conclusion that it would be better to wear the uniform over the municipal robes!" Oh, for the tucking in of sable fur and scarlet cloth, and oh! for the figure of his worship when the feat was accomplished.—Black and White.

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Cures
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises,
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