

# THE NEBRASKA ADVERTISER

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1901 DECEMBER 1901						
SUN.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THUR.	FRI.	SAT.
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## TOPICS OF THE DAY.

### Chauncey's Responsibilities.

Senator Depew is trustee for estates aggregating \$200,000,000 in value, besides being a director in 76 different firms and corporations.

### Two-Penny Meals for London Poor.

A corporation in London is venturing upon the gigantic task of providing 2,000,000 of two-penny meals daily for the masses of the hungry who need substantial food at low figures.

### The Strenuous Life.

With free rural mail delivery, cheap telephone service and regular deliveries from the stores, there is a prospect that the American farmer may soon be suffering from a lack of exercise.

### The Man of To-Day.

"The man of to-day," says Evangelist Williams, who was in charge of the revival at Wellington, Kan., "spends six nights a week in lodge rooms riding the goat, and leaves the lamb of his bosom at home to bleat with the kids."

### Enforcing a Large Contract.

According to recent news "the Philippine commission has decided to prepare a law enforcing compulsory vaccination everywhere in the archipelago." That means 10,000,000 located on 400 islands. As fast as vaccinated they should be required to take the oath of allegiance.

### A Kitchen Worth \$5,000,000.

The most valuable kitchen in the world belongs to the shah of Persia. With its outfit of cooking utensils and dishes it is said to be worth about \$5,000,000. Even the cooking pots are lined with gold and the plates and dishes used at the royal table are of solid gold, incrusting with precious stones.

### After 40 Years of Toil.

Thomas B. Townsend, of New York, after 40 years of incessant toil, has just finished his compilation of newspaper and magazine articles about the great civil war, and has placed them on a series of shelves in the Columbia university library. There are 121 books, 2 1/2 feet square and a foot thick, which contain over 100,000 pages.

### Samples of Clever Fighting.

There is still enough war in the Philippines to give the American troops there splendid chances for the display of valor and strategy. The exploit by which a handful of men scaled an almost perpendicular cliff and surprised the garrison of a fortress, which was believed to be impregnable, was one seldom surpassed by the best fighters of any age or country.

### Great Anxiety Vanishes.

The rural carrier who has feared that the extension of the classified service to include him will make it necessary for him to pass an examination in Latin, chirography, spelling, geography and transportation methods may now rest in peace. It is announced that the carriers will be chosen for manifest fitness for the work from the vicinage of the route he is to serve.

### Too Much Fuss About "Germs."

A physician writing to the London Times says: "Everything we eat and drink and wear runs the gamut of germs to an extent which nervous people had better not contemplate. Far too much fuss is made of them. If we listened to all these scares there would be nothing left to do but get into a bath of carbolic acid and stay there until starvation freed us from the dangers of life."

### Tobacco as a Revenue Producer.

Internal Revenue returns for the last fiscal year show that more than \$62,000,000 on account of the "weed" were turned into the treasury, being an increase of \$3,000,000 over the previous year's receipts. There was a notable decrease in the consumption of the cheapest class of cigarettes. The domestic production of tobacco in its various forms (including 8,500 tons of snuff) was 160,000 tons.

## TO HELP EDUCATION.

### Carnegie Gives \$10,000,000 for University Extension in America.

Mrs. Leland Stanford Completes a Gift of Over \$25,000,000 to the Great Institution Which Bears Her Late Husband's Name.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Andrew Carnegie is to give \$10,000,000 to the cause of university extension in the United States. Mr. Carnegie was here a few days ago and took luncheon with President Roosevelt, when details of the plan were fully discussed. Mr. Carnegie has thought best to create a national board to handle this benefaction. President Roosevelt will probably name such a board for Mr. Carnegie, or at least set in motion the machinery which shall lead to a national organization. According to the plans prepared by Mr. Carnegie and his advisers the national organization is to have its headquarters in Washington, but its operations are to extend throughout the United States, the work to be carried on in co-operation with universities everywhere.

### Mrs. Stanford's Gifts to a University.

San Francisco, Dec. 10.—Mrs. Jane L. Stanford yesterday executed and delivered to the board of trustees of the Leland Stanford, Jr., university two deeds of grant and one deed of gift. One of the deeds of grant covers all of the real estate heretofore given to the university, including the university campus of about 9,000 acres. The other deed of grant covers the Stanford residence upon California street, which is eventually to be used for educational purposes. The deed of gift covers bonds and stocks heretofore given and certain securities not included in former grants. Mrs. Stanford has now given the equivalent of over \$25,000,000 to the Leland Stanford, Jr., university.

### NEW TARIFF BILL.

Chairman Payne's Measure to Meet the Emergency in the Philippines Has Only Two Main Features.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Chairman Payne, of the ways and means committee, Monday presented to his republican colleagues of the committee a revenue tariff bill for the Philippines, which he had drawn to meet the conditions of the recent supreme court decision. The Payne bill is quite brief with two main features, viz: Applying the Dingley law as against Philippine exports and applying the Philippine commission's tariff schedule to goods entering the Philippines. A further section grants a rebate of customs tax on goods which have paid an internal revenue tax in this country. There is no provision in the measure that it shall be temporary, so that the rates if imposed would be applicable until congress otherwise acted.

### EARTHQUAKE AT ERZEROU.

Over Two Hundred Houses Destroyed and Twenty Persons Killed and Fifteen Others Injured.

Washington, Dec. 10.—An account of a serious earthquake in Erzeroum, Turkey, November last, is contained in a dispatch just received at the state department from Vice Consul Ojalvo, at Erzeroum. The shock brought down a shower of stones and plaster from roofs and walls and the people were compelled to put up tents on the snow in the streets. Over 200 houses were destroyed, 20 persons killed and 15 injured.

### Decision on School Lands in Oklahoma.

Guthrie, Ok., Dec. 10.—Attorney General J. C. Strang received a decision yesterday from Judge Vandeventer, of the interior department, which sustains a recent opinion of Judge Strang in holding that the school lands of Oklahoma are not subject to mineral filings. The decision affects 8,000 sections of land.

### Another Bank Cashier Disappears.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 10.—H. J. Fleishman, cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank, of this city, has disappeared with a sum of the bank's money, which Vice President Hellman estimates at \$100,000. The shortage was discovered yesterday.

### Dockery Pardons a Murderer.

Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 10.—John Smidt was pardoned by Gov. Dockery Monday. Smidt was serving a life sentence for killing a Chicago artist named Atwater in Webster Groves in 1897. He has consumption and the prison physician recommended his pardon.

### The Rich Hill Strike Arbitrated.

Jefferson City, Mo., Dec. 10.—Gov. Dockery received word last night from Rich Hill saying that the strike of the coal miners at that point had been arbitrated by the state board of arbitration.

### Ferguson Sworn in as Governor.

Guthrie, Ok., Dec. 10.—Thomas B. Ferguson, of Watonga, assumed the office of governor of Oklahoma at four o'clock yesterday afternoon.

## WHAT CONGRESS IS DOING.

Resolutions, Bills and Other Matters Considered at the First Session of the Fifty-Seventh Body.

The senate on the 3d listened to the first message of President Roosevelt and adopted a resolution directing the appointment of a committee to co-operate with a like committee from the house to consider by what token of respect and affection congress might express the sorrow of the nation upon the tragic death of the late President McKinley. As a further mark of respect the senate adjourned. The members of the house listened with rapt attention to the president's message and at the conclusion there was an enthusiastic demonstration on the republican side. On motion of Mr. Grosvenor (O.) that portion of the message relating to the death of the late president was referred to a committee to consist of one member from each state to join a similar committee of the senate. The speaker appointed a committee and then, as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned.

Practically the entire time of the senate on the 4th was devoted to the introduction of bills and resolutions. The isthmian canal report was transmitted to the senate by the president and several bills providing for the construction of the waterway, one of them by Senator Morgan (Ala.), who has led the movement for the canal in the past, were presented. Senator Scott introduced a bill amending the immigration laws so as to require persons about to immigrate to the United States to secure from the nearest American minister or consul a certificate establishing his character and prohibiting the landing of any immigrant who cannot present such a certificate. Senator Jones (Ark.) introduced without amendment the anti-trust bill which passed the house during the last session of congress, but failed to pass the senate. Senator Aldrich introduced a bill authorizing the comptroller of the currency to extend for a period of 20 years the charter of any national banking association extended under the act of July 12, 1882. Senator Lodge introduced his immigration bill providing for an educational test for the admission of immigrants. The writing test is removed and the new bill requires only to be able to read. In the house Representative Dick (O.) introduced a bill providing that the next president of the United States and those who follow him shall be inaugurated on April 30, the day on which President Washington took the oath of office. This change is desired owing to the uncertainty of March weather in Washington. Congressman Dick also presented a resolution for a general investigation of the denial or abridgement of the right to vote in certain states, with a view to reducing the congressional representation from such states. Congressman Miller, of the Fourth Kansas district, asks for an appropriation of \$100,000 for a government building at Emporia.

Senator McComas (Md.) made an extended and carefully prepared speech in the senate on the 5th with anarchy for his theme. He maintained that congress had full power under the constitution to enact a law punishing with death any person killing a president, or assaulting the president with intent to kill, or aiding, inciting or procuring such an act. Senator Hoar (Mass.) said the difficulty was that assassins of kings and rulers always gloried in their crimes and were in no wise deterred by the fear of punishment. The most effective remedy, he suggested, would be to have the civilized nations of the world agree upon some desolate spot on the earth's surface to which all anarchists who upheld assassination or the overthrow of government should be transported. In such a community the anarchist could carry out his theories of living without a government and the world would be rid of his presence. Senator Penrose (Pa.) introduced a bill for the regulation of immigration. The senate adjourned until the 9th. The house was not in session.

The senate was not in session on the 6th. In the house Mr. Gaines (Tenn.), who had just returned from the Philippines, was sworn in. Speaker Henderson announced the membership of the ways and means committee. Then after the introduction of bills an adjournment was taken until the 10th.

There was a highly dramatic episode in the senate on the 9th when Senator Tillman (S. C.) challenged his colleague, Senator McLaurin, to resign with him on the spot, in order that they might be able "to wash their dirty linen at home." Senator McLaurin had arisen to a question of privilege and proceeded to explain when he was charged with a conspiracy to discredit him in his own state for acts and views which did not meet the approval of certain democratic leaders. The episode was brought to an abrupt close by Senator Lodge (Mass.) moving an executive session. Senator Hoar (Mass.) offered a resolution to authorize the president to enter into negotiations with other civilized countries for the purpose of selecting some island to which might be transported anarchists. The resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations. Senator Frye (Me.) introduced the new ship subsidy bill and Senator Hoar (Mass.) introduced a bill giving the United States jurisdiction in cases of lynching and making the crime punishable by death. Senator Lodge (Mass.) presented in executive session the report of the committee on foreign relations recommending favorable action upon the Hay-Pauncefote isthmian canal treaty. The house was not in session.

### Bank Stock is Taxable.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The commissioner of internal revenue holds that bankers must return for taxation capital, surplus, undivided profits and borrowed money used in the business of banking. Bank capital is taxable whether invested or not.

### Georgia's Demand on Uncle Sam.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 6.—The Georgia legislature has memorialized congress to appropriate \$105,000,000 proportionately among the southern states for devastation by northern troops during the civil war, to be used for educational purposes.

### "The Smasher's Mail" Didn't Pay.

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 6.—Carrie Nation, the Kansas joint-smasher, announces the suspension of her paper, the Smasher's Mail. The paper was started about a year ago. She says it did not pay.

## TROOPS TOO HUMANE

### Gen. Chaffee Says Americans Rely on the Deceitful Filipino.

Natives, He Says, Are Amigo and Foe Alike in the Self-Same Hour—Military Conditions in the Islands Summed Up.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The war department yesterday made public the first annual report of Maj. Gen. Chaffee, military governor of the Philippine islands. Gen. Chaffee sums up the situation in the Philippines from a military point of view by stating that the provinces of Batangas and Laguna, in Luzon, and the islands of Samar, Mindoro, Cebu and Bohol constitute the area now disturbed by any embodied force of insurgents. He says that to the physical character of the country, to the nature of the warfare of the rebels, who are amigo and foe in the self same hour, to the humanity of the troops, which is taken advantage of by the rebels and the inhabitants who sympathize with them, and to the fear of assassination on the part of the friendly disposed if they give information to the American forces, is due the prolongation of the guerrilla warfare.

Gen. Chaffee recommends that there be no further material reduction of troops before January, 1903.

On the subject of the military government of the city of Manila, Gen. Chaffee says: "In the government of Manila for three years, if the military have done nothing more, it is everywhere apparent that an excellent foundation has been laid and a turbulent and hostile community brought to observe the laws and individually be orderly; this has been done without undue harshness or severity of treatment of the inhabitants."

In anticipation of a partial concentration of the troops in the Philippines next year Gen. Chaffee submits estimates of cost for the construction of quarters and barracks.

Gen. Chaffee devotes a good part of his report to the terrible disaster which befell company C, Ninth infantry, at Balangiga, Samar, and which, he says, was "largely due to over confidence in assumed pacified conditions and in a people, who, to a great extent as yet, are strangers to and unappreciative of our humane and personal liberty beliefs and actions." American soldiers, he says, fail to discriminate between real and assumed friendship on the part of the Filipinos.

### PUSHING CANAL TREATY.

Senate Committee Reports It Favorably, Though Bacon and Money Find Much to Criticize.

Washington, Dec. 7.—The senate committee on foreign relations Friday voted to report favorably the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty providing for the construction of an isthmian canal.

The committee was in session nearly two hours and went over in detail the provisions of the convention. No votes were cast against it, but it was criticised very sharply by Senators Money and Bacon, who found in it many of the objections which they urged against the old treaty. They took especial exception to the provision continuing in force the neutrality provision of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and also made objection to the clause specifically authorizing the United States to police the canal as placing a limitation upon the power of this country to absolutely control it.

### NEW ROAD FOR KANSAS CITY.

The Gulf & Manitoba, from Duluth Southeast, Will Be Constructed at Once, It is Announced.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 7.—Joseph B. Moore, of this city, who returned from England a week ago, placed \$21,000,000 of five-per cent, 30-year gold bonds in that country. This means that the projected Gulf & Manitoba railroad from Duluth to Kansas City, a distance of 700 miles, will be constructed. The branch from Des Moines to Kansas City, 200 miles, will be constructed at once, the remainder in the spring.

### The Schley Verdict Denied.

New York, Dec. 7.—The New York World publishes a dispatch from Washington saying Admiral Dewey has denied the statements published Thursday that the Schley court of inquiry had reached a decision in the case and that Admiral Schley had been found guilty on five counts.

### Splintered to Matchwood.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 7.—A train on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railroad fell into a canon, a distance of 300 feet, and was splintered to matchwood. The train crew was killed.

### Merchants Want Manila Made a Free Port.

Manila, Dec. 7.—The import merchants here are preparing a petition, which will be sent to congress, asking that Manila be made an American port, free of duty.

The Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette.  
says: "Walter Baker & Co., of Dorchester, Mass., U. S. A., have given years of study to the skillful preparation of cocoa and chocolate, and have devised machinery and systems peculiar to their methods of treatment, whereby the purity, palatability, and highest nutrient characteristics are retained."  
"Their preparations are known the world over and have received the highest endorsements from the medical practitioner, the nurse, and the intelligent housekeeper and caterer."

Flirtby—"No, I've given up calling on Miss Roxley." Jiggs—"Ah! I suppose her father had a hand in that?" Flirtby—"Well—er—not a hand, exactly."—Philadelphia Press.

Some men walk as if they were the smartest on earth.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

## PRINCESS VIROQUA, M. D.

### Endorses Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound After Following Its Record For Years.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Health is the greatest boon bestowed on humanity and therefore anything that can restore lost health is a blessing. I consider Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a blessing to State and Nation. It cures her mothers and daughters and makes them well and strong."



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"For fifteen years I have noted the effect of your Vegetable Compound in curing special diseases of women."

"I know of nothing superior for ovarian trouble, barrenness, and it has prevented hundreds of dangerous operations where physicians claimed it was the only chance to get well. Ulceration and inflammation of the womb has been cured in two or three weeks through its use, and as I find it purely an herbal remedy, I unhesitatingly give it my highest endorsement."  
—Fraternally yours, DR. P. VIROQUA, Lansing, Mich.—\$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

If you are ill do not hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. for special advice; it is entirely free.

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Like an extra hand in the kitchen for chopping meats, vegetables, fruits, bread, fish, etc., etc., for all kinds of attractive dishes.—  
**ENTERPRISE Food Chopper**  
Chops coarse or fine. Never gets out of order. Each chopper has 4 knives, including 1 for nut butter. Name on each machine. For sale at all hardware, house furnishing and department stores.  
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