

THE NEBRASKA ADVERTISER

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NEMAHA, - - - - - NEBRASKA.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

Patrol Holds the Record.

Mrs. Patti has for some time held the record for the largest sum that has been earned in a year by a woman. Her highest total for 12 months is \$70,000.

Where Olives Come From.

The olive supply of the world is produced in the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba, which constitute the principal producing territory of the sultanate.

Traveling Expenses of Bishops.

Bishop McCabe, of the Methodist Episcopal church, proves from actual figures that the average traveling expenses of each bishop for a year are only \$463.

Married More Than 70 Years.

Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Brown, who live half a mile from Hagerstown, Ind. have been married over 70 years, and are still comparatively hearty. They are the parents of 11 children, six of whom are still alive.

Great Value of Forest Products.

The amount of lumber now used is 5,000,000,000 cubic feet for making paper, while three times that amount, or 15,000,000,000, is burned in stoves, fireplaces and furnaces, and the use of wood in fences and for railroad ties is increasing. The forest products annually consumed in the United States are estimated to be worth \$1,000,000,000, nearly twice the value of the output of the mines, quarries, petroleum wells and other mineral products of the country.

The Exact Area of Porto Rico.

A bulletin has lately been issued by the war department on the census of Porto Rico, showing a population of 953,243 for that island, which with the dependent islands of Miquez, Culebra, Mona and Muertos, has an area of 3,606 square miles. There are but two cities in Porto Rico with a population exceeding 25,000, namely San Juan, with 32,042 inhabitants, and Ponce, with 27,952. The urban population is 21.4 per cent. of the total number of inhabitants of the island.

Enormous Railroad Business.

An idea of the enormous extent of the railroad business is to be gained from the report of the Interstate Commerce commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899. It states that the number of people employed by the railroads of the United States is 928,924, an increase for the year of 54,466. The last census gave the number of persons in gainful occupations at 22,000,000, and this would mean that about one person in each 24 is dependent for support directly upon the railroads.

Winning at a Tremendous Cost.

The statement of casualties in South Africa issued by the British war office shows the tremendous cost at which the English armies have reached their present position in the Transvaal war. The total losses exclusive of the sick and wounded have been 29,706, of which 21,637 were killed in action. Those who died of wounds numbered 680; missing and prisoners, 2,689; died of disease, 4,337; invalided home, 19,277. The total loss of effective men is nearly 37,000, not counting released prisoners.

Innocent Act of Early Dates.

The approach of a new century has brought forth much discussion of chronology and has served to call attention to the inaccuracies of early dates. F. F. Arbuthnot, for instance, who has made a lifetime study of them, asserts that little credence can be attached to any dates in England before the sixteenth century, while all the early documents of Europe are regarded as unreliable down to the end of the twelfth century, when the vatican records first begin to wear an appearance of genuineness.

Selecting Famous Americans.

About half the men who have been invited to act as judges in the selection of names of Americans who are entitled to the distinction of having their portraits hung in the Hall of Fame of the New York university have already said they will serve. Among them are the presidents of Harvard, Yale, the University of Michigan and Northwestern university, Chief Justice Fuller, Grover Cleveland, Theodore Roosevelt, Charles Dudley Warner, Edward Everett Hale and Dr. Moses Colt Tyler.

Writing a Woman's Bible.

Abraham G. Dixon, an old book-worm of Omaha, is now at work writing what he terms a woman's Bible. In this work, which he has almost completed, the author places woman on an equal footing with man. In speaking of his new Bible, Mr. Dixon says: "What the so-called civilized nations need is a woman's Bible, one that represents her as she is in the eyes of God, and not as the insignificant serf, not as the secondary element of humanity she is pictured to be by the orthodox creed."

MET WITH DEFEAT.

Allied Forces Driven Back from the Attack on Tien Tsin.

With 7,000 Troops the Foreigners Were Overwhelmed by a Chinese Army of 20,000—Americans Lost Over 30 Killed, Including Col. Liscum.

Washington, July 17.—The navy department has received official confirmation from Admiral Remey of the reverse of the allied forces at Tien Tsin on the morning of the 13th. The dispatch is dated Che Foo, July 15, and says:

"Reported that allied forces attacked native city on morning of the 13th. Russians were on the right, with Ninth infantry and marines on the left. Losses allied forces large: Russians, 100, including artillery colonel; Americans, over 30; British, over 40; Japan, 58, including colonel; French, 25. Col. Liscum, Ninth infantry, killed; also Capt. Davis, marine corps. Capt. Lemley, Lieut. Butler and Leonards wounded. At seven in the evening allied attack on native city was repulsed with great loss. Returns yet incomplete; details not yet confirmed."

The defeat of the allied forces at Tien Tsin seems to place that town in desperate straits, and if retreat to Taku is necessitated, observers consider that it will be likely to decide the policy of wavering viceroys. The departure of Admiral Seymour from Tien Tsin, and the movement of warships toward Shan-Hai-Kuan, on the gulf of Liaotuna, are taken to indicate that this route may be adopted for an advance on Pekin, which is distant 170 miles from Shan-Hai-Kuan.

Allied Troops Numbered 7,000.

Tien Tsin, July 13 (Friday), via Che Foo, July 15, and Shanghai, July 16.—At two o'clock this (Friday) afternoon 7,000 of the allied troops were attempting to storm the walls of the city. The attack began at daylight. Its success is doubtful. The Chinese on the walls are estimated conservatively at 20,000. They are pouring a terrific hail of artillery, rifle and machine gun fire upon the attackers. The American, Japanese, British and French troops are attacking from the west and the Russians from the east.

Liscum a Brave Officer.

Washington, July 17.—Col. Emerson H. Liscum, of the Ninth infantry, who was killed at Tien Tsin, was one of the most gallant of the old civil war veterans still in the service. He was from Vermont.

Slaughter Occurred July 6 or 7.

Washington, July 17.—Without exception the foreign representatives in Washington accepted as practically certain that the foreign legations and ministers at Pekin had been wiped out. The conclusion is based on the accumulating unofficial data that the slaughter occurred about July 6 or 7. Even among the high Chinese officials hope has been about given up.

Suicide Rather Than Outrage.

Berlin, July 17.—The correspondent here of the Associated press has received private information from London that a letter was received there from Lady Claude Macdonald (wife of the British ambassador at Pekin), written when the situation was growing threatening, saying that all the ladies of the legation had supplied themselves with poison.

EXCITED AT WASHINGTON.

News from China Rouses a Spirit of Fierce Indignation and a Demand for Vengeance.

Washington, July 17.—A degree of excitement, reminiscent of the days of the Spanish war, prevailed at the state, war and navy departments Monday. Early in the day came Admiral Remey's dispatch conveying the ill tidings from Tien Tsin, and for the time this obscured the Pekin situation. The Ninth infantry is one of the crack regiments of the world, and the terrible story of the fatality in its ranks aroused a spirit of fierce indignation and a demand for vengeance among the officers of the army and navy here that could not be repressed.

Counterfeiting Silver Money in Manila.

Manila, June 10.—(Correspondence.)—The large circulation of silver money in the Philippines has made an opportunity for counterfeiters, and there is evidence of one or more "gangs" in Manila and the provinces who manufacture spurious coins. The counterfeiters make Mexican dollars from a baser and cheaper metal, the American nickel is counterfeited and the brown \$5 bills have been successfully imitated.

Address to Democratic Clubs.

New York, July 17.—W. R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic clubs, has issued an address to the clubs, in which he calls on them to "publicly ratify the nomination of W. J. Bryan for president and Adlai E. Stevenson for vice president and prepare to defend the republic against the corrupt and corrupting spirit of imperialism." The address arraigns the republican party bitterly for its attitude toward "imperialism" and trusts.

DEATHS IN A CLOUDBURST.

Fifteen Lives Known to Have Been Lost at Coleman, Tex.—Cyclone Damages Property at Llano.

Coleman, Tex., July 17.—Fifteen lives are known to have been lost in a cloudburst here yesterday. Ten bodies have been recovered but only two were identified. It is feared that many more lives were lost in the valley below Coleman. The cloudburst, which followed three days' unprecedented rainfall, caused Ford's creek to burst its banks and rush through Coleman, a village of less than 1,000 inhabitants. Bewildered citizens, roused from their slumbers, rushed into the streets and were swept away. Many were saved by catching hold of pieces of timber and navigating them into eddies formed by the swift current, where they were drawn ashore.

Llano, Tex., Struck by a Cyclone.

St. Louis, July 17.—A special to the Republic from Austin, Tex., says: After several hours of incessant rain a cyclone struck the town of Llano, 200 miles north of here, Sunday night about 7:35 o'clock. The storm came from the sea and was wholly unexpected. It demolished a number of buildings and a large number of people were injured, a few of them seriously.

CROKER'S COUNSEL.

The Tammany Chief Advised Speakers in the Campaign to Point Out the Lessening Chances of Young Men.

New York, July 17.—The executive committee of the Tammany hall met in the Wigwam last night. Richard Croker presiding, and took action relative to endorsing the democratic national ticket. The general committee of 6,000 members will meet July 23, when resolutions will be adopted and the ticket ratified. Mr. Croker, speaking at the meeting last night, advised all speakers in this campaign to show the interests of the young men as opposed to the administration of McKinley. Eighty per cent. of the people of the country, he said, were governed by 20 per cent. He pointed out that the chances of the young man for advancement in life were becoming less and less.

TEN THOUSAND MORE TROOPS.

That Many from the United States Will Be Hurried to China—McKinley to Return to Washington.

Washington, July 17.—The cabinet council lasted for some time and the situation in China was discussed yesterday. There is reason to believe that 8,000 or 10,000 troops will be got together as rapidly as possible and hurried to China. Some of these probably will be taken from Cuba. If the situation requires more men congress will have to be called together to provide for them.

McKinley Hastens to Washington.

Washington, July 17.—Word was received at the white house Monday afternoon to the effect that President McKinley would arrive here some time Tuesday, probably in the afternoon.

Many Deaths in Famine Districts.

London, July 17.—The governor of Bombay telegraphs to the secretary of state for India that there were 9,928 cases of cholera in the famine districts during the week ended July 7, of which 6,474 were fatal, and that in the native states there were 9,526 cases, of which 5,892 were fatal. The total number of deaths on the relief works was 5,870, which was 3.9 per 1,000. There has been a good rainfall in Surat, Khandersh and the western part of the Deccan and rain has begun in parts of North Gujerat, where the numbers demanding relief is continuing to increase.

Making the Best of It.

Prescott, Ariz., July 17.—A large number of business men whose places were burned out on Saturday night opened up yesterday in temporary quarters. A more cheerful view pervades the town than on Sunday and a large number of losers have stated that they would rebuild at once. The town will be built up in a more substantial manner than before.

Decision by the Interior Department.

Washington, July 17.—In a decision announced yesterday the interior department holds that the Curtis act does not relieve non-citizens purchasing town lots within the Indian nations in the Indian territory from paying the permit tax or license fee imposed by the tribal authorities.

Threw a Lighted Match at Her.

Oklahoma City, Ok., July 17.—The 12-year-old daughter of J. M. McCornack was perhaps fatally burned while playing near her home. A small boy threw a lighted match upon her and her clothing was nearly all burned off her back before her screams attracted help.

Mr. Guild Declines the Office.

Washington, July 17.—Curtis Guild, of Boston, who was tendered the appointment of first assistant postmaster general to succeed Perry S. Heath, has declined to accept the office.

AS AN ACT OF MERCY.

Report from Tien Tsin Says Seymour Killed His Wounded.

Being Hard Pressed by the Chinese, He Could No Longer Carry the Disabled and Would Not Let Them Be Tortured.

New York, July 17.—A special to the Journal from Tien Tsin, dated July 8, via Shanghai, July 15, says: We are fighting hordes of Chinese day and night, but are unable to beat them off. They are approaching closer to the foreign settlement after each battle. No quarter is given or asked on either side.

Ineffectual attempts have been made to conceal the horrible fact that Admiral Seymour was compelled to shoot his own wounded during the recent disastrous retreat of the Pekin relief expedition. All the wounded and prisoners who fell into the hands of the Chinese were frightfully tortured. The bodies of two marines who were captured by the Chinese were recovered. The bodies had been cut to pieces. First the eyes had been hacked out; then the cheeks, arms and legs cut off, until death ended the sufferings of the poor fellows.

When Admiral Seymour in his retreat found himself so hard pressed that he was unable longer to carry his wounded with him, he asked them: "Which do you prefer, to be left to the mercies of the Chinese or to be shot by your own commander?" As Admiral Seymour put the question the tears were streaming down his cheeks. "We prefer death to torture! Shoot us now, that we may die like men!" was the piteous response of the helpless men.

A firing squad was told off, and while the allied force stopped and beat off with gun fire the Chinese horde that surrounded it, inside its lines an act of mercy was performed as the firing squad carried out its orders. A few merciful volleys from the rifles in the hands of friends and the harassed expedition was relieved of its burden of wounded, the fanatical Chinese horde was cheated of victims for its torture and the sufferings and fears of the unfortunates were brought to an end in an honorable death under their own flag.

SERIOUS DROUGHT BROKEN.

Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri Visited by Copious Showers, Which Brought Relief to Farmers Who Had Corn Crops.

Kansas City, Mo., July 17.—Good rains were reported Monday in nearly all of the western corn belt, and the weather forecaster said conditions were favorable everywhere for more showers. The biggest rainfall reported was at Baker, in northeastern Kansas, over two inches. Practically all of Nebraska, so far as heard from, received heavy rains—much heavier than in Kansas—and Missouri is thoroughly soaked. The rain has come too late to make a bumper crop of corn in Kansas. The crop in all the country west of Emporia has been damaged, and some conservative observers think that from a third to a half a crop is all that may be looked for in that part of the state. But in the eastern third of the state, where about half the corn area is situated, the corn has not been damaged at all.

COMING TO AMERICA.

Cape Town Dispatch Says Irish-Americans Are Arranging to Bring 10,000 Boats to the Continent.

Cape Town, July 17.—When the war in South Africa is over 10,000 Boers, chiefly naturalized citizens of the Transvaal, will emigrate to the United States. Irish-Americans are arranging the preliminaries for this movement. The latest Machadodorp advices state that President Kruger will refuse to surrender until his supplies are exhausted.

The Corn in Sight in Nebraska.

Omaha, Neb., July 17.—With the bounteous rains of the past 48 hours throughout Nebraska, Elkhorn railway headquarters give out an estimate of 300,000,000 bushels of corn in sight for this year. The same road also furnishes these figures for the past four years: Yield for 1899 was 234,373,000 bushels; in 1898 it was 158,754,000; in 1897, 241,268,000, and in 1896, the banner year, 298,000,000.

Another Ban on Secret Orders.

Kansas City, Kan., July 17.—Roman Catholics in the Kansas City (Kan.) diocese, which includes about all of eastern Kansas, will not be allowed to affiliate with the lodges of the Modern Woodmen of America or the Maccabees, according to a decision of Bishop Fink, head of the diocese. He also ordered that all who were members of those lodges should withdraw immediately.

It Will Be Yerkes.

Louisville, Ky., July 17.—The republican state convention will meet here Tuesday. Ex-Lieut. Gov. Marshall will preside. John W. Yerkes will be nominated for governor by acclamation.

Painful Periods

are overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fifty thousand happy women testify to this in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful something is wrong which

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Evidence abounds that Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine have for many years been helping women to be strong. No other advice is so unvaryingly accurate, no other medicine has such a record of cures.

MURPHY WAS MUCH PUZZLED.

He Managed to Give Satisfactory Answers to the Questions, However.

One of the New York enumerators called on an old Irishman who had his name, Murphy, chalked upon his door. He was very much perplexed, although he had been in the country long enough to go through several censuses.

"The census?" he exclaimed suspiciously. "Phwat is it?"

I told him that it was a record of the tribe of Murphys in the United States that was being prepared for the government, where it he was greatly flattered, and wanted to tell me his family history as far back as he knew it. His memory, however, was defective, especially as to dates.

"The year uv me burth?" he repeated, scratching his head. "Sure an' I don't know at all, at all." Then, after reflecting awhile he brightened up and said: "Sure, an' it wuz the year the crops failed in Ireland."

"Was it in '37?" I suggested, at a venture. He looked to be about 60.

"Faith an' it was that very year," he replied, and I let it go at that.

He had forgotten, too, the year of his arrival in America; "but I remember that Horace Greeley was runnin' for president at the time," he said.

A practical joke should be handled as cautiously as a double barreled gun.—Atchison Globe.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

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Must Bear Signature of

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See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

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