

RIOT AT PANA, ILL.

Serious Disturbance Takes Place in the Mining City.

SEVEN PERSONS SHOT TO DEATH.

Nine Others Wounded—A Negro Miner the Direct Cause of the Riot—Martial Law Proclaimed by Gov. Tanner.

Pana, Ill., April 11.—A deadly riot, the most serious disturbance that has occurred here since the union miners instigated a strike in April, 1896, was enacted yesterday, resulting in seven persons being shot to death and nine wounded. The situation quieted down at nightfall, and no more trouble was looked for. Adj. Gen. Rees, Col. A. F. Culver and three companies of infantry arrived at six o'clock in the evening on special trains, and perfect order was maintained throughout the town from that time on.

Henry Stevens, a negro miner, who has long been considered a leader among his associates, is declared to have been the direct cause of the riot. It is said he was also the leader of the riot that occurred last September. Stevens has long cherished hatred for Sheriff Downey and has openly made threats that he would kill him on sight. Sunday he was on the streets with a revolver, saying he was looking for Sheriff Downey. He continued this Monday and Sheriff Downey came upon him on Locust street. The sheriff commanded Stevens to deliver the revolver and told him he was under arrest for carrying concealed weapons. Stevens, without a word instantly pulled his weapon and fired at the sheriff. The bullet went wild. The sheriff immediately opened fire on the negro. Stevens took to his heels and succeeded in gaining Penwell's general store in Locust street. By this time the streets were rapidly filling with men, all of whom bore weapons. Deputy Cheeny dashed into the store, followed by Deputy Joe Mullen and several citizens. A fusillade of bullets was poured into the store and Stevens emptied his revolver at his assailants from behind the counter. The infuriated crowd at the door continued the fire and Stevens, seeing that death was inevitable if he remained behind the counter, made a desperate dash from his cover to a stairway in the rear of the store. He fell, pierced by six bullets, before he had gone ten feet. One of the bullets had gone through his neck, another through his back, while other wounds were of a minor nature. The firing stopped instantly and Deputy Cheeny ran to the wounded negro and placed him under arrest. Stevens is a negro of robust constitution, big and brawny. The shock of his numerous wounds did not apparently hurt him, for he swore and said to the deputy: "I surrender," and with blood pouring down his clothing, walked with his captor to a physician's office, where he was given medical attention. He was then taken to jail.

Meanwhile, the riot was raging in the street. As soon as the first shot had been fired the whistle of the electric light plant was blown as a signal for the citizens, the majority of whom had long ago been sworn as deputies, to turn out, armed and ready to fight. At the same time the miners of the Pana and Penwell mines, which are located about four blocks distant from the Penwell store, which is in the center of the town, rushed into the thronged streets, the news that Stevens, one of their number, had been shot and arrested, arousing them to a pitch of fury. They shot at any living mark in sight and, as a result, among their victims are three women, two of whom are white women, wounded, and one negro woman, dead.

Gov. Tanner has issued a proclamation declaring martial law in Pana.

HORACE A. W. TABOR DEAD.

The Ex-United States Senator and Colorado Mining Magnate Succumbs to an Attack of Appendicitis.

Denver, Col., April 11.—H. A. W. Tabor, postmaster of this city and ex-United States senator, died at 9:30 a. m. yesterday of appendicitis after three days' illness.

Horace A. W. Tabor was born in Orleans county, Vt., November 26, 1830. He learned the stonecutters' trade at which he worked until 25 years of age. He was married and he came west to Kansas in 1855. He was elected a member of the Kansas legislature. Attracted by the gold discoveries he came to Colorado and in 1860 engaged in placer mining in California gulch (now Leadville), where he also kept a store. He grubstaked August Riche and George T. Hook to prospect for carbonates on Fryer hill. They opened the famous Little Pittsburg mine. Mr. Tabor sold his interest in this property for \$1,000,000. He acquired other mines in Leadville which yielded enormous profits and quickly made him the richest man in Colorado. No man ever did so much as Tabor for upbuilding Denver and Colorado. In 1880 and 1881 he built the Tabor block and the Tabor opera house in this city. Mr. Tabor donated to the government the site of the federal building in this city. In 1887 he was elected lieutenant governor. When Senator Teller entered President Arthur's cabinet Mr. Tabor was appointed as United States senator to fill the unexpired term of 30 days. He was a candidate for the long term as senator, but was defeated by Judge Bowen by one vote. Mr. Tabor had been postmaster at Leadville and Fairplay and had held many positions of honor and trust. In 1868 he was appointed postmaster of Denver by President McKinley. Mr. Tabor lost his wealth through unfortunate investments. He leaves a widow, his second wife, and one son and two daughters.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

The United States Delegates to the Czar's Disarmament Congress Announced by the Secretary of State.

Washington, April 7.—The secretary of state has announced the constitution of the United States delegation to the disarmament congress, which will meet at The Hague in the latter part of May. The delegation consists of Andrew D. White, United States ambassador at Berlin; Mr. Newell, United States minister to the Nether-



PRESIDENT SETH LOW. (One of the Delegates to The Hague.)

lands; President Seth Low, of the Columbia university, New York; Capt. Crozier, ordnance department, U. S. A., and Capt. A. T. Mahan, retired, U. S. N. Mr. Frederick Hollis, of New York, will be secretary of the delegation. The American commission as a whole is regarded as an exceptionally strong body, being made up of men well known, not only in public and political life, but in the world of letters and international affairs. They are all men of scholarship, fine linguists and those attainments helpful in a congress representing the nations of the world, conducted under the diplomatic usages which makes French the accepted language.

APRIL EXPENDITURES.

Eleven Millions for Pensions and Probably Spain's \$20,000,000 Indemnity to Come Out of the Treasury This Month.

Washington, April 7.—The government will have very heavy expenditures during the current month, and it is probable that, instead of a surplus of receipts over expenditures, as was the case last month, there will be a considerable deficit. The imports of foreign merchandise are not usually so large in April as in March, and instead of customs receipts of \$21,000,000 the amount will probably not be more than \$18,000,000 or \$19,000,000. The receipts from internal taxation may be expected to be larger than last month and will possibly reach \$24,000,000. Pension payments amounting to \$11,000,000 must be made this month, and possibly the indemnity of \$20,000,000 will be paid to Spain before May 1.

The Largest in the World.

St. Paul, Minn., April 7.—The first contract in the construction of the largest grain elevator in the world was let yesterday by the Great Northern railway. Schmidt Bros., of West Superior, got the contract for the foundation, their bid being \$5,000. The elevator is to be located at West Superior, and will be built of steel, at a total cost of over \$2,000,000. Its capacity is to be 6,500,000 bushels of grain, or 2,500,000 more than the largest existing elevator. The elevator will have provision for wheat, corn, flax and oats, and is to be completed by next January.

Wealth for Mrs. McKinley.

Canton, O., April 7.—Mrs. McKinley, wife of the president, her sisters and the heirs of the late George D. Saxton own the oil and mineral rights in 263 acres of land in the vicinity of the Seio oil field. They did not know it until informed by a man who wanted a lease. In looking up an abstract it transpired that the present owner owns only the surface, James Saxton, father of Mrs. McKinley, when he sold it over 33 years ago, having reserved the mineral rights.

Noted Embezzler Caught in Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., April 7.—Santiago Morphy, alias Mexican Morphy, wanted in the City of Mexico for embezzling \$70,000, was arrested in the Stratford hotel, Eighth and Holmes streets, this morning. "Santiago," alias "Mexican," Morphy is a Mexican. He was formerly in the employ of the National Bank of Mexico in the City of Mexico, from which institution he embezzled \$70,000 and fled to the United States.

The Philippine Question.

Chicago, Ill., April 7.—William J. Bryan is to publish a book entitled, "Republic or Empire—The Philippine Question," in which he discusses territorial expansion from every standpoint, his argument being supplemented by chapters dealing with the various phases of the subject by Andrew Carnegie, George F. Hoar, John W. Daniels, Henry M. Teller and other statesmen and scholars.

Many Miles of New Railroad.

Chicago, April 7.—The Railway Age, in its next issue, will publish the following: There is every indication that not less than 5,000 miles of new railway will be built in the United States in 1899, representing an investment of about \$150,000,000. At the present time over 4,000 miles are either under contract or actually under construction.

PEACE BY ARBITRATION.

The Views of Ex-Presidents Cleveland and Harrison on the Christian Endeavor Society's Proposition.

Boston, April 6.—Among the communications received by the United Society of Christian Endeavor recently in connection with its proposition for a "war against war and peace by arbitration" are two from former United States presidents, Grover Cleveland and Benjamin Harrison. Ex-President Cleveland wrote:

The members and the friends of the Society of Christian Endeavor have never entered upon an undertaking so practical and so noble as the effort they are now making to secure an abandonment of war as a means for the settlement of international difficulties; and if there is any substance to the claim that our institutions and the traits that characterize us as a people tend to national elevation and Christianization, it is eminently proper that our country should be in the lead in any movement in the interests of peace.

Ex-President Harrison's letter says:

For myself and much more for the great body of its citizenship, I express the desire of America for peace with the whole world. It would have been vain to suggest the pulling down of blockhouses or family disarmament to the settlers on a hostile Indian frontier. They would have told you rightly that the conditions were not ripe, and it may be and is probably true that a full application of the principle is not presently possible, the devil still being unchained. It is by a spirit of love and forbearance mastering the civil institutions and movements of the world that we shall approach universal peace and adopt arbitration methods of settling disputes.

A RUSH FOR PENSIONS.

The Pension Office Overwhelmed with Applications from Soldiers of the Spanish War.

Washington, April 6.—The pension office is being almost overwhelmed with applications for pensions now being filed by soldiers who served in the war with Spain. The demand is beyond all expectations. The regiment which has achieved the distinction of having the largest number of applications for pensions thus far is the Thirty-fourth Michigan. The number of pension applications so far received from this regiment is 350, or over one-fourth of the enlisted strength of the regiment. Many of the regiments whose members have applied for pensions have never been under fire. The principal cause upon which pensions are asked is malaria. The pension officials say the rush for pensions by those who served in the Spanish war is very remarkable in view of the fact that, up to 1882, there were a number of regiments which had served all through the civil war which did not have, all told, 100 applications. It is the belief at the pension office that the pension attorneys are largely responsible for the large number of pension applications which have been made.

Criminal Record of a Youth.

Kansas City, Mo., April 6.—Jack Shoemaker, a colored boy, 16 years old, astonished even the hardened officials of the criminal court yesterday with his remarkable record. He has lived in Jackson county only three years, but has spent 250 days, or nearly one-third of that time, in jail. He has been arrested ten times and imprisoned on nine separate charges of burglary and theft. A jury in the criminal court gave him ten years in the penitentiary yesterday for robbing Edwin De Honey of \$12.

John Collins Now Civilly Dead.

Topeka, Kan., April 5.—John Henry Collins, the young theological student convicted of murdering his father and sentenced to be hanged, is now civilly dead, Sheriff Cook taking him to the state penitentiary at Lansing yesterday. Warden Landis telephoned the executive department that young Collins would be known as "Convict No. 783," and that he would be placed to work in the tailoring department, which is in charge of Emmet Dalton, the noted outlaw.

To Aid the St. Louis Fair.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 6.—Under suspension of the rules the bill providing for the incorporation of the St. Louis Louisiana Purchase Centennial World's Fair, to be celebrated in 1903, the centennial of the Louisiana purchase, was passed by the senate. It has already passed the house, and, under the emergency clause, which the bill carries, it will become a law as soon as signed by the governor.

Run Down in a Kansas City Tunnel.

Kansas City, Mo., April 6.—Judge George R. Fearon, an aged lawyer living at 813 Olive street, was run over in the tunnel of the Eighth street elevated road yesterday afternoon and so seriously injured that he died half an hour later. His scalp was half torn from his head, his nose and right collar bone were fractured. His body was a mass of bruises.

His Dying Father Forgave Him.

Kansas City, Mo., April 6.—Timothy Brosnahan, whom his own son, John, shot through the abdomen last Monday, called that son to his deathbed this morning to advise him how he might best get out of the trouble in which his crime had involved him. He told the boy he forgave him and would do all he could to save him before he died.

Will Cross the Arctic Circle.

Washington, April 6.—It has been decided by the post office department to establish a postal route in Alaska which shall cross the arctic circle. One mail route now operated touches the circle, but the one proposed goes many miles beyond.

OVER WORK MAKES WEAK KIDNEYS.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

YOUR KIDNEYS ARE YOUR BLOOD FILTERS.



A Prompt Way to Cure Yourself When Symptoms Show That Your Kidneys Are Out Of Order.

To Test the Wonderful Merits of the Great Modern Discovery, Swamp-Root, Every Reader May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Absolutely Free By Mail.

The way to be well is to pay attention to your kidneys.

They are the most important organs of the body—the blood filters. All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys strain or filter out the impurities in the blood—that is their work.

Purifying your blood is not a question of taking a laxative of physic.

Does your blood run through your bowels?

What the bowel-cleaner does is to throw out the poisons confined in your bowels ready for absorption into your blood, but the poisons which are already in your blood, causing your present sickness, it leaves there.

There is no other way of purifying your blood except by means of your kidneys.

That is why bowel-cleaners fail to do their work—they fail to help the kidneys.

When you are sick, then, no matter what you think the name of your disease is, the first thing you should do is to afford aid to your kidneys by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great Kidney Remedy.

In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

Dr. Kilmer, the eminent physician,

and specialist, has attained a far-famed reputation through the discovery and marvelous success of Swamp-Root in purifying the blood, and thereby curing chronic and dangerous diseases, caused by sick kidneys, of which some of the symptoms are given below.

Pain or dull ache in back or head, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousness, dizziness, irregular heart, sleeplessness, sallow complexion, dropsy, irritability, loss of ambition, obliged to pass water often during the day, and to get up many times at night, and all kinds of kidney, bladder and uric acid troubles.

Swamp-Root is sold by all dealers, in fifty-cent or one-dollar bottles. Make a note of the name, SWAMP-ROOT, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and remember it is prepared only by Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

To prove the wonderful merits of his great discovery he now offers to every reader of this paper a prepaid free sample bottle of Swamp-Root, which he will send to any address, free by mail.

A book about Health, Diet and Disease as Related to your Kidneys and giving some of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from the sufferers cured, also sent free with the sample bottle.

The great discovery, Swamp-Root, is so remarkably successful that our readers are advised to write for a sample bottle and to be sure and mention this paper when sending their addresses to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

IF YOU ARE THINKING

OF BUYING AN ORGAN, LOOK OUT FOR THE GREAT SPECIAL OFFER WE SHALL MAKE IN NEXT WEEK'S ISSUE OF THIS PAPER. IF YOU ARE NOT THINKING OF BUYING AN ORGAN, BEGIN TO THINK ABOUT IT NOW, OR YOU WILL LOSE A CHANCE TO GET THE BEST AT A BARGAIN. DO NOT WAIT TO SEE WHAT YOUR NEIGHBORS BUY, BUT WRITE TO US AT ONCE FOR OUR OFFER WILL BE FOR SIXTY DAYS ONLY, AND YOU WILL BE SORRY IF YOU MISS IT.

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