

THE WORLD AT LARGE

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

THE treasury department at Washington has unofficially advised to the effect that the steamer Victoria had arrived at Tacoma, Wash., with over 100 Chinese on board who were said to hold forged certificates.

W. J. CALBOUS, the lawyer of Danville, Ill., who has been selected by President McKinley to represent the United States at the Spanish investigation of Dr. Ruiz's death, has accepted the appointment conditional upon the health of his wife.

SECRETARY GAGE has given instructions that every employe in the treasury department shall be judged by the industry, rapidity and faithfulness with which duties are performed and shall be graded accordingly in the commission's report which is to be made. A similar inquiry will be conducted in all the other departments, and many changes probably will result in the salaries and standing of the clerks.

It was reported at the capital that the republican senators having charge of the tariff bill have been compelled to accept an amendment proposed by Senators Wolcott, of Colorado, and Jones, of Nevada, providing that any country which shall enter into a bi-metallic agreement with the United States shall be allowed a discount of 15 per cent. of the tariff rates upon the products sent by any such nation to this country.

The election of Deboe in Kentucky makes the total membership of the senate at Washington 88, composed of 43 republicans, 33 democrats and 12 populists and silver republicans. With Kyle the republicans would have 44, a tie, and with the vice president a majority of one. It is believed, however, that in case a party vote was imminent or probable that an election would occur in Florida, leaving the senate standing as before Deboe's election.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY has decided not to interfere in the case of Joseph R. Dunlop, proprietor of the Chicago Dispatch, who was sentenced to two years' imprisonment for sending obscene matter through the mails, and Dunlop must serve out his term.

NOTHING of importance was discussed at the cabinet meeting at Washington on the 30th. Most of the time was spent in talking about the Grant monument success.

The report of the director of the mint shows that during April the total coinage at the United States mints was \$10,410,580. Of this amount \$8,800,400 was in gold, \$1,535,000 in silver and \$74,680 in minor coins. Of the silver coinage \$1,400,000 was in standard dollars.

GENERAL NEWS.

ISAAC MICHEL, a millinery salesman, has entered suit at Pittsburgh, Pa., against Robert Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, for \$25,000 damages for being attacked by Fitz's big dog Yarrum.

At Cincinnati and throughout southern Ohio snow fell on the 2d and considerable damage was done by the low temperature throughout the Ohio valley.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., was visited by a big fire on the morning of the 3d, which started in Jenkins' wholesale grocery and reduced three large blocks to ashes. Loss estimated between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000.

GEN. LLOYD BRUCE, chairman of a special committee of the New York Democratic Honest Money league, has sailed for Europe to investigate the financial system of the chief gold standard countries there and he will report regularly to the league.

A DISASTROUS fire occurred at Glen Lion, Pa., a mining town. The fire was the work of an incendiary and but for the rain the whole town would have been destroyed.

A RECENT New York dispatch said that a movement has been inaugurated to concentrate under limited management the insurance interests of the country. The plan is for the fraternal societies of the United States to abandon the insurance field and transfer the outstanding policies to the regularly-incorporated insurance companies.

WILLIAM SCHUTTE was found dead in a lumber yard at the foot of Sixth street, New York, from starvation and exposure. He kept the record of his privations in an old Bible, which was found on him.

HENRY WASHBOUSEN, a farmer near Columbia, Ill., was clubbed to death by his neighbor, Joseph Meier, who, after he was arrested, showed by his queer actions that he was a religious fanatic.

A BOILER explosion at Alderman's sawmill in the Kanawha valley, W. Va., killed two men and seriously injured five more, three of whom will probably die. The mill was badly wrecked.

The queen regent of Spain at a cabinet meeting at Madrid on the 29th signed the decree providing for the application of the agreed upon reforms for the island of Cuba. Her majesty's action was due to the receipt of a cable message from Capt.-Gen. Weyler announcing that the western part of the island was pacified.

THE Tennessee Centennial exposition was formally opened at Nashville on the 1st. There was a parade through the city to the grounds, where, after a prayer by Bishop Gallor and speeches by President Thomas and Gov. Taylor, at a given signal President McKinley, at Washington, touched an electric button, and as the band played "Hail Columbia" the machinery began to move and the exposition was opened to the world.

AUGUST NORMAN stopped at the house of Knute Hillstead, a farmer near Larimore, N. D., while Hillstead was absent, and during the night he attempted to break into Mrs. Hillstead's room to assault her, but she barricaded the door, and because she would not admit him he threatened to kill all her family and did out the throats of four of her children, two of whom will die. He afterwards assaulted the woman and escaped.

JUDGE SANBORN, of the United States circuit court at St. Paul, Minn., has denied the application of the first mortgage bondholders for the appointment of receivers for the Central Branch, Union Pacific, with its extensions, the Atchison, Colorado & Pacific and the Atchison, Jewell County & Western.

A MAN named Ray, a desperate character, had been arrested by the sheriff in Mitchell county, Va., when two friends of Ray attempted to rescue him and the prisoner and one of his friends were killed and the other was fatally wounded by the sheriff and his deputy.

SIX negroes were lynched by a mob at Sunnyside, Tex., on the night of the 29th for the murder of an old man, a child and a young woman. The lynchings were mostly colored men. The victims had been tracked from the scene of the crime by bloodhounds. When caught they made a confession.

A TERRE HAUTE, Ind., dispatch stated that there was no truth in the report that the Debs co-operative commonwealth idea is to be put into practical test by starting a marching army to Utah this year. It is true that Debs desires to establish a co-operative commonwealth in some one of the western states and that he looks favorably on Utah, but it is not the purpose to get men there by a Coxy sort of a movement.

THE Greek ministry, headed by M. Delyannis, which was blamed for the recent disasters to the Greek arms in Thessaly, was dismissed by King George, and M. Ralli, called the Gambetta of Greece, summoned by the king to form a new ministry. This somewhat quieted the people in Athens.

THE Chicago News said that it was common talk in Chicago society circles that Marshall Field was engaged to the widow of the late Gen. Phil Sheridan and that the wedding would take place in the near future.

NEAR Bloomer, Ok., Mrs. Martha B. Pinson has given birth to five children in one year and all are living. First came triplets, which are named Faith, Hope and Charity; and later twins, named Alpha and Omega.

JOHN WAGONER, near Freetown, Ind., apparently died of old age. Physicians pronounced him dead; the undertaker prepared the body for burial and relatives came to attend the funeral, but when the hour for the funeral arrived he was talking with his friends and asking to have his funeral postponed.

LIGHTNING struck the residence of Fred Milke at South Bend, Ind., destroyed the chimney and shocked the members of the family. The four-year-old daughter was thrown out of the doorway, and she lay in the yard for several hours before discovered by a neighbor, the parents not having recovered from the effects of the shock.

The general executive board of the Knights of Labor has formally declared war against the American Federation of Labor on account of the action of the National Brewery Workers' union, an affiliated body of the American Federation of Labor, and adopted an address to the members of the Knights of Labor throughout the United States.

A TRIE through every section of the flooded district at Guthrie, Ok., on the 29th showed over 100 houses entirely gone, three times as many wrecked or damaged, a dozen business houses wrecked and twice as many stocks of goods mixed. The loss was fully \$100,000. Five hundred people are homeless and twice as many have lost their household goods and personal effects. The deaths will probably not exceed 20 or 25, as many of those previously reported drowned were afterwards found in trees or in houses lodged down stream.

News from Hancock county, Tenn., stated that Mary, Lulu and John Hatfield were burned to death in a mountain cabin about five miles from Sneadville. Their mother, who is a widow, had gone to a neighbor's house, locking the children in the house.

A SPECIAL from San Luis Potosi, Mex., on the 28th, said that the Rio Verde valley was visited by a terrific hailstorm which not only ruined the growing crops, but caused great loss of life, reports having been received of the killing of 41 persons. On one hacienda alone 13 men were killed. Some of the stones weighed three pounds.

GEORGE WITTICH, supervisor of physical culture in the public schools of St. Louis, will have a grand rehearsal of the army of 11,000 children, who will take part in an exhibition number on the first day of the coming turnfest in that city.

A FIRE recently destroyed Kleppish's queensware store at Burlington, Ia., causing a loss of \$35,000 on stock and \$5,000 on building.

A DISPATCH from Jamaica said that news had been received there of a series of earthquakes throughout the Leeward Islands that caused the loss of hundreds of lives and the collapse of many buildings.

FOUR wagons loaded with barrels of dynamite were recently driven through the streets of San Salvador in South America when an explosion took place and two blocks of buildings were destroyed and many lives lost.

MORAL reformers in Weston, W. Va., went to the house of two women whom they suspected of not being of good character, broke open the doors and then stripped them and smeared their naked bodies with hot tar. One of the women will die from the outrage and the other was reported in a serious condition.

TWENTY-SIX more anarchists, in addition to those already sentenced, were condemned to death on the 1st for complicity in the bomb outrage at Barcelona, Spain, by which a dozen persons were killed and 50 others injured.

WHOLESALE arrests have been made of persons at Anderson, Ind., for illegally dynamiting fish in White river and other eastern Indiana streams.

SPECULATORS were pouring into Anderson, Ind., on the 30th and leasing farms in the vicinity on account of the oil boom in that neighborhood.

A GREAT battle was fought at Velesino between the Turks and Greeks on the 30th and the Turks were repulsed with enormous loss.

GEORGE LAVIGNE, of Saginaw, Mich., is still the lightweight champion of the world. He fought Ed Connolly, of St. Johns, N. B., at New York on the 30th and sent him staggering into his corner at the end of the 11th round, hopelessly beaten. They were matched to fight 25 rounds under 133 pounds weight.

GIN PONG, a Chinaman, was hanged at Spokane, Wash., on the 30th for the murder of another Chinaman.

MRS. SHOCK, an aged woman living at Adonis, W. Va., was tortured by a negro and a white man to make her tell where her money was. They burned her feet to a crisp with candles, burned her hair off and roasted one ear. The woman will probably die. The fiends secured \$500 and escaped.

At St. Louis information was sworn to by Michael Kelly, a discharged conductor of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad, against Assistant General Manager Allen, of that road, charging him with blacklisting. Kelly is a member of the Order of Railroad Conductors and they are backing him in the suit. It is the intention to make a test case and see if the blacklist system cannot be abolished.

A LIGHT earthquake shock was felt at Cairo, Ill., at 9:30 o'clock p. m. of the 30th.

THE rains of ten days past have quenched the fires in the woods around Park Falls, Wis. One man was fatally injured by a burning tree falling upon him. Much valuable timber has been destroyed.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

ABOUT 1,300 plumbers went on a strike at Chicago on the 3d and nearly every building in course of construction in that city was at a standstill. If an attempt should be made to hire non-union men to fill the places of the strikers a general strike of all unions affiliated with the building trades will result.

THE admirals commanding the fleets of the foreign powers in Cretan waters had a conference with the insurgent leaders. The Cretans were promised complete autonomy, but the Cretans cut the discussion short and reiterated that their motto remained "annexation to Greece or death."

THE treasury figures for April confirm Chairman Dingley's statement, made a short time ago, that there was likely to be nearly a year's supply of foreign goods in the country when the new tariff bill goes into effect.

ALBERT G. PORTER, ex-governor of Indiana and minister to Italy under the Harrison administration, died at his home at Indianapolis, Ind., on the 3d of paresis, aged 74 years. He had been confined to his room almost constantly for two years.

REV. EDWARD FAIRFAX BERKELEY, the oldest Episcopal minister in the Missouri diocese, died at St. Louis on the 3d. He was 84 years of age, 40 of which he had passed in the ministry.

THE town of Pulaski, Va., was severely shaken by an earthquake soon after noon on the 3d. No damage resulted, but the people were terribly frightened.

JOHN NOLIN, his two little daughters and another man whose name could not be learned were drowned in the river above Gallatin, Tenn., on the 3d. The skiff was overturned and the father tried to take his children to shore but the swift current swept all four of them under.

A JOINT resolution was passed in both houses of congress on the 3d appropriating \$50,000 for the postal congress at Washington. The free home-stead bill was taken up in the senate and an agreement reached to vote on it next day. In the house the speaker's policy of postponing the appointment of committees was brought up and the speaker was sustained by a vote of 124 to 52.

THE Atlantic & Pacific railway was sold at Gallup, N. M., on the 3d for \$12,000,000. The only bidder was Aldace F. Walker, chairman of the board of directors of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway.

IN GRANT'S MEMORY.

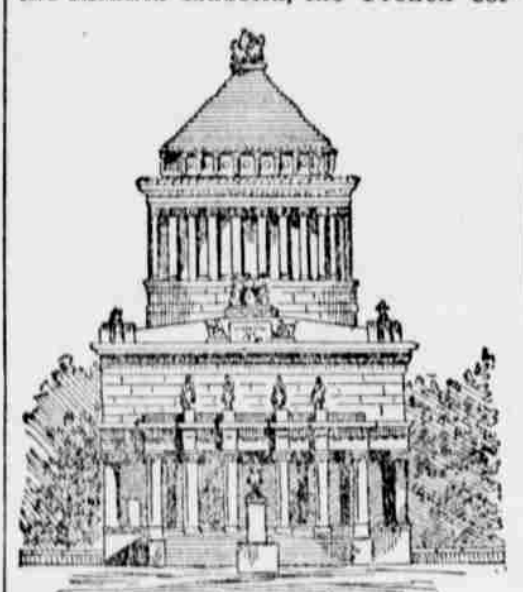
Monument to the Dead General Dedicated with Great Ceremony.

Soldiers and Sailors Vie in a Grand Military Demonstration—President McKinley's Address Masterly and Fitting—Immense Crowds.

NEW YORK, April 28.—When the sun rose over fair Manhattan on this day of days in her history of patriotic pageants he found a cloudless dome awaiting him. It was the day of honor to Grant, the general, the American, the dedication of the \$500,000 monument and tomb New York city had prepared for him, and the celebration of the 75th anniversary of his birth. The ceremonies proper began at sunrise, when from the tall flag pole near the tomb was unfurled the immense American flag furnished by the Daughters of the Revolution, which will fly night and day in fair weather and foul, until the winds shall have worn it away and the suns have faded its colors. At the same time the marines on the warships were piped to quarters and alighted from their carriages at the monument stands and took the places assigned to them in readiness for the oratorical and musical ceremonies at 10:30 o'clock.

Vast crowds had arrived at the tomb as early as eight o'clock and all who were fortunate enough to possess tickets entitling them to seats on stands took their places in the gaily-decked structures and prepared for the long wait that was to ensue before the arrival of the notables and military pageant. The warships and other vessels which lay at anchor in the river, in sight of the tomb, claimed the attention of the crowd. All of these vessels made a magnificent showing in their gala attire, with rainbows of bunting from bow to stern.

The arrival of the official portion of the procession at the tomb was the signal for a stupendous outburst of patriotic cheering from the 50,000 people. The president and other guests the next to greet him, and the two Spanish ships, the Marie Teresa and the Infanta Isabella, the French cor-



GRANT MONUMENT.

vette Fulton, the Italian cruiser Dogal, and the Raleigh, Columbia, Amphitrite and Terror of the White Squadron saluted in quick succession as the Dolphin steamed by.

The Sons of Confederate veterans, who were to have arrived at the tomb at 9:30 o'clock and place a floral wreath with crossed swords upon the sarcophagus, were an hour late. The tokens were reverently laid on the sarcophagus by Gen. J. B. Gordon, while his comrades stood by with uncovered heads.

The exercises commenced with the singing of "America." A solemn silence then fell on the dense crowd as the venerable Bishop John P. Newman invoked the blessings of Heaven upon the ceremonies. A mighty cheer arose as President McKinley moved to the speaker's stand to deliver his address. He was introduced by Mayor Strong. As the president removed his hat, cries came from all sides: "Put on your hat; we'll excuse you." The president, however, stood with bared head, despite the nipping wind that swept across the exposed stand, and delivered his address as follows:

Fellow-Citizens: A great life, dedicated to the welfare of the nation, here finds its earthly coronation. Even if this day lacked the impressiveness of the ceremony and was devoid of pageantry it would still be memorable because it is the anniversary of the birth of one of the most famous and best beloved of American soldiers. Architecture has paid high tribute to the leaders of mankind, but never was a memorial more worthily bestowed or more gratefully accepted by a free people than the beautiful structure before which we are gathered.

In marking the successful completion of this work, we have as witnesses and participants representatives of all branches of our government, the resident officials of foreign nations, the governors of states and the sovereign people from every section of our common country, who join in this august tribute to the soldier, patriot and citizen. Almost 12 years have passed since the heroic vigil ended and the brave spirit of Ulysses S. Grant fearlessly took his flight. Lincoln and Stanton had preceded him, but of the mighty captains of the war Grant was the first to be called. Sherman and Sheridan survived him, but have since joined him on the other side.

The great heroes of the civil strife on land and sea are at most part now no more. Thomas Hancock, Logan, McPherson, Farragut, Dupont and Porter, and a host of others have passed forever from human sight. Those remaining grow dearer to us, and from them and the memory of those who have departed generations yet unborn will draw their inspiration and gather strength for patriotic purpose.

A great life never dies, great deeds are imperishable, great names immortal. Gen. Grant's services and character will continue undiminished in influence and advance in the estimation of mankind so long as liberty remains the cornerstone of free government and

integrity of life and guaranty of good citizenship. Faithful and fearless as a volunteer soldier, intrepid and invincible as a commander-in-chief of the armies of the union, calm and confident as president of a reunited and strengthened nation which his genius had been instrumental in achieving, he has our homage and that of the world; but brilliant as was his public character, we love him all the more for his home life and homely virtues. His individuality, his bearing and speech, his simple ways had a flavor of rare and unique distinction and his Americanism was so true and uncompromising that his name will stand for all time as the embodiment of liberty, loyalty and national unity. Victorious in the work which under Divine Providence he was called upon to do, clothed with almost limitless power, he was yet one of the people; patient, patriotic and just. Success did not disturb the even balance of his mind, while fame was powerless to swerve him from the path of duty. As great as he was in war, he loved peace and told the world that honorable arbitration of differences was the best hope of civilization.

With Washington and Lincoln, Grant has an exalted place in history and the affections of



ULYSSES S. GRANT.

the people. To-day his memory is held in equal esteem by those whom he led to victory and by those who accepted his generous terms of peace. The veteran leaders of the blue and the gray here meet not only to honor the name of the departed Grant, but to testify to the liveliness of a fraternal national spirit which has triumphed over the differences of the past and transcends the limitations of sectional lines. Its completion, which we pray God to speed, will be the nation's greatest glory. It is right, then, that Gen. Grant should have a memorial commensurate with his greatness, and that his last resting place should be the city of his choice, to which he was so attached in life, and of whose ties he was not forgetful even in death. Fitting, too, is it that the great soldier should sleep beside the noble river on whose banks he first learned the art of war, and of which he became a master and leader without a rival.

But let us not forget the glorious distinction with which the metropolis among the fair sisterhood of American cities has honored his life and memory. With all that riches and sculpture can do to render the edifice worthy of the man, upon a site unsurpassed for magnificence, has this monument been reared by New York as a perpetual record of his illustrious deeds in the certainty that as time passes around it will assemble with gratitude and reverence and veneration men of all climes, races and nationalities. New York holds in its keeping the precious dust of the silent soldier, but his achievements, what he and his brave comrades wrought for mankind, are in the keeping of 70,000,000 American citizens, who will guard the sacred heritage forever and forever.

Mr. McKinley's address was followed by those of Gen. Porter and Mayor Strong. Almost every reference to Grant in all the speeches was wildly cheered.

The land parade was waited for after the conclusion of the ceremonies. The sky became overcast with clouds and the wind increased until it almost howled around the trees. Suddenly in the cloud of dust from the south, between the two black lines of people, who seemed to meet in the perspective, came the nodding plumes of the soldiers. On they marched, an endless line of white and red and blue and gray. First passing on the west side of the monument oval and returning on the north road under the monumental arch, they passed the president in review, and then back again into the black background of humanity and the white clouds of dust. Surrounded by his cabinet, his generals and his friends, President McKinley stood and reviewed the grandest military pageant ever seen in this city. There were regular soldiers, regular sailors, national guardsmen of the sea and land forces, Grand Army veterans, confederate veterans and the striplings who, in the future, may fight as gallantly as their fathers did.

As five o'clock, the hour at which President McKinley was to go on board



MRS. JULIA DENT GRANT.

the Dolphin, approached, the crowd on the pier where he was to embark grew larger and larger until several thousand had assembled. They greeted the president and his party with a cheer which was re-echoed from hundreds of steamers which, having come up the river in the naval parade, had taken positions in rather inconvenient proximity to the Dolphin. The presidential salute of 21 guns was fired, and the fleet of steamers blew whistles until the sound of the firing was scarcely audible.

No Hebrews for Roumania.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The state department has been informed that the government of Roumania has prohibited the entry of Hebrews into that country.