

NEW PARTY BORN.

Gold Standard Democrats Form the National Democratic Party.

The Convention Called to Meet at Indianapolis, Ind., on September 2.—Gen. Palmer Chairman of the National Committee.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 8.—The name of the new party is the national democratic party. Its organizers call those supporting the Chicago platform and ticket the populist democratic party. The national convention of the national democratic party will be held at Indianapolis the first week in September. There was unanimity in the conference on the selection of the name of the national democratic party, and also in determining to distinguish the two parties by referring to those supporting the Chicago platform as the populist democratic party. There was a conference before the provisional national committee met, at which it was decided to call a convention and nominate another national ticket.

The telegram from President Cleveland was regarded by all as indicating his sympathy with the movement. Every mention of the president's name was loudly cheered. Gen. John M. Palmer, of Illinois, was unanimously chosen chairman of the national committee. John R. Wilson, of Indiana, was elected secretary. John P. Frenzel, of Indiana, was elected treasurer. Hon. Joseph H.



SENATOR JOHN M. PALMER.

Outhwaite, of Ohio, as chairman of the committee on a call for the national convention and plan of organization, reported the following, which was repeatedly interrupted by applause in its reading, and adopted unanimously: To the democrats of the United States:

A political party has always been defined to be an association of voters to promote the success of political principle held in common. The democratic party, during its whole history, has been pledged to promote the liberty of the individual, the security of private rights and property, and the supremacy of the law. It has always insisted upon a safe and stable money for the people's use. It has insisted upon the maintenance of the financial honor of the nation, as well as upon the preservation inviolate of the institutions established by the constitution. These, its principles, were abandoned by the supposed representatives of the party at a national convention recently assembled at Chicago.

The democratic party will, therefore, cease to exist unless it be preserved by the voluntary action of such of its members as still adhere to the fundamental principles. No majority of the members of that convention, however large, had any right or power to surrender those principles. When they undertook to do so, that assemblage ceased to be a democratic convention. The action taken, the irregular proceedings and the platform promulgated by that body were and are utterly and indelibly revolutionary and constitute such radical departures from the principles of true democracy, which should characterize a sound and patriotic administration of our country's affairs, that its results are not entitled to the confidence or support of true democrats.

For the first time since national parties were formed, there is not before the American people a platform declaring the principles of the democratic party, as recognized and most courageously and consistently administered by Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland, nor are there nominees for the office of president and vice president of the United States pledged to carry those principles into practical effect. The faithful and true democrats of the United States are determined that their principles shall not be ruthlessly surrendered, nor the people be deprived of an opportunity to vote for candidates in accord therewith.

Therefore, the national democratic party of the United States, through its regularly constituted committee, hereby calls a national convention of that party, for the announcement of its platform and the nomination of candidates for president and vice president of the United States, and the transaction of such business as is incidental thereto, to be held at Indianapolis on Wednesday, the 2d day of September, 1895, at 12 o'clock noon, and hereby request that the members of the party in the several states who believe in sound money and the preservation of law and order and who are unalterably opposed to the platform adopted and candidates nominated at Chicago, will select, in such manner as to them shall seem best, a number of delegates to the same, equal to twice the number of electoral votes to which such states are respectively entitled. Such delegates shall be fully accredited, according to the usages of the democratic party. Their credentials shall be forwarded or delivered to the secretary of this committee with all convenient speed, and this committee will make up and announce the roll of the delegates entitled to participate in the preliminary organization of the convention.

At 12 o'clock last night, chairman man Palmer announced his executive committee as follows:

Alabama, J. M. Falkner; Illinois, John P. Hopkins; Indiana, W. D. Bynum; Kentucky, W. B. Haldeman; Missouri, F. W. Lehman; Minnesota, F. W. McCutcheon; New York, Charles Tracy; Ohio, Samuel H. Holding; Wisconsin, Ellis B. Usher.

Terrible Hurricanes in Hungary.
BUDAPEST, Aug. 8.—Terrible hurricanes accompanied by destructive hailstorms occurred in various parts of Hungary yesterday. Many persons are known to have perished in the floods from the mountains and it is feared that later reports will show much greater loss of life. The damage to property all through the country districts was very heavy.

BIG CHICAGO SWINDLE.

A Grain Gambling Gang that Has Made \$750,000 Finally Run Down.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—The Civic federation has unearthed one of the most gigantic swindling schemes since the days of the fund W. With the co-operation of the postal inspector, the gang has been run down. During the past year, on the conservative estimate of John Hill, Jr., of the board of trade, and chairman of the Civic federation's gambling committee, it secured by its swindling operations \$750,000. The gang was composed of W. H. McClure, James F. McClure, Dr. James Craig, William A. Thomas and John I. Tolman. Thomas and James McClure and Tolman are under arrest. The gang has been operating in the commission business of stocks and grain and boomed fictitious mining stocks. The ringleader of the outfit is W. H. McClure, who comes from a respectable family, and was raised at Junction City, Kan. He was for many years a railroad postal clerk on a line running out from St. Louis.

James F. McClure is his younger brother. They were "sooners" in Oklahoma, where they formed the acquaintance of William A. Thomas. The latter was raised in Cedar Falls, Ia., and began his life as bank clerk in Abingdon, Ill. He became cashier of a bank at Edwardsville, Kan., and assisted in the organization of the Capital City bank, of Guthrie, Ok. After receiving \$15,000 in deposits, he and the president borrowed the entire deposits and left their worthless notes as security.

The bank failed and the depositors lost every cent they had entrusted to the dishonest concern. John I. Tolman was for 15 years a railway postal clerk and is supposed to have formed the acquaintance of the others in Oklahoma. W. H. McClure blossomed into prominence as the proprietor of a fake lottery scheme in Kansas City, Kan. The gang operated lotteries in Wichita, Kansas City and New Orleans, where they got up the celebrated forgery of the tickets on the Louisiana lottery.

TOOK MEXICAN DOLLARS.

A Kansas Free Silverite Sells Corn to a Gold Man's Advantage.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 10.—Willis F. Allen, a free silver republican of Ottawa, yesterday sold to S. F. Beeler, a gold standard advocate of that town, 1,000 bushels of corn at 17 cents a bushel and accepted payment in Mexican silver dollars. The transaction was proposed in a bantering way by Allen during a silver discussion. He said he had confidence in silver money, and if anybody had any Mexican dollars he would take them at par in exchange for corn. He had no expectation that anybody would accept the proposition, but there happened to be a man in town who had 900 Mexican dollars stored away. Beeler knew it, and made a bargain for 170 of them at 55 cents on the dollar, or \$93.50 for the lot. Thus armed he went back to Allen and tendered the 170 Mexican dollars, and Allen, being a man of his word, sold the corn and took the dollars. He says he will keep the silver until the country gets to a free silver basis, when he is sure it will be worth 100 cents.

CAFFERY STANDS FIRM.

Neither Sound Money Views Nor His Place Will Be Given Up.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 10.—Senator Caffery has made public a signed declaration that he would not surrender either his sound money views or the senatorship. He concluded as follows: "No sudden ebullition of popular delusion can swerve me one iota from the convictions of my whole life. I have no ambition to subvert, no purpose to accomplish, outside of the plain duty that lies before me to keep, unswayed and unimpaired, the democratic credentials that I bear. When such a party as elected me demands my resignation it will be instantly given."

FUSION ASSURED.

A Deal Perfected Which Insures Populist Support.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—After a conference between state committees of the democratic and populist parties it is now affirmed that W. F. Beck, of Olney, candidate for auditor on the democratic state ticket, will be withdrawn and the place given to some leading populist. This, it is said, will insure a complete fusion of both parties on the presidential and state tickets. Beck is protesting against his removal, but he is offered the salve of appointment to a prominent position should Gov. Altgeld be elected.

THE POPE'S LETTER.

Friendly Words to Queen Victoria, with a Present for Princess Maude.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Not for a long time has the queen been so moved by any act of kindness to her family as she was by the letter from the pope, accompanying the present of a massive gold antique bracelet sent by his holiness to Princess Maude upon the occasion of her wedding. The letter is filled with the kindest sentiments, such as a parent might have used, and the missive is considered another proof that the vatican desires to be on friendly terms with the Anglicans.

Caught in a Thresher.

ENID, Ok., Aug. 10.—A 12-year-old son of Joseph Fitzpatrick, of Karoma, fell while climbing about a running threshing machine and his foot and leg were drawn into the cylinder and ground to pieces.

STRICKEN ST. LOUIS.

Over 100 Prostrations from the Heat and the Death List Numbers Over a Score.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—Not before in the history of St. Louis has its inhabitants suffered so much from the heat as during the week just ended. The highest point reached by the thermometer was 100 in the shade, and on no day was the maximum below 95. On the streets the heat was more intense and the record higher. City Physician Sutter declared last night that the record of heat prostrations and deaths at the hospital for the past week is unprecedented in its history. He reports that 110 cases, all serious, were cared for, and that 19 of these died, while more are still in a critical condition. This is not the complete record for the city, for at least that many more cases were taken to the dispensaries, where many died and others were sent from there to various hospitals or their homes for treatment. Yesterday the highest point reached by the thermometer was 99 in the shade. Twenty victims of the heat were brought to the city hospital between five p. m. and midnight, and but two of these died. Others will die.

RESEMBLES A PLAGUE.

Fatalities from the Heat as Disastrous as a National Calamity.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The report of fatalities resulting from heat in various sections of the country indicate that the present hot spell will be as disastrous in its effect as a national calamity or plague. The death roll of yesterday exceeds 125 in the principal places. Following is the list of reported fatalities: New York and vicinity, 50; Philadelphia, 18; Washington, 16; Baltimore, 19; Newark, 3; Albany, N. Y., 2; Jersey City, 1; Pittsburgh, 1; Chicago, 15; Louisville, 1; Memphis, 1; Cleveland, 2; Cincinnati, 5; San Antonio, 1; Bayonne, N. J., 2; Rochester, N. Y., 1.

EIGHTEEN DEAD AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 10.—There were 18 deaths and 30 prostrations from heat in this city yesterday. It was the hottest day of the year, the thermometer registering 98.6 at four o'clock.

WILL APPEAL TO THE LAW.

Democratic Faction May Have Trouble Over the Use of the Party's Name.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—If the gold democrats at their convention in Indianapolis decide to place a third ticket in the field, and to nominate their own electors in the states, the national democratic committee will get out injunctions against the use of the old party's name. The national committee says that there will be no question about the injunctions being granted. The regularity of the Chicago convention has not been called into dispute; and this being the case, it is claimed there is no warrant for bolting democrats to use the party's name.

MISSOURI GOLD DEMOCRATS.

Electors and a Complete State Ticket Will Be Put in the Field.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—At a meeting of the Missouri provisional state central committee of the national democratic party, held yesterday, a call was issued signed by James O. Broadhead, chairman, for a state convention to be held in this city August 26. The convention is called for the purpose of selecting delegates to represent the state of Missouri in the national democratic convention at Indianapolis, September 2. A state central committee will be selected and presidential electors, members of congress and other officers, state or local, as may be determined upon, will be nominated.

Many Deaths from Drowning.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 10.—A heavy wind and thunderstorm which swept over this city last evening resulted in the drowning of at least three men in the Detroit river and several yachtsmen had extremely narrow escapes after capsizing of their craft. Two others were drowned during the day from other causes. John Helke was drowned while swimming near Peche island. A special from Benton Harbor, Mich., says that four persons were drowned in Lake Michigan at Double L Gap yesterday.

Veterans Issue an Anti-Silver Appeal.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—The Union Veterans Patriotic league Saturday issued an anti-silver appeal which is to be sent to every union veteran in the United States. It is signed by Gen. Horace Porter, Gen. O. O. Howard, Daniel Sickles, Gen. Franz Sigel, Gen. Anson G. McCook, Gen. William B. Franklin, Powell Clayton and others almost as well known. Ex-President Harrison wrote that he would have signed it had he been in the city.

New Salvation Army Commander.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 10.—The new commander of the Kansas, Nebraska and Kansas City division of the Salvation Army will arrive in Kansas City about August 29, and take charge of the army's work at this point. He is Maj. Henry Stillwell, late of the Minnesota division, of which he has been in command for five years, with headquarters at Minneapolis.

Stole Camp Meeting Horses.

ARDMORE, I. T., Aug. 10.—Last night, at Springer, ten miles from here, while a protracted meeting was being held, two men stole five horses and saddles, rode to the post office and store of Little & Jackson, at Glenn, a few miles distant, burglarized the premises, loaded the stolen horses with goods and left. Officers failed to obtain any clew.

PINGREE NOMINATED.

Michigan Republicans Choose Detroit's Famous Mayor for Their Standard Bearer.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 7.—The republicans of Michigan closed one of the most exciting state conventions ever held by their party yesterday evening. The fight over the candidates for governor, which ended with the nomination of Hazen S. Pingree, Detroit's famous mayor, had been on since last winter. The Pingree men had predicted 350 votes on the first ballot for their favorite and lacked only 11 of fulfilling their prediction. The Bliss managers had estimated their strength at 300 and showed only 286. The others, O'Donnell, Aitken, Wheeler and Conant, held their accredited strength and a deadlock was apparent until the chairman ruled that the unit rule had no place in a republican convention. Then various delegations that had been instructed to vote as a unit began to break up, and Pingree got most of the odd votes. On the second ballot he received 358 and Bliss 297. On the third, Pingree gained 47 more and Bliss lost 11. On the fourth ballot, Pingree showed 443, while Bliss had fallen back to 287. All other candidates, except Bliss, joined in declaring Pingree the unanimous choice of the convention.



HAZEN S. PINGREE.

GEORGE T. ANTHONY DEAD.

A Brief Outline of the Career of the Ex-Governor of Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 7.—Ex-Gov. George T. Anthony died at 10:35 last night. He had been ill about three weeks.

Gov. Anthony was born in Mayfield, Fulton county, June 9, 1824. His parents were Quakers. He worked on the farm from the age of 12 to 18, attending the neighborhood school during the winter months. He was apprenticed to the tin and coppersmith trade at Union Springs, N. Y., at the age of 19, following it for five years. In 1852 he engaged in the hardware business at Medina, N. Y. He married Rosa A. Lyon, of Medina, the same year. She survives him. In 1860 he removed to New York city and engaged in the commission business. In 1862 Gov. Morgan, of New York, commissioned Anthony to help raise and organize troops under the call of that year. He was mustered into the service as captain of the Seventeenth New York independent battery of light artillery, serving with the Eighteenth army corps till the close of the war. He was breveted major for services in the last campaign at Appomattox courthouse, and mustered out at Richmond June 12, 1865.

Anthony came to Kansas in November, 1865, locating at Leavenworth. He engaged in the newspaper business, editing the Daily Bulletin at Leavenworth and afterward the Daily Conservative. Later he edited the Kansas Farmer. In 1867 he was appointed United States assistant internal revenue assessor, and a year later he was appointed collector of internal revenue. In 1876 he was elected the seventh governor of Kansas, serving one term. Retiring from the governor's office he accepted a position with the Santa Fe and helped extend the road into Mexico. He served as chairman of the state board of railroad commissioners under Gov. Humphrey and Gov. Morrill in 1893 appointed him to be state superintendent of insurance, which position is left vacant by his death.

PACKING HOUSE FIRE.

Swift's Plant in Kansas City Damaged to the Extent of \$100,000 by Spontaneous Combustion.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., Aug. 7.—The Swift Packing Co.'s plant was damaged to the extent of over \$100,000 by a fire caused by spontaneous combustion which broke out at 11:30 o'clock last night. In the fire one of the company's employees, Frank Hobbowitz, was burned to death, and three other employees were badly injured. The three men injured are Steve Reynolds, Harry Creasey and Robert Forsinger. The building damaged is 157x175 in dimensions, and is used as a smoke house and store room for all smoked meats. The building is really two buildings, as the store room was built recently and adjoins the smoke house, a fire wall separating the two. This building cost \$50,000 and the meat stored therein is valued at \$75,000, and all of this stock is almost a total loss, as what is not burned is damaged by smoke and water to an extent that it is unfit for use.

THE GREATEST HORSE.

Robert J. Demonstrates That He Is the Fastest Horse in Harness.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 7.—Robert J. again demonstrated yesterday that he is the greatest pacer ever harnessed to a sulky. Frank Agan was the favorite in the free-for-all pace, but it was evident from the first that Robert J. was to be driven to win, and the fact that Agan was so heavily backed made it certain that the race would be hotly contested. It was the greatest race of the year, the fastest four consecutive heats and the greatest fourth heat ever paced or trotted on any track being made. In the first heat, paced in 2:03½, Agan broke the track record. The second and third heats, paced in 2:04½, were considered phenomenal, but the crowd was not prepared for the great surprise when the fastest fourth heat ever paced or trotted was made, the time being 2:02½.

Hill Will Support Bryan.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Senator David B. Hill will support the nominees of the Chicago convention. A formal announcement of his position, it is said, will be made public within a very few days. The facts, the World says, were learned by Senator James K. Jones, chairman of the national democratic committee.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

Monetary Conditions Disturbed by the Recent Failure at Chicago.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Review of Trade says: The sensational collapse of speculators at Chicago who controlled Diamond Match and New York Biscuit stocks and had hoisted them to fancy prices with the consequent closing of the Chicago stock exchange for a period indefinite, though followed by remarkably few failures, brings a sudden change in monetary conditions throughout the country. At least a month earlier than had been expected Chicago has drawn heavily upon Illinois bank balances here, and withdrawals of other western funds may naturally result. Europe was also moved to sell American stocks rather freely, so that the average of 60 most active railroad stocks fell about \$2 1/2 per share and the average of trust stocks about \$1.88. The instant co-operation of money interests at Chicago to restrict disturbances deserved praise and did much good. Conflicting crop reports are as numerous and noisy as ever, but the more reliable mark up winter wheat to 39,000,000 bushels and the movement tends to sustain such estimates, for since July 1 western receipts have been 17,633,332 bushels against 9,330,000 bushels last year. It is not easy to believe that with prices 10 cents lower than a year ago farmers have marketed from a smaller crop 99 per cent more wheat. Corn is also moving rapidly with western receipts of 4,873,981 bushels against 1,861,074 last year.

The situation as to cotton is doubtless critical for many producers. Extremely hot and dry weather has done serious harm, but it must be indeed an extraordinary condition that reduces the yield 20 per cent in August. Men of much knowledge and experience but a few days ago judged a yield of 10,000,000 bales probable, and if they were 1,000,000 bales too high still those who now predict only 7,000,000 bales are likely to err in the opposite direction.

Labor is more disturbed than usual. The great strike of the garment workers here has extended, the strike at Cleveland has broken out again and involves several branches of labor, the iron furnace men of the Shenandoah valley resist a reduction to the wages of May, 1895, though the Mahoning valley workers do not, the iron works throughout the country are striving to cut down the cost in order to keep in operation, the iron mines of the Gogebie range are stopping, the suspension of cotton mills has become more general and over 1,000,000 spindles are said to be idle at Fall River alone.

Failures for the week have been 300 in the United States, against 227 last year, and 32 in Canada, against 43 last year.

GOV. HOLCOMB RENOMINATED.

Nebraska Populists Could Not Agree with Democrats, However, as to Fusion.

HASTINGS, Neb., Aug. 7.—The populist state convention finished its labors and adjourned sine die yesterday, after having been in session all night. The convention was almost entirely dominated by the middle-of-the-road delegates, and they very nearly overturned all the carefully laid plans for fusion with the silver democracy. C. J. Smyth, chairman of the democratic state central committee, was on the ground with a proposition that two places on the populist state ticket be left vacant. The proposition evoked a debate which dragged along without result until Chairman Smyth broke off all negotiations by withdrawing the request for fusion on the state ticket. This action on the part of the democrats seemed to have a panic effect upon the radical element of the convention, for after nominating nearly the entire ticket a motion to leave the attorney-generalship vacant was carried. The question of electors was left to the central committee, and it is understood there will be an even division, though not with the convention's official consent. Gov. Holcomb was renominated by acclamation. John E. Harris was named for lieutenant-governor, John F. Cornell for secretary of state, John P. Porter for auditor and J. N. Meserve for treasurer.

SEVENTY POISONED.

Picnic Ice Cream Eaten with Serious Results Near Fort Scott, Kan.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Aug. 8.—At the annual picnic of Sunday schools of the Baptist church of this city, held in a grove near here Thursday, some 40 persons were seriously poisoned by eating ice cream, and at a social given last night by the Catholic church, fully 30 more were taken suddenly ill from the same cause. The physicians were kept going all night, and although many of the sufferers were very ill, none of the cases has proven fatal. The ice cream used at the different places was purchased from different houses. The affair caused quite a good deal of excitement for the reason that hardly a neighborhood in the city escaped.

ORPHAN GIRL ASSAULTED.

Serious Crime Committed by Young Thurman Jacobs Near Lincoln, Mo.

LINCOLN, Mo., Aug. 8.—Thursday afternoon, at a picnic about ten miles northeast of here, Thurman Jacobs, a young man about 19 years of age, persuaded Miss Gray, a young orphan girl of about 15 years, who lived with the family of Horace A. Tomlin, to leave the picnic grounds and go driving with him. While they were driving Jacobs overpowered the girl, and assaulted her. As soon as the crime became known, 200 men started in pursuit of Jacobs. He eluded capture all evening, but gave himself up to his friends last night, who brought him here to jail at once. If he had been captured he would have been lynched. There may be a lynching yet.

Four Deaths and Fifty Prostrations.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 8.—At two p. m. yesterday the 100 mark was reached by the government thermometer in the signal service office. This again breaks the record. Thermometers more or less exposed to the sun's rays rose even higher, recording up to 108 and 110 degrees. In the course of the afternoon a thunderstorm broke over the city and brought some relief, there being a fall of several degrees in the temperature. There were 50 prostrations from heat and four deaths.