

## OF INTERES TO RURAL READERS

FARM BUREAU NEWS SERVICE SUPPLIES ITEMS FOR THE TRIBUNE READERS

J. N. Norton, president of the Nebraska Farm Bureau federation is in Washington, at the invitation of Secretary of Agriculture Henry C. Wallace, attending the agricultural conference called at the request of President Harding. Preceding the conference, the officials of the mid-west group of Farm Bureaus will hold a meeting at which plans will be consummated for making presentation of the case of the middle western farmer to the main conference.

President Warren G. Harding has written a letter to Gray Silver, Washington representative of the American Farm Bureau federation voicing appreciation for the petition of some 300,000 Farm Bureau members throughout the United States commending the president for calling the conference in limitation of arms, and urging the greatest possible reduction in implements of war. The petition carried many names of Nebraska members.

Keen interest is being shown in all counties through which the Union Pacific Railroad runs at this time, regarding scholarships offered by this company to Boys and Girls club work. A \$75.00 scholarship to the boy between 16 and 21 years old, ranking highest in the club project, will be awarded for the growing season of 1922. Three boys have entered the University short courses and nineteen others will within a short time, as the result of these scholarships during the past year.

Mrs. Vera Schuttler of Farmington, Mo., who was one of the main speakers at the state convention of the Nebraska Farm Bureau federation January 5, has been reappointed chairman of the women's committee of the American Farm Bureau federation, according to advice received at Nebraska headquarters. A new western member has also been added to the committee, Mrs. William G. Jamison of Colorado. Other members of the committee are Mrs. John C. Ketcham of Michigan; Mrs. A. E. Bridgen of New York, and Mrs. Zetta Brown of West Virginia.

At the first meeting of the executive board of the Nebraska Farm Bureau federation, E. P. Brown of Davey, who was elected by the state convention as a member of the board, advised that owing to business reasons it would be impossible for him to serve though he wishes the federation well and is highly interested in the work. John P. Davis of Geneva was selected by the board to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Brown's inability to serve. Mr. Davis is one of Fillmore county's most successful farmers and has been prominent in farm organization work, being president of the Fillmore County Farm Bureau.

The Nebraska Farm Bureau federation has received advice from Washington that its request has been granted by the postmaster general that third and fourth class offices deliver mail to rural patrons who call for it on Sundays at the office. When the post office department issued its order closing these offices to rural patrons on Sundays Secretary H. D. Lutz of the Nebraska Farm Bureau federation appealed to the postmaster general and to the Nebraska delegation at Washington asking that the order be rescinded. "I am thankful for the hearty co-operation I received from the Nebraska delegation," said Secretary Lutz, "and I am glad that farmers living on rural routes will now be able to receive their mail on Sundays which is the one day of the week that the farmer has an opportunity to read."

One often hears on a cold winter morning, "If we could save some of this weather for those hot July days." A portion of it can be saved by harvesting and storing a supply of ice. On some farms the loss of fruit, vegetables and dairy products every year would almost build an ice house. There are three general types of ice houses: those built entirely above ground; those built partly above and partly below ground, and those of the cave type built entirely below ground. Of these three types the structure built entirely above ground is to be preferred because it can be built more cheaply, insulation and drainage are better and the ice is easier to remove. Blueprint plans may be secured from the Engineering Department, Agricultural College, Lincoln.

What can I afford to pay for a bull to head my herd? This is not an

uncommon question and it is a hard one to answer for conditions vary. It depends upon the kind of cows kept, upon the market for the products and surplus stock and upon the dairyman. College of Agriculture suggests that this matter be given more consideration this year than ever before. The sire is half the herd, and the cows and the dairyman represent the other half. A scrub bull can do untold damage in a herd of good cows and a good pure bred bull can do wonders in building up a herd of good cows. A breeder must decide for himself how much he can afford to pay for a good pure bred bull, but he must not get the idea that a \$500 bull is necessarily a good one, or a \$5.00 or a \$50.00 bull is a cheap one; for such a bull may prove to be far more costly in the long run than the higher priced one. "By their fruits ye shall know them." Bulls from dams without good milk records are a poor gamble.

Good-bye, old brindle, bony scrub. The time demands a better breed. You eat enough, but there's the rub. You neer pay for half your feed. So after all these years we part. Buy pray remember as you go, If this should break your bovine heart

You broke my purse long, long ago. Many flocks of hens in Nebraska have less than one-half of the amount

of water they need for body maintenance and egg production. When it is known that one dozen medium sized eggs contain about a pint of water and that 55 per cent of the body weight is water the importance of liberal quantities of fresh clean water cannot be overestimated. Water is necessary in the crop of the hen to keep the food, which is stored there, from becoming congested. This would result in a condition which is sometimes called "crop-bound." Plenty of fresh water keeps the food soft which allows it to pass uniformly down the gullet into the glandular stomach. In the glandular stomach quantities of digestive juices are poured on to the food where it passes on to the gizzard. The action of the gizzard grinds the contents into a very fine paste. From there it goes down through the intestines receiving digestive juices at different points until it is a soft solution in the large intestines. Absorption of the food into the blood streams occur while it is in a liquid state in the intestines. The absorbed food is carried to all parts of the body in the blood stream. Water is necessary for every one of these processes. Many flocks produce few eggs because they lack water. At this time of the year it is well to take the chill from the water before giving it to the hens, since they will frequently refuse sufficient quantities of it if it is ice cold.

Warm water may be kept before them by making a home made non-freezable fountain. This can be done by incasing a water keg in sawdust and allowing the warm water to drip from a short spigget into a watering pan.

EXTENSION ROAD NO. 394.

To Whom It May Concern: The special commissioner appointed to locate a public road as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of Section 10, Township 11, North Range 30, thence west between sections 10 and 15, and 16 and 9 said Township and Range, also commencing at Southeast corner of Section 10, Township 11, Range 30 thence east between Sections 11 and 14 said Township and Range, also commencing at the southeast corner of Section 10, Township 11, Range 30 thence south between sections 14 and 15 said Township and Range, road to be 66 feet wide, has reported in favor thereof all objections thereto or claims for damages by reason of the establishment of above described road must be filed in the office of the County Clerk on or before 12 o'clock noon of the 7th day of April 1922, or said road will be allowed without reference thereto.

Dated at North Platte, Nebraska this 16th day of January, 1922. A. S. ALLEN, County Clerk.

## THE WINTER BIRDS OF LINCOLN COUNTY.

Article 1. When one thinks of winter birds he starts with "snow birds" for they are closest associated with bird life of the cold days. The wise men who write books about birds tell us there is no special kind of birds which are named snow birds but it is a name which has been given to little birds which are sometimes seen when there is snow on the ground. These birds are usually sparrows and are as common in winter as in summer. The sparrow which is seen about the towns and farm buildings is the European House Sparrow or English Sparrow. It was imported to America from Europe and from a few pairs has spread over the whole country. Although song and history are full of fine sentiment for the snow bird, there is little sympathy for the English Sparrow from those who know him. He is filthy, quarrelsome, a bully and a fighter. In many places he has driven the native birds into the remote places. Blue birds were formerly common in Lincoln County but the sparrow has driven them out. Wrens, martins and swallows bid fair to go the same way if this little foreigner has his way. While cruelty is condemned even when practiced on a filthy sparrow, we should seek to drive out these pests and exterminate them in any way we can learn of which is humane. English Sparrows make fine food and are recommended to those who would like a change in their food.

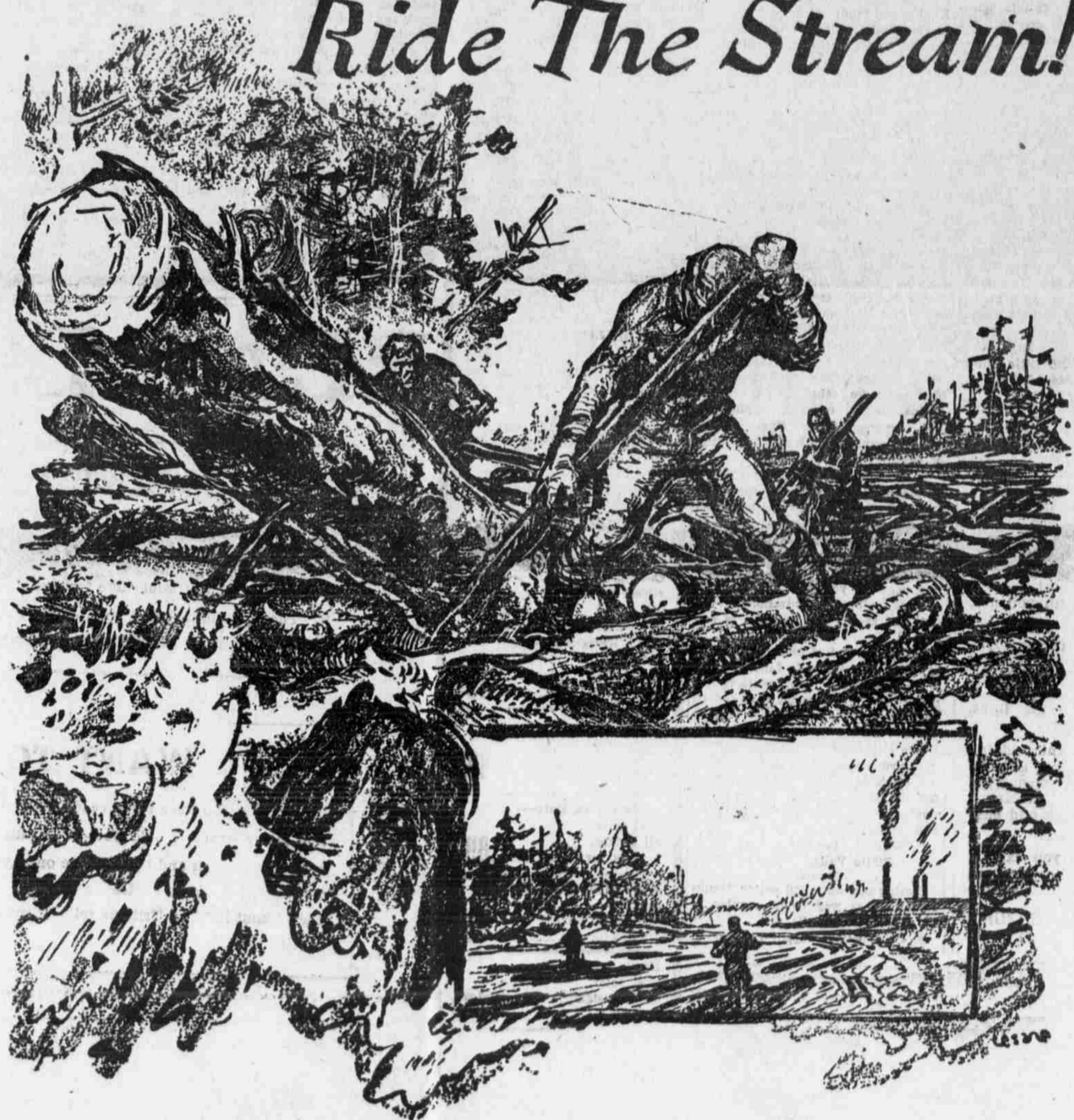
## UNION PACIFIC TIME TABLE.

Westbound	
No. 1	4:45 p. m.
No. 3	1:45 a. m.
No. 7	4:25 p. m.
No. 13	8:10 a. m.
No. 15	12:40 a. m.
No. 17	6:25 p. m.
No. 19	9:10 a. m.
No. 25	7:00 p. m.
No. 53	8:50 a. m.
Eastbound	
No. 2	12:20 p. m.
No. 4	11:00 p. m.
No. 8	12:05 p. m.
No. 10	2:25 p. m.
No. 12	11:30 p. m.
No. 18	1:15 p. m.
No. 20	7:20 p. m.
No. 26	5:40 a. m.
No. 54	10:10 p. m.
No. 16	8:55 a. m.



L. & S. Groceteria.

# The Jam Is Breaking! Ride The Stream!



THE KEY-LOGS OF PESSIMISM that have dammed business have been pulled away. Be among the first to ride the stream of good business, production, sales, profits. Business is reviving—as it did after the depressions of 1896, 1904, 1908, 1914. The volume of manufacturing and trade is increasing daily, unemployment is decreasing, loans are expanding. Business is gathering momentum—

## PROSPERITY IS JUST 'ROUND THE CORNER

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