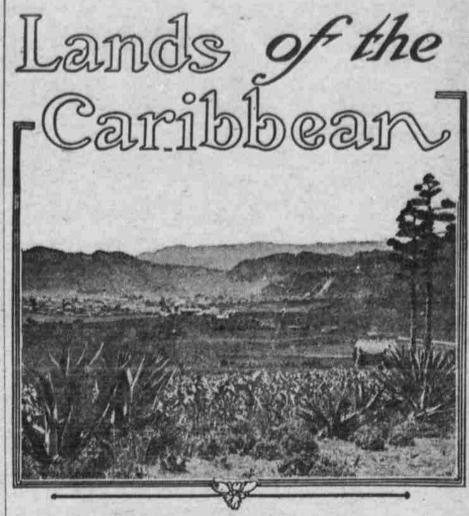
THE NORTH PLATTE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.



Germination, in the Rich Soll of That Country, Is Speedy-Farmers on Road to Wealth.

It was on the 18th of May that the writer received a letter from a friend in Western Canada dated the 15th of the same month. Information was conveyed in the letter that its author had traveled over a considerable portion of Western Canada. He had covered most of the settled portions, and from those he had not covered he had secured information that amplified his uwn observations of conditions throughout all the vast area of that country. He found seeding of wheat practically completed, and placed in a bed of earth that was in a condition that warranted speedy and healthy germination. This was borne out by evidence that he was a witness of wheat that had been in the ground four days that was already breaking through, and that which had been seeded for a week was well above the ground, the field being as green as a new pasture plot. Everywhere this condition existed. It will be pleasing information for those who have friends in Western Canada-in any part of it, no matter where they may be-to learn that conditions have opened up in such a splendid way, and to be advised that the prospects were never brighter than now. When it becomes known that conditions are so satisfactory, many who were waiting. uncertain what to do in the matter of moving, will doubtless now come to a decision. With the opening of thousands of homesteads, which took place on the 1st of May, there was a rush to take advantage of the opportunity to secure 160 acres of excellent land free, within speaking distance of s railroad, The low railway rates granted by means of a certificate issued by Canadian government agents, located at different points in the States, make it possible to make a trip of inspection at small cost.

Oat and barley farming are branches that add considerable to the wealth of the farmer who desires to make money quickly. That these grains can be grown so successfully, and easily, makes it possible to go into other branches of farming industry, that give stability to it, wherever they are carried on. They are dairying and cattle-raising. There is an excellent market for the product, and the climate alds materially in assisting it. while the native grasses, as well as cultivated varieties, bring the cost of production to a much lower figure than is possible on lands that are much higher in price, with no better yielding qualities. Then, again, it is amply shown that fodder corn can be grown success, and that sunflowwith great ers, which it has been fully proven are little behind, if any, in food quality, thrive wonderfully. In fact, these two fodders, in addition to which may be added that of alfalfa and sweet clover, in which Western Canada farmers are well apace "with growers elsewhere, have brought about a period of silo-building which promises to eclipse any effort in this line made anywhere on the continent. In Manitoba alone, one firm is building two hundred this year. In Saskatchewan, many orders have been placed; in one small district in Alberta, where fifty were erected last year, another fifty will be built this summer. That there will be a thousand sllos erected in the three provinces this year seems to be a conservative estimate. To the farmer in the States, who knows the advantage of the silos, who is interested in the fodder to be grown to fill them, what does this mean ?--- Advertisement.



Scene in Settled Portion of Guatemaia.

The creation of a "United States of Central America," and troubles between Panama and Costa Rica which almost led to war, have drawn attention to the countries south of the Caribbean sea recently more strongly than at any time since the completion of the Panama canal. Nowhere else in the world has Nature been more bountiful in her blessings of natural resources than in the Caribbean region. Everything that her treasurehouse holds has been bestowed with lavish, and also with impartial, hand. Someone has observed that if you tickle the ground with a hoe it smiles back with a yam and certain it is that in any one of these countries the ground of natural resources may be tickled with the hoe of foreign capital and it smlles back with yams of wealth.

These countries are nearly all favored allke in natural wealth, but there is a vast difference in the development of that wealth-a difference that may be attributed almost wholly to the character of the governments in the respective countries.

In some of these lands the milk and honey of plenty flows in a bountiful stream. Others are in wretched poverty, where the masses never have enough to keep the gaunt wolf of hunger from gnawing at their vitals day and night and year in and year cotton growers of Campo Santo. The out. In traveling through these coun-

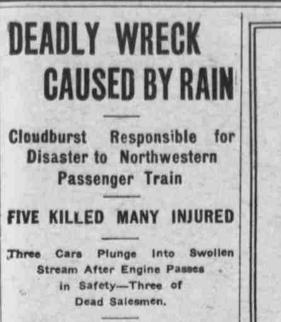
(Prepared by the National Geographic So-cisty, Washington, D. C.) were of equal density we would have a population of 700,000,000 in the continental United States; and, although nearly half of the country is mountalnous, the people are normally able to get their living out of what they produce and still have a comfortable balance of trade in their favor.

> The Salvadorean people are different from those of any other Central American state. They have a middle class. There are thousands of little farms not much larger than a goodsized city block, and yet it is here that the real prosperity of Salvador is created. In no other way could a million and a quarter souls find subsistence on 8,000 square miles of territory, nearly half of it mountains.

Nicaragua and Revolutions.

Nicaragua is in much the condition of Honduras. There have been revolutions there since the memory of the inhabitants runneth not to the contrary. Here one sees a thousand opportunities for the development of great wealth. Virgin forests of all the precious woods in the category extending for miles on end; coffee lands where millions of pounds of splendid coffee might be grown; sugar lands which might yield hundreds of thousands of sacks of sugar; and yet all stand idle. Why?

Ask the American coffee growers of the Matagalpa district; ask the revolutions come along and leave their



Chadron, Neb .- A sudden cloudburst which flooded an ordinarily "dry" creek bed in northwestern Nebraska is blamed for the plunge of the Northwestern passenger train from a tresle bridge over Big Cottonwood creek near Chadron, which resulted in the death of five persons and the injury to thirty-two others, two perhaps fatally.

The dead: C. M. Buck, salesman, Grand Island. Died from injuries .-Frank Bosmer, salesman, Lander, Wyo.; F. M. Stewart, salesman Gordon, Neb.; R .C. Scott, baggageman, Chadren; B. F. Skiles, mail clerk, Chadron.

Seriously injured :- Dick Arnold, Chadron, News Agent, Internal injuries; Walter Goodell, express messenger, Chadron, severe body injuries.

Northwestern passenger train No. 606, bound from Lander, Wyo., to Omaha, was rolling along the track on schedule time the locomative pounded across the wooden trestle bridge over Cottonwood creek, 15 miles west of here.

The bridge sagged. With a roar and a crash the supports of the bridge gave way and three cars plunged into the creek bed.

Breaking of the connection threw on the air brakes and with a screch of the wheels the Pullman car on the rear of the train came to a standstill with the sleeper perilously hanging over the creek bank.

Reports say the train was traveling between 20 and 25 miles an hour. The creek, which is about 35 feet wide, is known as a "dry creek" during summer.

An hour before the fatal wreck, a westbound train crossed the bridge in safety. Then came the cloudburst which filled the creek with water and weakened the supports of the bridge. The chair car was half submerged

in the water after the crash, with the smoker piled along the creek bank, the rear half beneath the front half of the chair car.

Ahead of the smoker was the baggage car, and up the creek bank, teleed by the tender of the engine for



The best reason in the world for buying a Cadillac, is what everyone thinks, and says, and knows about the Cadillac.

The Cadillac car will give you dependabilitythe capacity to withstand hard usage day after day and year after year. Cadillac service ability may be compared with that of a faithful watch.

The man who wants to enjoy the advantages of Cadillac ownership and prefers not to invest the amount which a new Cadillac requires, can do so in a RE-NEW-ED Cadillac.

Neither age nor miles diminish the value of Cadillac construction, and you cannot get Cadillac quality in any car other than a Cadillac.

The advantages of accurate workmanship, fine machinery, fine tools and skilled operatives, are present in a RE-NEW-ED Cadillac to a degree which would not be possible in a new car of equal cost.

> Write for a list of our RE-NEW-ED car bargains.

J. H. Hansen Cadillac Co. Omaha Lincoln

A Sale Place to Buy

Juvenile Logic Tommy-What does LL. D. after a man's name mean?

Jimmy-I guess it means that he's a lung and liver doctor.-Boston Transcript.

Red Cross Ball Blue is the finest To remove pimples and blackheads product of its kind in the world. Every woman who has used it knows this statement to be true.

NOT RESTING, JUST WAITING

Idiot Boy, According to Judge Gary, Very Much Like the Rest of the World.

Judge Gary was talking at a dinner about the world's industrial situa-

Missed an Opportunity. Profiteer-One million is the price

of a gram of radium. His Partner-And we never thought of trying to sell any .- Paris Le Rire.

Cuticura for Pimply Faces.

smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Once clear keep your skin clear by using them for daily toilet purposes. Don't fail to include Cuticura Talcum.

INTRODUCED A COMIC SCENE

Player Unwittingly Interjected Comedy Into Gloomy Tragedy of Shakes. peare's Julius Caesar.

To Be Exact.

"When does the last train leave for Brooks Junction?" asked the fussy old lady.

"I was reading in a newspaper this morning," said the ticket agent, dreamfly, "where a celebrated soothsayer predicted that the world would come to an end in 1950. Parring unforeseen developments, the last train for Brooks Junction may leave here on or about that date."-Birmingham Age Herald.



Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Beware! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago, and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

The Animal Tent.

"Then your kid didn't enjoy the circus?" "No, the giraffe was getting its neck washed."

tries, one is impressed with the fact that prosperity abides with good rule and poverty dwells with misrule.

Differences in Development.

Starting out with the easily demondifference between these countries in their natural resources, it is interest- ceivers, ing to look around and notice what a vast difference there is in the use that is being made of this natural wealth. One need not go out of the confines of Central America to see this. It would require six Salvadors to make one Honduras, and yet Salvador has a larger foreign commerce, Costa Rica is less than half as big as Nicaragua, and yet its foreign commerce is greater than that country's.

And yet, when Salvador and Costa Rica are compared with Porto Rico, they in turn seem to be slow in their development. Porto Rico is so small that seven islands like it would be reguired to cover an area equal to that of Costa Rica, yet it has a foreign trade more than fifteen times as great as that of the Banana Empire. Porto Rico is less than half as large as

Salvador, yet it has a foreign trade over thirteen times as great. Little Porto Rico is so small that it could be buried in a single Central

American lake; it would take 57 is-America in area and yet Porto America together from Tehuantepec to Colombia. The reason? Because compared to these Central American republics Porto Rico has an ideal govincreased sevenfold since Uncle Sam Ica. took possession there. The number of

increased sixfold. The wages of the fold even before the war.

Honduras is a Laggard.

Honduras in some ways lags behind its neighbors. And yet it is rich in natural resources almost beyond imagination.

With vast deposits of minerals of all kinds, with untold thousands of acres of the finest tropical fruit and vegetable lands in the world and with vast areas of magnificent grazing and coffee lands, Honduras is at our very doors. It is 700 miles nearer to Chicago than that city is to San Francisco; it is closer to Washington than Denver is; it is farther from New Orleans to Chlcago than it is from Puerleans, With a stable government, plenty instead of a principality of poverty.

Across the border is prosperous lit-Honduras as night is from day. It and a five-cent stamp carried it all has a population so dense that if ours I the way.

coffee to spoil ungathered and their cotton to go to waste unpicked. Ask the financier from New Orleans who spent 20 years of hardships there trying to gather together a competence, strated fact that there is very little and who finally found his business wrecked and in the hands of the re-

Given good governments, then, no countries on the map would afford greater opportunities for profitable investments than those of Central Amer-Ica. With such governments as some of them have had heretofore all their natural wealth cannot offset the distwice the population of Honduras and advantages of those governments, and an investment at 4 per cent in the United States has often been preferred to one yielding 100 per cent in some of these countries.

When we come to Costa Rica, things are beginning to be different, and Costa Rica does not like to be reckoned in the same class with Nicaragua, Honduras and Guatemala. Until recently she has had scarcely a revolution in a generation.

Panama which is geographically a part of Central America, though it has not been polltically so since independence was gained from Spain, is blest with some very fine farming and fruitlands in the region next to Costa Rica; but nearly all of the Panamans have gone down to the canal zone relands of its size to equal Central gion for the time being. Some of the most beautiful tierra templada lands Rico enjoys about three times as in America are to be found in the much foreign trade as all Central Chiquiri country, and when the people. of the United States get acquainted with the possibilities there, some of them are going to settle in that region and make it a splendid example ernment. The trade of the island has of the possibilities of tropical Amer-

It is not improbable that one of the children enrolled in the schools has results of the completion of the Panama canal will be the realization by laboring class has multiplied three- the people of the United States that its safety depends in no small degree upon the good conduct of the governments of Central America. That will mean a demand for a new order of things in these countries, which in turn will mean safe investments for American capital,

Then will dawn an era of development in Central America comparable to that which has taken place in Porto Rico and in Cubs.

Around the World for a Nickei.

On the wall of a shop not far from Fifth avenue, New York, there is hanging in a frame a large envelope which has been forwarded from one point to to Barrios and Livingston to New Or- another around the world. It reached as far south as New Zealand and Honduras must become a kingdom of north as far as Russia, where it touched some years before the disturbed conditions of war prevailed. The original inscription was hardly tie Salvador. It is as different from discernible at the end of the journey

15 feet.

Passengers in the chair car were able to crawl out the windows of their car, climb to the top of the coach and make their way along the tops of the piled coaches to the top of the creek bank.

Seize Guns Bound for Ireland.

New York .-- Custom officials have seized nearly 500 modern machine guns alleged to have been found concealed aboard the steamer Eastside, tied up Hobobken, loading for an Irish port.

This became known when the Hoboken police clashed with custom men over possession of the arms. The guns finally were taken to Hoboken police headquarters.

Officials of the department of justice admitted they were investigating a report that plans were afoot for shipping arms to Ireland.

Allow Pueblo \$100,000.

Pueblo, Colo,-Allotment of \$100,000 "or as much thereof as deemd necessary," by Secretary of War Weeks, to be used for sanitation purposes in Pueblo, was announced in a telegram received from United States Senators Lawrence C. Phipps and Samuel D. Nicholson and Representative Guy U. Hardy at Washington.

Flood Causes Bank to Close,

Denver, Colo,-Flood losses are believed the cause of the closing of the Bank of Pueblo, at Pueblo. Its affairs were placed in the hands of the state bank examiner.

Pool Fund to Aid Stockman.

Washington, D. C .- J. P. Morgan and other eastern financiers have agreed to raise \$25,000,000 as half a pool for making loans to the live stock industry, it was stated officially at the treasury The other \$25,000,000, it was said, will be raised by western bank-

Details of the credit relief measures for live stock raisers so far worked out, treasury officials explained, called for a pool of \$50,000,000 raised and distributed through private channels.

Polish Insurgents Quit.

New York .- Korfanty, the Polish insurgent leader, has signed agreements with the interallied commission at Oppelin under which he will retire and demoblize his troops, it was stated by the Polish bureau of information on advices received from Warsaw.

The agreements, signed June 10, are conditional on simultaneous German disarmament. Korfanty reserved freedom of action in case the Germans did not comply with the terms.

"All over the world," he said, "labor is earning more and producing less. and the production of coal is lower than ever. "English labor reminds me of the

idiot boy.

boy a job. Then one afternoon the farmer walked across his farm to see ficulty. Without warning, the curtain how the boy was doing. He found him lying on the grass under a tree smoking a cigarette.

"'Well, Looney,' he said-the boy was known as Looney in the village I had discarded my toga while shifting -'well, Looney, what are you doing? Resting?'

"Looney took his cigarette out of his mouth and answered:

"'No, boss, I aint restin', 'cause I ain't tired. I'm just a-layin' here waitin' for the sun to go down so's I kin quit work.""

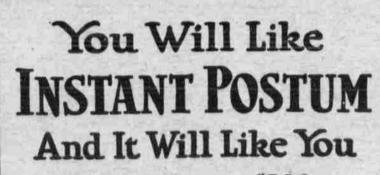
Large red-faced men who seek to get the best of it, do so, nine times out of ten.

When I was in high school we gave an entertainment-"Julius Caesar," in In England, for example there are which I had a minor part. Without more coal miners employed than ever, coat or collar, sleeves rolled up high, and a blanket for a toga I was a Roman citizen. I was also one of the stage managers. After one scene the curtain stopped

"A farmer, out of pity, gave an idiot about two feet from the floor. I stepped on the stage to right the difcame down in a wreck on my poor defenseless head. I was stunned for a moment. Then I began to realize what a grotesque figure I must be, for scenes, and there I was standing alone on the stage amid the ruins, feeling

the bump on the top of my head. But I smiled in spite of myself, gave a professional bow, and stalked with dignity to the wings. It was several minutes before the audience quieted down so that the play could go on. -Chicago Tribune,

Good fortune nearly always finds a man in a reciptive mood.



People who say, "I like coffee, but it doesn't like me," will find Instant Postum much more considerate of their health.

This pure cereal drink combines wholesome quality with rich coffee-like flavor.

Instant Postum is made instantly in the cup.

