# LATIN-AMERICA TO QUIT LEAGUE

Three Nations Supporting Argentina, Who Withdraws from Assembly

# MRS. M'SWINEY IN NEW YORK

Wife of Hunger Striker Arrives Here to Aid in Investigation of Situation in Ireland.

Geneva.-The league of nations. faces a revolt of the powers of the western hemisphere, which threatens H with possible disaster.

The Argentine delegation has withdrawn from the assembly. All the other Latin-American pations are reported preparing to follow. Canada, New Zealand and Australia have swung to the support of Argentina.

"There is no knowing where this will balt," Arthur Balfour, British representative, declared.

Viviani of France and Tittoni of Italy also were plainly excited. Officials hurried about with tense, worried expressions.

Several delegates said what they feared would happen bad happened: that the new world was arraying itself against the old world's ideals and ideas. Many well informed delegates were admittedly alarmed, fearing the whole league structure was crumbling.

## Mrs. MacSwiney in New York,

New York.-With a hundred mounted police keeping the curious crowds in order, Mrs. Terrence MacSwiney, the widow- of Cork's self-immolated lord mayor, made her way into St. Patricks cathedral Sunday, with wondering eyes and the same wistful look upon her face she has worn since her

Fifth avenue for blocks was jammed with men and women anxious to get a glimpse of the now famous Irish woman and the guards had some difficulty in keeping the street clear for traffic and a passageway into the great church.

### Brooklyn Homes Bombarded.

New York.-Hundreds of homes in the Fort Hamilton section of Brooklyn virtually were under heavy artillery bombardment Sunday afternoon resulting from intermittent explosions of six-inch and ten-inch shells on a steam lighter, which caught fire while moored to the army reservation wharf.

Gathering together their belongings In a belief that the naval arsenal at Fort Lafayette, a small Island near Fort Hamilton, was ablaze, terrified scores fled their homes for safer zones. driven to frenzied haste by the series of detonations which were heard for miles around.

An official statement from Hamilton says no lives had been lost and that only four persons have been slightly

To Hear Burlington Case Dec. 14. Lincoln, Neb .- Notice has been re ceived by the state railway commis sion that a hearing will be held by the interstate commerce commission at Washington, December 14, on the former body's objections to the Burlington railroad's request for authority to increase its capitalization by issuing \$60,000,000 of new stock and \$109,-000,000 of bonds. The railroad's side was heard last week.

# Arranging for Truce in Ireland.

London,-Recent rumors of important influences working for the conclusion of a truce in Ireland preliminary to permanent peace in that island, are revived by some newspapers here. Suggestion is made that definite measures of conciliation are being

# Hogs at Pre-War Prices.

Chleago, Ill.-Hogs on the hoof have returned to what is practically their 1913 pre-war price, judging from figures obtained from one of the "big five" packers. Pork and pork products at wholesale, are also on their way toward that same level.

Washington, D. C .- The fourth installment of the 1919 income taxes must be paid December 15 to avoid penalties, according to a warning given out by the internal revenue bu-

# Biggest Potato Crop on Record.

Chicago,-This year's potato crop is one of the largest on record, according to W. H. Hall, Chicago representative of the federal bureau of markets on produce.

The same is true of cabbage, onlons

and apples, Mr. Hall said. "Basing predictions on the old law of supply and demand it would be reasonable to suppose," he said, "that prices this year would be substantially lower than a year ago when there was a short crop in each of these commodities."

# Federal Probe in Leprosy Case,

Norfolk, Neb .- Federal probe in to the charge that Madison county officers "chased" Charley Young, suffering from leprosy, out of the county, is believed to have reached Nebraska. Sheriff Smith says he has been asked to tell what he knows about the leper's escape. The sheriff says he told his questioner that he did not know how the leper escaped, but he did not blame him for running away because of the miserable quarters furnished him by the county.

## WEEKLY MARKETGRAMS

(U. & Sureau of Markets.) Washington, D. C. For Week Ended Dec. 2, 1930.

Hay and Feed.

Hay markets duil and heavy, tend of prices stirl continues downward. Keesipts increasing, buyers holding off. Large receipts of Affaifa and Southers competition depressed prices in Omaha market. Minneapolts reports light demand because of ourside feeding. Timothy receipts light in Kansas City, receipts of other hay leavier. Quoted: No. 1 Timothy 130, Philadelphia; 131, Memphis, 121, Minneapolts; 122, 50, Chreinanti. No. 1 Affaifa; 124, Kansas City; 132, Memphis, 123, Omaha; 132, 50, Cincinnati. No. 1 Prairie; 313, Kansas City; 132, Memphis, 123, Omaha; 132, 50, Cincinnati. No. 1 Prairie; 314, Kansas City; 130 Minneapolts; 116, Omaha.

All feed markets in a demoralized condition, due to break of \$4 pes top on bransince November 23th. Linseed meal, cottonies of 51g3 per ton. Demand is reported as practically absent. Heavy offerings of \$1pring Wheat feeds due to increased flour production. Decline in other feeds due to heavy stocks. Quoted Bran. \$25, Middings, \$22,50, Minneapolis; Linseed Meal, \$44, New York; No. 1 Affaifa Meal, \$29; White Hominy, \$32, Ont Feed, \$13,0, 8t. Louis; 42 per cent Cottonseed Meal, \$45, delivered Chleago; best pulp, 44, Chicago; Gluten Feed, \$51. Philadelphia.

Fruits and Vegetables.

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Potato prince continued to decline at Northern f. o. b. markets, losting additional 20 923c per 100 lbc. sucked, reaching \$1.40 \$21.42. Chicago carlot market 20 925c lower, closing mostly \$1.60 \$21.63; some sales at \$1.50, which is within 10c of the grason's low record on September 25th. Jobbing prices, \$1.909.2.55 in other markets Western New York f. o. b. markets continued dull- prices 15 92 20c lower November 29th, at \$1.70.91.80.

Apple values slightly lower at New York shipping points, A 23; Baldwins closing \$4.94.25 per bbt. Baldwing gained 50c it. New York reaching \$4.599.6 November 20th; Pittsburgh field advance of previous week at \$5.50.95.75. Northwestern extra fancy boxed Jonathana unchanged in Kansas City and Detroit, at \$2.259.350 Medium to small sizes, \$1.50.92.75 in New York Lettuce prices dropped 25.950c per 15.0 h. handons at Florida shipping points, quoting \$1.259.5.50. Consuming markets closed \$2.93.50. California Iceberg Lettuce declined to closing range of \$2.50.95.75 per crate in leading markets.

Encked Yellow Globe Onions lost 10.915c per 100 lbs. closing \$1.10.91.25 f. o. b. Western New York shipping points. Consuming markets slow and duit, mostly at \$1.91.50.

\$1.91.50.
Charlead shipments week ended December 1, Potatoes, 3.413 cars, barreled Apples, 1,519; boxed Apples, 1,538; Cabbage, 427; Onions, 140; Sweet Potatoes, 275; Lettuce, 141 Shipments have been decreasing rap-

Dairy Froducts (Dec. 1.) Butter markets suffered sharp break just Butter markets suffered sharp break just after Thanksgiving, and prices today &clower than a week ago in Eastern markets. Chicago market has been declining steadily since middle of November, and heaviest declines there occurred before Eastern markets weakened Chicago dropped is during the week. Cause of general break attributed to light trading and surplus of all grades.

Fancy Butter has been in heavy demand

uted to light trading and surplus of all grades.

Fancy Butter has been in heavy demand right along and when first sight of surplus appeared, support was wholly lacking. Foreign Butter also quite a factor in decline.

Closing prices, 22 score: New York, Philadelphia, Boston, 57c; Chicago, 52c.

Choose markets remain steady to firm. No large amount of business reported, but confidence is expressed generally in situation. Fresh Cheese beginning to show a little off in quality, and while this makes for easier feeling on medium and undergrades, it strengthens the situation of fancy, for which good demand continues. Export business still slow, although there are inquiries. Some actual shipping during week was made impossible on account of shortage of shipping space. Better demand expected after January 1st. Prices show slight changs from a week ago. Wisconsin primary markets: Twins, 25c: Dalsies, 26 %c: Double Dalsies, 25 %c: Young Americas, 27c: Long Horns, 32c: Square Prints, 25 %c.

Live Stock and Meats.

Live Stock and Meats. Fat Lambs were the strongest feature in the Chicago Live Stock markets, a net advance of \$1.75 per 100 lbs., being recorded. Fat Sheep were also higher. Ewes advancing 55c. Trade in Feeding Lamba was dull at a 25c decline. Under moderate receipts and despite considerable opposition on the part of packer buyers, Hog prices averaged 30c higher. Under fair receipts and a rather low average of quality. Cattle prices broke sharply. Heef Steers declined \$1.50 multiple of \$1.50 mult cago prices: Hoge, \$10.55; Yearling Steers, \$15.50; good Beef Steers, \$13.25; Helfers, \$12. Cows. \$10.75; feeder Steers, \$10. Westerns, \$10.75; Voal Caives, \$12.25; fat Lambs, \$13.25; fat Caives, \$10.75; feeding Lambs, \$11.25; fat

Ewes, \$5.40.

The tendency of the fresh meat markets was decidedly downward. Receipts at most of the consuming centers liberal and with the exception of Lamb and Mutton, declines were general. Heef, \$102 lower: Veal down \$3, and Fresh Pork Loins lost \$100. December 2nd prices on good grade Meats: Beef, \$170.19. Veal \$170.20; Lamb, \$240.27; Mutton, \$12016; light Pork Loine, \$170.22; heavy Loins, \$15.018.

Grain.

The feeling became general throughout the grain trade during the week that grain prices were already too low for the welfare of the agricultural business interest of the country, and prices closed higher than a week ago. A reconstruction of sentiment took place, if not actually a reconstruction of grain price basis. Export sales were heavy and demand for cash Wheat for export good at firm prices. Excellent demand for cash Corn. Flour demand improved slightly, as indicated by better milling demand for Wheat. At the Farmers National Grain Dealers' Association Convention on the find, the president of the association announced as an association alogan, "Buy a barrel of flour now while the price is right." He said "we are going to urge the six hundred thousand farmer stockholders of the Farmers Elevator Companies to buy their flour supplies now." A Peorla dispatch on the Ind states that fourteen hundred farmers in that vicinity each purposes to buy one thousand bushels May Corn, margin 25 cents a bushel, and hold for delivery next May. For the week Chicago March Wheat grined 10%c. closing 1.65, and May Corn 4%c. at 26%c. Minneapolis March Wheat grined 10%c. closing 1.65. and Sire of the Party of the country of the week chicago March Wheat grined 10%c. closing 1.65. and May Corn 4%c. at 26%c. Minneapolis at 1.69%, and December Corn 71%c.

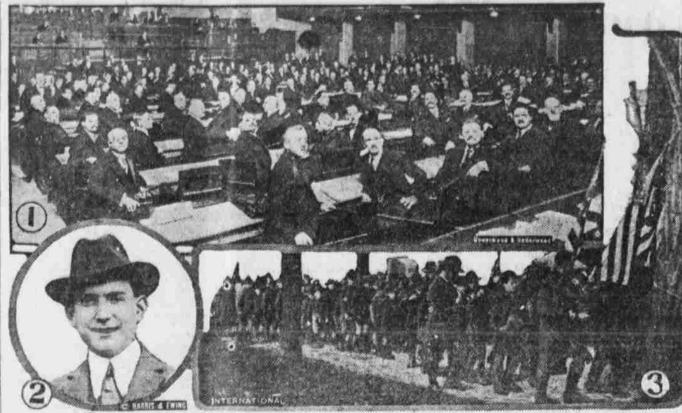
(Distributed from the branch office of the Bureau of Markets, U. S. Department of Agriculture, 427 Keeline Bidg., 17th and Harpoy Sts., Omaha, Neb.)

## Wilson Will Act As Mediator. Washington, D. C.-President Wil-

son has accepted the invitation of the league of nations to act as mediator between the Turkish nationalists and Armenia, the state department has announced. The president's decision was made known in a message to Paul Hymans, president of the league of nations assembly.

Evidence of Revolutionary Movement, San Antonio, Tex.—Wholesale raids by the Department of Justice officials conducted simultaneously at various border points, including El Paso, Eagle Pass, Laredo, Brownsville, and this city netted a mass of documentary evidence of the formation on this side of the border of a new revolutionary movement against the Obregon government in Mexico, according to a statement made here by W. A. Wiseman, special agent for the Department of Justice.

Knox County Land Open to Entry. Lincoln, Neb.-Ninety hundred and sixty acres of land in the northern part of Knox county will be thrown open to homestead entry, according to announcement by the government land office here. While ex-service men who took part in the late world war have the preference right to the land, under special legislation, their privilege is subject to a valid settlement or equitable claims which may be pro-



1-Opening of the first meeting of the League of Nations assembly in Geneva. 2-Dr. Alejandro Cesar, new minister to the United States from Nicaragua. 3-Boy scouts on pilgrimage to grave of Col. Theodore

# **NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS**

Ruling on Unanimity Clause May Cause Argentina to Quit League of Nations.

# WILSON WILL HELP ARMENIA

Entente Warns Greece Not to Restore Constantine to Throne-D'Annunzio Declares War on Italy-President-Elect Harding Home,

## By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Comparative harmony, forced by stress of dircumstances, marked the doings of the League of Nations assembly during the early part of the work, and then came discord that threatened to result in the withdrawal of at least one important member nation-Argen-

Certain amendments to the covenant had been proposed by the Scandinavian delegates and the commission on amendments had reported against them and any other amendments at this time. In the assembly there was a motion to refer the amendments to a special committee for a report next September. Delegate Pueyrredon of Argentina alone opposed this, and since the covenant requires a unanimous proposition was blocked. But Viviani of France at once asserted that this was a "question of procedure" and that the unanimity rule did not apply. President Hymans supported the contention, declared the resolution carried and adjourned the meeting.

Dispatches from Buenos Aires said the government was momentarily expecting a cablegram from Puevrredon. who is foreign minister of Argentina, and that the withdrawal of the nation from the league was likely to follow.

The league members thought they had found the way to save what remains of the Armenian people, for President Wilson, asked by the league council to mediate for Armenia with Mustapha Kemal Pasha, consented to undertake the task through a representative to be named by him. He made it plain that his effort must be personal and that he would have to rely, in determining the method of approaching the problem, on the advice of those nearer the scene of action. Such advice will be supplied by the commissioners of the allied nations in Turkey. Spain and Brazil have offered to co-operate with the United States in the matter.

When, and if, the Armenian affair s settled. Greece evidently must pay the price. Kemal must be placated, and this can be done only by a radical revision of the treaty or Sevres. At this writing the plans for such revision are being arranged in London by Premiers Lloyd George of Great Britain and Leygues of France. The most important changes in the pact doubtless will be made at the expense of Greece's newly acquired territory in Asia Minor and Thrace Since the Greeks ousted Venizelos and prepared to restore Constantine to the throne their ambitions have received smaller consideration by the great powers. Already, it is understood, Great Britain, France and Italy have agreed that the Smyrna region shall be internationalized and policed by locally recruited gendarmes officered by an international officers'

It is certain that Kemal will not be satisfied with this Smyrna concession, for his growing power is causing his demands to increase. Newspapers of Angora, where he makes his headquarters, say he asks that Thrace be given autonomy, Constantinople be evacuated by the allies and the allied and interallied zones of control and influence in Syrin and other parts of the Turkish empire be abandoned. It is probable some of these demands will be rejected, and equally probable that some of them will be granted. Kemal's military strength is worth consideration and his popular support is widespread. Sixty German officers have been making over his bands of

fighters into regular army units, and cofficers in the war, were ambushed quantity of artillery obtained from the soviet Russians.

From Geneva came a story that the league committee on Armenia, of which Lord Robert Cecil is chairman, probably would appoint Gen. Leonard Wood commander of the Armenian expeditionary force with the title of high commissioner. The choice, it was added, was on the recommendation of Sir Frederick Morris and Gen, Weygand. Officials in Washington did not take this report seriously, but it may turn out to be true.

By unanimous vote the league commission on new members decided that Austria should be admitted, and there was no doubt that the assembly would ratify the action. Bulgaria also wants to get in at once, but Greece, Serbia and Roumania all are opposed to her admission and may prevent it. There was reason to believe they would be supported in this by France, which seeks to gain strength in central European friendships. For the present, at least, France has her way in barring Germany from immediate membership in the league. The commission has decided against the admission of Lichtenstein and Azerbaijan, but recommended that Costa Rica be made a member,

Gustav Ador of Switzerland, backed by the delegates of several other nations, tried to have the economic commission instructed to study means of istribution throughout the world, the argument being that raw materials belong not to the nation in which they are produced, but to the world. This was blocked by Sir George E. Foster of Canada, who said his country and the United States never would subscribe to that principle. A futile effort to have Spanish adopted as the third official language of the league brought out the statement by the foreign minister of Panama that the 15 states of Central and South America are united around Spain as their

If the Greeks recall Constantine to the throne, they will forfelt the good will and support of Great Britain. France and Italy. These three powers. it was decided at a conference in London, should so warn the new Greek government, and a note to that effect was drafted. The restoration of the former king, says the warning, "could only be regarded as ratification of his hostile acts" during the war. This decision by the entente is a victory for the French point of view.

D'Annunzio having refused to accept the agreement between Italy and Jugo-Slavia, the Italian government sent General Caviglia to invest Fiume. This he did, and sent to the poet warrior by airplane a proclamation announcing the intention of the government to enforce the conditions of the Rapallo treaty without delay and calling on the regency of Flume to withdraw all its forces behind the frontiers. He next invited D'Annunzlo's troops to leave him and reenroll in their old units, and threatened a severe blockade of the city, D'Annunzio, seemingly undaunted, responded in a declaration of a state of war with Italy, effective December 3. General Caviglia is doing all he can to avoid bloodshed and his troops would hate to fire on their brother Italians, but if it comes to actual warfare the result cannot be in doubt. D'Annunzio would soon be crushed.

The warning issued by the British government, that the Irish were about o carry the "war" to England, was justified. To date the chief weapon used in this new development of the conflict is arson. A large number of incendiary fires were started simultaneously along the Liverpool waterfront and several big cotton warehouses were destroyed. The incendiaries worked in small groups and some of them, being interrupted by the police, killed one officer and a civilian. About the same time the London police said they had foiled a plot to start fires in the metropolis on a large scale. Elaborate precautions were taken in all the large cities of England.

Sunday night two motortrucks full of black and tan recruits, all former | tion of shoddy goods."

he recently added to his equipment a | near Kilmichael, Ireland, and 15 of them murdered.

Reprisals continued in Ireland unchecked. The town hall and other buildings in Cork were set on fire and five Sinn Fein clubs were destroyed. Raids by the military and police were frequent, there and elsewhere. Uniformed men entered Killarney and smashed all the windows in the business section of the city.

The British government met with defeat in the house of lords when the home rule bill came up. Baron Oranmore and Brown offered an amendment providing for the establishment of a senate for southern Ireland, and it was adopted against the government by a vote of 120 to 36. Another amendment, bestowing a second chamber on the Ulster parliament, also was carried.

It is reported that the government has decided that all members of the Irish republican army who have been or may be rounded up shall be interned in camps in Ireland and held without trial unless they are charged with some penal offense.

Gen. Alvaro Obregon was inaugurated President of Mexico at midnight Tuesday, and at about the same time officials of the American Department of Justice made wholesale raids at various points along the border. These agents captured a mass of documentary evidence proving the existence of a plot, organized on this side of the border, to start a new revolupreventing monopolies of raw mate- tion and overthrow the Obregon govrials and measures to insure their ernment. It was said that Lucio Blanco, a former officer in Carranza's army, was at the head of the conspiracy.

Just before his inauguration Obregon stated in an interview that article 27 in the Mexican constitution, restricting ownership of oll lands, would not be abrogated, but he was sure the application of the article would soon be regulated to the satisfaction of the United States by a commission to be appointed. He said Mexico would not ask admission to the League of Nations, but would give consideration to an invitation to join the league,

President-elect Harding has turned from his trip to the Canal Zone, presumably with enlarged views on the building up of trade with the Latin-American republics and the cultivation of better relations with them. Also it may be assumed that he has learned a lot about the need of stronger defenses for the Panama canal. Mr. Harding made a brief stop last week in Jamaica where he was received as royalty would have been. It was announced that he would be in Washington Monday and would occupy his seat in the senate for a day or two, and it was certain that his colleagues would call on him for an

The senate and house committees on Friday to consider emergency measures for the relief of American farmers who are said to face a loss of \$7,000,000,000 through sale of their products at less than cost. Among the suggestions discussed were the imposition of a tariff on Canadian wheat, the revival of the war finance corporation, and extensions of credit to Russia and Germany to enable them to purchase American farm products.

According to Senator Capper, the farmers demand, in addition to those remedies, the following:

"Adequate credit for farmers through short time and long-time loans adapted fairly and practically to the peculiar conditions of the farming

"Afford farmers the same credit accommodations now afforded other lines of business

"Abolish gambling in wheat, cotton, corn, and all farm produce.

"Full legal authority for nation-wide co-operative marketing by farmers. \*Regulation of the packers. "A national marketing board, in

which the producer will be represent-

ed, with power to the board to regulate the rate of marketing and to advise and assist in stabilizing prices. "Broaden and strengthen the fed-

eral farm loan system. "Tariff revision to protect American

agriculture. "Protection for wool growers and the public from the unfair competi-

# TO EXTEND CREDIT TO FARMERS

## Confessed Council Bluffs Mail Robber Pleads Guilty at Des Moines

Governors Conference Seeks a Method of Securing Financial Relief for Farmers.

Des Moines, In.-Kelth Collins, oneof the principals in the \$3,500,000 Burlington mail car robbery at Council Bluffs, pleaded guilty before Federal Judge Martin J. Wade in federal district court here to a charge of stealing and opening government mall sacks and was sentenced to fifteen years in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kas.

Collins had been indicted on six counts. Five of these charged him with stealing government mall sacks, and the other count charged him with opening them. He pleaded guilty toall counts.

Other members of the alleged mail robber band, including the Phillips brothers, the Poffenbargers, father and sons, Daly and Reed, all pleaded not guilty when arraigned for their preliminary hearing.

Their cases will probably come up in federal court in February unless a special session is called.

## Japanese Forces Gathering.

Manila, P. I .- It is reported that Japan is maintaining, on the lower end of Formosa, within 20 hours' sail of the important harbor of San Fernando bay in Union province, in the north end of the Philippine islands, a large military camp.

Tokio is adding to this camp unobtrusively by means of a fleet of transports plying from Japan. These transports are carrying thousands of men

and supplies. Reports from several sources fairly reliable persist that there are now 30,-000 troops in this camp. American army and navy officials are inclined to doubt the figure of 30,000, but are restless, nevertheless, because even 20,000 troops would outnumber the American land forces in the Philippines.

# TO EXTEND FARMERS' CREDITS.

### Governors Seek Means of Securing Relief for Farmers.

Harrisburg, Pa.-The governors' conference adopted a committee report urging the federal government to create a finance corporation which through loans to foreign countries will permit export of American foodstuffs and other products to relieve the critical situation confronting the nation's farmers. The report further urged the federal reserve board to advise all banks to adopt a liberal policy of renewals on farmers' indebtedness.

Creation of a national commission representing both state and federal governments to revise and simplify tax laws was advocated by Governor William C. Sproul of Pennsylvania in an address before the conference.

# Move to Restrict Immigration.

Ottawa.-The Canadian government has passed an order in council intended to restrict immigration of mechanics, artisans, and laborers by increasing the individual financial entrance requirements from \$50 to \$250. This was done in order to alleviate the condition of unemployment now prevailing in the dominion.

Lon Beach, Calif.-Eugene Wilder Chapin, reputed to be one of the best known prohibition workers in the country and twice nominee of the prohibition party for president, is dead at his home here as a result of complications from burns he received in an accident several days ago. He was sixtyeight years old.

Salt Lake City, Utah.-Pleading guilty to twenty-three charges of misappropriation of public funds, Edmond A. Block, former mayor of Salt Lake City, was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the state prison of not to exceed five years on each

Beaumont, Tex.-One person dead, another missing and property of approximately \$100,000 is the result of a on agriculture began a joint session tornado of two minutes' duration which struck Port Arthur, Texas, a port near the coast and on Sabine

> Chicago.—Federal Judge Landis has ssued injunctions against seventy-two saloon keepers restraining them from violating the prohibition law.

# Auxiliary Police Ambushed.

Macroon, Ireland .- Two forry loads of recruits in training for the black and tans were ambushed by from eighty to 100 men near Kilmichael and fifteen of them were kiled. The bodies were brought here.

# No Change Ir. Dry Law.

Washington.-The prohibition enforcement law probably will stand unchanged for the present at least, Representative Volstead, republican, Minnesota, its author, said he had no intention of altering it in any way.

# Are Taken to Des Moines.

Council Bluffs, Ia.-Fred E. Poffenbarger, alleged "brains" of the Burlington mail train robbery gang; Keith Collins, one of the ringleaders; Merle Phillips and his brother. Orville Phillip, have been transferred to the Des Moines jail for safe keeping by United States Marshal Nick Reed, Fred A. Poffenbarger, H. E. Reed, Clyde Poffenbarger and Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Daly, held as accomplices in the robbery and the subsequent hiding of the loot, will be held in jail here pending their indictment and trial