AVERT RAIL STRIKE INDICT OIL STOCK PEDDLERS

ANNOUNCEMENT OF BOARD RE-LIEVES TENSION.

PROMISE DECISION BY JULY 20

Brotherhood Official Declares Men Were On Verge of Walking Out, Now Satisfied He States.

Chicago, III .- A decision on the demands of railroad employes for wage Increase will be made on or before July 20 by the rallway labor board. Judge R. M. Barton, chairman, announced. The award would be retroactive to May 1, the statement said,

According to W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and spokesman for union leaders who were here when the announcement was made, the board's declaration would end all danger of a general railroud strike. Mr. Lee said that secret plans had been made by a disaffected union element to spread the strike throughout the country because of the continued delay in announcing the

The men would have quit at night June 27," Mr. Lee said. "It was impossible to hold them longer, Men of my organization have been waiting pa- share. tiently for nearly a year."

The rallway board's statement declared that an agreement on a method of working out the wage problems had been arrived at, and that no time would be lest in reaching a conclusion.

105,000,000 IN UNITED STATES.

Census Bureau Estimates Population

of Nation,-13,000 000 Increase. Washington, D. C.-The population of continental United States is estimated at 105,000,000 by J. A. Hill, chief statistician of the census bureau. His calculations are based on the combined populations of 1.406 cities and towns for which statistics have been announced.

The increase over 1910 is placed at about 13,000,000, showing the growth of the country has not kept pace with previous decades, Almost complete cessation of immigration during the war is the chief reason assigned for the falling off in growth, Other suggestions were the two influenza epidemics, return of allens to their native lands and deaths of soldiers abroad and at home during the war.

Fighting Ceases at Londonderry. Londonderry, Ireland. - After a reign of terror which lasted for more than a week and which resulted in the

Nationalist and Unionist forces, An English soldier, who went temporary writ was granted. through the war, describing his expe-

with the situation here. to send sufficient troops here to protect all law abiding citizens,

Select Man to Plan Capitol.

Lincoln, Neb .- Plans for the construction of the new state capitol for cost of \$5,000,000 have been adopted, The plans were passed upop by Wad-Gamble Rogers, New York city, and Willis Polk, San Francisco, Cal., who constituted what is known as the "jury." Bids for construction of the the leading architects of the United States. From these ten the "jury" selected the plans offered by Bertran Goodhue. As to when the work on the construction of the capitol will begin has not been announced.

Coal Profits Mount.

Washington, D. C.-Coal production statistics compiled by the federal trade commission from reports submitted by 1.081 operators for the month of March indicate an increase in the profit per ton of 13 cents, or 45 per cent. The margin of profit per ton in March, the commission declared, was 42 cents against 29 in February; acerage cost per ion was reduced 4 per cent in the intervening month and the output per working day increased 5 per cent.

Omaha's Population 191.601.

Washington, D. C.-The 1920 census report for Omaha, given out by the census bureau shows Omaha's population to be 191,601, an increase of 67, 505. This is a gain of 54A per cent over the figures shown in the 1910 census.

Seven Perish in Fire.

Ellwood City, Pa.—Seven persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the Kraus block in Lawrence avenue here. Damage to the property is estimated at \$35,000.

Three Aviators Killed. Savannah, Ga,-Three marine corps aviators were killed in the fall of an sirplane at the Paris Island marine corps station. The plane was within 100 of the ground when it burst into

flames and crashed to the earth. Father of Thirty-five Children. El Centro, Calif.-Frank Valle, 60 venrs old, a native of Mexico, became n father for the thirty-fifth time when his second wife, whom he married in 1900, knee birth to her seventeenth child, an eleva-pound boy,

Fourteen Concerns in New York Charged With Fraud-Nation-Wide Round up Under Way.

New York .- With the breaking of senis on indictments charging fourteen concerns and individuals with fraud, government agents let it become known that they had begun a nationwide round-up of anleged wild cat oil company promoters who are said to have swindled the public out of millions within the last few months,

The defendants-oil companies, brokrage concerns and their officers and salesmen-are charged with having used the mails to defraud. They are alleged to have made gross misrepresentations and a some cases to have paid impressive dividends out of reccipts on stock sales.

In one case the indictments charged salesmen disposing of stock of the Crown Oil Co. falsely represented that a san of former President Rooseveit was an officer of the company, which It was claimed would soon rival the Standard Oil Co. in volume of business,

Shares of this company, according to one of the indictments, were sold to Investors in Chicago at \$2,25 a share and to "evade the western blue sky law" later was disposed of here at \$3, after costing brokers only 7% cents a

The companies involved are the Ranger Oil Company, W. P. Williams Oll Company, Great Western Petrolum corporation and Crown Oil Com-

Throws Bomb in G. O. P. Meeting. Sedalis, Mo .- That alleged ' efforts of certain Missouri republican party leaders to throw the support of the state's delegation to a presidential candidate from whose campaign fund they had received money was not new and that similar attempts were made in 1908, 1912 and 1916, was asserted in a letter from Herbert S. Hadley, former governor, read at a meeting of Missouri republicans here.

The meeting was called to consider testimony given recently in Washington before the senate committee investigating presidential campaign expenditures that certain prominent Missourians received money from the campaign fund of some of those seeking the presidential nomination at

WANT I. W. W. OUSTED.

Buit Started in Kansas to Rid State of Organization,

Topeka, Kas.-Charging that the industrial workers of the world organizadeath of seventeen persons and the tion advocates acts in violation of the wounding of two score others, Lous Kansas anti-syndicalism law, an indonderry is again quiet. The outside junction suit was filed by Attorney world has little idea of the reign of General Hopkins in the district court terror Londonderry experienced dur- at Eldorado asking that the I. W. W. is not telling. ing the seige of civil warfare between be permanently enjoined from maintaining an organization in Kansas, A

The petition charges members are riences in Londonderry, said he had distributed throughout the harvest and seen nothing in France to compare oil fields of Kansas and that the purpose of the organization is to teach The British government has agreed and spread the doctrines and theories of violence, criminal syndicalism and sabotage.

Earthquake in California,

Los Angeles, Calif.—Eight business buildings in the town of Inglewood, ten Nebraska to be located at Lincoln at a miles southwest of this city, were partly destroyed and scores of dwelling houses damaged by an earthquake dy B. Wood, Washington, D. C., James shock the night of June 21. The earthquake covered a district practically coextensive with Los Angeles county, with Inglewood apparently the center of the disturbance, Numerous new capitol were submitted by ten of buildings in Los Angeles were slightly damaged. Long Beach, Redwondo Beach, San Pec'ro. Venice and Santa Monica, also reported slight damage,

Reed Denied Seat.

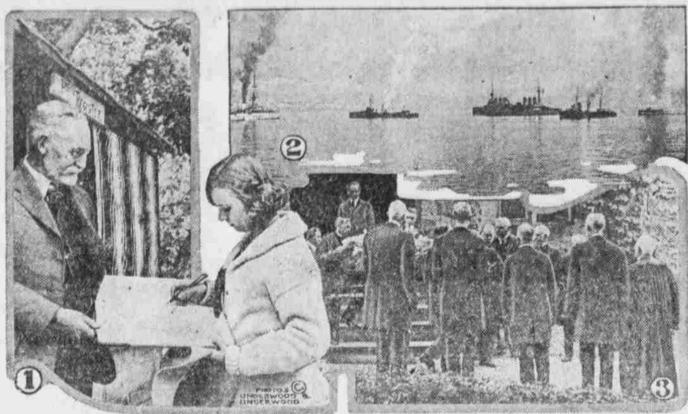
San Francisco, Cat,-Administration leaders won a sweeping victory in the democratic national committee when that body recognized the Palmer group of delegates in the Georgia contest and refused to give Senator James A Reed of Missouri, bitter opponent of the league of nations, a seat in the convention. The vote to keep Reed out of the convention was 34 to 12, and came after a long public hearing.

German War Dead 1,350,000. Geneva.—Recent statistics published in Germany on that country's war losses state that 1,350,000 men were killed. There are 520,000 war widows, according to statistics, 1,130,000 war orphans and 500,000 maimed or consumptives supported mostly by char-

Harvest Hands Get \$7 a Day. Topeka, Kas.—"Top salary" harvest hands in Stafford county this summer will be \$7 and board per day. This decision has been reached by wheat growers of the county, who have banded themselves together in an effort to prevent an unwarranted like in wages,

Quaker Town Third in U. S.

Washington, D. C .- Philadelphia's population was announced by the census bureau at 1.823,158, showing that the country's third most populous city has maintained during the last ten years the steady rate of growth if has had since the first federal census in 1790. The numerial increase for the ten years was 274,150, the percentage of increase being 17.7, which was slightly lower than the rate made by New York in the same period, the nation's metropolis having 17.9 per cent.



1-Catherine Levering, the arst visitor to Zion National park, signing the register on official opening day. 2-American and Russian vessels leaving Novorossisk harbor under bolsbevik attack. 3-Funeral of George W. Perkins, celebrated financier, leaving Presbyterian church in Riverdale-on-Hudson.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Much Guessing As to Action of the Democratic National Convention.

TWO BIG QUESTION MARKS

Attitude of Wilson and McAdoo a Puzzle-Platform Issues Promise Fight-Side Parties Interesting -Irish Situation Is Grave-France and England to War on Turk.

By E. F. CLIPSON.

Political wiseacres are at this time as busy in naming the nominee of the Democratic convention at San Francisco as they were a short time ago in making wrong predictions about the Republican affair at Chicago, Indications are that most of them are guessing. In fact, it looks like a good oldfashioned guessing contest. If you are lucky you win the barrel of flour or the ladies' watch. Straws are no guide to the direction of the political wind for they are pointing in all directions, especially straw ballots. Possibly President Wilson, Mr. Bryan or one of the other party powers knows who will be the standard bearer, but he

The big interrogation point which has been planted in the public mind concerns chiefly William G. McAdoo and also President Wilson bimself. The former secretary had for some weeks been boomed so persistently that many political forecasters believed he was going to make a runaway race of it. But just at a critical time came his announcement that he was not seeking the nomination and preferred that his name should not be placed before the convention, Ardent supporters point out that he has not definitely refused the honor and are proceeding on the theory that he will accept if it comes to him unsolicited. Several state delegations which have been for McAdoo aanounce their refusal to take his declination as unalterable and their intention of voting

for him in the convention.

President Wilson is the great enigma just as he has been all through the moaths since his early illness and the ambiguous bulletins and interviews issued by his physicians. The first interpretation of Mr. McAdoo's voluntary withdrawal from the race was that the Republican platform having largely made Mr. Wilson the issue in the campaign, it was fitting that the president should meet it by becoming the opposition candidate. This view vas coasiderably strengthened by an interview which the president gave to a representative of a prominent New York newspaper, in which Mr. Wilson discussed issues but not candidates and stated that he appeared to be the principal issue. The interviewer stressed the point not of the president's complete recovery, but of his limproved physical condition. Newspapers throughout the country have been flooded with recent photographs of the president which indicate a fair degree of vigor. Sources close to the White House, notably Senator Glass, scout the third term idea, but the inference gained in many quarters from the interview, the photographs and a few minor straws, is that the president, if not an active aspirant for the honor, proposes to be the power behind the office. Those upholding this view believe that Mr. McAdoo sought to eliminate himself in order to give his father-in-law a clear field. Others modify the view and incline to the belief that there is a divergence between the president and Mr. McAdoo on the League of Nations question.

The fight in the resolutions committee will be on the question of endorsing the administration's peace trenty and League of Nations policy. on the liquor issue and on Ireland. A large share of opinion is to the effect that the committee will back the administration in its league plan, possibly insert a mild declaration for personal liberty without mentioning either light wines or beer, also a

out any specific mention of Ireland. Inasmuch as the Wilson league covenant will be opposed by the Bryan faction, the Democratic senators who voted for the Lodge reservations and by other anti-administration elements; and as strong forces are working for a modification of the Volstead prohibition enforcement act, either of these questions is regarded as sufficient to force a fight on the floor of the convention itself. While there are many friends of Irish independence in the convention, it is not a domestic question, and may go through in any manner in which the resolutions commiltee decides to treat it.

Both Republican and Democratic candidates for the presidency will have the usual amount of company in the way of side parties. These are very interesting this year. Certain elements among the suffragists are threatening an independent party on account of failure of Democrats and Republicans to force a sufficient numher of states to adopt the suffrage amendment. Certain drys threaten a party because Republicans and Democrats are too wet or neutral. The wets threaten a party because the other parties are too dry. Some negroes threaten a party of their own and propose to substitute William Hale Thompson, mayor of Chicago, as their patron saint, instead of Abraham Lincoln. Radicals, each one of whom is a party to himself, are going to try and unite under the banner of the "Committee of 48" with much enthusiasm for Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin for president; notwithstanding the fact that the senator in all his past periods of disgruntlement over the actions of his party, has overcome his disappointment and remained "regular."

Editor Hearst, who falled to dietate the nominee of the Republican party and whose counsels seem to have lost some of their weight in the Democratic party, is trumpeting loudly for the formation of a new party. Mayor Thompson, who was a Republican until defeated for national committeeman and until the supreme court of his state heaped an indignity upon him by knocking out a primary law under which his machine had been successful, is said to be building a springboard to make some kind of a flop. Editor Alexander Moore of Pittsburgh, a rampant Progressive, has come out for Harding. Senator Poindexter, who was regarded by many as the only real "Bull Moose" in the senate, has announced his intention to support the Republican ticket, Neither the Harding-Coolidge forces nor those who will nominate a candidate at San Francisco, manifest much perturbation over the various independent parties threatened. Their aftitude seems to be serenely that of "the more, the merrier."

The more conservative branch of organized workmen, as represented in the American Federation of Labor. closed a two-weeks' annual convention at Montreal, Canada, June 19, Samuel Gompers, the re-elected president of the organization, succeeded after a stormy opposition from the friends of Ireland in securing an indorsement of the League of Nations without reservations. The opposition was against the covenant because of the view that it guarantees the integrity of the British empire.

Labor's program as formulated by the convention demands follows: Ratification of the peace treaty.

Government ownership with democratic operation of the railroads, Curb on profiteering and high cost of living with jail sentences for prof-

Right to strike and abolition of compulsory arbitration and anti-strike legislation.

Hands off in Mexico by the United States government. Indorsement of the Irish republic.

Right of collective bargaining. Advances in wages wherever necessary to maintain the American standard of living.

Shorter workday if necessary to prevent unemployment.

These recommendations will be launched against the Democratic convention at San Francisco, with a declaration of sympathy for subject | and other leaders to secure their in-

nations desiring independence, with | corporation in the platform. The executive council of the federation also was instructed to consider a plan for procuring control of a number of daily newspapers to represent the cause of

If no strikes occur and present conditions of production continue, there is less prospect of a famine in soft coal next winter. The United States geological survey announces that production so far in 1920 is about 39.-000,000 tons ahead of the same period last year. The action of the interstate commerce commission in providing more cars at the mines and in granting preference and priority orders for the transportation of soft coul have had a favorable result. Nevertheless, forehanded people, warned by the experience of last winter, are laying in coal wherever possible. Coal prices show no inclination to drop.

Although a condition very much resembling civil war has existed for more than a week at Londonderry. Ireland, with rioting, street barricades and casualties mounting into the hundreds, it is not believed that it is the match which will touch off the great conflagration involving Unionists, Nationalists and Sinn Feiners. While conditions have also been bad in Belfast and a few other places and the general situation is regarded as grave, it is pointed out that the disturbed areas are the centers of violent partisanship and frequently subject to turbulence. The government statement says that such outbreaks are to situation, wherein the employees refuse to operate trains carrying soldiers or military supplies is the most serious with which the government has to deal. The authorities have made two threats against the strikers, one to operate the trains with troops, and the other to stop rall traffic entirely. The course of near events appears to binge upon the government's ability to handle the transportation crisis,

With the ending of the armistice

between the French in Cilleia and Mustapha Kemai Pasha, leader of the Turk Nationalists, came the announcement of a conference between Marshal Foch of France and Sir Henry Wilson, British chief of staff, at which It was decided to wage a strong campalgn against the Turks. Neither France nor England being willing to send more soldiers, it is reported that Greece will furinsh the troops and the two allied countries most of the officers. As a reward Greece is to have Smyrna. The Turkish situation ! is regarded as a serious one. The peace treaty practically abolished the Turkish empire, parceling the richest portions among the ailles and confining the Turks to a small district in Asia Minor without a port, which leaves them ringed by Greeks, Armenians and other hostile nationalities. A realization that this would occur was responsible for the revolt under Kemal. The total French casualties during the temporary occupation of Cilicia were 6,000 men, including Ar-1 farmers in Pottawattamie county. menian troops, and 124 officers. Already the British have suffered heavily from Turk attacks; although their casualties have not been announced, Troops are on the way to meet Kemal's forces, which are said to have advanced beyond Ismid in the direction of Constantinople. Last week British ships were reported bombarding the approaches to Ismid.

American Red Cross units are engaged in bandling refugee work for southern Russia from Constantinople and general relief work in Poland, the Baltic states, Montenegro, Albania, Serbia, Czecho-Slovakia, Greece and Italy, but activities of the United States in foreign countries are rapidly being curtailed. Outside of Germany, the only military mission of the United States is that headed by Col. W. N. Haskell, which was assigned by President Wilson in November, 1919, to assist the near East relief committee in its work in Asia Minor. In Germany 30 United States officers are serving on the inter-allied high commission, being included among the 771 officers who, with 16.631 enlisted men, strong effort by President Compers | constitute the United States army of occupation.

AIR RECORD BROKEN

PLANE TRAVELS 1,400 MILES WITHOUT STOP.

NEARLY ELEVEN HOURS IN AIR

Started at Omaha With New York As Destination-Loses Way and Lands Near Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa.-All American nonstop aeroplane records were broken when the Larsen all-metal plane which left Omaha at 5:06 Sunday morning, June 27, landed at the air field at Pine Valley, Pa., fifteen miles from here, at 8 o'clock Sunday night. According to Larsen, the actual distance flown totalled 1,400 miles, and was made in a few minutes less than eleven hours. An impenetrable fog made landing at Pine Valley necessary,

Heavy fog and adverse winds caused Larsen and his pilot, Bert Acosta, together with Wallie Bugh, mechanic, to lose their way several times. Fog was encountered almost immediately after taking the air at Omaha, and prevailed throughout the entire journey. Larsen said that, had they not lost their bearings so many times, they would have landed in New York without a

The plane in which the trip was made is a modified German Fokker. It. is constructed entirely of metal. The vings, fuselage and cabin are covered with drawn aluminum, which is somewhat finer and lighter than rolled aluminum produced in this country. The monoplane is powered with an engine of 185 horsepower. It is fireproof,

Jail School Board Members.

Chicago, Ill.-Nine members of the 'hicago school board and their atterney were found guilty of contempt of court by Judge Kickham Scanlan, and seven were sentenced to short jail terms, while all drew fines ranging from \$250 to \$750. All the defendants appealed.

The case grew out of the removal of former Superintendent of Schools. Charles E. Chadsey,

Dr. Chadsey was dismissed by the board a few months after being employed. He appealed to the court and was reinstated. The board then delegated all his authority to Assistant Superintendent Mortenson, and Dr. Chadsey then resigned.

Nebraska Beauty Gets Divorce.

Cincinnati, O .- Mrs. Margery Watkins Foster, 33, daughter of the state historian of Nebraska and who before her marriage was known as the "Sunflower Beauty," end referred to by newspapers as Nebraska's most beautibe expected and do not indicate that ful woman, was granted a divorce from a state of war throughout Ireland is Amos P. Foster, Cincinnati attorney, immediately impending. The railroad Mrs. Foster's home was in Lincoln, where she met her husband when was football co-ch at the University of Nebreska.

Mrs. Foster was awarded custody of their 9-year-old boy. She will return to her former home in Lincoln.

Condemn Cigaret Smoking.

Des Moines, Ia.-Use of cigarets by women was condemned by the general federation of women's clubs at the biennial convention in this city. Resolutions reciting that the cigaret habit apparently is increasing among women and the use of tobacco is harmful to them were adopted. Resolutions urging an educational campaign against the use of cigarets by men and asking state authorities to prohibit the sale to minors also were adopted.

Shriners to Build Orphans' Home.

Portland, Ore .- One of the important acts adopted at the annual reunion of the Ancient Arabic Order of the Mystic Shrine here last week was a plan proposed by W. Freeland Kendrick of Philadelphia, retired head of the order, for a home for friendless orphans and crippled children to cost about \$2,000,000.

Aged Couple Killed By Cow. Council Bluffs, Ia .-- Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Liddell, both nearly 80 years

old, are dead from injuries received when gored by an angry cow at their farm near 'reynor, In. They were among the wealthiest and best known

Young Aviator Killed.

Volga, S. D.-Martin Bergh, 24, of Volga, was killed and Lieut. John Hoag of Minneapolis was injured when a plane in which they were making an exhibition flight crashed to earth from a height of 600 feet in a field just outside this town.

Alleged Lynchers Indicted. Duluth, Minn.-Indicitments charging

murder was returned against three men for alleged participation in the lynching of three negroes here June 15. The trio is being held at the county jail without bail.

Yellow Fever in Salvador.

Washington, D. C .- An epidemic of vellow fever in the northwestern part of Salvador, near the Guatemalen border, was reported to the state department by the Salvadorean legation, It was announced at the Pan-American health bureau.

Advices to the legation say fortynine cases had been discovered and of these seventeen had proved fatal. The infected district, the advices say, had been isolated and no sperad of the disease was anticipated.