## **WAVE OF ANARCHY SWEEPS UKRAINIA**

Peasant Army, Under Petlura, Drives General Skoropadski From Kiev.

#### REFUGEES TELL OF CRUELTY

Bolsheviki Beat Landlords and Managers and Turn Them Out in the Cold Naked-Women Being III-Treated.

Warsaw, Dec. 30 .- Forces commanded by Petiura, the Ukrainian leader, drove General Skoropadski from Klev on Sunday, December 15, Petlura himself entered the city last Thursday. Prince Radziwill, a wealthy Pollsh Jandowner, escaped and has reached here with other refugees, which inciude 400 Russian officers driven out of the district of Dubno by pensants. Prince Radziwill said upon his arrival

"Kiev is calm again. The shops are open and it is still occupied by 10,000 German troops under General Kirbach. The horrors of anarchy in that country, especially in the Volhynia district, cannot be realized. I have seen how bandlords and their managers have been cruelly assaulted and beaten by peasants and turned out naked in the

"They have begun to ill-treat women, which is something new to bolshevism. For instance, if they cannot find the husband or father they wish to arrest they take the wife, mother or daughter.

"I escaped dressed as a railroad employee, on a train carrying a number of German soldiers, a few women and some civillan passengers. At every station it was a fight to get by. The peasants are robbing and disarming German soldiers everywhere, being infuriated because of German thefts of grain and food. It is estimated that possibly 100,000 Germans are still left in Ukrafne, but only those in Kiev are armed. I believe they will eventually make their escape. Throughout all of the Ukraine, which is inhabited by 30,000,000 people, conditions must be regarded as being absolutely chaotic."

Odessa is reported to be again in bolshevist hands, after the defeat of Polish troops near that city.

Paris, Dec. 30.-The announcement by Foreign Minister Pichon that the entente policy was not to undertake immediate military intervention in Russia has called forth protests from the Paris newspapers.

"As a result the Little Russian army formed at Uskov to fight the bolsheviki has dissolved and the bolsheviki occupied and pillaged Narva and Dorpat. According to the latest bolshevik statement they are within sixty-five miles of Reval, which the Esthonians plan to defend. Why has not the Brit-1sh fleet off Reval made effective an interallied program in the Baltic?"

Warsaw, Dec. 30,-Russian officers who have escaped from bolshevik Russin to Warsaw, in discussing the possibility of an allied military movement against the bolshevik, pointed out to the correspondents that the bolsheviki would be unable to resist a trained army. The bolshevik forces, they declared, would flee before armored motorcars and tanks.

#### WILL SINK RED FLAG SHIPS

British Will Destroy German Warships In Control of Bolsheviki-To Execute Crews.

Amsterdam, Dec. 28.-The British admiralty is prepared to take drastic measures against the propagation of bolshevism in that part of the German fleet remaining in German hands, according to a Berlin dispatch. The sinking of vessels displaying the red dag and the execution of crews infected with bolshevism are threatened, it in declared. The text of the order attributed to the British admiralty reads: "Vessels under the red flag will be sunk without warning. Vessels without officers will be dealt with in accordance with the laws of war. If a single man is caught propagating bolshevik ideas the entente crews of the ressels in question will be shot."

Gotham "Flu" Epidemic Wanes. New York, Dec. 28.-Two hundred and fifty new cases of influenza are and booty were captured. being reported daily in New York, according to an announcement made at the health commissioner's office here. The health authorities declare the Ten War Craft Leave Queenstown matary has passed the epidemic stage and the number of cases is declining.

Michigan 2-Cent Fare Law Upheld. Grand Rapids, Mich., Dec. 30,-The Michigan 2-cent fare law was held valid by Judge C W. Sessions in the out of the harbor Thursday amid the United States district court here.

German Envoy Ousted From Turkey. London, Dec. 80 .- "Under pressure from the entente," says a German w reless dispatch received, the Germon ambassador to Turkey and his staff have left Constantinople. They There is not the slightest confirmation are expected to reach Genon soon.

Berlin Needs Allies' Troops,

London, Dec. 30 .- "We shan't have respondent of the Dally Express.



of Portugal, has been arrested in connection with the murder of President Paes. Lima is but one of several men prominent in the political life of the country who were arrested for the

#### **GUARD WHEAT PRICE**

SEEK LEGISLATION IN AID OF GUARANTY PLAN.

Department of Agriculture and Food Administration Send Memorandum to House.

anty for the 1919 crop and at the same congress by the department of agriculture and the food administration.

A memorandum sent to Representative Lever, chairman of the house agricultural committee, made the following recommendations:

First-Extension by congress beyond June 1, 1920, of the date for the government purchase of the 1919 crop. Second-Continuance of the food administration's grain corporation or Liberty. creation of a new agency to buy, store and sell 1919 wheat that may be offered to the government; and

Third-Possible legislative proviagainst wheat or flour brought in from other countries during the period of effectiveness of the guaranteed price country and not consumed.

The memorial was compiled with

Regarding extension of the date of government purchase the memoran-ships marched in the parade in the dum said: "It will be impossible to afternoon. carry out the guaranty as it is intended by June 1, 1920, and if producers cannot sell their wheat to the United States before that date and are left with wheat on hand it will be felt that the obligation of the United States has not been carried out in good faith."

Exports of 1918 wheat is estimated at about 310,000 bushels, a larger figure than can be expected for the 1919 crop, because of shipments from Canada, Australia, India and Argentina. The 1919 crop for export, it was pointed out, might sell in competition with that from other countries at a price considerably lower than the guaranteed price, which probably would result in similar reductions at home.

#### RUSSIANS BEAT THE REDS

Washington Receives Official Report of the Defeat of Bolshevik Army -Foe Retreats Northward.

Washington, Dec. 25.-Defeat of the bolshevik army on the Ekaterinburg front in a decisive battle by an army of loyal Russians was reported in an official dispatch to the Russian

embassy from the Omsk government. The message said that the disorgan ized bolsheviki were retreating northward toward Perm and that this was the first independent action of moment against the bolsheviki and part of a campaign that was expected to unite some of the loyal districts of Russia and Siberia. Much war equipment

#### U.S. DESTROYERS START HOME

Harbor for America-Given Noisy Sendoff.

Queenstown, Dec. 30.-Ten American destroyers, flying their long "homeward bound" pennants, steamed roar of whistles from shipping.

Kalser Reported Slain.

Paris, Dec. 30 .- Rumors that the former emperor of Germany has been assassinated became current in Paris. notably in the chamber of deputies. of the report up to the present.

Austria Royalty in Peril. Berne, Dec. 30 .- Most of the mempeace until English and American bers of the former Austrian royal troops come to keep order." Is a state- house who have remained in Austria ment attributed to one of the riotous are reported to have sought safety in German sailors in Berlin by the cor- neutral legations in Vienna because of fear of rough treatment.

## BATTLE FLEET HOME FROM WAR

Heavy Snow Almost Hides Dreadnaughts as They Enter New York Harbor.

### **CROWDS CHEER 25,000 TARS**

10,000 Blue jackets Parade on Fifth Avenue and Broadway-Warships Reviewed by Secretary Daniels.

New York, Dec. 27-The great United States battle fleet which was on war duty in the North sen was reviewed here by the Secretary of the Navy, Josephus Daniels.

Ten of Uncle Sam's finest battle-

ships, which have been keeping vigit in the U-boat infested waters off the European coast, make up the armada. In a swirling snowstorm the American fleet coming home from the war passed through the narrows shortly after 9:30 a. m. The Gloucester, a low-flying airplane and two destroyers preceded the big dreadnaughts. The nowstorm created a condition of "low visibility," shrouding all but the nearest battle craft from the watchers who thronged the shore on both sides of the

All the way into the harbor, as the warships moved through the snow, they presented a winter spectacle, rather than one with a touch of warmth and sunshine, which the mild and fair weather of the last few days had led Washington, Dec. 28 .- Legislation to the witnessing throngs to hope for. Unmake effective the wheat price guar- deterred, the many thousand persons who had assembled on the shores from time to safeguard the government Sandy Hook to Battery park and the against losses was recommended to lower Hudson river faced the cold and the snowfall, determined to pay a tribute of cheers and waving flags and handkerchiefs to the 25,000 naval heroes as they passed by on the mighty

As the flotilla steamed majestically up the ba; it was reviewed by Secretary Josephus Daniels and other enlisted men honorably discharged notables aboard the presidential yacht Mayflower, anchored off the Statue of

In all, there were 21 dreadnaughts in line, not to speak of the cruisers. gunboats, destroyers, torpedo-boats and submarines that have been assemsions to protaect the government bled here to take part in the great naval spectacle,

The 31,400 ton dreadnaught Arizona, Capt. John H. Dayton commanding, and also to protect buyers of such lend the overseas fleet into the harbor wheat as long as the wheat is in this and fired the 19 gun salute to the secretary of the navy.

The memorial was compiled with the approval of President Wilson, and ter of the column, being preceded by 000,000 estimate to \$18,000,000,000 and Secretary Houston in submitting it the Arizona, Oklahoma and Nevada a consequent reduction of the bill to in agreement with the Germans, have said: "The government has made a and followed in the order named by \$6,000,000,000. Democratic senators, guaranty, and it goes without saying the Texas, Arkansas, Wyoming and voting solidly, put into the bill a pro-

The 10,000 sailors of the overseas

#### **EUROPE WANTS SUB CHASERS**

Several Countries Anxious to Purchase U. S. Craft-Some May Be Sold, Says Daniels.

Washington, Dec. 28.—Several European countries have expressed a wish to purchase some of the 110-foot American submarine chasers now in European waters. Secretary Daniels said the boats were being sent to vainspected and, while the navy department was not particularly anxious to sell them, it would be willing to dispose of quite a number.

#### TO GUARD WAR PRISONERS

Allied Troops Occupy Mannheim by Order of Foch-Captives Are Murdered.

Zurich, Switzerland, Dec. 28 .- A battalion of infantry, according to the Badische Landeszeltung, has occupied Mannhelm by order of Marshal Foch in order to watch the prison camp near there, where 10,000 prisoners from the allied nations await liberation. The paper adds that this step was taken because of the bad treatment of the prisoners, several of whom were mur-

### PERSHING THANKS Y. M. C. A.

Commander of U. S. Army Praises Organization for Its Work During the War.

Paris, Dec. 28 .- "The American expeditionary forces are deeply grateful for the enormous contribution of the Y. M. C. A. to their moral and physical welfare," General Pershing states in a telegram made public by Carter Y. Head, Paris representative of the organization. "All ranks join me in sendwishes for a happy New Year."

Eleven Transports on Way riome. Washington, Dec. 28.-Departure from France of 11 transports, including the Mauretania with more than 3.000 men from the Three Hundred

Saxonia Brings 1,400 Sick.

Eighty-seventh division.

New York, Dec. 28 .- Following the homecoming battle fleet into port here came the British liner Savonia from MRS. M. W. IRELAND



A new photograph of Mrs. M. W. Ireand, wife of the United States surgeon general. Mrs. Ireland is head of the medical corps section of the army emergency committee,

#### REVENUE BILL PASSED

MEASURE DESIGNED TO RAISE \$6,000,000,000 IN 1919.

Amendments Adopted by Senate Make Washington Dry and Provide Bonus for Fighters.

Washington, Dec. 26 .- Without even roll call the senate Monday night passed the war revenue bill, the largst tax measure in the history of the world, designed to raise \$6,000,000,000 in 1919 and \$4,000,000,000 in 1920.

Am-adment adopted included one by Senator Sheppard of Texas making the Reed law, prohibiting shipment of intoxicating liquor into "dry" territory, applicable to the District of Columbia and another by Senator Trammell of Florida providing for a bonus of one month's pay to all officers and from the nation's fighting forces after November 11.

The revenue bill, naving already passed the house, now goes to confer-

It is not likely the bill will become a law much before February 1, leaders predicted.

As the bill passed the house last September, It was framed to raise \$8,-000,000,000 on the theory that the war expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919, would be \$24,000,000,-000. The signing of the armistice was followed by a reduction of the \$24,090,vision fixing the taxes for 1920, rates expected to yield \$4,000,000,000. The main sources of revenue, under the provisions of the pending bill, are incomes and war profits. These will furnish approximately \$4,600,000,000. The remainder of the \$6,000,000,000

holic beverages and miscellaneous By a vote of 38 to 32 it was decided to restore the tax on luxuries and semi-luxuries costing more than a cer-

will come from the levies upon alco-

tain fixed price. An amendment proposed by Senator Thomas of Colorado levying a 100 per cent tax upon all campaign contributions in excess of \$500 was adopted rious ports in order that they might be by a vote of 34 to 28. The amendment is designed to weaken the influence of "big business" in politics, according to its author.

By a vote of 33 to 28, the senate adopted an amendment by Senator Johnson of South Dakota striking out the proposed 5 per cent tax on automobile trucks, wagons, trailers and tractors. The tax on automobiles and motorcycles stands. The Johnson amendment, it was explained, was framed in the interest largely of the

Bone dry prohibition for the District of Columbia was adopted by a vote of 42 to 18.

Taxes on the incomes of married men with no dependent children under the senate revenue bill would be:

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#### MONEY FOR U. S. FORCES

Senate Provides Month's Pay for Discharged Soldiers and Sallors in Amendment.

Washington, Dec. 25 .- The senate adopted an amendment to the revenue bill, providing for a bonus of one month's pay to all officers and enlisted men honorably discharged from ing heartiest Christmas greetings and the army, navy and marine corps after November 11.

> Guards Organize in Munich. Munich, Bayaria, Dec. 30 .- In antici-

pation of trouble at some of the various political meetings the government has organized strong guards to mainand Forty-seventh infantry of the tain order at any time the Spartacus element become disorderly.

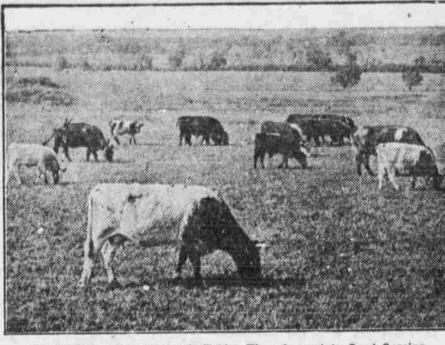
> Restricts Salmon Fishing. Washington, Dec. 30 .- Salmon fish-

ing privileges in Alaskan rivers were sharply restricted by Secretary Red-Liverpool with 1,400 sick and wound- field to conserve the salmon supply in ed officers and men, mostly surgical the latitude east of Capt Speucer, in southeastern Alaska.

# Helping the Meat and Milk Supply

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

NATION'S PASTURAGE A BILLION-DOLLAR CROP



Cattle Eating From Nature's Table-They Appreciate Good Grazing.

## PASTURAGE IS A VALUABLE ASSET

This Fact Is Indicated by Recent Investigation by Bureau of Crop Estimates.

### SIZE OF HAY CROP SURPRISE

One Hundred Acres Carry an Average of 29 Cattle, Ranging From 52 in Indiana to 8 in Arizonalowa is Second.

Public surprise is often manifested at the size and value of the hay crop. and now it probably is the turn of the farmer himself to be surprised at the information that the annual value of the pasturage of this country is over \$1,000,000,000. At any rate, this is indicated by a recent investigation by the bureau of crop estimates of the United States department of agriculture. The farm value of the hay crop itself did not reach this figure until

Pasturage value has never been ascertained by the census and never included in totals of farm-produced wealth, but pasture area was reported on the agriculture schedule of the cen- their stock. sus of 1910, and was tabulated by the office of farm management of the department of agriculture in 1918. To this information has recently been added an estimate of the cattle-carrying capacity of this area made by the bureau of crop estimates.

Per 100 acres of all kinds of pastures, the carrying capacity is 29.4 cattle in the average for the United States. The leading state is Indiana with 52 cattle, the second is Iowa with 51 cattle, Tennessee is third with 50 cattle, Illinois fourth with 48 cattle, Wisconsin fifth with 47 cattle, Louisiana sixth with 45 cattle, and then follow four states in each of which 100 acres of all kinds of pastures, on the average, can carry 40 cattle-Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska and Idaho,

At the other extreme, only 8 cattle can be carried on the average 100 acres of pastures in Arizona, 9 cattle in Nevada, 10 cattle in New Mexico, 11 cattle in Wyoming, 12 cattle in New Hampshire, 13 cattle in Montana and Colorado and 14 cattle in Oregon. Improved Pasture Best Kind.

In the United States improved pasture can carry about twice as many cattle as woodland and other pastures, the average for the improved being 45.6 cattle, for woodland pasture 25.4 cattle, and for other pasture 23.1 cattle. The highest figure for improved pasture in any state is 70 cattle per 100 acres in New Mexico, after which follow Indiana with 65 cattle, Tennessee with 62 cattle, and Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Louisiana and Idaho, each

The wild pasture of Arizona can carry but 6 cattle per 100 acres, or 1 animal to 17 acres, and that of Wyoming, Nevada, Montana, New Mexico, Colorado and Oregon can carry but 7 to 10 cattle on 100 acres.

That the aggregate yearly value of the pasturage of the United States should be \$1,000,000,000 and more need not be entirely unexpected when it is known that it is utilized for more than half a year. Improved pasture has an average of 6.9 months, woodland pasture 7.7 months, other pasture 7.7 months, and the average of all kinds is 7.4 months.

Periods When Pastures Are Utilized. For nearly a whole year, or 11.5 months, the wild lands of Montana are ture. Florida's period for woodland is 10.8 months, and New Mexico's period good meats," for improved pasture is the same. The period for woodland pasture in Texas

rado, 9.2 months; for improved pasture in California, and improved and wild pasture in Louisiana, 9.1 months; and for all kinds of pasture in Rhode Island and wild pasture in Arizona, 9 months. On the other hand, even in northern New England states and in New York, the mountains of Pennsylvania, in Minnesota and North Dakota, and for woodland pasture in Wyoming and Utah the pasturing season lasts hardly less than six months.

#### \*\*\*\*\* COMMUNITY BREEDING

Ten years ago a farmer in northern Wisconsin began to breed Guernseys in a Holstein district. He now has a fine herd and wonders why buyers never come his way. The reason is that when buyers want Guernseys they naturally go to a Guernsey district. As a rule the breeders of purebred cattle already have learned the lesson. The principle is as true of grades as of registered stock, but many owners of grade cattle seem to have overlooked it. Co-operative bull associations encourage the keeping of only one breed on the farms of its members and the establishment of that breed in the community. A reputation is thus established for a community which attracts buyers and which is rarely possible where breeders work individually in marketing

#### Sewage Disposal.

Most of the diseases which may be carried by milk are due to contamination of that product by human agency. Typhoid, dysentery, scarlet fever, diphtheria and septic sore throat are of human origin. Typhoid and dysentery are spread originally by contamination by human excreta, the others are spread originally by discharges from the nasal and throat passages, consequently when these diseases are conveyed through milk, it simply means that the milk has had added to it the excreta or discharges from the body of a person sick with one of these diseases or a carrier of one of them. As a go-between, the house fly, which hatches in filth and feeds on the food we eat, is a most dangerous insect enemy. The washing of excreta into water supplies, through the soil or on account of poor well curbing or other surface conditions, is an important means of spreading such diseases as typhoid fever and dysentery. The handling of milk by unclean persons is also a source of danger. The remedy for these conditions is the proper disposal of human excreta so that there can be no danger of such contamination through the agency of flies, water supply, or human beings.

Proper sewage disposal on dairy farms is a protection not only to the consumer of milk but is of special importance in stopping the spread of epidemic disease in the dairyman's own family. A typhoid case in a family will spread to other members of the same family unless great care is taken in properly disposing of the excreta from the patient.

The importance of proper sewage disposal, especially on dairy farms, is being strongly emphasized by the United States department of agriculture and the United States public health service.

They Please the Palate.

Here is what a traveler familiar with guinea-pig meat has written:

"Cavles are excellent as entrees in various stews-with mushrooms, with brown onions, with green peas, a la scubise, and especially in curry. A pastured, and this is not equaled even practical cook will have no difficulty by Florida, Louisiana, Texas, New Mex- in varying the preparation, and I will ico and Arizona for any kind of pas- undertake to say that it will be found difficult to make them other than 'very

Because of the whiteness of its skin the smooth-haired white (albino) and for improved pasture in Arizona guinea pig is best adapted for the tais 9.8 months; for wild pasture in ble. The males become somewhat Texas, 9.6 months; for woodland pas- strong flavored with age, but females ture in Louisiana and Arizona, 9.5 are said to be finely flavored for months; in New Mexico, 9.4 months; a much longer time. They are probfor wild pasture in Florida and Colo-lably at their best when a year old.