

HINDENBURG AT HEAD OF REVOLT

To Form New Front Six Miles Behind Zone Fixed by Armistice.

GENERALS JOIN MOVEMENT

German Government Has Asked Marshal for Explanation but No Reply Has Been Received.

Paris, Dec. 23.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has telegraphed the Berlin government advising it of his intention to form a new front six miles behind the neutral zone fixed by the armistice, according to a dispatch to Le Journal from Zurich today.

The government has asked the field marshal for an explanation, adds the dispatch, but has not yet received a reply.

It is also announced that two regiments of the active army will be sent to Frankfurt on the Main at an early date.

The correspondent affirms that Maj. Gen. Schouch, the Prussian war minister; Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Loenal (probably Lieut. Gen. Lequis, former governor of Metz), who is in command of the active troops in Berlin, are behind a counter-revolutionary movement.

He declares the existing government is manifestly incapable of preventing the realization of their scheme.

Copenhagen, Dec. 23.—Dr. Gustave Stresemann, leader of the national liberty party in Germany, has announced that the German people's party, in which he has been active since the revolution, is absolutely opposed to a social democracy and will fight the socialist rulers, according to Berlin newspaper received here.

The center party has been summoned to a conference at Frankfurt on December 30.

London, Dec. 23.—"A people's league" has been organized in Berlin, says a Central News dispatch from Copenhagen. The league's committee included Prince Maximilian of Baden, former German imperial chancellor; Hugo Haase, independent socialist; Count Bernstorff, former ambassador to the United States; and Matthias Erzberger, the centrist leader. Doctor Solf, former German foreign minister; Prince Hohenlohe-Schillingfuerster, the Austrian ambassador; and Cardinal Von Hartmann, archbishop of Cologne.

Reports from Copenhagen state that the German cabinet, headed by Friedrich Ebert, has resigned, but there is no confirmation of them as yet.

London, Dec. 23.—The German military leaders are planning a sensational new stroke, the Daily Express learns from its Amsterdam correspondent. The dispatch asserts that indications are that Doctor Ebert will have a majority of 320 in the national assembly.

The Silesian coal mines have been closed.

General Ludendorff, former German quartermaster general and virtual dictator, is said to be in close touch with bolshevik agents in Sweden.

CHANGES POSITION OF YANKS

Marshal Foch Orders New Distribution of American Troops—Illinois Men Stay in Luxemburg.

With the American Army of Occupation, Dec. 23.—Marshal Foch ordered further changes in the distribution of troops in the American zone of occupation, reducing the Third army to eight divisions.

As a result the Thirty-third division, made up of troops from Illinois, will be transferred to the Second army and will not enter Germany, but remain in Luxemburg.

The change necessitates an extension of the positions taken up by the Eighty-ninth and Ninetieth divisions in the rear area of the occupied territory.

\$16,000,000,000 IS LEFT OVER

This Sum Remains Unexpended From War Appropriations, Congress Is Told.

Washington, Dec. 23.—More than \$16,000,000,000 of cash appropriations and contract authorization voted by congress for war purposes will be unexpended, Representative Shroyer of Kentucky, chairman of the house appropriations committee, announced.

Total expenditures and authorizations voted during the war amount to about \$57,000,000,000, including \$10,000,000,000 of authorization for war-time loans to foreign governments. The loans actually made now total about \$8,000,000,000.

Law to Halt Immigrants

Washington, Dec. 23.—Proposals for drastic legislation to prevent a rush of aliens into the country with the conclusion of peace were discussed by the house immigration committee, and it was decided to meet again.

Bank Is Robbed of \$35,000

Chicago, Dec. 23.—Five bandits held up employees of the Summit State bank and escaped with cash and Liberty bonds between \$25,000 and \$35,000 in value. This is the third time the bank has been robbed.

FRED W. MULKLEY



Fred W. Mulkley of Oregon has been "pluch hitting" for the second time as a short-term senator. In 1907 he served 43 days of an unexpired term. He was elected this time to succeed the late Senator Lane. He was sworn in December 10 and resigned December 15 under an arrangement by which the governor of Oregon was to appoint Senator McNary to the office. Senator McNary was elected to the long term beginning the fourth of next March.

MAY SINK HUN NAVY

U. S. AND GREAT BRITAIN AGREE TO END PERIL.

Action Would Result in Avoiding Contention and Support the President's Declaration.

Paris, Dec. 20.—The American delegates to the peace congress have resolved to advocate the sinking of the surrendered enemy warships and resist any proposition to distribute them on the basis of naval losses.

This announcement is made by those in close touch with the American representatives, who, it is added, feel that such a position would result in avoiding contention and materially support President Wilson's declaration that the war was not based on aggression or the acquisition of property.

England, through Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, had previously acquiesced in the American plan to destroy the captured or surrendered warships, and, it is declared, will continue to support the United States, although it is expected that some of the lesser naval powers will demand that the prizes be distributed.

Washington, Dec. 20.—A resolution asking the state department to inform the senate whether the American peace commissioners are advocating destruction of German warships or other enemy property, and, if so, by what authority, was introduced by Minority Leader Lodge, and, without discussion, was left on the table.

FIND BLOW KILLED "BRIDE"

Milo H. Piper Is Nervous as Remains of His Alleged Victim Are Exhumed to Learn Cause of Death.

Muskegon, Mich., Dec. 20.—Frieda Welchman Piper met a violent death. She was murdered by blows on the head administered by a dull weapon.

This was the verdict of three physicians who examined the body here after Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Harry W. Jackson ordered it exhumed. While the body was being taken from its wicker casket, where it had lain since May, 1917, Milo H. Piper, suspected bigamist-murderer, was nervously pacing his cell. He has been accused of the crime that brought such a tragic ending to the romance of the former Chicago tennis player.

The verdict of murder, in the opinion of the authorities, is the most important link in their chain of evidence. This was the first autopsy of the body.

It is believed the crime was committed in September, 1916. The body was not found until May of the following year. Identification was made several weeks ago by Mrs. F. W. Klinka of Hinsdale, an aunt.

RUSS PEASANTS FIGHT REDS

Volunteers Between Ages of 18 and 45 Drive Out Bolsheviki East of Archangel.

Paris, Dec. 21.—Russian volunteer forces have driven the bolsheviki from the region of Ijma, located east of Archangel, according to a report from Archangel. The peasants in that region, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, have organized, and are said to be fighting valiantly against the bolsheviki. The peasants have sent an appeal to the populations of northern Russia inviting them to mobilize all their forces against the bolsheviki.

Senate Ratifies Guatemala Treaty

Washington, Dec. 23.—The senate ratified a trade treaty between this country and Guatemala similar to one recently concluded with Uruguay. The convention is designed to aid in the development of commerce.

Hun Dead Total 2,000,000

Chicago, Dec. 23.—When the total German casualties are published the number of dead will be about two million, according to the Cologne Gazette of November 25, a copy of which has been received here.

ADMIRAL BEATTY LAUDS U.S. FLEET

Commander of the British Navy Praises Work of Americans in North Sea.

FOE'S SURRENDER "PITIFUL"

Always Feared Germans Would Not Come Out and Fight—Delivers Farewell Address on Battleship New York.

London, Dec. 20.—The American battleship squadron attached to the British grand fleet displayed a spirit of true comradeship throughout its period of service, declared Admiral Sir David Beatty, the commander in chief of the grand fleet, in a farewell address on board the U. S. S. New York on December 1, the day the squadron was detached from the grand fleet. All hands had been called to muster on the fore-castle to hear Admiral Beatty.

"I could not let the Sixth battle squadron go without coming on board the New York and saying something of what I feel at this moment of your departure," said Sir David. "What I say I hope you will understand comes from the heart, not only my heart, but the hearts of your comrades of the grand fleet. I want first of all to thank you, Admiral Rodman, and the captains and officers and the ships' companies of this magnificent squadron for the wonderful co-operation and loyalty you have given me and my admirals and the assistance you have given us in every duty you have had to undertake.

"The support which you have shown is that of true comradeship and in time of stress that is worth a very great deal. I want to congratulate you for having been present upon a day unsurpassed in the naval annals of the world.

"I know quite well that you, as well as your British comrades, were bitterly disappointed at not being able to give effect to that efficiency you have so well maintained. It was a most disappointing day. It was a pitiful day to see those great ships coming in like sheep being herded by dogs to their fold without an effort on anybody's part.

"I have always had misgivings and when the Sixth battle squadron became part of the grand fleet, those misgivings were doubly strengthened and I knew then they would throw up their hands. Apparently the Sixth battle squadron was the straw that broke the camel's back.

"During the last 12 months you have been with us we have learned to know each other very well. We have learned to respect each other. I want you to take back a message to the Atlantic fleet that you have left a very warm place in the hearts of the grand fleet which cannot be filled until you come back or send another squadron to represent you. You have given us a sample of the Atlantic fleet, which, I think, the Atlantic fleet, efficient as it is, will find it very hard to reproduce.

"I thank you again and again for the great part the Sixth battle squadron has played in bringing about the greatest naval victory in history. I hope you will give this message to your comrades: 'Come back soon.' 'Good-by and good luck.'"

HAD 25 RADIOS IN MEXICO

Marconi Man Tells House Committee Germans Ran Many Wireless Plants There.

Washington, Dec. 19.—More than twenty-five wireless stations in Mexico were under German control during the war, Edward Nally, vice president of the Marconi Wireless Company of America, told the house merchant marine committee while testifying in opposition to the bill proposing government monopoly of radio stations in the United States.

ALLIES SHELL YOUNG TURKS

Situation at Smyrna Is Called Critical—Armed Bands Posted by the Enemy.

Athens, Dec. 19.—The situation in Smyrna is extremely critical, according to newspaper dispatches from Mitylene. Young Turk officials have posted armed bands at various places about the town and these have been bombarded by the allies' fleets.

Hun Prisoners Join Bolsheviki Army

Stockholm, Dec. 20.—Five thousand Austro-German prisoners of war in Russia have been enrolled in the bolsheviki army; 2,000 others, especially trained in bolsheviki propaganda, have been reorganized, said a dispatch from Petrograd.

Five Die in Auto Crash

Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 23.—Five persons were killed when a touring car skidded on the frost-covered planks and plunged through the wooden railing of the second drawbridge on the Meadow bridge.

Seize Crown Lands

Copenhagen, Dec. 23.—The Austrian national council has decided to confiscate all the crown lands, according to dispatches received here. The imperial castle will be converted into a children's home.

GEORGES LAYGUES



Georges Laygues is the French minister of marine, and was one of the officials who met President Wilson at Brest.

PUTS CURB ON HUNS

FOE'S CRITICISM OF U. S. HALTED BY CENSORSHIP.

Gen. Dickman Abruptly Stops German Propaganda in District Occupied by the Yanks.

Coblenz, Dec. 21.—German propaganda and the tendency to criticism of conditions in the district occupied by the American forces have been abruptly checked by the establishment of a censorship by Major General Dickman upon the newspapers and the theaters. His act was the first indication that the Americans purposed tightening their grip on local affairs.

The regulations governing the press formally were made public, but those which apply to the theaters were communicated verbally by Col. R. H. Williams, chief of the intelligence department, who also explained personally to the newspaper owners what was expected of them.

The managers of the theaters, ranging from opera to moving-picture productions were informed that there was no objection to their giving performances, except in cases where attempts were made to inject propaganda or criticism, either directly or by innuendo, into the productions. Not even apparently friendly comment, if it were otherwise undesirable, would be tolerated, it was explained.

To the newspaper owners it was pointed out that the question of whether they offended or not lay with them—that the Americans would not be bothered with censoring the publications before they were issued, but that the first six copies from the press should be delivered to American headquarters. Meanwhile the running off of the edition could be continued. If it were then discovered that the regulations had been violated, prompt punitive action would be taken.

1,400,000 FRENCH KILLED

Statement in Chamber of Deputies Reveals Number of Frenchmen Slain in War.

Paris, Dec. 21.—French soldiers to the number of 1,400,000 were killed during the war, according to a statement by the socialist deputy, Lucien Violin, in the chamber of deputies, during an interpellation of the government on demobilization.

The toll in dead, wounded and missing paid by the six largest nations in the great war is estimated in excess of 20,000,000 men. Figures so far as obtainable are based on semi-official estimates. The figures of the six nations follow:

	Wounded and Dead	Missing	Total
France	1,400,000	4,000,000	5,400,000
Britain	1,000,000	2,000,000	3,000,000
Italy	500,000	1,000,000	1,500,000
U. S.	50,000	175,000	225,000
Germany	2,000,000	4,000,000	6,000,000
Russia	3,000,000	5,000,000	8,000,000
Grand total	10,000,000	20,000,000	30,000,000

*No report.

The Russian figures are entirely based on estimates.

AUTO BANDITS GET \$12,000

Six Men Hold Up Paymaster of Electric Company at Everett, Mass., and Escape.

Everett, Mass., Dec. 21.—Six men in an automobile held up Frank Brown of Lynn, paymaster of the steel foundry of the General Electric company, and seriously wounded him, and escaped with the week's pay roll, reported to amount to \$12,000. Brown was taken to the Massachusetts General hospital in Boston.

Here's Genuine Hun Wail

London, Dec. 21.—Germany is ruined for generations, politically, industrially and economically," Dr. Walter Rathenau, president of the German General Electric company, is quoted as declaring.

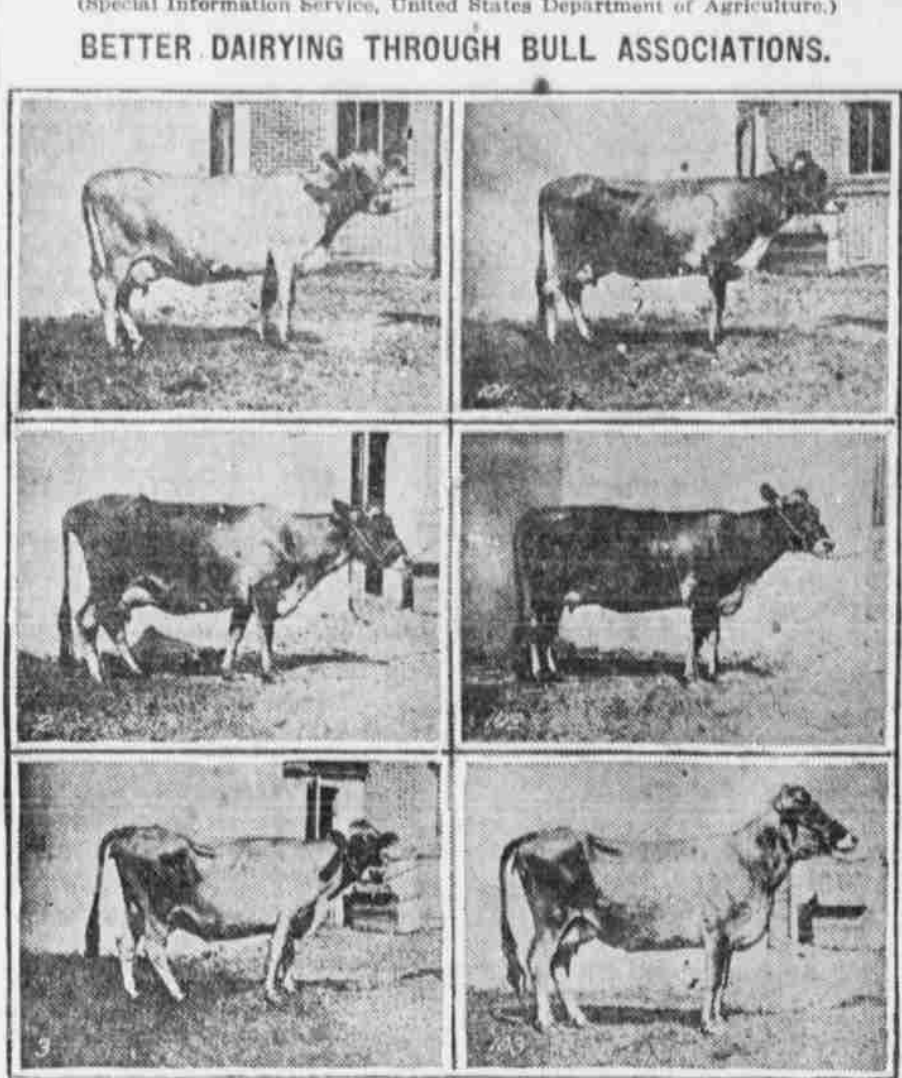
Adopts New Zone System

Washington, Dec. 21.—The senate adopted, 34 to 22, the committee amendment to the war revenue bill providing for repeal of the present zone system of second-class postage rates.

Helping the Meat and Milk Supply

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

BETTER DAIRYING THROUGH BULL ASSOCIATIONS.



Cows on the Right (101, 102 and 103) Are Daughters of a Good, Tried Bull Used in a Co-operative Association. In One Year They Showed an Average Increase of 47.9 Pounds of Butterfat as Compared With Their Dams, Shown at the Left (Cows 1, 2 and 3).

URGENT NEED OF PURE-BRED BULL

Co-Operative Associations Are Especially Valuable to Owners of Small Herds.

ORGANIZATION IS HELPFUL

Makes It Possible for Dairymen Who Could Not Afford to Own High-Class Animal to Use Registered Sire—Cost is Low.

The history of the co-operative bull associations shows that they are especially adapted to small herds where a valuable bull for each herd would constitute too large a part of the total investment. Through these associations farmers or dairymen who have only a few cattle can have joint ownership, use and exchange of pure-bred bulls. The cash purchase and cost of maintenance of the bulls belonging to the members of the association is distributed according to the number of cows owned by each member, thereby giving the farmer an opportunity to build up his herd at a minimum expense.

The typical co-operative bull association, as organized in this country, is composed of from 15 to 30 farmers and jointly owns five bulls. Its territory is divided into five "breeding blocks," one bull being assigned to each block. As many as 50 or 60 cows may belong to the farmers in each block, and the bull in the block should be kept on a farm conveniently situated. To prevent inbreeding each bull is moved to the next block every two years. If all the bulls live, and if all are kept until each has made one complete circuit, no new bulls need be purchased for ten years. In this way each member of the association has the use of good pure-bred bulls for many years, at a cost of only a small part of the purchase price of one bull. Ordinarily the purchase price and the expense of supporting the bulls are distributed among the members of the association according to the number of cows owned by each.

BETTER PRODUCERS

Few organizations have been in operation long enough for the producing daughters of an association bull to be compared with their dams. The following figures, however, received from an association at New Windsor, Md., show the improvement due to the sire:

	Fat average (pounds)
Bull No. 1	37.5
7 daughters	38.2
Increase	0.7
Bull No. 2	31.8
7 daughters	35.4
Increase	3.6
Bull No. 3	33.5
2 daughters	35.4
Increase	1.9

Fourteen out of 16 daughters exceeded their dams, the average increase of the daughters over dams being 30 per cent.

Another association with more than